Rolling: 2019 UG MM092

Ans. (1) Nitouiding is a hear torealting perocess that diffuses instance of a material to create a case-ineardened energace. These are used on tow-alley steels. And used on titarium, aluminium and molybdenum.

Nitorogen is intoroduced into the surface of a

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formula alloy such that as steel by holding the metal at a temperature below that at which the courstal structure begins to townsform to austerite on heating as defined by Juan-c.

The gamma perfue exhibit a yfield storers anomaly whereby it storength fuereases white temperature, this phase has a window of Fustability between 600°C -800°C fuside of which 11 will becaustioning Puto HCP M phase.

(2) Caribus ising is a hear toreating priviers in which form on steel absorbs carbon thereof when the metal is heard in a crarbon ensiched atmosphere. The process leads to a hoordening of the metal which allows the paraduct to be used in a wider variety of outputs due to the spechaled hardness

During construction, the temp of the workpiece is maintained between \$50°C- 950°C, which is above steel materials contical temps for the intended durinton based upon the intended durinton based upon the intended obepter of the hardened casting. After it is complete, the work piece is quenched, courting carbon atoms to even in locked provide the metallic standard.

(3) Induction hardening is a process used for the surface hardenening of steel and other alloy components. The parts to be toreated are placed finite a coppen will and their heated above their townstounation temp. by applying an atternating current to the coil. This induces an attenuating magnetic field while the workpiece which causes the outer surface of the part to heat to a temp. above the townstonation spange.

The components are heated by mean of an electronal of the alternating M.F to a temp. wither on orbove the teransformation range followed by Frumediate quenching. It is an electronagnetic process using a copper inductor wil, which is fed a current at specific frequency & power level.