

NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY WARANGAL

DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM PROJECT ON BLOOD BANK MANAGEMENT DATABASE

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PROBLEM STATEMENT AND DESCRIPTION:

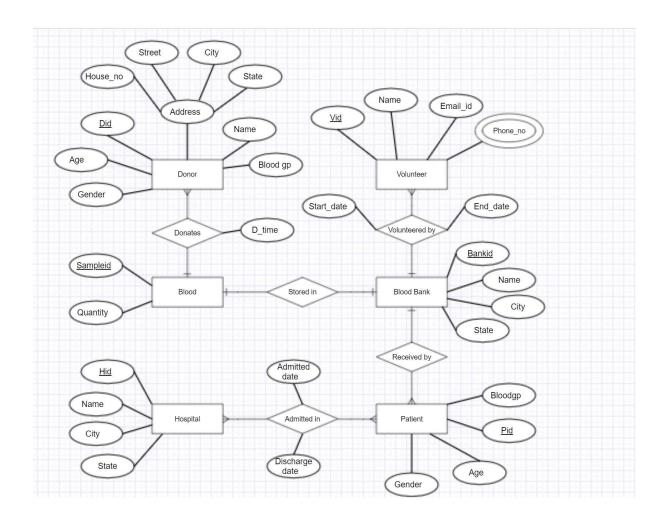
The 'BLOOD BANK MANAGEMENT SYSTEM' project is to connect all blood banks, hospitals, and donors into a single network, validate data, and preserve information on each person's blood. This technique is used to store data on a centralised server that has a database that no one else can access.

It focuses on these entities and relationship between them with all key constraints and participation constraints.

CONTENTS:

- ER Diagram
- Schema
- Creation of Tables
- Normalization
- Relational Schema with Normalized tables
- Insertion of tables
- Queries

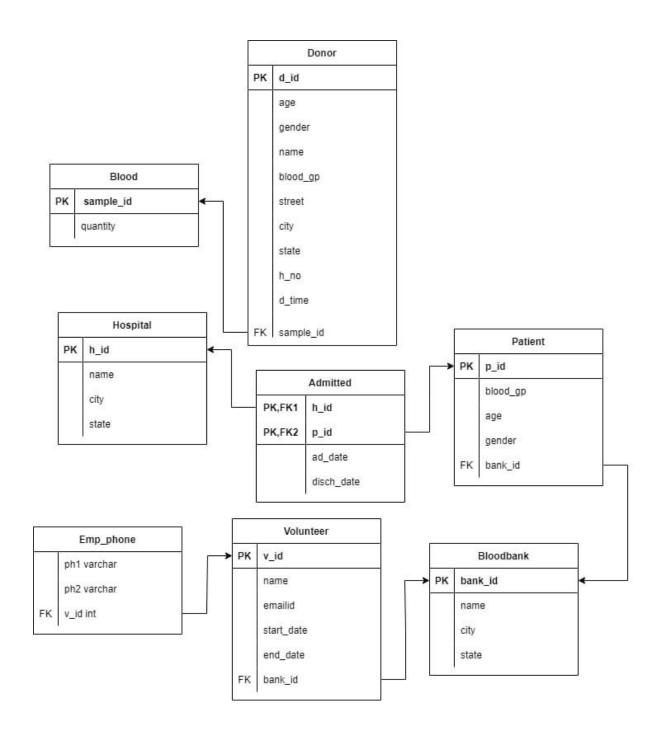
ER DIAGRAM:



RELATIONSHIPS:

Entity1	Entity2	Relationship name	Relation
Donor	Blood	Donates	Many to one
Blood	Blood Bank	Stored in	one to one
Blood Bank	Volunteer	Volunteered by	One to many
Blood Bank	Patient	Received by	One to many
Patient	Hospital	Admitted in	Many to many

RELATIONAL SCHEMA:



FUNCTIONAL DEPENDENCIES AND NORMALISATION

BLOOD:

Address attribute is a composite attribute. So, we represent all the derived attributes in the relation in tuples. Finally, this ensures atomicity. So, it is in 1nf.

The functional dependencies are sample_id->sample_id,quantity.

The relation does not have any partial dependencies. So, it is in 2nf.

The relation does not have any transitive dependencies. So, it is in 3nf.

The table is in bcnf.

DONOR:

The functional dependencies are

1)d_id →age,d_time,gender,name,blood_group,house_no,street,city,state
2)city → state

It satisfies 2nf but not 3nf due to transitive dependency of city → state So now, we decompose the relation into two relations r1(contains all attributes except state),r2(city(pk),state)

By this decomposition we will achieve both relations will be in 3nf and bcnf

BLOOD BANK:

The functional dependencies are

- 1) bank_id → state,name,city
- 2) city \rightarrow state

It satisfies 2nf but not 3nf due to transitive dependency of city → state So now, we decompose the relation into two relations r1(contains all attributes except state),r2(city(pk),state)

By this decomposition we will achieve both relations will be in 3nf and bcnf.

PATIENT:

The functional depencies are $p_id \rightarrow blood_group,age,gender$.

The relation does not have any partial dependencies. So, it is in 2nf.

The relation does not have any transitive dependencies. So, it is in 3nf.

The table is in bcnf.

HOSPITAL:

The functional dependencies are 1)h-id

→ state,name,city.

2) city \rightarrow state

It satisfies 2nf but not 3nf due to transitive dependency of city → state So now, we decompose the relation into two relations r1(contains all attributes except state),r2(city(pk),state)

By this decomposition we will achieve both relations will be in 3nf and bcnf.

VOLUNTEER:

The functional dependencies are

V_id → name,email_id,start_date,end_date,bank_id,V_id.

The relation does not have any partial dependencies. So, it is in 2nf.

The relation does not have any transitive dependencies. So, it is in 3nf.

The table is in bcnf.

EMP PHONE:

It is a multi value attribute.so, we created a new table. Now it is in 1nf.

The functional dependencies are Emp_id → ph1,ph2,v_id.

The relation does not have any partial dependencies. So, it is in 2nf.

The relation does not have any transitive dependencies. So, it is in 3nf. The table is in bcnf.

ADMITTED:

The functional dependencies are

P_id h_id → ad_date,discharge_date.

The relation does not have any partial dependencies. So, it is in 2nf.

The relation does not have any transitive dependencies. So, it is in 3nf.

The table is in bcnf

TABLES CREATION AND VALUES INSERTION:

create table **blood2**(sample_id int primary key,quantity int); insert into blood2 values(101,100); insert into blood2 values(102,200); insert into blood2 values(103,300); insert into blood2 values(104,400); insert into blood2 values(105,500); insert into blood2 values(106,600); insert into blood2 values(107,700);

	🔞 🕦 SQL	All Rows Fe	tched: 7 in 0.005 seconds
	\$ SAMPLE_ID		
1	101	100	
2	102	200	
3	103	300	
4	104	400	
5	105	500	
6	106	600	
7	107	700	

create table **donor2**(did int primary key,age int,d_time date,gender char,name varchar(15),blood_gp varchar(5), h_no int ,street varchar(15) ,city varchar(10) , state varchar(15), sample_id references blood2(sample_id));

insert into donor2 values(201,23,to_date ('01-01-2022','DDMM-YYYY'),'F','nisha','B',24,'chandanagar','warangal','AP',102); insert into donor2 values(202,24,to_date ('02-02-2022','DD-

MM-

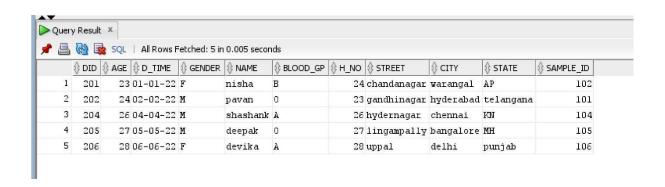
YYYY'),'M','pavan','O',23,'gandhinagar','hyderabad','telangana',1 01);

insert into donor2 values(202,25,to_date ('03-03-2022','DDMM-YYYY'),'F','akansha','AB',25,'miyapur','mumbai','TN',103); insert into donor2 values(204,26,to_date ('04-04-2022','DD-

MM-

YYYY'),'M','shashank','A',26,'hydernagar','chennai','KN',104); insert into donor2 values(205,27,to_date ('05-05-2022','DD-MM-

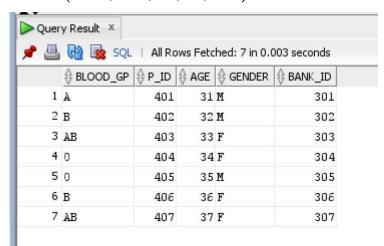
YYYY'),'M','deepak','O',27,'lingampally','bangalore','MH',105); insert into donor2 values(206,28,to_date ('06-06-2022','DDMM-YYYY'),'F','devika','A',28,'uppal','delhi','punjab',106);



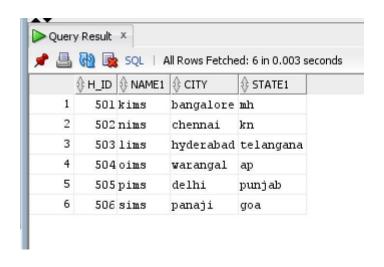
create table **bloodbank2**(bank_id int primary key,name1 varchar(30),city varchar(30),state1 varchar(30)); insert into bloodbank2 values(301,'ABC','bangalore','MH'); insert into bloodbank2 values(302,'BCD','hyderabad','MH'); insert into bloodbank2 values(303,'CDE','warangal','MH'); insert into bloodbank2 values(304,'DEF','mumbai','MH'); insert into bloodbank2 values(305,'EFG','chennai','MH'); insert into bloodbank2 values(306,'FGH','delhi','MH'); insert into bloodbank2 values(307,'GHI','panaji','MH');

uer)	/ Result X				
	(1) 🕦 SC	QL All Ro	ows Fetched: 7	7 in 0.002 se	conds
	∯ BANK_ID	⊕ NAME1	∯ CITY	∯ STATE1	
1	301	ABC	bangalore	MH	
2	302	BCD	hyderabad	MH	
3	303	CDE	warangal	MH	
4	304	DEF	mumbai	MH	
5	305	EFG	chennai	MH	
6	306	FGH	delhi	MH	
7	307	GHI	panaji	MH	

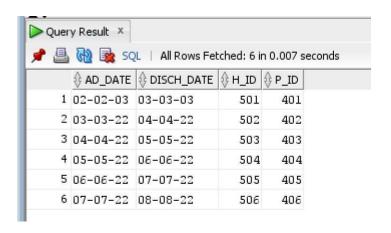
create table **patient2**(blood_gp varchar(5),p_id int primary key, age int,gender char,bank_id references bloodbank2(bank_id)); insert into patient2 values('A',401,31,'M',301); insert into patient2 values('B',402,32,'M',302); insert into patient2 values('AB',403,33,'F',303); insert into patient2 values('O',404,34,'F',304); insert into patient2 values('O',405,35,'M',305); insert into patient2 values('B',406,36,'F',306); insert into patient2 values('AB',407,37,'F',307);



create table **hospital2**(h_id int primary key,name1 varchar(30),city varchar(30),state1 varchar(30)); insert into hospital2 values(501,'kims','bangalore','mh'); insert into hospital2 values(502,'nims','chennai','kn'); insert into hospital2 values(503,'lims','hyderabad','telangana'); insert into hospital2 values(504,'oims','warangal','ap'); insert into hospital2 values(505,'pims','delhi','punjab'); insert into hospital2 values(506,'sims','panaji','goa');



create table admitted2 (ad_date date, disch_date date, h_id references hospital2(h_id), p_id references patient2(p_id)); insert into admitted2 values(to_date ('02-02-2003','DD-MMYYYY'),to_date ('03-03-2003','DD-MM-YYYY'),501,401); insert into admitted2 values(to_date ('03-03-2022','DD-MMYYYY'),to_date ('04-04-2022','DD-MM-YYYY'),502,402); insert into admitted2 values(to_date ('04-04-2022','DD-MMYYYY'),to_date ('05-05-2022','DD-MM-YYYY'),503,403); insert into admitted2 values(to_date ('05-05-2022','DD-MMYYYY'),to_date ('06-06-2022','DD-MM-YYYY'),504,404); insert into admitted2 values(to_date ('06-06-2022','DD-MMYYYY'),to_date ('07-07-2022','DD-MM-YYYY'),505,405); insert into admitted2 values(to_date ('07-07-2022','DD-MMYYYY'),to_date ('08-08-2022','DD-MM-YYYY'),506,406);



create table **volunteer2**(v_id int primary key,name1 varchar(30),emailid varchar(30), start_date date, end_date date, bank_id references bloodbank2(bank_id)); insert into volunteer2 values(601,'kushal','kushal@mail.com',to_date ('02-022022','DD-MM-YYYY'),to_date ('03-03-2022','DD-MMYYYY'),301); insert into volunteer2 values(602,'chaitanya','chaitanya@mail.com',to_date ('03-032022','DD-MM-YYYY'),to_date ('04-04-2022','DD-MMYYYY'),302);

insert into volunteer2 values(603,'jp','jp@mail.com',to_date ('0404-2022','DD-MM-YYYY'),to_date ('05-05-2022','DD-MMYYYY'),303);

insert into volunteer2 values(604,'loki','loki@mail.com',to_date ('05-05-2022','DD-MM-YYYY'),to_date ('06-06-2022','DD-MMYYYY'),304);

insert into volunteer2 values(605,'thor','thor@mail.com',to_date ('06-06-2022','DD-MM-YYYY'),to_date ('07-07-2022','DD-MMYYYY'),305);

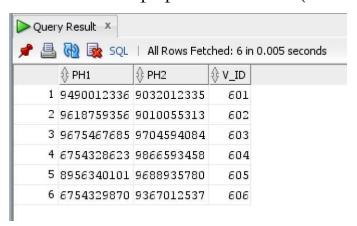
insert into volunteer2

values(606,'ironman','ironman@mail.com',to_date ('07-072022','DD-MM-YYYY'),to_date ('08-08-2022','DD-MM-

YYYY'),306);

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		NAME1		\$ START_DATE	⊕ END_DATE	BANK_ID
1	601	kushal	kushal@mail.com	02-02-22	03-03-22	301
2	602	chaitanya	chaitanya@mail.com	03-03-22	04-04-22	302
3	603	jp	jp@mail.com	04-04-22	05-05-22	303
4	604	loki	loki@mail.com	05-05-22	06-06-22	304
5	605	thor	thor@mail.com	06-06-22	07-07-22	305
6	606	ironman	ironman@mail.com	07-07-22	08-08-22	306

create table **Emp_phone2**(ph1 varchar(10), ph2 varchar(30), v_id references volunteer2(v_id)); insert into Emp_phone2 values(9490012336,9032012335,601); insert into Emp_phone2 values(9618759356,9010055313,602); insert into Emp_phone2 values(9675467685,9704594084,603); insert into Emp_phone2 values(6754328623,9866593458,604); insert into Emp_phone2 values(8956340101,9688935780,605); insert into Emp_phone2 values(6754329870,9367012537,606);

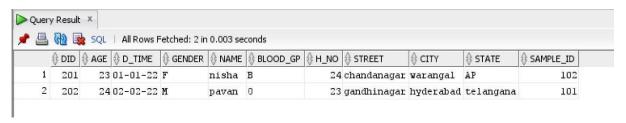


QUERIES:

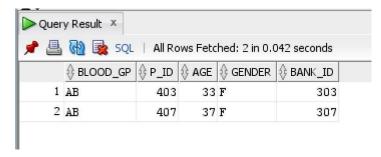
1. Find the names of bloodbanks which are present in Warangal? select name1 from bloodbank2 where city='warangal';



2.Find the donors whose age < 25? select * from donor2 where age < 25;

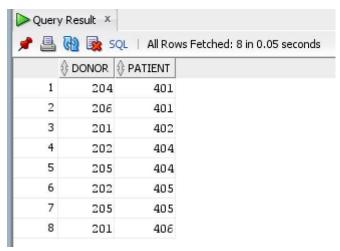


3.Find the patients who has rare blood group? select * from patient2 where blood_gp='AB';



4. Find donor, patient pairs which has correct blood_type for transmission?

select d.did as donor,p.p_id as patient from donor2 d,patient2 p where p.blood_gp=d.blood_gp;



5. Find names of patients who were admitted after 01-03-2022 and diacharged before 01-05-2022? select hospital2.h_id from hospital2,admitted2 where admitted2.ad_date > to_date('01-03-2002','dd-mm-yyyy') and

admitted2.disch_date < to_date('01-05-2022','dd-mm-yyyy');

