

Tutorial -3 **(18/9/2020)**

1. What are *acceptors*? What is an *acceptor* and generator and representator in the context of regular language?
2. Give the classification of *Finite Automata*?
3. Regular grammars are of two types namely _____ and _____
4. What are the operators that Regular Expression contains?
5. What are primitive Regular Expressions?
6. If r_1 and r_2 regular expression, are the following would be a regular expression
 - a. r_1+r_2
 - b. $r_1.r_2$
 - c. r_1^*
7. Form the languages for the following regular expression: Φ (fi), \in , a , a^* , a^+ , and $(a+b)^*$
8. Write the regular expression for the language having a string that should have at least one 0 and at least one 1.
9. Concatenation of R with Φ outputs:
 - a. R
 - b. Φ
 - c. $R.\Phi$
 - d. None of the mentioned

10. Describe the language denoted by following regular expression
 r.e. = $(b^* (aaa)^* b^*)^*$
11. Which of the following languages is generated by given grammar?
 $S \rightarrow aS \mid bS \mid \epsilon$
- a) $\{a^n b^m \mid n, m \geq 0\}$
 - b) $\{w \in \{a, b\}^* \mid w \text{ has equal number of } a\text{'s and } b\text{'s}\}$
 - c) $\{a^n \mid n \geq 0\} \cup \{b^n \mid n \geq 0\} \cup \{a^n b^n \mid n \geq 0\}$
 - d) $\{a, b\}^*$

Questions to solve within 20/9/2020 (Sunday)

1. Design a NFA from given regular expression $10 + (0 + 11)0^* 1$
2. True or False: Give a proper explanation for your answer.
 "If L is a regular language and F is a finite language (i.e., a language with a finite number of words), then $(L \cup F)$ must be a regular language"
3. If $L_1 = \{a^n \mid n \geq 0\}$ and $L_2 = \{b^n \mid n \geq 0\}$, consider
 - i) $L_1.L_2$ is a regular language.
 - ii) $L_1.L_2 = \{a^n b^n \mid n \geq 0\}$
 Which one is correct? Explain.
4. Find regular grammar for given languages:
 - i) $L(G) = \{a^m b^n \mid m \geq 0 \text{ and } n > 0\}$
 - ii) $L(G) = \{a^m b^n \mid m > 0 \text{ and } n \geq 0\}$
 - iii) $L(G) = \{a^m b^n \mid m \geq 0 \text{ and } n \geq 0\}$
 - iv) $L(G) = \{a^m b^n \mid m > 0 \text{ and } n > 0\}$
 - v) $L(G) = \{a^m b^n \mid m > 0 \text{ or } n > 0\}$