

HS-302

End-Semester Quiz

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1) False

The sign of adjustment factor is 've'. This is because past error, deviation in equilibrium are inversely related

2) False

Two stationary variables when performed linear combination can result in stationary outcome

$\therefore$  2 stationary / 2 non-stationary are possible

3) True

If the series has a stable long run trend and tends to revert to the trend line following a disturbance, it may be possible to stationarize it by de-trending

4) True

RMSE,  $R^2$  determines the accuracy of the model. But  $R^2 \rightarrow 1$  and  $RMSE \rightarrow 0$  indicates a good model.

while  $R^2 \uparrow$  RMSE  $\downarrow$  ses  $R^2 \uparrow$  ses  $(R^2 = \frac{ESS}{TSS}, RMSE = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n \sqrt{(y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2}}{N})$

Hence inversely related

$$RMSE = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n \sqrt{(y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2}}{N}$$

5) False

Unconditional variance :  $\frac{\sigma^2}{1-a_1^2}$

Conditional Variance  $= \sigma^2$

Uncondition Variance  $>$  Conditional Variance

as  $a_1 \neq 0$  (For Time series analysis)

6) Non-Linear Trend, Cycle

7) Partial Auto Correlation Function

8) The dependency of Time Series variables with the ~~lags~~ lags of errors volatilities

9) Tendency for volatility to decrease with increase in returns

10) 0.5

(As  $PACF_1$ ,  $ACF_1$  of  $AR(1)$  process are equal)