Secure System Design: Threats and Countermeasures CS392

Date: 1st Apr 2021 Assignment 2

Submission Filename: assign2.tgz Due Date: 9th Apr 2021

Full Marks 40

1 Assignment Overview

The learning objective of this assignment is for students to gain the first-hand experience on developing a more secured authentication system which can check for weak passwords and can also detect password file compromise attack.

1.1 Implement a Honeyword Based System

Implement Erguler's honeyword based scheme in a linux environment.

Following assumptions can be made for this project.

- 1. A password could be 8 to 12 characters length.
- 2. In your implementation, you may use k = 6 i.e, number of honeywords will be five + the actual password. But you must have an option to change the value of k.
- 3. For storing the hash value, you may use any standard hash function like md5. For this purpose, you may use md5deep package. This can be installed by using the following command

```
$sudo apt-get install md5deep
```

To convert into md5 hash string, you may put the password temporarily in a file say temp.txt and then you can use the following command to store the hash value in a file (say, hashFile.txt).

```
$md5deep temp.txt >> hashFile.txt
```

This will convert the contents of temp.txt file into md5 hash string and then appends to hashFile.txt.

1.2 Use of Password Cracking Tool

A system administrator needs to be careful that users should not use easy to crack passwords. For this purpose, a password cracking tool can be used to check for the weak passwords.

For this experiment, you can use $John\ The\ Ripper^1$ tool, also known as john. This tool uses a dictionary or a search pattern to check for passwords. To install this tool, you may use the following command

```
$sudo apt-get install john
```

Now, use su command and change to root. After then, create a folder named test. Change its permission to 777 by using chmod command.

Now, goto test folder and get a wordlist dictionary. You can use the following command to get a dictionary of wordlist.

#wget http://scrapmaker.com/data/wordlists/dictionaries/rockyou.txt

Once the wordlist file is downloaded then you can add user using adduser command and create an account for a new user. Let's create an account with username alice and password alice. You can check /etc/shadow file to check the entry of that new user's account. The password of that new user is now stored using salted hash function. Now, you can use john to find whether the password can be cracked or not. If it is available in the wordlist file then it should show the corresponding password against the username. To perform this, following command can be used-

#john --wordlist=rockyou.txt passwordFile

This will try to explore all the hashed entries of passwordFile with specified rockyou wordlist. Please note that it is a time taking task. If no wordlist is specified then system will use the default wordlist. Also, if you want to check the already cracked passwords from a password file then the following command can be used

¹http://www.openwall.com/john/

\$sudo john --show passwordFile

You have to use this tool to check for weak password entries in your honeyword system.

Now your task is to obtain the passwords and honeywords using john tool. Report whether you can obtain all the passwords and also the time needed to crack them. To check time requirement, you can use the *time* command.

2 Submission

You need to submit the followings-

- assign2.pdf: Describe what you have done in short summary form. You need to provide explanation to the observations that are interesting or surprising. Attach supporting snapshots wherever possible. Also, include any assumptions you have considered for the implementation.
- Source codes: C source files for implementing the honeyword based scheme.
- Password File(s): Any password file(s) that need to be provided as input. Otherwise, if the password file is generated automatically then you do not need to submit this file.
- Wordlist File: This file will be used as dictionary for password cracking tool
- Makefile: As you may use more than one source files, so provide a Makefile to build the executable(s) from your source codes

All these files should be archived to assign2.tgz. You can use tar -cvzf assign2.tgz folderName to create such tgz file. Submit the assignment file using the following submission link only.

https://www.iitp.ac.in/~samrat/CS392_SSD/submission