Mini Project Report On

Visualizing

BUBBLE SORT ALGORITHM USING PYGAME

Submitted By:

D.V. SATYA SRI RAMANI

Submitted To:

ExternsClub

ABSTRACT

The project utilizes the Pygame library to create an interactive visualization of the Bubble Sort algorithm. The program generates a random array of integers, represented as colored rectangles, and sorts them using the Bubble Sort method. The visualization displays the step-by-step process of the algorithm, allowing users to observe how the array is sorted. The project aims to provide an engaging and educational tool for understanding the Bubble Sort algorithm, making it accessible to a wider audience. By using Pygame, the project creates a dynamic and interactive experience, enabling users to pause, resume, and restart the sorting process.

CONTENTS

- 1. Introduction
- 2. System Requirements
- 3. Features
- 4. Architecture Overview
- 5. Implementation
- 6. Usage Instructions
- 7. Conclusion

INTRODUCTION

Bubble Sort is a fundamental sorting algorithm that works by repeatedly comparing and swapping adjacent elements if they are in the wrong order. Although simple, its step-by-step nature makes it an excellent candidate for visualization. Using Pygame, this project visually represents the sorting process, helping users grasp the algorithm's mechanics dynamically.

SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

Python Version: 3.7 or higher

Libraries: Pygame (Install via pip install pygame)

Hardware Requirements: Any system capable of running Python and rendering simple graphics.

FEATURES

Real-Time Visualization: Displays the sorting process step-by-step.

Dynamic Bar Heights: Bars represent data values, varying in height based on their value.

Color Indicators:

Red: Bars being compared.

Green: Sorted section.

Customizable Parameters: Users can modify data size, speed, and colors.

ARCHITECTURE OVERVIEW

Components:

- 1. Pygame Setup: Initializes the display and handles the rendering of bars.
- 2. Data Representation: Uses an array of integers to represent unsorted data.
- 3. Sorting Logic: Implements Bubble Sort with embedded visualization steps.
- 4. User Interaction: Allows the user to trigger sorting via keyboard input.

Flow:

- 1. Generate random data and draw unsorted bars.
- 2. Start sorting on user input.
- 3. Highlight comparisons and swaps dynamically.
- 4. Render the final sorted array.

IMPLEMENTATION

5.1 Setup Environment

Install Python and the Pygame library.

pip install pygame

5.2 Code Implementation

5.2.1 Import Libraries

import pygame

import random

import time

5.2.2 Initialize Pygame

pygame.init()

Screen dimensions

 $SCREEN_WIDTH = 800$

SCREEN HEIGHT = 600

screen = pygame.display.set_mode((SCREEN_WIDTH, SCREEN_HEIGHT))

pygame.display.set_caption("Bubble Sort Visualization")

6 | Page

```
5.2.3 Define Constants and Variables
# Colors
WHITE = (255, 255, 255)
BLACK = (0, 0, 0)
RED = (255, 0, 0)
GREEN = (0, 255, 0)
# Data and visualization parameters
NUM BARS = 50
bar width = SCREEN WIDTH // NUM BARS
data
      =
           [random.randint(10,
                                SCREEN HEIGHT - 10)
                                                                for
                                                                          in
range(NUM_BARS)]
delay = 0.05 # Delay between steps for visualization
5.2.4 Draw Bars Function
This function visualizes the current state of the data array.
def draw_bars(data, color_positions=None):
  screen.fill(WHITE) # Clear the screen
  for i, value in enumerate(data):
    color = RED if color_positions and i in color_positions else BLACK
pygame.draw.rect(screen, color, (i * bar width, SCREEN HEIGHT - value,
bar_width - 2, value))
  pygame.display.update()
5.2.5 Bubble Sort Algorithm with Visualization
def bubble_sort_visualization(data):
  n = len(data)
7 | Page
```

```
for i in range(n - 1):
     for j in range(n - i - 1):
       # Highlight bars being compared
       draw_bars(data, color_positions=[i, i + 1])
       time.sleep(delay)
# Swap if necessary
       if data[j] > data[j + 1]:
          data[i], data[i + 1] = data[i + 1], data[i]
          # Highlight the sorted section
     draw_bars(data, color_positions=list(range(n - i, n)))
  draw_bars(data) # Final render of sorted data
5.2.6 Main Loop
running = True
sorting = False
while running:
  for event in pygame.event.get():
     if event.type == pygame.QUIT:
running = False
     if event.type == pygame.KEYDOWN:
       if event.key == pygame.K_SPACE: # Start sorting when SPACE is
pressed
          sorting = True
if sorting:
     bubble_sort_visualization(data)
8 | Page
```

sorting = False
draw_bars(data)
pygame.quit()

USAGE INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Run the script in any Python IDE or terminal.
- 2. A window will appear displaying unsorted bars.
- 3. Press SPACE to begin sorting.
- 4. Observe the step-by-step sorting process.

CONCLUSION

This project demonstrates how to visualize sorting algorithms dynamically, enhancing understanding through graphical representation. Using Pygame, the Bubble Sort algorithm is brought to life, offering an engaging and educational experience. This framework can be expanded to visualize other algorithms, making it a versatile tool for algorithm learning.

