```
In [1]:
```

```
from keras.utils import np_utils
from keras.datasets import mnist
import seaborn as sns
from keras.initializers import RandomNormal
Using TensorFlow backend.
```

In [2]:

```
#%matplotlib notebook
%matplotlib inline
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
import time
# https://gist.github.com/greydanus/f6eee59eaf1d90fcb3b534a25362cea4
# https://stackoverflow.com/a/14434334
# this function is used to update the plots for each epoch and error
def plt_dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax, colors=['b']):
    ax.plot(x, vy, 'b', label="Validation Loss")
    ax.plot(x, ty, 'r', label="Train Loss")
    plt.legend()
    plt.grid()
    fig.canvas.draw()
```

Populating the interactive namespace from numpy and matplotlib

IMPORTING AND DIVING INTO THE DATASET

```
In [3]:
```

```
(X_train, y_train), (X_test, y_test) = mnist.load_data()
```

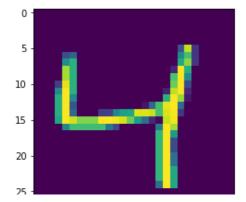
In [4]:

Number of training examples : 60000 and each image is of shape (28, 28) Number of training examples : 10000 and each image is of shape (28, 28)

In [5]:

```
plt.imshow(X_train[2])
print("The output is",y_train[2])
```

The output is 4



```
In [0]:
X train = X train.reshape(X train.shape[0], X train.shape[1]*X train.shape[2])
X test = X test.reshape(X test.shape[0], X test.shape[1]*X test.shape[2])
In [7]:
print("Number of training examples :", X_train.shape[0], "and each image is of shape (%d)
"%(X train.shape[1]))
print("Number of training examples:", X test.shape[0], "and each image is of shape (%d)"
%(X test.shape[1]))
Number of training examples: 60000 and each image is of shape (784)
Number of training examples: 10000 and each image is of shape (784)
In [0]:
X train = X train/255
X \text{ test} = X \text{ test}/255
In [9]:
# here we are having a class number for each image
print("Class label of first image :", y train[0])
# lets convert this into a 10 dimensional vector
# ex: consider an image is 5 convert it into 5 => [0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0]
# this conversion needed for MLPs
Y train = np utils.to categorical(y train, 10)
Y test = np utils.to categorical(y test, 10)
print("After converting the output into a vector : ",Y train[0])
Class label of first image: 5
After converting the output into a vector: [0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 1. 0. 0. 0. 0.]
In [0]:
from keras.models import Sequential
from keras.layers import Dense, Activation
In [0]:
output dim = 10
input_dim = X_train.shape[1]
batch_size = 128
nb epoch = 20
```

MODEL 1 - 2 HIDDEN LAYERS

1.1 RELU ACTIVATION

```
In [0]:
model1 = Sequential()
model1.add(Dense(230, input_dim=input_dim, activation='relu'))
model1.add(Dense(100, input_dim=input_dim, activation='relu'))
model1.add(Dense(10, input_dim=input_dim, activation='softmax'))
WARNING: Logging before flag parsing goes to stderr.
W0822 15:13:09.473532 140115941365632 deprecation_wrapper.py:119] From /usr/local/lib/pyt
hon3.6/dist-packages/keras/backend/tensorflow_backend.py:74: The name tf.get_default_grap
```

h is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.get default graph instead.

W0822 15:13:09.522732 140115941365632 deprecation_wrapper.py:119] From /usr/local/lib/pyt hon3.6/dist-packages/keras/backend/tensorflow_backend.py:517: The name tf.placeholder is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.placeholder instead.

W0822 15:13:09.530593 140115941365632 deprecation_wrapper.py:119] From /usr/local/lib/pyt hon3.6/dist-packages/keras/backend/tensorflow_backend.py:4138: The name tf.random_uniform is deprecated. Please use tf.random.uniform instead.

```
model1.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='categorical crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
history = model1.fit(X train, Y train, batch size=batch size, epochs=nb epoch, verbose=1
, validation data=(X test, Y test))
W0822 15:13:14.105819 140115941365632 deprecation wrapper.py:119] From /usr/local/lib/pyt
hon3.6/dist-packages/keras/optimizers.py:790: The name tf.train.Optimizer is deprecated.
Please use tf.compat.v1.train.Optimizer instead.
W0822 15:13:14.151415 140115941365632 deprecation wrapper.py:119] From /usr/local/lib/pyt
hon3.6/dist-packages/keras/backend/tensorflow backend.py:3295: The name tf.log is depreca
ted. Please use tf.math.log instead.
W0822 15:13:14.289976 140115941365632 deprecation.py:323] From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/d
ist-packages/tensorflow/python/ops/math grad.py:1250: add dispatch support.<locals>.wrapp
er (from tensorflow.python.ops.array ops) is deprecated and will be removed in a future v
ersion.
Instructions for updating:
Use tf.where in 2.0, which has the same broadcast rule as np.where
W0822 15:13:14.354537 140115941365632 deprecation wrapper.py:119] From /usr/local/lib/pyt
hon3.6/dist-packages/keras/backend/tensorflow_backend.py:986: The name tf.assign_add is d
eprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.assign add instead.
```

```
Train on 60000 samples, validate on 10000 samples
Epoch 1/20
- val loss: 0.1420 - val acc: 0.9564
Epoch 2/20
60000/60000 [==============] - 3s 48us/step - loss: 0.1106 - acc: 0.9673
- val loss: 0.0923 - val acc: 0.9710
Epoch 3/20
60000/60000 [==============] - 3s 49us/step - loss: 0.0713 - acc: 0.9783
- val loss: 0.0827 - val acc: 0.9735
Epoch 4/20
60000/60000 [===============] - 3s 49us/step - loss: 0.0525 - acc: 0.9837
- val loss: 0.0799 - val acc: 0.9741
Epoch 5/20
60000/60000 [==============] - 3s 50us/step - loss: 0.0382 - acc: 0.9885
- val_loss: 0.0801 - val_acc: 0.9764
Epoch 6/20
60000/60000 [==============] - 3s 45us/step - loss: 0.0286 - acc: 0.9913
- val loss: 0.0762 - val acc: 0.9771
Epoch 7/20
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 3s 45us/step - loss: 0.0231 - acc: 0.9926
- val loss: 0.0733 - val acc: 0.9780
Epoch 8/20
60000/60000 [=============] - 3s 45us/step - loss: 0.0202 - acc: 0.9936
- val loss: 0.0704 - val acc: 0.9802
Epoch 9/20
60000/60000 [============= ] - 3s 47us/step - loss: 0.0160 - acc: 0.9949
- val loss: 0.0788 - val acc: 0.9785
Epoch 10/20
60000/60000 [============= ] - 3s 45us/step - loss: 0.0124 - acc: 0.9961
- val loss: 0.0883 - val acc: 0.9782
60000/60000 [===============] - 3s 47us/step - loss: 0.0141 - acc: 0.9952
- val loss: 0.0886 - val acc: 0.9782
Epoch 12/20
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 3s 46us/step - loss: 0.0132 - acc: 0.9957
- val loss. 0 0937 - val acc. 0 9764
```

```
Epoch 13/20
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 3s 47us/step - loss: 0.0089 - acc: 0.9971
- val loss: 0.0780 - val acc: 0.9815
Epoch 14/20
60000/60000 [==============] - 3s 45us/step - loss: 0.0071 - acc: 0.9975
- val loss: 0.0841 - val acc: 0.9802
Epoch 15/20
60000/60000 [=============] - 3s 46us/step - loss: 0.0137 - acc: 0.9955
- val loss: 0.0879 - val acc: 0.9793
Epoch 16/20
60000/60000 [===============] - 3s 45us/step - loss: 0.0084 - acc: 0.9971
- val loss: 0.0865 - val acc: 0.9788
Epoch 17/20
60000/60000 [==============] - 3s 46us/step - loss: 0.0058 - acc: 0.9982
- val loss: 0.0994 - val acc: 0.9786
Epoch 18/20
60000/60000 [==============] - 3s 45us/step - loss: 0.0116 - acc: 0.9962
- val loss: 0.0798 - val acc: 0.9807
Epoch 19/20
60000/60000 [==============] - 3s 45us/step - loss: 0.0072 - acc: 0.9975
- val loss: 0.0874 - val acc: 0.9802
Epoch 20/20
60000/60000 [============== ] - 3s 45us/step - loss: 0.0047 - acc: 0.9986
- val loss: 0.0807 - val acc: 0.9809
```

```
model1.summary()
```

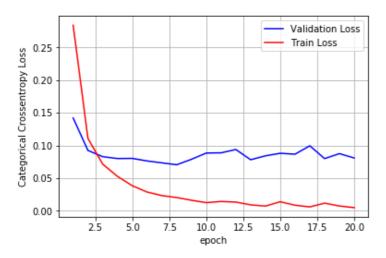
Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 230)	180550
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 100)	23100
dense_3 (Dense)	(None, 10)	1010
Total params: 204,660 Trainable params: 204,660 Non-trainable params: 0		

```
score = model1.evaluate(X test, Y test, verbose=0)
print('Test score:', score[0])
print('Test accuracy:', score[1])
fig,ax = plt.subplots(1,1)
ax.set xlabel('epoch') ; ax.set ylabel('Categorical Crossentropy Loss')
# list of epoch numbers
x = list(range(1, nb epoch+1))
# print(history.history.keys())
# dict_keys(['val_loss', 'val acc', 'loss', 'acc'])
# history = model drop.fit(X train, Y train, batch size=batch size, epochs=nb epoch, verb
ose=1, validation data=(X test, Y test))
# we will get val loss and val acc only when you pass the paramter validation data
# val loss : validation loss
# val acc : validation accuracy
# loss : training loss
# acc : train accuracy
# for each key in histrory.histrory we will have a list of length equal to number of epoc
hs
vy = history.history['val loss']
ty = history.history['loss']
```

plt_dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax)

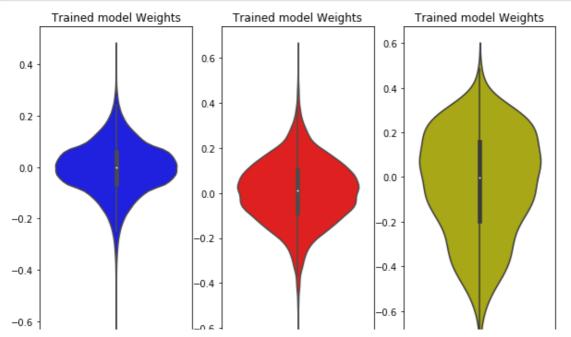
Test score: 0.08070132349427932

Test accuracy: 0.9809



The plot says that Validation loss is very high than training loss after 3 epochs

```
w after = model1.get weights()
h1 w = w after[0].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
h2 w = w after[2].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
out w = w after[4].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10,7))
plt.title("Weight matrices after model trained")
plt.subplot(1, 3, 1)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h1_w,color='b')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 1')
plt.subplot(1, 3, 2)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h2_w, color='r')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 2 ')
plt.subplot(1, 3, 3)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=out w,color='y')
plt.xlabel('Output Layer ')
plt.show()
```



1.2 MODEL WITH 2 POWERS AS NUMBER OF HIDDEN LAYERS (RELU ACTIVATION)

```
In [0]:
```

Electricals.

17/00

```
model1 = Sequential()
model1.add(Dense(256, input_dim=input_dim, activation='relu'))
model1.add(Dense(128, input_dim=input_dim, activation='relu'))
model1.add(Dense(10, input_dim=input_dim, activation='softmax'))
```

```
In [0]:
model1.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='categorical crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
history = model1.fit(X train, Y train, batch_size=batch_size, epochs=nb_epoch, verbose=1
, validation data=(X test, Y test))
Train on 60000 samples, validate on 10000 samples
Epoch 1/20
60000/60000 [============= ] - 3s 51us/step - loss: 0.2706 - acc: 0.9233
- val loss: 0.1266 - val acc: 0.9618
Epoch 2/20
60000/60000 [===============] - 3s 45us/step - loss: 0.1033 - acc: 0.9690
- val loss: 0.0958 - val acc: 0.9689
Epoch 3/20
60000/60000 [================== ] - 3s 47us/step - loss: 0.0681 - acc: 0.9796
- val_loss: 0.0765 - val_acc: 0.9755
Epoch 4/20
60000/60000 [==============] - 3s 45us/step - loss: 0.0479 - acc: 0.9853
- val loss: 0.0738 - val acc: 0.9760
Epoch 5/20
60000/60000 [=============] - 3s 47us/step - loss: 0.0362 - acc: 0.9885
- val loss: 0.0722 - val acc: 0.9778
Epoch 6/20
- val loss: 0.0737 - val acc: 0.9783
Epoch 7/20
60000/60000 [=============] - 3s 46us/step - loss: 0.0204 - acc: 0.9937
- val loss: 0.0681 - val acc: 0.9804
Epoch 8/20
60000/60000 [===============] - 3s 44us/step - loss: 0.0195 - acc: 0.9934
- val loss: 0.0733 - val acc: 0.9795
Epoch 9/20
60000/60000 [================] - 3s 46us/step - loss: 0.0141 - acc: 0.9953
- val loss: 0.0857 - val acc: 0.9777
Epoch 10/20
60000/60000 [=============] - 3s 45us/step - loss: 0.0148 - acc: 0.9953
- val loss: 0.0783 - val acc: 0.9786
Epoch 11/20
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 3s 47us/step - loss: 0.0100 - acc: 0.9969
- val loss: 0.1074 - val acc: 0.9727
Epoch 12/20
60000/60000 [============== ] - 3s 47us/step - loss: 0.0123 - acc: 0.9957
- val loss: 0.0991 - val acc: 0.9750
Epoch 13/20
60000/60000 [============= ] - 3s 47us/step - loss: 0.0098 - acc: 0.9967
- val loss: 0.0883 - val acc: 0.9784
Epoch 14/20
60000/60000 [==============] - 3s 47us/step - loss: 0.0077 - acc: 0.9975
- val loss: 0.0950 - val acc: 0.9782
Epoch 15/20
- val loss: 0.1035 - val acc: 0.9773
Epoch 16/20
60000/60000 [==============] - 3s 46us/step - loss: 0.0059 - acc: 0.9980
- val loss: 0.0860 - val acc: 0.9803
```

model1.summary()

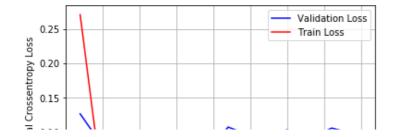
Layer (type)	Output	Shape	Param #
=======================================	======	==========	========
dense_4 (Dense)	(None,	256)	200960
dense_5 (Dense)	(None,	128)	32896
dense_6 (Dense)	(None,	10)	1290
	======		=======
Total params: 235,146 Trainable params: 235,146 Non-trainable params: 0			

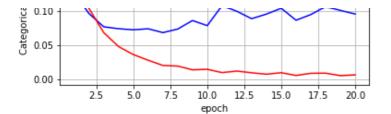
In [0]:

```
score = model1.evaluate(X test, Y test, verbose=0)
print('Test score:', score[0])
print('Test accuracy:', score[1])
fig,ax = plt.subplots(1,1)
ax.set xlabel('epoch') ; ax.set ylabel('Categorical Crossentropy Loss')
# list of epoch numbers
x = list(range(1, nb epoch+1))
# print(history.history.keys())
# dict_keys(['val_loss', 'val_acc', 'loss', 'acc'])
# history = model_drop.fit(X_train, Y_train, batch_size=batch_size, epochs=nb_epoch, verb
ose=1, validation_data=(X_test, Y_test))
# we will get val_loss and val_acc only when you pass the paramter validation_data
# val loss : validation loss
# val acc : validation accuracy
# loss : training loss
# acc : train accuracy
# for each key in histrory.histrory we will have a list of length equal to number of epoc
vy = history.history['val loss']
ty = history.history['loss']
plt_dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax)
```

Test score: 0.09506374017388317

Test accuracy: 0.9802

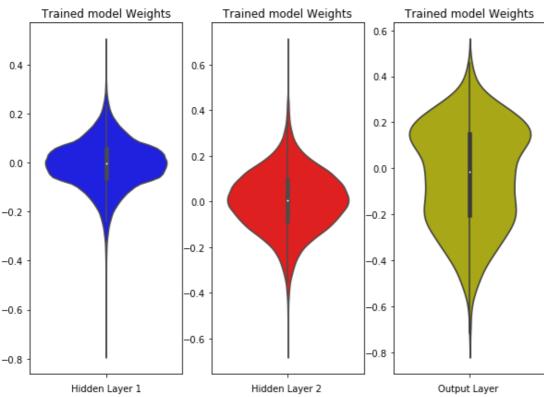




The model overfits as the number of epochs increased.

In [0]:

```
w after = model1.get weights()
h1_w = w_after[0].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
h2_w = w_after[2].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
out w = w after[4].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10,7))
plt.title("Weight matrices after model trained")
plt.subplot(1, 3, 1)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h1_w,color='b')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 1')
plt.subplot(1, 3, 2)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h2_w, color='r')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 2 ')
plt.subplot(1, 3, 3)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=out w,color='y')
plt.xlabel('Output Layer ')
plt.show()
```



1.3 RELU ACTIVATION WITH DROPOUT VALUE 0.5

```
from keras.layers import Dropout
model1 = Sequential()
```

```
model1.add(Dense(256, input_dim=input_dim, activation='relu'))
model1.add(Dropout(0.5))
model1.add(Dense(128, input_dim=input_dim, activation='relu'))
model1.add(Dropout(0.5))
model1.add(Dense(10, input_dim=input_dim, activation='softmax'))

W0822 15:32:48.802173 140115941365632 deprecation.py:506] From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/d
ist-packages/keras/backend/tensorflow_backend.py:3445: calling dropout (from tensorflow.p
ython.ops.nn_ops) with keep_prob is deprecated and will be removed in a future version.
Instructions for updating:
Please use `rate` instead of `keep prob`. Rate should be set to `rate = 1 - keep prob`.
```

model1.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='categorical crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])

```
history = model1.fit(X train, Y train, batch size=batch size, epochs=nb epoch, verbose=1
, validation_data=(X_test, Y test))
Train on 60000 samples, validate on 10000 samples
Epoch 1/20
60000/60000 [==============] - 3s 53us/step - loss: 0.5257 - acc: 0.8390
- val loss: 0.1702 - val acc: 0.9497
Epoch 2/20
60000/60000 [===============] - 3s 49us/step - loss: 0.2422 - acc: 0.9304
- val_loss: 0.1223 - val_acc: 0.9646
Epoch 3/20
60000/60000 [==============] - 3s 49us/step - loss: 0.1883 - acc: 0.9457
- val loss: 0.1009 - val acc: 0.9699
Epoch 4/20
60000/60000 [==============] - 3s 49us/step - loss: 0.1653 - acc: 0.9517
- val loss: 0.0946 - val acc: 0.9704
Epoch 5/20
60000/60000 [=============] - 3s 48us/step - loss: 0.1470 - acc: 0.9568
- val loss: 0.0860 - val acc: 0.9743
Epoch 6/20
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 3s 49us/step - loss: 0.1327 - acc: 0.9614
- val loss: 0.0816 - val acc: 0.9741
Epoch 7/20
60000/60000 [============== ] - 3s 48us/step - loss: 0.1190 - acc: 0.9655
- val loss: 0.0778 - val acc: 0.9763
Epoch 8/20
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 3s 50us/step - loss: 0.1144 - acc: 0.9663
- val_loss: 0.0796 - val acc: 0.9767
Epoch 9/20
60000/60000 [==============] - 3s 48us/step - loss: 0.1060 - acc: 0.9682
- val_loss: 0.0748 - val_acc: 0.9791
Epoch 10/20
60000/60000 [============== ] - 3s 49us/step - loss: 0.1007 - acc: 0.9694
- val loss: 0.0720 - val acc: 0.9782
Epoch 11/20
60000/60000 [===============] - 3s 49us/step - loss: 0.0958 - acc: 0.9709
- val loss: 0.0708 - val acc: 0.9783
Epoch 12/20
60000/60000 [============== ] - 3s 48us/step - loss: 0.0920 - acc: 0.9721
- val loss: 0.0711 - val acc: 0.9784
Epoch 13/20
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 3s 49us/step - loss: 0.0896 - acc: 0.9721
- val loss: 0.0692 - val acc: 0.9798
Epoch 14/20
60000/60000 [===============] - 3s 48us/step - loss: 0.0870 - acc: 0.9730
- val_loss: 0.0687 - val_acc: 0.9798
Epoch 15/20
60000/60000 [===============] - 3s 48us/step - loss: 0.0833 - acc: 0.9742
- val_loss: 0.0656 - val_acc: 0.9809
Epoch 16/20
60000/60000 [==============] - 3s 48us/step - loss: 0.0781 - acc: 0.9761
- val loss: 0.0676 - val acc: 0.9811
Epoch 17/20
60000/60000 [===============] - 3s 49us/step - loss: 0.0772 - acc: 0.9762
- val loss: 0.0688 - val acc: 0.9808
Epoch 18/20
```

```
- val loss: 0.0700 - val acc: 0.9803
Epoch 19/20
60000/60000 [============== ] - 3s 48us/step - loss: 0.0727 - acc: 0.9773
- val loss: 0.0688 - val acc: 0.9811
Epoch 20/20
60000/60000 [============= ] - 3s 50us/step - loss: 0.0698 - acc: 0.9785
- val loss: 0.0651 - val acc: 0.9817
```

```
model1.summary()
```

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
dense_8 (Dense)	(None, 256)	200960
dropout_1 (Dropout)	(None, 256)	0
dense_9 (Dense)	(None, 128)	32896
dropout_2 (Dropout)	(None, 128)	0
dense_10 (Dense)	(None, 10)	1290
Total params: 235,146 Trainable params: 235,146 Non-trainable params: 0		

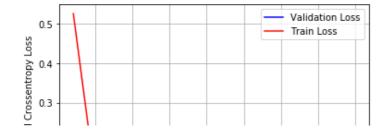
Non-trainable params: 0

In [0]:

```
score = model1.evaluate(X test, Y test, verbose=0)
print('Test score:', score[0])
print('Test accuracy:', score[1])
fig,ax = plt.subplots(1,1)
ax.set xlabel('epoch') ; ax.set ylabel('Categorical Crossentropy Loss')
# list of epoch numbers
x = list(range(1, nb epoch+1))
# print(history.history.keys())
# dict keys(['val loss', 'val acc', 'loss', 'acc'])
# history = model drop.fit(X train, Y train, batch size=batch size, epochs=nb epoch, verb
ose=1, validation data=(X test, Y test))
# we will get val loss and val acc only when you pass the paramter validation data
# val loss : validation loss
# val acc : validation accuracy
# loss : training loss
# acc : train accuracy
# for each key in histrory.histrory we will have a list of length equal to number of epoc
vy = history.history['val loss']
ty = history.history['loss']
plt_dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax)
```

Test score: 0.06511110941658844

Test accuracy: 0.9817

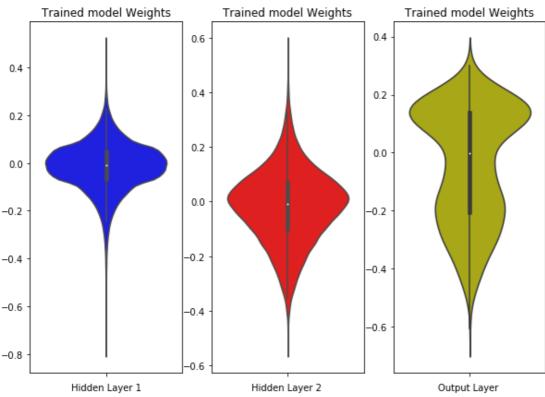


```
0.1
2.5 5.0 7.5 10.0 12.5 15.0 17.5 20.0
epoch
```

This is so far the best model as both validation and train losses met their minimum values at the 20th epoch

In [0]:

```
w after = model1.get_weights()
h1 w = w after[0].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
h2 w = w after[2].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
out w = w after[4].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10,7))
plt.title("Weight matrices after model trained")
plt.subplot(1, 3, 1)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h1 w,color='b')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 1')
plt.subplot(1, 3, 2)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h2_w, color='r')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 2 ')
plt.subplot(1, 3, 3)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=out_w,color='y')
plt.xlabel('Output Layer ')
plt.show()
```



1.4 RELU ACTIVATION WITH BATCH NORM

```
In [0]:
```

```
from keras.layers.normalization import BatchNormalization
model1 = Sequential()
```

```
model1.add(Dense(256, input_dim=input_dim, activation='relu'))
model1.add(BatchNormalization())
model1.add(Dense(128, input_dim=input_dim, activation='relu'))
model1.add(BatchNormalization())
model1.add(Dense(10, input_dim=input_dim, activation='softmax'))
```

```
model1.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='categorical crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
history = model1.fit(X train, Y train, batch size=batch size, epochs=nb epoch, verbose=1
, validation_data=(X_test, Y test))
Train on 60000 samples, validate on 10000 samples
Epoch 1/20
60000/60000 [============== ] - 5s 90us/step - loss: 0.2043 - acc: 0.9397
- val_loss: 0.1063 - val acc: 0.9658
Epoch 2/20
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 5s 78us/step - loss: 0.0804 - acc: 0.9761
- val_loss: 0.0876 - val acc: 0.9730
Epoch 3/20
60000/60000 [==============] - 5s 79us/step - loss: 0.0528 - acc: 0.9832
- val loss: 0.0848 - val acc: 0.9734
Epoch 4/20
60000/60000 [================] - 5s 80us/step - loss: 0.0382 - acc: 0.9881
- val loss: 0.0808 - val acc: 0.9757
Epoch 5/20
60000/60000 [==============] - 5s 81us/step - loss: 0.0290 - acc: 0.9905
- val loss: 0.0792 - val acc: 0.9766
Epoch 6/20
60000/60000 [=============] - 5s 77us/step - loss: 0.0252 - acc: 0.9919
- val loss: 0.0919 - val acc: 0.9735
Epoch 7/20
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 5s 79us/step - loss: 0.0204 - acc: 0.9932
- val loss: 0.0706 - val acc: 0.9791
Epoch 8/20
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 5s 81us/step - loss: 0.0170 - acc: 0.9946
- val_loss: 0.0836 - val_acc: 0.9779
Epoch 9/20
60000/60000 [==============] - 5s 77us/step - loss: 0.0165 - acc: 0.9946
- val loss: 0.0769 - val acc: 0.9793
Epoch 10/20
60000/60000 [===============] - 5s 80us/step - loss: 0.0141 - acc: 0.9952
- val loss: 0.0873 - val acc: 0.9769
Epoch 11/20
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 5s 79us/step - loss: 0.0126 - acc: 0.9960
- val loss: 0.0741 - val acc: 0.9807
Epoch 12/20
60000/60000 [=============] - 5s 77us/step - loss: 0.0122 - acc: 0.9959
- val loss: 0.0835 - val acc: 0.9785
Epoch 13/20
60000/60000 [============== ] - 5s 77us/step - loss: 0.0105 - acc: 0.9963
- val loss: 0.0873 - val acc: 0.9779
Epoch 14/20
60000/60000 [===============] - 5s 77us/step - loss: 0.0112 - acc: 0.9963
- val loss: 0.0938 - val acc: 0.9776
Epoch 15/20
60000/60000 [==============] - 5s 79us/step - loss: 0.0100 - acc: 0.9968
- val loss: 0.0840 - val acc: 0.9801
Epoch 16/20
60000/60000 [===============] - 5s 81us/step - loss: 0.0093 - acc: 0.9968
- val loss: 0.0808 - val acc: 0.9813
Epoch 17/20
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 5s 76us/step - loss: 0.0099 - acc: 0.9966
- val loss: 0.0896 - val_acc: 0.9772
Epoch 18/20
60000/60000 [=============] - 5s 76us/step - loss: 0.0090 - acc: 0.9970
- val loss: 0.0860 - val acc: 0.9779
Epoch 19/20
60000/60000 [============== ] - 5s 77us/step - loss: 0.0077 - acc: 0.9972
- val loss: 0.0824 - val acc: 0.9799
Epoch 20/20
```

```
model1.summary()
```

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
dense_11 (Dense)	(None, 256)	200960
batch_normalization_1 (Batc	h (None, 256)	1024
dense_12 (Dense)	(None, 128)	32896
batch_normalization_2 (Batc	h (None, 128)	512
dense_13 (Dense)	(None, 10)	1290
Total params: 236,682		

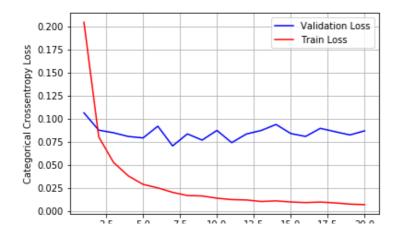
Trainable params: 235,682 Trainable params: 235,914 Non-trainable params: 768

In [0]:

```
score = model1.evaluate(X test, Y test, verbose=0)
print('Test score:', score[0])
print('Test accuracy:', score[1])
fig,ax = plt.subplots(1,1)
ax.set xlabel('epoch'); ax.set ylabel('Categorical Crossentropy Loss')
# list of epoch numbers
x = list(range(1, nb epoch+1))
# print(history.history.keys())
# dict keys(['val loss', 'val acc', 'loss', 'acc'])
# history = model drop.fit(X train, Y train, batch size=batch size, epochs=nb epoch, verb
ose=1, validation_data=(X_test, Y_test))
# we will get val loss and val acc only when you pass the paramter validation data
# val loss : validation loss
# val acc : validation accuracy
# loss : training loss
# acc : train accuracy
# for each key in histrory.histrory we will have a list of length equal to number of epoc
hs
vy = history.history['val loss']
ty = history.history['loss']
plt_dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax)
```

Test score: 0.08686929494800279

Test accuracy: 0.9791

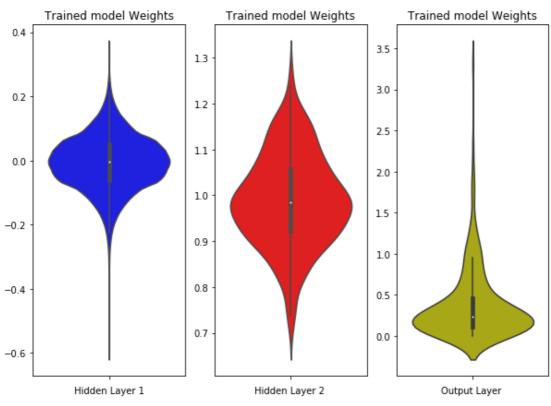


2.5 5.0 7.5 10.0 12.5 15.0 17.5 20.0 epoch

This model was well trained but failed in validation test due to overfitting.

```
In [0]:
```

```
w after = model1.get weights()
h1 w = w after[0].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
h2 w = w after[2].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
out_w = w_after[4].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10,7))
plt.title("Weight matrices after model trained")
plt.subplot(1, 3, 1)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h1_w,color='b')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 1')
plt.subplot(1, 3, 2)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h2_w, color='r')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 2 ')
plt.subplot(1, 3, 3)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=out w,color='y')
plt.xlabel('Output Layer ')
plt.show()
```



1.5 RELU ACTIVATION WITH BATCH NORM AND DROPOUT (0.5)

```
from keras.layers.normalization import BatchNormalization
model1 = Sequential()

model1.add(Dense(256, input_dim=input_dim, activation='relu'))
model1.add(BatchNormalization())
model1.add(Dropout(0.5))

model1.add(Dense(128, input_dim=input_dim, activation='relu'))
```

```
model1.add(BatchNormalization())
model1.add(Dropout(0.5))
model1.add(Dense(10, input dim=input dim, activation='softmax'))
In [0]:
model1.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='categorical crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
history = model1.fit(X train, Y train, batch size=batch size, epochs=nb epoch, verbose=1
, validation data=(X test, Y test))
Train on 60000 samples, validate on 10000 samples
Epoch 1/20
60000/60000 [============== ] - 6s 97us/step - loss: 0.4898 - acc: 0.8517
- val loss: 0.1640 - val acc: 0.9482
Epoch 2/20
60000/60000 [============= ] - 5s 81us/step - loss: 0.2463 - acc: 0.9267
- val_loss: 0.1271 - val acc: 0.9610
Epoch 3/20
60000/60000 [==============] - 5s 81us/step - loss: 0.1993 - acc: 0.9407
- val loss: 0.1082 - val acc: 0.9670
Epoch 4/20
60000/60000 [===============] - 5s 82us/step - loss: 0.1682 - acc: 0.9491
- val loss: 0.0979 - val acc: 0.9697
Epoch 5/20
60000/60000 [============== ] - 5s 82us/step - loss: 0.1533 - acc: 0.9545
- val loss: 0.0899 - val acc: 0.9727
Epoch 6/20
60000/60000 [=============] - 5s 79us/step - loss: 0.1376 - acc: 0.9582
- val loss: 0.0816 - val acc: 0.9744
Epoch 7/20
60000/60000 [=============] - 5s 80us/step - loss: 0.1288 - acc: 0.9610
- val loss: 0.0803 - val acc: 0.9759
Epoch 8/20
60000/60000 [==============] - 5s 79us/step - loss: 0.1187 - acc: 0.9636
- val loss: 0.0761 - val acc: 0.9768
Epoch 9/20
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 5s 80us/step - loss: 0.1104 - acc: 0.9663
- val loss: 0.0719 - val acc: 0.9782
Epoch 10/20
- val loss: 0.0687 - val acc: 0.9797
Epoch 11/20
60000/60000 [===============] - 5s 82us/step - loss: 0.1014 - acc: 0.9691
- val loss: 0.0727 - val acc: 0.9775
Epoch 12/20
60000/60000 [==============] - 5s 81us/step - loss: 0.0991 - acc: 0.9692
- val loss: 0.0685 - val acc: 0.9789
Epoch 13/20
60000/60000 [==============] - 5s 79us/step - loss: 0.0927 - acc: 0.9716
- val loss: 0.0718 - val acc: 0.9778
Epoch 14/20
```

60000/60000 [===============] - 5s 81us/step - loss: 0.0871 - acc: 0.9731

60000/60000 [==============] - 5s 80us/step - loss: 0.0868 - acc: 0.9728

60000/60000 [===============] - 5s 82us/step - loss: 0.0817 - acc: 0.9742

60000/60000 [==============] - 5s 82us/step - loss: 0.0822 - acc: 0.9747

60000/60000 [=============] - 5s 80us/step - loss: 0.0760 - acc: 0.9762

60000/60000 [===============] - 5s 81us/step - loss: 0.0754 - acc: 0.9763

- val_loss: 0.0659 - val acc: 0.9799

- val loss: 0.0657 - val acc: 0.9800

- val loss: 0.0642 - val acc: 0.9801

- val loss: 0.0659 - val acc: 0.9807

- val loss: 0.0646 - val acc: 0.9815

- val loss: 0.0629 - val acc: 0.9817

Epoch 15/20

Epoch 16/20

Epoch 17/20

Epoch 18/20

Epoch 19/20

Epoch 20/20

```
- val_loss: 0.0604 - val_acc: 0.9821
```

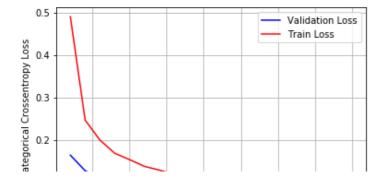
```
model1.summary()
```

Layer (type)	Output	Shape	Param #
dense_15 (Dense)	(None,	256)	200960
batch_normalization_4 (Batch	(None,	256)	1024
dropout_3 (Dropout)	(None,	256)	0
dense_16 (Dense)	(None,	128)	32896
batch_normalization_5 (Batch	(None,	128)	512
dropout_4 (Dropout)	(None,	128)	0
dense_17 (Dense)	(None,	10)	1290
Total params: 236,682 Trainable params: 235,914 Non-trainable params: 768			

In [0]:

```
score = model1.evaluate(X test, Y test, verbose=0)
print('Test score:', score[0])
print('Test accuracy:', score[1])
fig,ax = plt.subplots(1,1)
ax.set xlabel('epoch') ; ax.set ylabel('Categorical Crossentropy Loss')
# list of epoch numbers
x = list(range(1, nb epoch+1))
# print(history.history.keys())
# dict keys(['val loss', 'val acc', 'loss', 'acc'])
# history = model drop.fit(X train, Y train, batch size=batch size, epochs=nb epoch, verb
ose=1, validation data=(X test, Y test))
# we will get val loss and val acc only when you pass the paramter validation data
# val loss : validation loss
# val acc : validation accuracy
# loss : training loss
# acc : train accuracy
# for each key in histrory.histrory we will have a list of length equal to number of epoc
hs
vy = history.history['val loss']
ty = history.history['loss']
plt_dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax)
```

Test score: 0.06043866992703406 Test accuracy: 0.9821

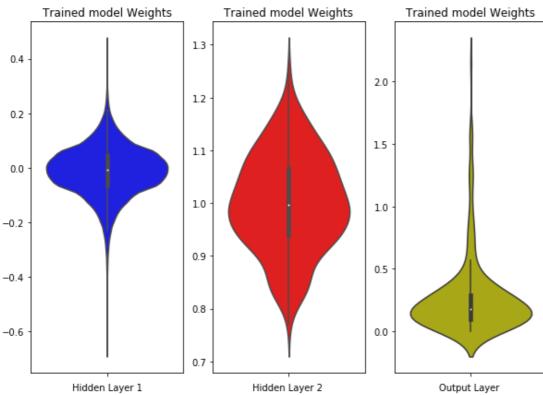


```
0.1 2.5 5.0 7.5 10.0 12.5 15.0 17.5 20.0 epoch
```

Model is better than others but not upto the model with dropout.

In [0]:

```
w_after = model1.get_weights()
h1_w = w_after[0].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
h2_w = w_after[2].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
out w = w after[4].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10,7))
plt.title("Weight matrices after model trained")
plt.subplot(1, 3, 1)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h1 w,color='b')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 1')
plt.subplot(1, 3, 2)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h2 w, color='r')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 2 ')
plt.subplot(1, 3, 3)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=out_w,color='y')
plt.xlabel('Output Layer ')
plt.show()
```



MODEL 2 - 3 HIDDEN LAYERS

2.1 MODEL WITH 2 POWERS AS NUMBER OF HIDDEN LAYERS (RELU ACTIVATION)

```
In [0]:
```

```
model2 = Sequential()
```

```
model2.add(Dense(512, input_dim=input_dim, activation='relu'))
model2.add(Dense(256, input_dim=input_dim, activation='relu'))
model2.add(Dense(128, input_dim=input_dim, activation='relu'))
model2.add(Dense(10, input_dim=input_dim, activation='relu'))
model2.add(Dense(10, input_dim=input_dim, activation='softmax'))

In [0]:

model2.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='categorical_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
history = model2.fit(X_train, Y_train, batch_size=batch_size, epochs=nb_epoch, verbose=1
, validation_data=(X_test, Y_test))

Train on 60000 samples, validate on 10000 samples
Epoch 1/20
60000/600000 [========================] - 4s 70us/step - loss: 0.2289 - acc: 0.9326
- val_loss: 0.1105 - val_acc: 0.9641
Epoch 2/20
```

60000/60000 [=============] - 3s 56us/step - loss: 0.0846 - acc: 0.9738

60000/60000 [==============] - 3s 58us/step - loss: 0.0536 - acc: 0.9833

60000/60000 [===============] - 3s 56us/step - loss: 0.0396 - acc: 0.9866

60000/60000 [==============] - 3s 57us/step - loss: 0.0300 - acc: 0.9900

60000/60000 [=============] - 3s 58us/step - loss: 0.0241 - acc: 0.9921

60000/60000 [=============] - 3s 56us/step - loss: 0.0227 - acc: 0.9927

60000/60000 [=============] - 3s 58us/step - loss: 0.0181 - acc: 0.9943

60000/60000 [==============] - 3s 57us/step - loss: 0.0186 - acc: 0.9937

60000/60000 [===============] - 4s 59us/step - loss: 0.0157 - acc: 0.9947

60000/60000 [==============] - 3s 56us/step - loss: 0.0119 - acc: 0.9960

60000/60000 [===============] - 4s 60us/step - loss: 0.0139 - acc: 0.9956

60000/60000 [=============] - 3s 55us/step - loss: 0.0127 - acc: 0.9962

60000/60000 [===============] - 3s 58us/step - loss: 0.0112 - acc: 0.9964

60000/60000 [==============] - 3s 57us/step - loss: 0.0124 - acc: 0.9963

60000/60000 [===============] - 3s 55us/step - loss: 0.0086 - acc: 0.9974

60000/60000 [===============] - 3s 58us/step - loss: 0.0101 - acc: 0.9969

60000/60000 [==============] - 3s 56us/step - loss: 0.0079 - acc: 0.9975

60000/60000 [==============] - 3s 57us/step - loss: 0.0097 - acc: 0.9970

60000/60000 [===============] - 3s 58us/step - loss: 0.0092 - acc: 0.9975

- val loss: 0.0812 - val acc: 0.9746

- val loss: 0.0849 - val acc: 0.9735

- val loss: 0.0728 - val acc: 0.9790

- val loss: 0.0752 - val acc: 0.9786

- val loss: 0.0730 - val acc: 0.9802

- val loss: 0.0901 - val acc: 0.9739

- val loss: 0.0865 - val acc: 0.9785

- val loss: 0.0745 - val acc: 0.9810

- val loss: 0.0907 - val acc: 0.9778

- val loss: 0.0836 - val acc: 0.9809

- val loss: 0.0754 - val acc: 0.9827

- val loss: 0.0837 - val acc: 0.9800

- val_loss: 0.0921 - val acc: 0.9808

- val loss: 0.0728 - val acc: 0.9841

- val loss: 0.0999 - val acc: 0.9789

- val loss: 0.0962 - val acc: 0.9799

- val loss: 0.0980 - val acc: 0.9807

- val loss: 0.1004 - val acc: 0.9804

Epoch 3/20

Epoch 4/20

Epoch 5/20

Epoch 6/20

Epoch 7/20

Epoch 8/20

Epoch 9/20

Epoch 10/20

Epoch 11/20

Epoch 12/20

Epoch 13/20

Epoch 14/20

Epoch 15/20

Epoch 16/20

Epoch 17/20

Epoch 18/20

Epoch 19/20

Epoch 20/20

```
- val_loss: 0.1088 - val_acc: 0.9788
```

```
model2.summary()
```

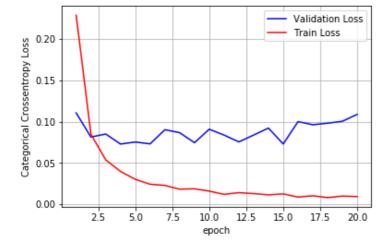
Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
dense_22 (Dense)	(None, 512)	401920
dense_23 (Dense)	(None, 256)	131328
dense_24 (Dense)	(None, 128)	32896
dense_25 (Dense)	(None, 10)	1290

Total params: 567,434 Trainable params: 567,434 Non-trainable params: 0

In [0]:

```
score = model2.evaluate(X test, Y_test, verbose=0)
print('Test score:', score[0])
print('Test accuracy:', score[1])
fig,ax = plt.subplots(1,1)
ax.set xlabel('epoch'); ax.set ylabel('Categorical Crossentropy Loss')
# list of epoch numbers
x = list(range(1, nb epoch+1))
# print(history.history.keys())
# dict keys(['val loss', 'val acc', 'loss', 'acc'])
# history = model drop.fit(X train, Y train, batch size=batch size, epochs=nb epoch, verb
ose=1, validation data=(X test, Y test))
# we will get val loss and val acc only when you pass the paramter validation data
# val loss : validation loss
# val acc : validation accuracy
# loss : training loss
# acc : train accuracy
# for each key in histrory.histrory we will have a list of length equal to number of epoc
hs
vy = history.history['val loss']
ty = history.history['loss']
plt_dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax)
```

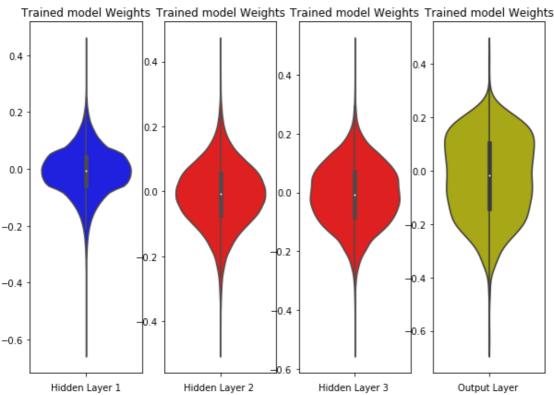
Test score: 0.10877159107371262 Test accuracy: 0.9788



The model has overfit.

```
In [0]:
```

```
w after = model2.get_weights()
h1 w = w after[0].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
h2 w = w after[2].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
h3 w = w after[4].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
out w = w after[6].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10,7))
plt.title("Weight matrices after model trained")
plt.subplot(1, 4, 1)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h1 w,color='b')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 1')
plt.subplot(1, 4, 2)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h2_w, color='r')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 2 ')
plt.subplot(1, 4, 3)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h3 w, color='r')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 3 ')
plt.subplot(1, 4, 4)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=out_w,color='y')
plt.xlabel('Output Layer ')
plt.show()
```



2.2 RELU ACTIVATION WITH DROPOUT VALUE 0.5

```
from keras.layers import Dropout
model2 = Sequential()
model2.add(Dense(512, input_dim=input_dim, activation='relu'))
model2.add(Dropout(0.5))
model2.add(Dense(256, input_dim=input_dim, activation='relu'))
```

```
model2.add(Dropout(0.5))
model2.add(Dense(128, input_dim=input_dim, activation='relu'))
model2.add(Dropout(0.5))
model2.add(Dense(10, input_dim=input_dim, activation='softmax'))

In [0]:

model2.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='categorical_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
history = model2.fit(X_train, Y_train, batch_size=batch_size, epochs=nb_epoch, verbose=1, validation_data=(X_test, Y_test))

Train on 60000 samples, validate on 10000 samples
Epoch 1/20
```

60000/60000 [==============] - 4s 74us/step - loss: 0.5487 - acc: 0.8282

60000/60000 [==============] - 4s 61us/step - loss: 0.2275 - acc: 0.9369

60000/60000 [==============] - 4s 60us/step - loss: 0.1762 - acc: 0.9501

60000/60000 [==============] - 4s 61us/step - loss: 0.1512 - acc: 0.9580

60000/60000 [==============] - 4s 59us/step - loss: 0.1337 - acc: 0.9623

60000/60000 [==============] - 4s 59us/step - loss: 0.1204 - acc: 0.9666

60000/60000 [==============] - 4s 59us/step - loss: 0.1140 - acc: 0.9673

60000/60000 [==============] - 4s 60us/step - loss: 0.1030 - acc: 0.9716

60000/60000 [===============] - 4s 59us/step - loss: 0.0950 - acc: 0.9732

60000/60000 [===============] - 4s 59us/step - loss: 0.0903 - acc: 0.9742

60000/60000 [===============] - 4s 58us/step - loss: 0.0857 - acc: 0.9755

60000/60000 [=============] - 4s 60us/step - loss: 0.0760 - acc: 0.9778

60000/60000 [===============] - 4s 58us/step - loss: 0.0733 - acc: 0.9781

60000/60000 [==============] - 4s 61us/step - loss: 0.0715 - acc: 0.9790

60000/60000 [===============] - 4s 61us/step - loss: 0.0681 - acc: 0.9802

60000/60000 [===============] - 4s 61us/step - loss: 0.0668 - acc: 0.9808

60000/60000 [=============] - 4s 58us/step - loss: 0.0613 - acc: 0.9827

60000/60000 [==============] - 4s 61us/step - loss: 0.0592 - acc: 0.9823

- val loss: 0.1492 - val acc: 0.9546

- val loss: 0.1108 - val acc: 0.9671

- val loss: 0.0952 - val acc: 0.9717

- val loss: 0.0834 - val acc: 0.9756

- val loss: 0.0789 - val acc: 0.9776

- val loss: 0.0791 - val acc: 0.9762

- val loss: 0.0703 - val acc: 0.9781

- val loss: 0.0697 - val acc: 0.9805

- val loss: 0.0741 - val acc: 0.9786

- val loss: 0.0715 - val acc: 0.9801

- val loss: 0.0719 - val acc: 0.9792

- val loss: 0.0707 - val acc: 0.9813

- val loss: 0.0647 - val acc: 0.9815

- val_loss: 0.0718 - val_acc: 0.9815

- val loss: 0.0678 - val acc: 0.9825

- val loss: 0.0687 - val acc: 0.9819

- val loss: 0.0671 - val acc: 0.9822

- val loss: 0.0649 - val acc: 0.9846

- val loss: 0.0696 - val acc: 0.9828

Epoch 2/20

Epoch 3/20

Epoch 4/20

Epoch 5/20

Epoch 6/20

Epoch 7/20

Epoch 8/20

Epoch 9/20

Epoch 10/20

Epoch 11/20

Epoch 12/20

Epoch 13/20

Epoch 14/20

Epoch 15/20

Epoch 16/20

Epoch 17/20

Epoch 18/20

Epoch 19/20

Epoch 20/20

```
- val_loss: 0.0665 - val_acc: 0.9828
```

```
model2.summary()
```

Layer (type)	Output	Shape	Param #
dense_26 (Dense)	(None,	512)	401920
dropout_5 (Dropout)	(None,	512)	0
dense_27 (Dense)	(None,	256)	131328
dropout_6 (Dropout)	(None,	256)	0
dense_28 (Dense)	(None,	128)	32896
dropout_7 (Dropout)	(None,	128)	0
dense_29 (Dense)	(None,	10)	1290

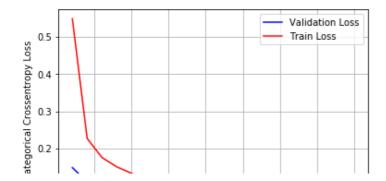
Non-trainable params: 0

In [0]:

```
score = model2.evaluate(X test, Y test, verbose=0)
print('Test score:', score[0])
print('Test accuracy:', score[1])
fig,ax = plt.subplots(1,1)
ax.set xlabel('epoch') ; ax.set ylabel('Categorical Crossentropy Loss')
# list of epoch numbers
x = list(range(1, nb epoch+1))
# print(history.history.keys())
# dict keys(['val loss', 'val acc', 'loss', 'acc'])
# history = model drop.fit(X train, Y train, batch size=batch size, epochs=nb epoch, verb
ose=1, validation data=(X test, Y test))
# we will get val loss and val acc only when you pass the paramter validation data
# val loss : validation loss
# val acc : validation accuracy
# loss : training loss
# acc : train accuracy
# for each key in histrory.histrory we will have a list of length equal to number of epoc
hs
vy = history.history['val loss']
ty = history.history['loss']
plt_dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax)
```

Test score: 0.06652374192810584

Test accuracy: 0.9828

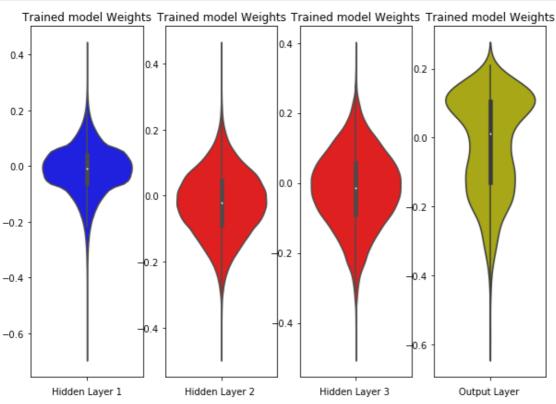


```
2.5 5.0 7.5 10.0 12.5 15.0 17.5 20.0 epoch
```

A little overfitting is seen at the final few epochs

In [0]:

```
w_after = model2.get_weights()
h1_w = w_after[0].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
h2_w = w_after[2].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
h3 w = w after[4].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
out w = w after[6].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10,7))
plt.title("Weight matrices after model trained")
plt.subplot(1, 4, 1)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h1_w,color='b')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 1')
plt.subplot(1, 4, 2)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h2 w, color='r')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 2 ')
plt.subplot(1, 4, 3)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h3_w, color='r')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 3 ')
plt.subplot(1, 4, 4)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=out_w,color='y')
plt.xlabel('Output Layer ')
plt.show()
```



2.3 RELU ACTIVATION WITH BATCH NORM

```
from keras.layers.normalization import BatchNormalization
model2 = Sequential()
model2.add(Dense(512, input_dim=input_dim, activation='relu'))
model2.add(BatchNormalization())
model2.add(Dense(256, input_dim=input_dim, activation='relu'))
model2.add(BatchNormalization())
model2.add(Dense(128, input_dim=input_dim, activation='relu'))
model2.add(BatchNormalization())
model2.add(Dense(10, input_dim=input_dim, activation='softmax'))
```

model2.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='categorical crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])

```
history = model2.fit(X train, Y train, batch size=batch size, epochs=nb epoch, verbose=1
, validation_data=(X_test, Y test))
Train on 60000 samples, validate on 10000 samples
Epoch 1/20
- val loss: 0.1025 - val acc: 0.9682
Epoch 2/20
- val_loss: 0.0848 - val acc: 0.9748
Epoch 3/20
60000/60000 [============] - 6s 105us/step - loss: 0.0497 - acc: 0.9844
- val_loss: 0.0970 - val_acc: 0.9728
Epoch 4/20
- val loss: 0.0878 - val acc: 0.9721
Epoch 5/20
- val loss: 0.0793 - val acc: 0.9770
Epoch 6/20
- val loss: 0.0706 - val acc: 0.9801
Epoch 7/20
- val loss: 0.0877 - val acc: 0.9769
Epoch 8/20
- val loss: 0.0813 - val acc: 0.9768
Epoch 9/20
- val_loss: 0.0721 - val_acc: 0.9801
Epoch 10/20
- val loss: 0.0913 - val acc: 0.9752
Epoch 11/20
- val loss: 0.0748 - val acc: 0.9796
Epoch 12/20
- val loss: 0.0770 - val acc: 0.9796
Epoch 13/20
60000/60000 [============] - 6s 102us/step - loss: 0.0152 - acc: 0.9950
- val loss: 0.0831 - val acc: 0.9776
Epoch 14/20
- val_loss: 0.0803 - val acc: 0.9793
Epoch 15/20
60000/60000 [=============] - 6s 103us/step - loss: 0.0121 - acc: 0.9960
- val_loss: 0.0987 - val_acc: 0.9769
Epoch 16/20
- val loss: 0.0833 - val acc: 0.9799
Epoch 17/20
60000/60000 [=============] - 6s 105us/step - loss: 0.0109 - acc: 0.9965
- val loss: 0.0763 - val acc: 0.9806
Epoch 18/20
```

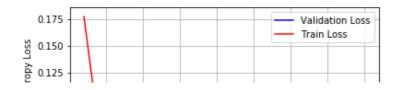
```
model2.summary()
```

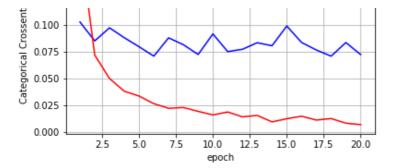
Layer (type)	Output	Shape	Param #
dense_30 (Dense)	(None,	512)	401920
batch_normalization_6 (Batch	(None,	512)	2048
dense_31 (Dense)	(None,	256)	131328
batch_normalization_7 (Batch	(None,	256)	1024
dense_32 (Dense)	(None,	128)	32896
batch_normalization_8 (Batch	(None,	128)	512
dense_33 (Dense)	(None,	10)	1290
Total params: 571,018 Trainable params: 569,226 Non-trainable params: 1,792			

```
score = model2.evaluate(X test, Y test, verbose=0)
print('Test score:', score[0])
print('Test accuracy:', score[1])
fig,ax = plt.subplots(1,1)
ax.set xlabel('epoch') ; ax.set ylabel('Categorical Crossentropy Loss')
# list of epoch numbers
x = list(range(1, nb epoch+1))
# print(history.history.keys())
# dict keys(['val loss', 'val acc', 'loss', 'acc'])
# history = model drop.fit(X train, Y train, batch size=batch size, epochs=nb epoch, verb
ose=1, validation data=(X test, Y test))
# we will get val loss and val acc only when you pass the paramter validation data
# val loss : validation loss
# val acc : validation accuracy
# loss : training loss
# acc : train accuracy
# for each key in histrory.histrory we will have a list of length equal to number of epoc
hs
vy = history.history['val loss']
ty = history.history['loss']
plt_dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax)
```

Test score: 0.07200342553501614

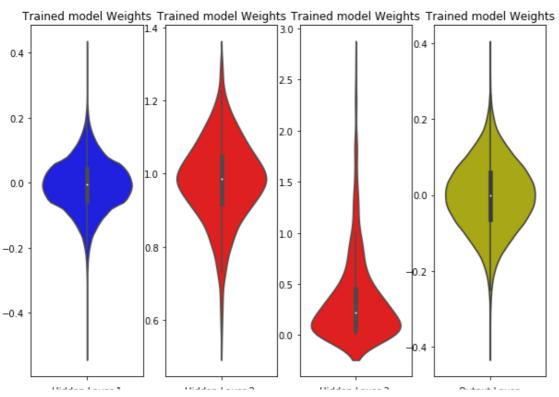
Test accuracy: 0.9837





Again overfitting has occured

```
w_after = model2.get_weights()
h1_w = w_after[0].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
h2_w = w_after[2].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
h3_w = w_after[4].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
out_w = w_after[6].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10,7))
plt.title("Weight matrices after model trained")
plt.subplot(1, 4, 1)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h1 w,color='b')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 1')
plt.subplot(1, 4, 2)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h2 w, color='r')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 2 ')
plt.subplot(1, 4, 3)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h3_w, color='r')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 3 ')
plt.subplot(1, 4, 4)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=out_w,color='y')
plt.xlabel('Output Layer ')
plt.show()
```



Hidden Layer 1 Hidden Layer 2 Hidden Layer 3 Output Layer

2.4 RELU ACTIVATION WITH BATCH NORM AND DROPOUT (0.5)

```
In [0]:

from keras.layers.normalization import BatchNormalization
model2 = Sequential()

model2.add(Dense(512, input_dim=input_dim, activation='relu'))
model2.add(BatchNormalization())
model2.add(Dropout(0.5))

model2.add(Dense(256, input_dim=input_dim, activation='relu'))
model2.add(BatchNormalization())
model2.add(Dropout(0.5))

model2.add(Dense(128, input_dim=input_dim, activation='relu'))
model2.add(BatchNormalization())
model2.add(Dropout(0.5))

model2.add(Dropout(0.5))

model2.add(Dense(10, input_dim=input_dim, activation='softmax'))

In [0]:
model2.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='categorical_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
```

```
history = model2.fit(X train, Y train, batch size=batch size, epochs=nb epoch, verbose=1
, validation data=(X test, Y test))
Train on 60000 samples, validate on 10000 samples
Epoch 1/20
- val_loss: 0.1583 - val acc: 0.9524
Epoch 2/20
- val loss: 0.1084 - val acc: 0.9665
Epoch 3/20
- val loss: 0.0976 - val acc: 0.9702
Epoch 4/20
- val loss: 0.0869 - val acc: 0.9738
Epoch 5/20
- val loss: 0.0880 - val acc: 0.9741
Epoch 6/20
- val loss: 0.0775 - val acc: 0.9756
Epoch 7/20
- val loss: 0.0731 - val acc: 0.9770
Epoch 8/20
- val loss: 0.0630 - val acc: 0.9823
Epoch 9/20
- val loss: 0.0660 - val acc: 0.9812
Epoch 10/20
- val loss: 0.0692 - val acc: 0.9803
Epoch 11/20
- val loss: 0.0674 - val acc: 0.9810
Epoch 12/20
- val_loss: 0.0657 - val_acc: 0.9804
Epoch 13/20
60000/60000 [=============] - 7s 110us/step - loss: 0.0816 - acc: 0.9749
- val_loss: 0.0664 - val_acc: 0.9812
Epoch 14/20
COOOO / COOOO I
                 .____1
                     C- 10C--/---
                            1 - - - - 0 0001
```

```
- val loss: 0.0564 - val acc: 0.9831
Epoch 15/20
60000/60000 [============== ] - 7s 110us/step - loss: 0.0749 - acc: 0.9774
- val loss: 0.0570 - val acc: 0.9837
Epoch 16/20
60000/60000 [============== ] - 7s 112us/step - loss: 0.0706 - acc: 0.9784
- val loss: 0.0624 - val acc: 0.9816
Epoch 17/20
- val loss: 0.0621 - val acc: 0.9835
Epoch 18/20
- val loss: 0.0628 - val acc: 0.9822
Epoch 19/20
- val loss: 0.0622 - val acc: 0.9824
Epoch 20/20
60000/60000 [============== ] - 7s 110us/step - loss: 0.0632 - acc: 0.9803
- val loss: 0.0571 - val acc: 0.9844
```

model2.summary()

Layer (type)	Output	Shape	Param #
dense_38 (Dense)	(None,	512)	401920
batch_normalization_12 (Batc	(None,	512)	2048
dropout_11 (Dropout)	(None,	512)	0
dense_39 (Dense)	(None,	256)	131328
batch_normalization_13 (Batc	(None,	256)	1024
dropout_12 (Dropout)	(None,	256)	0
dense_40 (Dense)	(None,	128)	32896
batch_normalization_14 (Batc	(None,	128)	512
dropout_13 (Dropout)	(None,	128)	0
dense_41 (Dense)	(None,	10)	1290
Total params: 571,018 Trainable params: 569,226 Non-trainable params: 1,792			

```
score = model2.evaluate(X_test, Y_test, verbose=0)
print('Test score:', score[0])
print('Test accuracy:', score[1])

fig,ax = plt.subplots(1,1)
ax.set_xlabel('epoch') ; ax.set_ylabel('Categorical Crossentropy Loss')

# list of epoch numbers
x = list(range(1,nb_epoch+1))

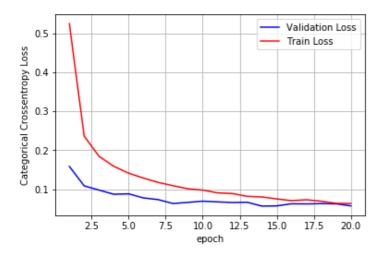
# print(history.history.keys())
# dict_keys(['val_loss', 'val_acc', 'loss', 'acc'])
# history = model_drop.fit(X_train, Y_train, batch_size=batch_size, epochs=nb_epoch, verb
ose=1, validation_data=(X_test, Y_test))

# we will get val_loss and val_acc only when you pass the paramter validation_data
# val loss : validation loss
```

```
# val_acc : validation accuracy
# loss : training loss
# acc : train accuracy
# for each key in histrory.histrory we will have a list of length equal to number of epoc
hs

vy = history.history['val_loss']
ty = history.history['loss']
plt_dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax)
```

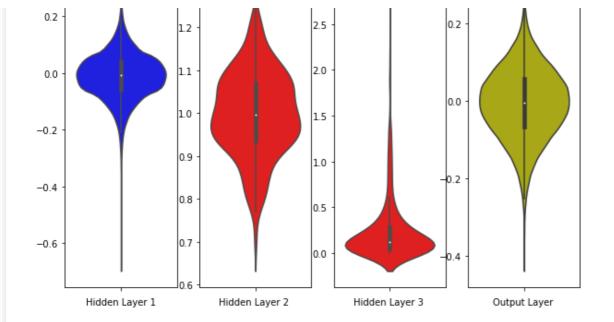
Test score: 0.057054539459303485 Test accuracy: 0.9844



The best model in 3 hidden layer models.

```
w_after = model2.get_weights()
h1_w = w_after[0].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
h2 w = w after[2].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
h3_w = w_after[4].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
out w = w after[6].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10,7))
plt.title("Weight matrices after model trained")
plt.subplot(1, 4, 1)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h1 w,color='b')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 1')
plt.subplot(1, 4, 2)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h2 w, color='r')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 2 ')
plt.subplot(1, 4, 3)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h3 w, color='r')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 3 ')
plt.subplot(1, 4, 4)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=out w,color='y')
plt.xlabel('Output Layer ')
plt.show()
```





MODEL 3 - 5 HIDDEN LAYERS

In [0]:

Epoch 7/20

Epoch 8/20

Epoch 9/20

Enoch 10/20

- val loss: 0.0768 - val acc: 0.9802

- val loss: 0.0796 - val acc: 0.9792

- val loss: 0.0846 - val acc: 0.9796

60000/60000 [==========

3.1 MODEL WITH 2 POWERS AS NUMBER OF HIDDEN LAYERS (RELU ACTIVATION)

```
model3 = Sequential()
model3.add(Dense(512, input dim=input dim, activation='relu'))
model3.add(Dense(256, input dim=input dim, activation='relu'))
model3.add(Dense(128, input dim=input dim, activation='relu'))
model3.add(Dense(64, input dim=input dim, activation='relu'))
model3.add(Dense(10, input dim=input dim, activation='softmax'))
In [0]:
model3.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='categorical crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
history = model3.fit(X train, Y train, batch size=batch size, epochs=nb epoch, verbose=1
, validation data=(X test, Y test))
Train on 60000 samples, validate on 10000 samples
Epoch 1/20
60000/60000 [==============] - 5s 85us/step - loss: 0.2399 - acc: 0.9279
- val loss: 0.1218 - val acc: 0.9621
Epoch 2/20
- val loss: 0.0844 - val acc: 0.9743
Epoch 3/20
- val loss: 0.0850 - val acc: 0.9735
Epoch 4/20
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 4s 63us/step - loss: 0.0432 - acc: 0.9866
- val loss: 0.0687 - val acc: 0.9798
Epoch 5/20
60000/60000 [============== ] - 4s 62us/step - loss: 0.0329 - acc: 0.9889
- val loss: 0.0798 - val acc: 0.9769
Epoch 6/20
60000/60000 [============== ] - 4s 61us/step - loss: 0.0307 - acc: 0.9899
- val loss: 0.0676 - val acc: 0.9804
```

60000/60000 [===============] - 4s 61us/step - loss: 0.0249 - acc: 0.9920

60000/60000 [================] - 4s 62us/step - loss: 0.0197 - acc: 0.9935

=======] - 4s 61us/step - loss: 0.0216 - acc: 0.9931

```
10/20
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 4s 63us/step - loss: 0.0177 - acc: 0.9940
- val loss: 0.0771 - val acc: 0.9803
Epoch 11/20
60000/60000 [============= ] - 4s 62us/step - loss: 0.0142 - acc: 0.9955
- val_loss: 0.0869 - val acc: 0.9793
Epoch 12/20
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 4s 63us/step - loss: 0.0160 - acc: 0.9951
- val loss: 0.0756 - val acc: 0.9815
Epoch 13/20
60000/60000 [============== ] - 4s 63us/step - loss: 0.0145 - acc: 0.9955
- val loss: 0.0874 - val acc: 0.9786
Epoch 14/20
60000/60000 [============== ] - 4s 62us/step - loss: 0.0124 - acc: 0.9960
- val_loss: 0.0932 - val_acc: 0.9793
Epoch 15/20
60000/60000 [============= ] - 4s 62us/step - loss: 0.0129 - acc: 0.9960
- val loss: 0.0936 - val acc: 0.9807
Epoch 16/20
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 4s 62us/step - loss: 0.0115 - acc: 0.9963
- val loss: 0.0906 - val acc: 0.9785
Epoch 17/20
60000/60000 [============== ] - 4s 62us/step - loss: 0.0088 - acc: 0.9974
- val loss: 0.1056 - val acc: 0.9775
Epoch 18/20
60000/60000 [============== ] - 4s 63us/step - loss: 0.0135 - acc: 0.9957
- val loss: 0.0892 - val acc: 0.9811
Epoch 19/20
60000/60000 [============= ] - 4s 62us/step - loss: 0.0072 - acc: 0.9979
- val loss: 0.1064 - val acc: 0.9784
Epoch 20/20
60000/60000 [============== ] - 4s 62us/step - loss: 0.0112 - acc: 0.9965
- val loss: 0.0849 - val acc: 0.9813
```

model3.summary()

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
dense_42 (Dense)	(None, 512)	401920
dense_43 (Dense)	(None, 256)	131328
dense_44 (Dense)	(None, 128)	32896
dense_45 (Dense)	(None, 64)	8256
dense_46 (Dense)	(None, 10)	650
Total params: 575,050		

Total params: 575,050
Trainable params: 575,050
Non-trainable params: 0

```
score = model3.evaluate(X_test, Y_test, verbose=0)
print('Test score:', score[0])
print('Test accuracy:', score[1])

fig,ax = plt.subplots(1,1)
ax.set_xlabel('epoch') ; ax.set_ylabel('Categorical Crossentropy Loss')

# list of epoch numbers
x = list(range(1,nb_epoch+1))

# print(history.history.keys())
# dict_keys(['val_loss', 'val_acc', 'loss', 'acc'])
# history = model_drop.fit(X_train, Y_train, batch_size=batch_size, epochs=nb_epoch, verb ose=1, validation_data=(X_test, Y_test))
```

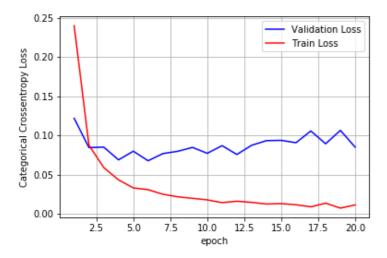
```
# we will get val_loss and val_acc only when you pass the paramter validation_data
# val_loss : validation loss
# val_acc : validation accuracy

# loss : training loss
# acc : train accuracy
# for each key in histrory.histrory we will have a list of length equal to number of epoc
hs

vy = history.history['val_loss']
ty = history.history['loss']
plt_dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax)
```

Test score: 0.08486868686463067

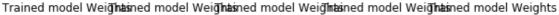
Test accuracy: 0.9813

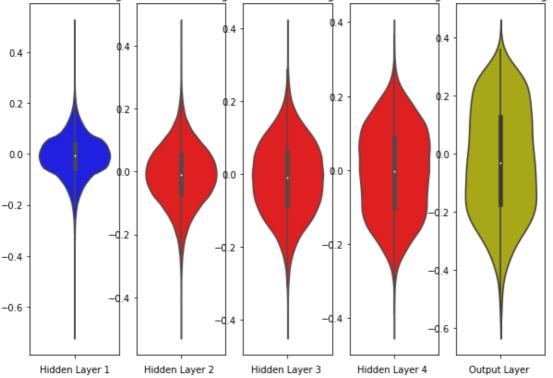


Overfitting is observed.

```
w after = model3.get weights()
h1 w = w after[0].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
h2 w = w after[2].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
h3 w = w after[4].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
h4 w = w after[6].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
out w = w after[8].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10,7))
plt.title("Weight matrices after model trained")
plt.subplot(1, 5, 1)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h1 w,color='b')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 1')
plt.subplot(1, 5, 2)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h2_w, color='r')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 2 ')
plt.subplot(1, 5, 3)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h3 w, color='r')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 3 ')
plt.subplot(1, 5, 4)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h4_w, color='r')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 4 ')
plt.subplot(1, 5, 5)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
```

```
ax = sns.violinplot(y=out_w,color='y')
plt.xlabel('Output Layer ')
plt.show()
```





3.2 RELU ACTIVATION WITH DROPOUT VALUE 0.5

In [0]:

```
from keras.layers import Dropout
model3 = Sequential()
model3.add(Dense(512, input_dim=input_dim, activation='relu'))
model3.add(Dropout(0.5))
model3.add(Dense(256, input_dim=input_dim, activation='relu'))
model3.add(Dropout(0.5))
model3.add(Dense(128, input_dim=input_dim, activation='relu'))
model3.add(Dropout(0.5))
model3.add(Dense(64, input_dim=input_dim, activation='relu'))
model3.add(Dropout(0.5))
model3.add(Dropout(0.5))
model3.add(Dense(10, input_dim=input_dim, activation='softmax'))
```

```
model3.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='categorical_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
history = model3.fit(X_train, Y_train, batch_size=batch_size, epochs=nb_epoch, verbose=1
, validation_data=(X_test, Y_test))
```

```
Train on 60000 samples, validate on 10000 samples
Epoch 1/20
60000/60000 [==============] - 6s 95us/step - loss: 0.8366 - acc: 0.7285
- val loss: 0.2140 - val acc: 0.9408
Epoch 2/20
60000/60000 [============== ] - 4s 65us/step - loss: 0.3213 - acc: 0.9203
- val loss: 0.1466 - val acc: 0.9608
Epoch 3/20
60000/60000 [============== ] - 4s 66us/step - loss: 0.2444 - acc: 0.9390
- val loss: 0.1272 - val acc: 0.9682
Epoch 4/20
60000/60000 [============== ] - 4s 65us/step - loss: 0.2060 - acc: 0.9502
- val loss: 0.1079 - val acc: 0.9716
Epoch 5/20
- val loss: 0.1049 - val acc: 0.9723
Epoch 6/20
```

```
...., .....
                                                       _____
                                          - val loss: 0.1066 - val acc: 0.9739
Epoch 7/20
60000/60000 [============== ] - 4s 66us/step - loss: 0.1585 - acc: 0.9613
- val loss: 0.1017 - val acc: 0.9738
Epoch 8/20
60000/60000 [============= ] - 4s 67us/step - loss: 0.1455 - acc: 0.9637
- val_loss: 0.0901 - val acc: 0.9760
Epoch 9/20
60000/60000 [============== ] - 4s 66us/step - loss: 0.1379 - acc: 0.9660
- val loss: 0.0914 - val acc: 0.9772
Epoch 10/20
60000/60000 [===============] - 4s 68us/step - loss: 0.1343 - acc: 0.9676
- val loss: 0.0839 - val acc: 0.9777
Epoch 11/20
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 4s 66us/step - loss: 0.1212 - acc: 0.9697
- val loss: 0.0862 - val acc: 0.9787
Epoch 12/20
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 4s 66us/step - loss: 0.1175 - acc: 0.9718
- val loss: 0.0805 - val acc: 0.9799
Epoch 13/20
60000/60000 [============= ] - 4s 66us/step - loss: 0.1113 - acc: 0.9734
- val loss: 0.0878 - val acc: 0.9772
Epoch 14/20
60000/60000 [============= ] - 4s 65us/step - loss: 0.1093 - acc: 0.9728
- val loss: 0.0852 - val acc: 0.9789
Epoch 15/20
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 4s 67us/step - loss: 0.1058 - acc: 0.9742
- val loss: 0.0893 - val acc: 0.9791
Epoch 16/20
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 4s 67us/step - loss: 0.1044 - acc: 0.9741
- val loss: 0.0881 - val acc: 0.9792
Epoch 17/20
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 4s 66us/step - loss: 0.0997 - acc: 0.9752
- val loss: 0.0779 - val acc: 0.9807
Epoch 18/20
60000/60000 [================ ] - 4s 67us/step - loss: 0.0953 - acc: 0.9756
- val loss: 0.0801 - val acc: 0.9814
Epoch 19/20
60000/60000 [============== ] - 4s 66us/step - loss: 0.0911 - acc: 0.9772
- val loss: 0.0870 - val acc: 0.9812
Epoch 20/20
60000/60000 [============= ] - 4s 66us/step - loss: 0.0961 - acc: 0.9763
- val_loss: 0.0736 - val acc: 0.9820
```

model3.summary()

Layer (type)	Output	Shape	Param #
dense_47 (Dense)	(None,	512)	401920
dropout_14 (Dropout)	(None,	512)	0
dense_48 (Dense)	(None,	256)	131328
dropout_15 (Dropout)	(None,	256)	0
dense_49 (Dense)	(None,	128)	32896
dropout_16 (Dropout)	(None,	128)	0
dense_50 (Dense)	(None,	64)	8256
dropout_17 (Dropout)	(None,	64)	0
dense_51 (Dense)	(None,	10)	650

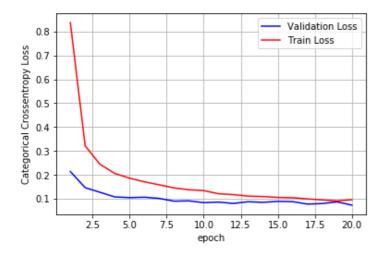
Total params: 575,050
Trainable params: 575,050
Non-trainable params: 0

In [0]:

```
score = model3.evaluate(X test, Y test, verbose=0)
print('Test score:', score[0])
print('Test accuracy:', score[1])
fig,ax = plt.subplots(1,1)
ax.set xlabel('epoch') ; ax.set ylabel('Categorical Crossentropy Loss')
# list of epoch numbers
x = list(range(1, nb epoch+1))
# print(history.history.keys())
# dict_keys(['val_loss', 'val_acc', 'loss', 'acc'])
# history = model_drop.fit(X_train, Y_train, batch_size=batch size, epochs=nb epoch, verb
ose=1, validation data=(X test, Y test))
# we will get val loss and val acc only when you pass the paramter validation data
# val loss : validation loss
# val acc : validation accuracy
# loss : training loss
# acc : train accuracy
# for each key in histrory.histrory we will have a list of length equal to number of epoc
hs
vy = history.history['val loss']
ty = history.history['loss']
plt dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax)
```

Test score: 0.07358933680157234

Test accuracy: 0.982



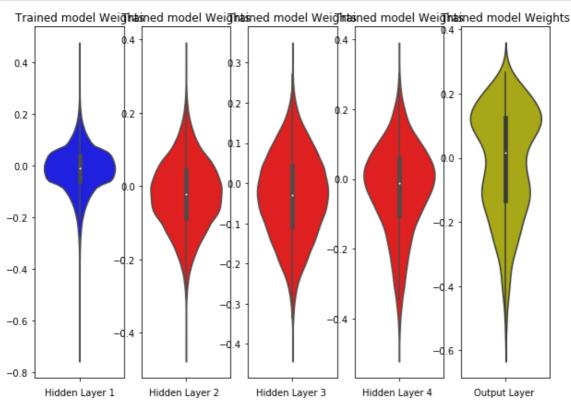
The best model in 5 hidden layer models.

```
w_after = model3.get_weights()

h1_w = w_after[0].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
h2_w = w_after[2].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
h3_w = w_after[4].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
h4_w = w_after[6].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
out_w = w_after[8].flatten().reshape(-1,1)

fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10,7))
plt.title("Weight matrices after model trained")
plt.subplot(1, 5, 1)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h1_w,color='b')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 1')
```

```
plt.subplot(1, 5, 2)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h2_w, color='r')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 2 ')
plt.subplot(1, 5, 3)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h3 w, color='r')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 3 ')
plt.subplot(1, 5, 4)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h4_w, color='r')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 4 ')
plt.subplot(1, 5, 5)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=out_w,color='y')
plt.xlabel('Output Layer ')
plt.show()
```



3.3 RELU ACTIVATION WITH BATCH NORM

In [0]:

```
from keras.layers.normalization import BatchNormalization
model3 = Sequential()
model3.add(Dense(512, input_dim=input_dim, activation='relu'))
model3.add(BatchNormalization())
model3.add(Dense(256, input_dim=input_dim, activation='relu'))
model3.add(BatchNormalization())
model3.add(Dense(128, input_dim=input_dim, activation='relu'))
model3.add(BatchNormalization())
model3.add(Dense(64, input_dim=input_dim, activation='relu'))
model3.add(BatchNormalization())
model3.add(Dense(10, input_dim=input_dim, activation='softmax'))
```

```
model3.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='categorical_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
history = model3.fit(X_train, Y_train, batch_size=batch_size, epochs=nb_epoch, verbose=1
, validation_data=(X_test, Y_test))
```

```
Train on 60000 samples, validate on 10000 samples
Epoch 1/20
7 - val loss: 0.0970 - val acc: 0.9689
Epoch 2/20
60000/60000 [============== ] - 7s 124us/step - loss: 0.0809 - acc: 0.9753
- val_loss: 0.1065 - val_acc: 0.9652
Epoch 3/20
- val loss: 0.1053 - val acc: 0.9676
Epoch 4/20
- val loss: 0.0779 - val acc: 0.9763
Epoch 5/20
- val loss: 0.0798 - val acc: 0.9771
Epoch 6/20
- val loss: 0.0671 - val acc: 0.9819
Epoch 7/20
- val loss: 0.0701 - val acc: 0.9792
Epoch 8/20
- val loss: 0.0842 - val acc: 0.9780
Epoch 9/20
- val loss: 0.0711 - val acc: 0.9792
Epoch 10/20
- val loss: 0.0845 - val acc: 0.9770
Epoch 11/20
- val loss: 0.0822 - val_acc: 0.9788
Epoch 12/20
- val loss: 0.0762 - val acc: 0.9803
Epoch 13/20
60000/60000 [==============] - 7s 121us/step - loss: 0.0172 - acc: 0.9943
- val loss: 0.0726 - val acc: 0.9804
Epoch 14/20
- val_loss: 0.0798 - val acc: 0.9786
Epoch 15/20
- val loss: 0.0720 - val acc: 0.9809
Epoch 16/20
- val loss: 0.0807 - val acc: 0.9803
Epoch 17/20
- val loss: 0.0796 - val acc: 0.9814
Epoch 18/20
- val loss: 0.0792 - val acc: 0.9802
Epoch 19/20
- val loss: 0.0752 - val acc: 0.9820
Epoch 20/20
- val loss: 0.1005 - val acc: 0.9774
```

In [0]:

model3.summary()

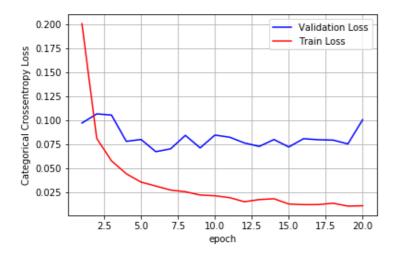
Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
dense_52 (Dense)	(None, 512)	401920
batch normalization 15 (Bat	c (None. 512)	2048

~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	,	·,	
dense_53 (Dense)	(None,	256)	131328
batch_normalization_16 (Batc	(None,	256)	1024
dense_54 (Dense)	(None,	128)	32896
batch_normalization_17 (Batc	(None,	128)	512
dense_55 (Dense)	(None,	64)	8256
batch_normalization_18 (Batc	(None,	64)	256
dense_56 (Dense)	(None,	10)	650
Total params: 578,890 Trainable params: 576,970 Non-trainable params: 1,920			

#### In [0]:

```
score = model3.evaluate(X test, Y test, verbose=0)
print('Test score:', score[0])
print('Test accuracy:', score[1])
fig,ax = plt.subplots(1,1)
ax.set_xlabel('epoch') ; ax.set_ylabel('Categorical Crossentropy Loss')
# list of epoch numbers
x = list(range(1, nb epoch+1))
# print(history.history.keys())
# dict_keys(['val_loss', 'val_acc', 'loss', 'acc'])
# history = model_drop.fit(X_train, Y_train, batch_size=batch_size, epochs=nb_epoch, verb
ose=1, validation_data=(X_test, Y_test))
# we will get val loss and val acc only when you pass the paramter validation data
# val_loss : validation loss
# val acc : validation accuracy
# loss : training loss
# acc : train accuracy
# for each key in histrory.histrory we will have a list of length equal to number of epoc
vy = history.history['val loss']
ty = history.history['loss']
plt_dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax)
```

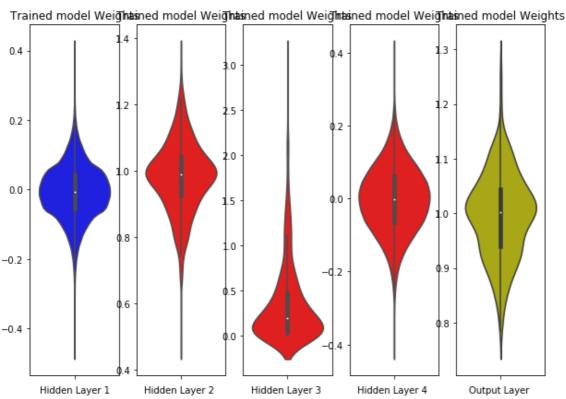
Test score: 0.1004731001386419 Test accuracy: 0.9774



### Overfitting at the very early epochs.

```
In [0]:
```

```
w after = model3.get weights()
h1 w = w after[0].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
h2_w = w_after[2].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
h3_w = w_after[4].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
h4_w = w_after[6].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
out_w = w_after[8].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10,7))
plt.title("Weight matrices after model trained")
plt.subplot(1, 5, 1)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h1_w,color='b')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 1')
plt.subplot(1, 5, 2)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h2 w, color='r')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 2 ')
plt.subplot(1, 5, 3)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h3_w, color='r')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 3 ')
plt.subplot(1, 5, 4)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h4 w, color='r')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 4 ')
plt.subplot(1, 5, 5)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=out w,color='y')
plt.xlabel('Output Layer ')
plt.show()
```



#### 3.4 RELU ACTIVATION WITH BATCH NORM AND DROPOUT (0.5)

#### In [0]:

```
model3 = Sequential()
model3.add(Dense(512, input dim=input dim, activation='relu'))
model3.add(BatchNormalization())
model3.add(Dropout(0.5))
model3.add(Dense(256, input dim=input dim, activation='relu'))
model3.add(BatchNormalization())
model3.add(Dropout(0.5))
model3.add(Dense(128, input dim=input dim, activation='relu'))
model3.add(BatchNormalization())
model3.add(Dropout(0.5))
model3.add(Dense(64, input_dim=input_dim, activation='relu'))
model3.add(BatchNormalization())
model3.add(Dropout(0.5))
model3.add(Dense(10, input dim=input dim, activation='softmax'))
In [0]:
model3.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='categorical crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
history = model3.fit(X_train, Y_train, batch size=batch size, epochs=nb epoch, verbose=1
, validation data=(X test, Y test))
Train on 60000 samples, validate on 10000 samples
Epoch 1/20
4 - val loss: 0.2031 - val acc: 0.9414
Epoch 2/20
60000/60000 [=============] - 8s 131us/step - loss: 0.3121 - acc: 0.9153
- val loss: 0.1321 - val acc: 0.9625
Epoch 3/20
- val loss: 0.1194 - val acc: 0.9650
Epoch 4/20
- val loss: 0.1066 - val acc: 0.9689
Epoch 5/20
- val loss: 0.0918 - val acc: 0.9746
Epoch 6/20
- val loss: 0.0926 - val acc: 0.9748
Epoch 7/20
- val loss: 0.0850 - val acc: 0.9765
Epoch 8/20
- val_loss: 0.0874 - val_acc: 0.9748
Epoch 9/20
- val_loss: 0.0760 - val acc: 0.9789
Epoch 10/20
- val loss: 0.0757 - val acc: 0.9774
Epoch 11/20
- val loss: 0.0717 - val acc: 0.9809
```

60000/60000 [============== ] - 8s 128us/step - loss: 0.1138 - acc: 0.9685

Epoch 12/20

Epoch 13/20

Epoch 14/20

Epoch 15/20

- val loss: 0.0737 - val acc: 0.9812

- val loss: 0.0699 - val acc: 0.9823

- val_loss: 0.0680 - val_acc: 0.9828

```
- val loss: 0.0694 - val acc: 0.9810
Epoch 16/20
- val loss: 0.0673 - val_acc: 0.9819
Epoch 17/20
- val loss: 0.0631 - val acc: 0.9829
Epoch 18/20
- val loss: 0.0654 - val acc: 0.9825
Epoch 19/20
- val loss: 0.0676 - val acc: 0.9827
Epoch 20/20
- val loss: 0.0676 - val acc: 0.9821
```

#### In [0]:

```
model3.summary()
```

Layer (type)	Output	Shape	Param #
dense_57 (Dense)	(None,	512)	401920
batch_normalization_19 (Batc	(None,	512)	2048
dropout_18 (Dropout)	(None,	512)	0
dense_58 (Dense)	(None,	256)	131328
batch_normalization_20 (Batc	(None,	256)	1024
dropout_19 (Dropout)	(None,	256)	0
dense_59 (Dense)	(None,	128)	32896
batch_normalization_21 (Batc	(None,	128)	512
dropout_20 (Dropout)	(None,	128)	0
dense_60 (Dense)	(None,	64)	8256
batch_normalization_22 (Batc	(None,	64)	256
dropout_21 (Dropout)	(None,	64)	0
dense_61 (Dense)	(None,	10)	650
Total params: 578,890 Trainable params: 576,970 Non-trainable params: 1,920			

#### In [0]:

```
score = model3.evaluate(X_test, Y_test, verbose=0)
print('Test score:', score[0])
print('Test accuracy:', score[1])

fig,ax = plt.subplots(1,1)
ax.set_xlabel('epoch') ; ax.set_ylabel('Categorical Crossentropy Loss')

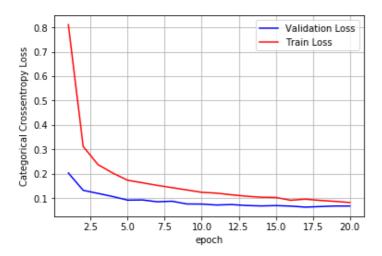
# list of epoch numbers
x = list(range(1,nb_epoch+1))

# print(history.history.keys())
# dict_keys(['val_loss', 'val_acc', 'loss', 'acc'])
# history = model_drop.fit(X_train, Y_train, batch_size=batch_size, epochs=nb_epoch, verb ose=1, validation_data=(X_test, Y_test))
```

```
# we will get val loss and val acc only when you pass the paramter validation data
# val loss : validation loss
# val acc : validation accuracy
# loss : training loss
# acc : train accuracy
# for each key in histrory.histrory we will have a list of length equal to number of epoc
vy = history.history['val loss']
ty = history.history['loss']
plt dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax)
```

Test score: 0.06762448588523548

Test accuracy: 0.9821

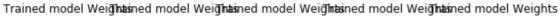


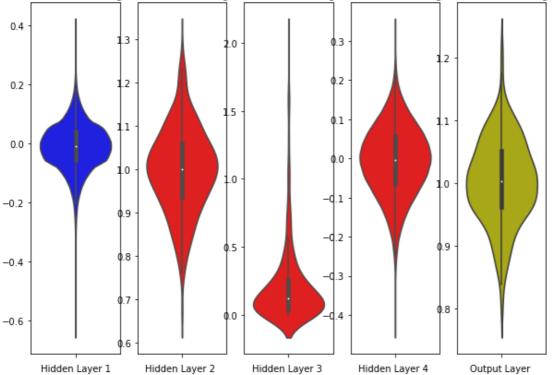
#### Better than many models.

### In [0]:

```
w after = model3.get weights()
h1 w = w after[0].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
h2 w = w after[2].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
h3 w = w after[4].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
h4 w = w after[6].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
out w = w after[8].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10,7))
plt.title("Weight matrices after model trained")
plt.subplot(1, 5, 1)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h1 w,color='b')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 1')
plt.subplot(1, 5, 2)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h2_w, color='r')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 2 ')
plt.subplot(1, 5, 3)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h3 w, color='r')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 3 ')
plt.subplot(1, 5, 4)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h4 w, color='r')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 4 ')
plt.subplot(1, 5, 5)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
```

```
ax = sns.violinplot(y=out_w,color='y')
plt.xlabel('Output Layer ')
plt.show()
```





### 4.1 RELU ACTIVATION WITH DROPOUT VALUE 0.5 (Optimiser - RMSPROP)

#### In [0]:

```
from keras.layers import Dropout
model4 = Sequential()
model4.add(Dense(512, input_dim=input_dim, activation='relu'))
model4.add(Dropout(0.5))
model4.add(Dense(256, input_dim=input_dim, activation='relu'))
model4.add(Dropout(0.5))
model4.add(Dense(128, input_dim=input_dim, activation='relu'))
model4.add(Dropout(0.5))
model4.add(Dropout(0.5))
model4.add(Dense(10, input_dim=input_dim, activation='softmax'))
```

#### In [15]:

```
model4.compile(optimizer='RMSprop', loss='categorical_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'
])
history = model4.fit(X_train, Y_train, batch_size=batch_size, epochs=nb_epoch, verbose=1
, validation_data=(X_test, Y_test))
```

WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/tensorflow/python/ops/math grad.py:1250: add dispatch support.<locals>.wrapper (from tensorflow.python.ops.array op s) is deprecated and will be removed in a future version. Instructions for updating: Use tf.where in 2.0, which has the same broadcast rule as np.where Train on 60000 samples, validate on 10000 samples Epoch 1/20 - val loss: 0.1567 - val acc: 0.9526 Epoch 2/20 60000/60000 [============= ] - 3s 54us/step - loss: 0.2250 - acc: 0.9398 - val_loss: 0.1244 - val_acc: 0.9663 Epoch 3/20 60000/60000 [=============== ] - 3s 53us/step - loss: 0.1815 - acc: 0.9515 - val loss: 0.1005 - val acc: 0.9705 Epoch 4/20 60000/60000 [================] - 3s 54us/step - loss: 0.1602 - acc: 0.9590 - val_loss: 0.1014 - val acc: 0.9744 Epoch 5/20

```
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 3s 53us/step - loss: 0.1499 - acc: 0.9622
- val loss: 0.0998 - val acc: 0.9756
Epoch 6/20
60000/60000 [=============] - 3s 53us/step - loss: 0.1418 - acc: 0.9658
- val loss: 0.1051 - val acc: 0.9761
Epoch 7/20
60000/60000 [=============] - 3s 54us/step - loss: 0.1364 - acc: 0.9683
- val loss: 0.1049 - val acc: 0.9773
Epoch 8/20
60000/60000 [============== ] - 3s 53us/step - loss: 0.1353 - acc: 0.9694
- val loss: 0.0956 - val acc: 0.9786
Epoch 9/20
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 3s 52us/step - loss: 0.1315 - acc: 0.9703
- val loss: 0.1076 - val acc: 0.9768
Epoch 10/20
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 3s 53us/step - loss: 0.1315 - acc: 0.9708
- val loss: 0.1046 - val acc: 0.9795
Epoch 11/20
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 3s 54us/step - loss: 0.1253 - acc: 0.9726
- val loss: 0.1084 - val acc: 0.9780
Epoch 12/20
60000/60000 [==============] - 3s 54us/step - loss: 0.1214 - acc: 0.9734
- val loss: 0.1086 - val acc: 0.9803
Epoch 13/20
60000/60000 [============= ] - 3s 53us/step - loss: 0.1226 - acc: 0.9744
- val loss: 0.1023 - val acc: 0.9795
Epoch 14/20
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 3s 54us/step - loss: 0.1199 - acc: 0.9748
- val loss: 0.1110 - val acc: 0.9791
Epoch 15/20
60000/60000 [============== ] - 3s 53us/step - loss: 0.1214 - acc: 0.9748
- val loss: 0.1177 - val acc: 0.9808
Epoch 16/20
60000/60000 [============== ] - 3s 55us/step - loss: 0.1274 - acc: 0.9743
- val_loss: 0.1164 - val_acc: 0.9793
Epoch 17/20
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 3s 55us/step - loss: 0.1237 - acc: 0.9761
- val loss: 0.1234 - val acc: 0.9777
Epoch 18/20
60000/60000 [============== ] - 3s 55us/step - loss: 0.1228 - acc: 0.9755
- val loss: 0.1066 - val acc: 0.9812
Epoch 19/20
60000/60000 [=============] - 3s 56us/step - loss: 0.1218 - acc: 0.9767
- val_loss: 0.1194 - val_acc: 0.9811
Epoch 20/20
- val loss: 0.1145 - val acc: 0.9794
```

### In [16]:

### model4.summary()

Model: "sequential 2"

<del>-</del> _		
Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
dense_5 (Dense)	(None, 512)	401920
dropout_4 (Dropout)	(None, 512)	0
dense_6 (Dense)	(None, 256)	131328
dropout_5 (Dropout)	(None, 256)	0
dense_7 (Dense)	(None, 128)	32896
dropout_6 (Dropout)	(None, 128)	0
dense_8 (Dense)	(None, 10)	1290
m-+-1		

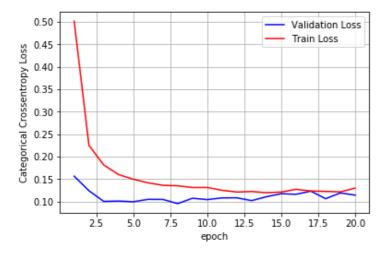
Total params: 567,434
Trainable params: 567.434

Non-trainable params: 0

#### In [17]:

```
score = model4.evaluate(X test, Y test, verbose=0)
print('Test score:', score[0])
print('Test accuracy:', score[1])
fig,ax = plt.subplots(1,1)
ax.set_xlabel('epoch') ; ax.set_ylabel('Categorical Crossentropy Loss')
# list of epoch numbers
x = list(range(1, nb epoch+1))
# print(history.history.keys())
# dict_keys(['val_loss', 'val_acc', 'loss', 'acc'])
# history = model drop.fit(X train, Y train, batch size=batch size, epochs=nb epoch, verb
ose=1, validation data=(X test, Y test))
# we will get val loss and val acc only when you pass the paramter validation data
# val loss : validation loss
# val acc : validation accuracy
# loss : training loss
# acc : train accuracy
# for each key in histrory.histrory we will have a list of length equal to number of epoc
vy = history.history['val loss']
ty = history.history['loss']
plt_dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax)
```

Test score: 0.11451425200372187 Test accuracy: 0.9794



#### Good stats seen all along the epochs.

#### In [18]:

```
w_after = model4.get_weights()

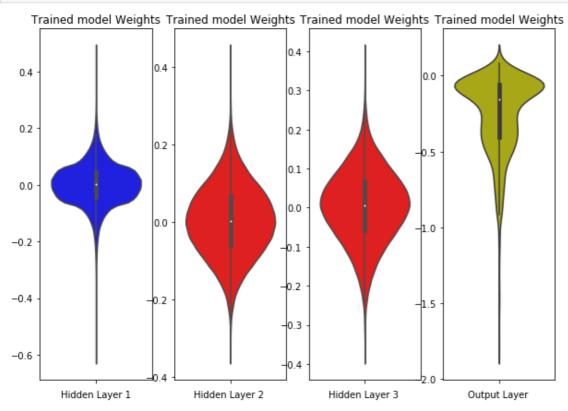
h1_w = w_after[0].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
h2_w = w_after[2].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
h3_w = w_after[4].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
out_w = w_after[6].flatten().reshape(-1,1)

fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10,7))
plt.title("Weight matrices after model trained")
plt.subplot(1, 4, 1)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h1_w,color='b')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 1')
```

```
plt.subplot(1, 4, 2)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h2_w, color='r')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 2 ')

plt.subplot(1, 4, 3)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h3_w, color='r')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 3 ')

plt.subplot(1, 4, 4)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=out_w, color='y')
plt.xlabel('Output Layer ')
plt.show()
```



### 4.2 RELU ACTIVATION WITH BATCH NORM AND DROPOUT(0.3) Optimiser-(RMSprop)

#### In [0]:

```
from keras.layers.normalization import BatchNormalization
model4 = Sequential()

model4.add(Dense(512, input_dim=input_dim, activation='relu'))
model4.add(BatchNormalization())
model4.add(Dropout(0.3))

model4.add(Dense(256, input_dim=input_dim, activation='relu'))
model4.add(BatchNormalization())
model4.add(Dropout(0.3))

model4.add(Dense(128, input_dim=input_dim, activation='relu'))
model4.add(BatchNormalization())
model4.add(Dropout(0.3))

model4.add(Dense(10, input_dim=input_dim, activation='softmax'))
```

## In [20]:

```
model4.compile(optimizer='RMSprop', loss='categorical_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'
])
history = model4.fit(X_train, Y_train, batch_size=batch_size, epochs=nb_epoch, verbose=1
```

```
Train on 60000 samples, validate on 10000 samples
Epoch 1/20
60000/60000 [=============] - 7s 116us/step - loss: 0.2904 - acc: 0.9130
- val loss: 0.1020 - val acc: 0.9680
Epoch 2/20
- val loss: 0.0881 - val acc: 0.9724
Epoch 3/20
- val loss: 0.0740 - val acc: 0.9779
Epoch 4/20
- val loss: 0.0634 - val acc: 0.9809
Epoch 5/20
- val loss: 0.0631 - val acc: 0.9819
Epoch 6/20
- val loss: 0.0611 - val acc: 0.9814
Epoch 7/20
- val loss: 0.0607 - val acc: 0.9819
Epoch 8/20
- val loss: 0.0626 - val acc: 0.9831
Epoch 9/20
- val loss: 0.0581 - val acc: 0.9825
Epoch 10/20
- val loss: 0.0636 - val acc: 0.9818
Epoch 11/20
- val loss: 0.0627 - val_acc: 0.9828
Epoch 12/20
- val loss: 0.0626 - val acc: 0.9822
Epoch 13/20
- val loss: 0.0637 - val acc: 0.9815
Epoch 14/20
- val loss: 0.0573 - val acc: 0.9852
Epoch 15/20
- val loss: 0.0605 - val acc: 0.9845
Epoch 16/20
- val loss: 0.0632 - val acc: 0.9836
Epoch 17/20
- val loss: 0.0603 - val acc: 0.9846
Epoch 18/20
- val loss: 0.0581 - val acc: 0.9838
Epoch 19/20
- val loss: 0.0580 - val acc: 0.9847
Epoch 20/20
- val loss: 0.0585 - val acc: 0.9854
In [21]:
model4.summary()
Model: "sequential 3"
```

Output Shape

______

Param #

, validation_data=(X_test, Y_test))

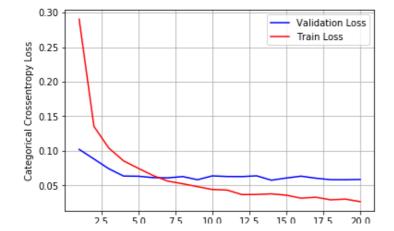
Layer (type)

dense_9 (Dense)	(None,	512)	401920
batch_normalization_1 (Batch	(None,	512)	2048
dropout_7 (Dropout)	(None,	512)	0
dense_10 (Dense)	(None,	256)	131328
batch_normalization_2 (Batch	(None,	256)	1024
dropout_8 (Dropout)	(None,	256)	0
dense_11 (Dense)	(None,	128)	32896
batch_normalization_3 (Batch	(None,	128)	512
dropout_9 (Dropout)	(None,	128)	0
dense_12 (Dense)	(None,	10)	1290
Total params: 571,018 Trainable params: 569,226 Non-trainable params: 1,792			

In [22]:

```
score = model4.evaluate(X test, Y test, verbose=0)
print('Test score:', score[0])
print('Test accuracy:', score[1])
fig,ax = plt.subplots(1,1)
ax.set xlabel('epoch') ; ax.set ylabel('Categorical Crossentropy Loss')
# list of epoch numbers
x = list(range(1, nb epoch+1))
# print(history.history.keys())
# dict_keys(['val_loss', 'val_acc', 'loss', 'acc'])
# history = model_drop.fit(X_train, Y_train, batch_size=batch size, epochs=nb epoch, verb
ose=1, validation_data=(X_test, Y_test))
# we will get val loss and val acc only when you pass the paramter validation data
# val loss : validation loss
# val acc : validation accuracy
# loss : training loss
# acc : train accuracy
# for each key in histrory.histrory we will have a list of length equal to number of epoc
vy = history.history['val loss']
ty = history.history['loss']
plt_dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax)
```

Test score: 0.05845784421725511 Test accuracy: 0.9854

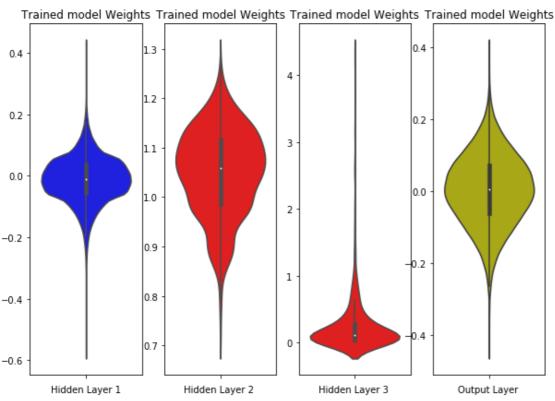


epoch

The little value of dropout made the model to overfit at 6th epoch. But the stats are good till the end.

```
In [23]:
```

```
w after = model4.get weights()
h1 w = w after[0].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
h2 w = w after[2].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
h3_w = w_after[4].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
out w = w after[6].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10,7))
plt.title("Weight matrices after model trained")
plt.subplot(1, 4, 1)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h1_w,color='b')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 1')
plt.subplot(1, 4, 2)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h2_w, color='r')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 2 ')
plt.subplot(1, 4, 3)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h3_w, color='r')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 3 ')
plt.subplot(1, 4, 4)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=out_w,color='y')
plt.xlabel('Output Layer ')
plt.show()
```



### 4.3 RELU ACTIVATION WITH BATCH NORM (Optimiser-RMSProp)

```
In [0]:
```

```
from keras.layers.normalization import BatchNormalization
model4 = Sequential()
```

```
model4.add(Dense(512, input dim=input dim, activation='relu'))
model4.add(BatchNormalization())
model4.add(Dense(256, input dim=input dim, activation='relu'))
model4.add(BatchNormalization())
model4.add(Dense(128, input dim=input dim, activation='relu'))
model4.add(BatchNormalization())
model4.add(Dense(10, input dim=input dim, activation='softmax'))
In [25]:
model4.compile(optimizer='RMSprop', loss='categorical crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'
history = model4.fit(X train, Y train, batch size=batch size, epochs=nb epoch, verbose=1
, validation data=(X test, Y test))
```

# Train on 60000 samples, validate on 10000 samples Epoch 1/20 - val loss: 0.0983 - val acc: 0.9690 60000/60000 [=============== ] - 6s 95us/step - loss: 0.0748 - acc: 0.9770 - val loss: 0.0898 - val acc: 0.9725 Epoch 3/20 60000/60000 [=============] - 6s 95us/step - loss: 0.0495 - acc: 0.9848 - val loss: 0.0716 - val acc: 0.9778 Epoch 4/20 60000/60000 [=============] - 6s 95us/step - loss: 0.0369 - acc: 0.9885 - val loss: 0.0698 - val acc: 0.9793 Epoch 5/20 60000/60000 [=============== ] - 6s 94us/step - loss: 0.0270 - acc: 0.9913 - val loss: 0.0714 - val acc: 0.9787 Epoch 6/20 60000/60000 [=============== ] - 6s 94us/step - loss: 0.0239 - acc: 0.9924 - val_loss: 0.0660 - val_acc: 0.9816 Epoch 7/20 60000/60000 [===============] - 6s 96us/step - loss: 0.0178 - acc: 0.9944 - val loss: 0.0843 - val acc: 0.9796 Epoch 8/20 60000/60000 [=============== ] - 6s 96us/step - loss: 0.0167 - acc: 0.9941 - val loss: 0.0697 - val acc: 0.9812 Epoch 9/20 60000/60000 [============== ] - 6s 96us/step - loss: 0.0134 - acc: 0.9957 - val loss: 0.0827 - val acc: 0.9799 Epoch 10/20 60000/60000 [==============] - 6s 95us/step - loss: 0.0121 - acc: 0.9961 - val loss: 0.0769 - val acc: 0.9828 Epoch 11/20 60000/60000 [=============== ] - 6s 97us/step - loss: 0.0114 - acc: 0.9961 - val_loss: 0.0700 - val acc: 0.9828 Epoch 12/20 60000/60000 [============== ] - 6s 95us/step - loss: 0.0104 - acc: 0.9965 - val_loss: 0.0743 - val acc: 0.9828 Epoch 13/20 60000/60000 [===============] - 6s 98us/step - loss: 0.0096 - acc: 0.9970 - val loss: 0.0836 - val acc: 0.9821 Epoch 14/20 60000/60000 [===============] - 6s 96us/step - loss: 0.0080 - acc: 0.9975 - val loss: 0.0875 - val acc: 0.9807 Epoch 15/20 60000/60000 [==============] - 6s 97us/step - loss: 0.0065 - acc: 0.9978 - val loss: 0.0875 - val acc: 0.9803 Epoch 16/20 60000/60000 [============= ] - 6s 95us/step - loss: 0.0078 - acc: 0.9974 - val loss: 0.0900 - val acc: 0.9823

60000/60000 [=============== ] - 6s 96us/step - loss: 0.0065 - acc: 0.9978

Epoch 17/20

- val loss: 0.0847 - val acc: 0.9820

dense 13 (Dense) (None, 512) 401920 batch normalization 4 (Batch (None, 512) 2048 (None, 256) 131328 dense 14 (Dense) batch normalization 5 (Batch (None, 256) 1024 dense 15 (Dense) (None, 128) 32896 batch normalization 6 (Batch (None, 128) 512 dense 16 (Dense) 1290 (None, 10) _____ Total params: 571,018

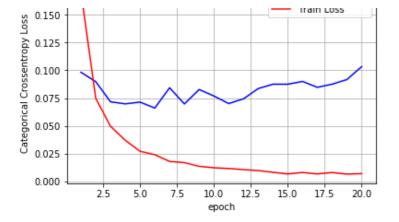
Trainable params: 569,226 Non-trainable params: 1,792

#### In [27]:

```
score = model4.evaluate(X test, Y test, verbose=0)
print('Test score:', score[0])
print('Test accuracy:', score[1])
fig,ax = plt.subplots(1,1)
ax.set xlabel('epoch'); ax.set ylabel('Categorical Crossentropy Loss')
# list of epoch numbers
x = list(range(1, nb epoch+1))
# print(history.history.keys())
# dict_keys(['val_loss', 'val_acc', 'loss', 'acc'])
# history = model_drop.fit(X_train, Y_train, batch_size=batch_size, epochs=nb epoch, verb
ose=1, validation data=(X test, Y test))
# we will get val loss and val acc only when you pass the paramter validation data
# val loss : validation loss
# val_acc : validation accuracy
# loss : training loss
# acc : train accuracy
# for each key in histrory.histrory we will have a list of length equal to number of epoc
hs
vy = history.history['val loss']
ty = history.history['loss']
plt dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax)
```

Test score: 0.10336758222593094 Test accuracy: 0.9799

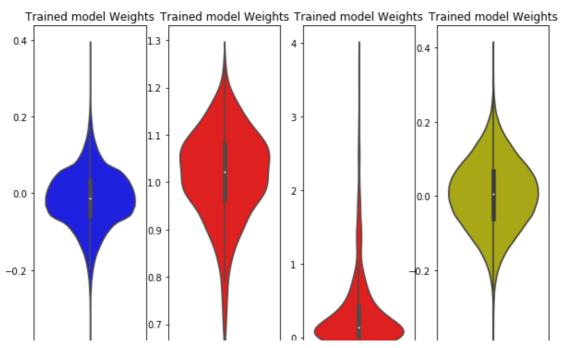
0.175 Validation Loss



### Best case of overfitting till now.

#### In [28]:

```
w after = model4.get weights()
h1 w = w after[0].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
h2 w = w after[2].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
h3 w = w after[4].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
out w = w after[6].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10,7))
plt.title("Weight matrices after model trained")
plt.subplot(1, 4, 1)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h1 w,color='b')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 1')
plt.subplot(1, 4, 2)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h2 w, color='r')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 2 ')
plt.subplot(1, 4, 3)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h3 w, color='r')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 3 ')
plt.subplot(1, 4, 4)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=out w,color='y')
plt.xlabel('Output Layer ')
plt.show()
```



```
-0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 - 0.4 -
```

### 5.1 SIGMOID ACTIVATION WITH DROPOUT VALUE 0.4 (Optimiser - SGD)

```
In [0]:
```

```
from keras.layers import Dropout
model5 = Sequential()
model5.add(Dense(512, input_dim=input_dim, activation='relu'))
model5.add(Dropout(0.4))
model5.add(Dense(256, input_dim=input_dim, activation='relu'))
model5.add(Dropout(0.4))
model5.add(Dense(128, input_dim=input_dim, activation='relu'))
model5.add(Dropout(0.4))
model5.add(Dense(10, input_dim=input_dim, activation='softmax'))
```

```
In [32]:
model5.compile(optimizer='SGD', loss='categorical_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
history = model5.fit(X train, Y train, batch size=batch size, epochs=nb epoch, verbose=1
, validation_data=(X_test, Y test))
Train on 60000 samples, validate on 10000 samples
Epoch 1/20
60000/60000 [===============] - 4s 60us/step - loss: 1.6945 - acc: 0.4247
- val loss: 0.7545 - val acc: 0.8054
Epoch 2/20
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 3s 50us/step - loss: 0.8934 - acc: 0.7086
- val loss: 0.4545 - val acc: 0.8809
Epoch 3/20
60000/60000 [============= ] - 3s 51us/step - loss: 0.6628 - acc: 0.7939
- val loss: 0.3635 - val acc: 0.8979
Epoch 4/20
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 3s 50us/step - loss: 0.5537 - acc: 0.8311
- val loss: 0.3132 - val acc: 0.9098
Epoch 5/20
- val loss: 0.2830 - val acc: 0.9185
Epoch 6/20
60000/60000 [============== ] - 3s 51us/step - loss: 0.4421 - acc: 0.8677
- val_loss: 0.2596 - val_acc: 0.9258
Epoch 7/20
60000/60000 [==============] - 3s 50us/step - loss: 0.4044 - acc: 0.8799
- val loss: 0.2398 - val acc: 0.9323
Epoch 8/20
60000/60000 [==============] - 3s 50us/step - loss: 0.3773 - acc: 0.8892
- val loss: 0.2242 - val acc: 0.9358
Epoch 9/20
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 3s 48us/step - loss: 0.3526 - acc: 0.8969
- val loss: 0.2114 - val acc: 0.9388
Epoch 10/20
60000/60000 [==============] - 3s 50us/step - loss: 0.3277 - acc: 0.9035
- val loss: 0.2009 - val acc: 0.9419
Epoch 11/20
                             =======] - 3s 49us/step - loss: 0.3163 - acc: 0.9077
60000/60000 [==========
- val loss: 0.1889 - val acc: 0.9438
Epoch 12/20
60000/60000 [============= ] - 3s 49us/step - loss: 0.2980 - acc: 0.9135
- val_loss: 0.1803 - val acc: 0.9468
Epoch 13/20
60000/60000 [==============] - 3s 49us/step - loss: 0.2865 - acc: 0.9159
- val loss: 0.1740 - val acc: 0.9486
Epoch 14/20
60000/60000 [===============] - 3s 49us/step - loss: 0.2725 - acc: 0.9204
- val loss: 0.1666 - val acc: 0.9505
Epoch 15/20
60000/60000 [============== ] - 3s 47us/step - loss: 0.2644 - acc: 0.9234
```

```
- val loss: 0.1596 - val acc: 0.9514
Epoch 16/20
60000/60000 [=============] - 3s 48us/step - loss: 0.2512 - acc: 0.9270
- val loss: 0.1553 - val acc: 0.9532
Epoch 17/20
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 3s 49us/step - loss: 0.2406 - acc: 0.9304
- val loss: 0.1481 - val acc: 0.9554
Epoch 18/20
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 3s 49us/step - loss: 0.2339 - acc: 0.9313
- val_loss: 0.1443 - val_acc: 0.9553
Epoch 19/20
60000/60000 [==============] - 3s 50us/step - loss: 0.2260 - acc: 0.9342
- val loss: 0.1392 - val acc: 0.9568
Epoch 20/20
60000/60000 [=============] - 3s 50us/step - loss: 0.2186 - acc: 0.9363
- val loss: 0.1357 - val acc: 0.9590
```

#### In [33]:

```
model5.summary()
```

### Model: "sequential 6"

Layer (type)	Output	Shape 	Param # 
dense_21 (Dense)	(None,	512)	401920
dropout_13 (Dropout)	(None,	512)	0
dense_22 (Dense)	(None,	256)	131328
dropout_14 (Dropout)	(None,	256)	0
dense_23 (Dense)	(None,	128)	32896
dropout_15 (Dropout)	(None,	128)	0
dense_24 (Dense)	(None,	10)	1290
Total params: 567,434 Trainable params: 567,434			

Trainable params: 567,434 Non-trainable params: 0

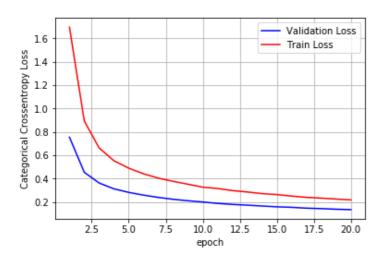
### In [34]:

```
score = model5.evaluate(X test, Y test, verbose=0)
print('Test score:', score[0])
print('Test accuracy:', score[1])
fig, ax = plt.subplots(1,1)
ax.set xlabel('epoch') ; ax.set ylabel('Categorical Crossentropy Loss')
# list of epoch numbers
x = list(range(1, nb epoch+1))
# print(history.history.keys())
# dict_keys(['val_loss', 'val_acc', 'loss', 'acc'])
# history = model_drop.fit(X_train, Y_train, batch_size=batch_size, epochs=nb_epoch, verb
ose=1, validation_data=(X_test, Y_test))
# we will get val loss and val acc only when you pass the paramter validation data
# val loss : validation loss
# val acc : validation accuracy
# loss : training loss
# acc : train accuracy
# for each key in histrory.histrory we will have a list of length equal to number of epoc
vy = history.history['val loss']
ty = history.history['loss']
```

plt_dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax)

Test score: 0.13570419172216205

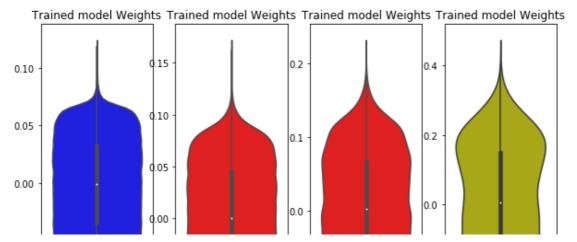
Test accuracy: 0.959

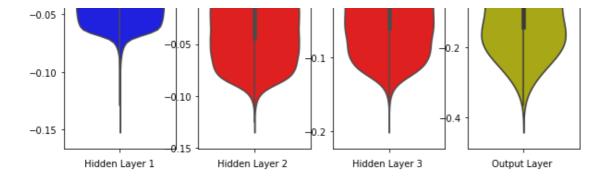


### Although it is a slow learner there is no under fitting nor overfitting.

#### In [35]:

```
w after = model5.get weights()
h1 w = w after[0].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
h2 w = w after[2].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
h3_w = w_after[4].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
out w = w after[6].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10,7))
plt.title("Weight matrices after model trained")
plt.subplot(1, 4, 1)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h1 w,color='b')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 1')
plt.subplot(1, 4, 2)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h2_w, color='r')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 2 ')
plt.subplot(1, 4, 3)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h3_w, color='r')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 3 ')
plt.subplot(1, 4, 4)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=out w,color='y')
plt.xlabel('Output Layer ')
plt.show()
```





### 5.2 RELU ACTIVATION WITH BATCH NORM AND DROPOUT(0.3) Optimiser-(SGD)

#### In [0]:

```
from keras.layers.normalization import BatchNormalization
model5 = Sequential()
model5.add(Dense(512, input dim=input dim, activation='relu'))
model5.add(BatchNormalization())
model5.add(Dropout(0.3))
model5.add(Dense(256, input dim=input dim, activation='relu'))
model5.add(BatchNormalization())
model5.add(Dropout(0.3))
model5.add(Dense(128, input dim=input dim, activation='relu'))
model5.add(BatchNormalization())
model5.add(Dropout(0.3))
model5.add(Dense(10, input dim=input dim, activation='softmax'))
```

```
In [37]:
model5.compile(optimizer='SGD', loss='categorical crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
history = model5.fit(X train, Y train, batch size=batch size, epochs=nb epoch, verbose=1
, validation data=(X test, Y test))
Train on 60000 samples, validate on 10000 samples
Epoch 1/20
- val loss: 0.2561 - val acc: 0.9228
Epoch 2/20
60000/60000 [==============] - 5s 88us/step - loss: 0.3820 - acc: 0.8831
- val loss: 0.1963 - val acc: 0.9411
Epoch 3/20
60000/60000 [================= ] - 5s 87us/step - loss: 0.3091 - acc: 0.9053
- val loss: 0.1665 - val acc: 0.9495
Epoch 4/20
60000/60000 [=============] - 5s 88us/step - loss: 0.2655 - acc: 0.9186
- val loss: 0.1480 - val acc: 0.9553
Epoch 5/20
60000/60000 [=============] - 5s 88us/step - loss: 0.2400 - acc: 0.9280
- val loss: 0.1334 - val acc: 0.9599
Epoch 6/20
60000/60000 [==============] - 5s 89us/step - loss: 0.2181 - acc: 0.9343
- val loss: 0.1250 - val acc: 0.9617
Epoch 7/20
60000/60000 [============= ] - 5s 89us/step - loss: 0.2011 - acc: 0.9397
- val loss: 0.1174 - val acc: 0.9644
Epoch 8/20
60000/60000 [===============] - 5s 88us/step - loss: 0.1863 - acc: 0.9437
- val loss: 0.1116 - val acc: 0.9671
Epoch 9/20
60000/60000 [==========
                             ========] - 5s 89us/step - loss: 0.1742 - acc: 0.9469
- val loss: 0.1057 - val acc: 0.9675
Epoch 10/20
60000/60000 [============== ] - 6s 92us/step - loss: 0.1681 - acc: 0.9495
- val loss: 0.1010 - val acc: 0.9689
Dan a ala
     11 /00
```

```
Fbocu TT/70
60000/60000 [============== ] - 5s 88us/step - loss: 0.1544 - acc: 0.9541
- val loss: 0.0969 - val acc: 0.9701
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 5s 87us/step - loss: 0.1475 - acc: 0.9554
- val loss: 0.0932 - val acc: 0.9719
Epoch 13/20
60000/60000 [============== ] - 5s 88us/step - loss: 0.1393 - acc: 0.9568
- val loss: 0.0904 - val acc: 0.9723
Epoch 14/20
60000/60000 [============== ] - 5s 91us/step - loss: 0.1368 - acc: 0.9580
- val loss: 0.0862 - val acc: 0.9739
Epoch 15/20
- val_loss: 0.0838 - val_acc: 0.9739
Epoch 16/20
60000/60000 [=============] - 5s 89us/step - loss: 0.1238 - acc: 0.9619
- val loss: 0.0824 - val acc: 0.9747
Epoch 17/20
60000/60000 [============== ] - 5s 89us/step - loss: 0.1200 - acc: 0.9626
- val loss: 0.0809 - val acc: 0.9753
Epoch 18/20
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 5s 91us/step - loss: 0.1132 - acc: 0.9653
- val loss: 0.0780 - val acc: 0.9755
Epoch 19/20
60000/60000 [============== ] - 6s 95us/step - loss: 0.1096 - acc: 0.9660
- val loss: 0.0770 - val acc: 0.9766
Epoch 20/20
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 6s 92us/step - loss: 0.1047 - acc: 0.9675
- val_loss: 0.0760 - val acc: 0.9763
```

### In [38]:

### model5.summary()

Model: "sequential 7"

Layer (type)	Output	Shape	Param #
dense_25 (Dense)	(None,	512)	401920
batch_normalization_7 (Batch	(None,	512)	2048
dropout_16 (Dropout)	(None,	512)	0
dense_26 (Dense)	(None,	256)	131328
batch_normalization_8 (Batch	(None,	256)	1024
dropout_17 (Dropout)	(None,	256)	0
dense_27 (Dense)	(None,	128)	32896
batch_normalization_9 (Batch	(None,	128)	512
dropout_18 (Dropout)	(None,	128)	0
dense_28 (Dense)	(None,	10)	1290
Total params: 571,018 Trainable params: 569,226			

Non-trainable params: 1,792

#### In [39]:

```
score = model5.evaluate(X_test, Y_test, verbose=0)
print('Test score:', score[0])
print('Test accuracy:', score[1])
fig,ax = plt.subplots(1,1)
ax.set xlabel('epoch') ; ax.set ylabel('Categorical Crossentropy Loss')
```

```
# list of epoch numbers
x = list(range(1,nb_epoch+1))

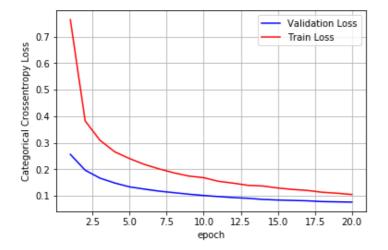
# print(history.history.keys())
# dict_keys(['val_loss', 'val_acc', 'loss', 'acc'])
# history = model_drop.fit(X_train, Y_train, batch_size=batch_size, epochs=nb_epoch, verb
ose=1, validation_data=(X_test, Y_test))

# we will get val_loss and val_acc only when you pass the paramter validation_data
# val_loss : validation loss
# val_acc : validation accuracy

# loss : training loss
# acc : train accuracy
# for each key in history.history we will have a list of length equal to number of epoc
hs

vy = history.history['val_loss']
ty = history.history['loss']
plt_dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax)
```

Test score: 0.07599864422457758 Test accuracy: 0.9763

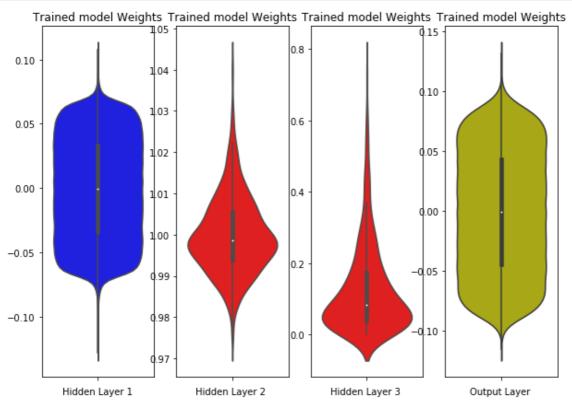


The little value of dropout made the model to learn faster than the previous model and all the stats are good till the end.

### In [40]:

```
w after = model5.get weights()
h1 w = w after[0].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
h2 w = w after[2].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
h3 w = w after[4].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
out w = w after[6].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10,7))
plt.title("Weight matrices after model trained")
plt.subplot(1, 4, 1)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h1 w,color='b')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 1')
plt.subplot(1, 4, 2)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h2 w, color='r')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 2 ')
plt.subplot(1, 4, 3)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h3_w, color='r')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 3
```

```
plt.subplot(1, 4, 4)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=out_w,color='y')
plt.xlabel('Output Layer ')
plt.show()
```



### 5.3 RELU ACTIVATION WITH BATCH NORM (Optimiser-SGD)

```
In [0]:
```

```
from keras.layers.normalization import BatchNormalization
model5 = Sequential()

model5.add(Dense(512, input_dim=input_dim, activation='relu'))
model5.add(BatchNormalization())

model5.add(Dense(256, input_dim=input_dim, activation='relu'))
model5.add(BatchNormalization())

model5.add(Dense(128, input_dim=input_dim, activation='relu'))
model5.add(BatchNormalization())

model5.add(Dense(10, input_dim=input_dim, activation='softmax'))
```

#### In [42]:

```
model5.compile(optimizer='SGD', loss='categorical crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
history = model5.fit(X train, Y train, batch size=batch size, epochs=nb epoch, verbose=1
, validation data=(X test, Y test))
Train on 60000 samples, validate on 10000 samples
Epoch 1/20
- val loss: 0.2161 - val acc: 0.9380
Epoch 2/20
                          ======] - 5s 84us/step - loss: 0.1857 - acc: 0.9478
60000/60000 [=======
- val loss: 0.1634 - val acc: 0.9521
Epoch 3/20
- val loss: 0.1384 - val acc: 0.9593
Epoch 4/20
60000/60000 [================ ] - 5s 86us/step - loss: 0.1096 - acc: 0.9708
- val loss: 0.1243 - val acc: 0.9636
```

```
_____
                  Epoch 5/20
60000/60000 [============== ] - 5s 89us/step - loss: 0.0915 - acc: 0.9758
- val loss: 0.1153 - val acc: 0.9649
Epoch 6/20
60000/60000 [============= ] - 5s 88us/step - loss: 0.0771 - acc: 0.9805
- val loss: 0.1084 - val acc: 0.9663
Epoch 7/20
60000/60000 [===============] - 5s 87us/step - loss: 0.0652 - acc: 0.9842
- val loss: 0.1027 - val acc: 0.9681
Epoch 8/20
60000/60000 [==============] - 5s 87us/step - loss: 0.0573 - acc: 0.9860
- val loss: 0.0985 - val acc: 0.9687
Epoch 9/20
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 5s 83us/step - loss: 0.0493 - acc: 0.9886
- val loss: 0.0954 - val acc: 0.9698
Epoch 10/20
60000/60000 [===============] - 5s 87us/step - loss: 0.0429 - acc: 0.9906
- val loss: 0.0923 - val acc: 0.9705
Epoch 11/20
60000/60000 [==============] - 5s 87us/step - loss: 0.0380 - acc: 0.9919
- val loss: 0.0906 - val acc: 0.9713
Epoch 12/20
60000/60000 [============= ] - 5s 88us/step - loss: 0.0333 - acc: 0.9932
- val loss: 0.0893 - val acc: 0.9715
Epoch 13/20
60000/60000 [============== ] - 5s 89us/step - loss: 0.0297 - acc: 0.9945
- val loss: 0.0873 - val acc: 0.9723
Epoch 14/20
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 5s 90us/step - loss: 0.0261 - acc: 0.9956
- val loss: 0.0865 - val acc: 0.9725
Epoch 15/20
60000/60000 [============== ] - 5s 87us/step - loss: 0.0236 - acc: 0.9961
- val loss: 0.0846 - val acc: 0.9714
Epoch 16/20
60000/60000 [===============] - 5s 87us/step - loss: 0.0213 - acc: 0.9974
- val_loss: 0.0844 - val_acc: 0.9723
Epoch 17/20
60000/60000 [==============] - 5s 85us/step - loss: 0.0195 - acc: 0.9975
- val loss: 0.0841 - val acc: 0.9723
Epoch 18/20
60000/60000 [============== ] - 5s 86us/step - loss: 0.0177 - acc: 0.9979
- val loss: 0.0829 - val acc: 0.9726
Epoch 19/20
60000/60000 [=============] - 5s 86us/step - loss: 0.0163 - acc: 0.9983
- val loss: 0.0830 - val acc: 0.9735
Epoch 20/20
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 5s 86us/step - loss: 0.0147 - acc: 0.9986
- val loss: 0.0824 - val acc: 0.9741
```

#### In [43]:

#### model5.summary()

Model: "sequential 8"

Layer (type)	Output	Shape	Param #
dense_29 (Dense)	(None,	512)	401920
batch_normalization_10 (	(Batc (None,	512)	2048
dense_30 (Dense)	(None,	256)	131328
batch_normalization_11 (	Batc (None,	256)	1024
dense_31 (Dense)	(None,	128)	32896
batch_normalization_12 (	(Batc (None,	128)	512
dense_32 (Dense)	(None,	10)	1290
Total params: 571.018			=======

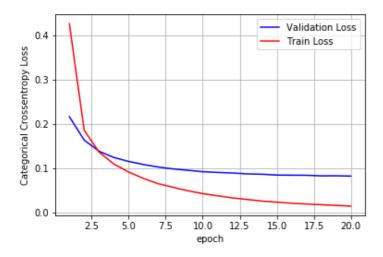
Trainable params: 569,226
Non-trainable params: 1,792

#### In [44]:

```
score = model5.evaluate(X test, Y test, verbose=0)
print('Test score:', score[0])
print('Test accuracy:', score[1])
fig,ax = plt.subplots(1,1)
ax.set_xlabel('epoch') ; ax.set_ylabel('Categorical Crossentropy Loss')
# list of epoch numbers
x = list(range(1, nb epoch+1))
# print(history.history.keys())
# dict_keys(['val_loss', 'val_acc', 'loss', 'acc'])
# history = model_drop.fit(X_train, Y_train, batch_size=batch_size, epochs=nb_epoch, verb
ose=1, validation data=(X test, Y test))
# we will get val loss and val acc only when you pass the paramter validation data
# val loss : validation loss
# val acc : validation accuracy
# loss : training loss
# acc : train accuracy
# for each key in histrory.histrory we will have a list of length equal to number of epoc
hs
vy = history.history['val loss']
ty = history.history['loss']
plt dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax)
```

Test score: 0.08236163575346582

Test accuracy: 0.9741



### The validation loss is little slow in decreasing.

### In [45]:

```
w_after = model5.get_weights()

h1_w = w_after[0].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
h2_w = w_after[2].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
h3_w = w_after[4].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
out_w = w_after[6].flatten().reshape(-1,1)

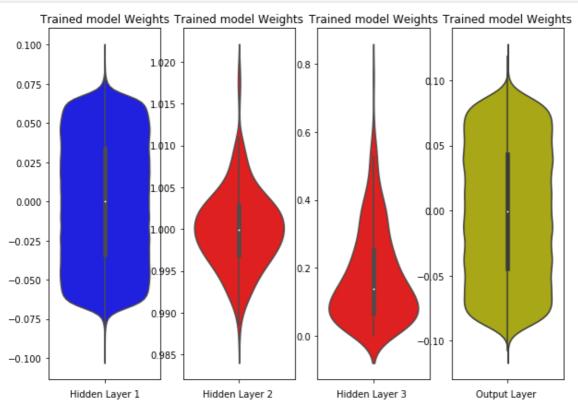
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10,7))
plt.title("Weight matrices after model trained")
plt.subplot(1, 4, 1)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h1_w,color='b')
```

```
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 1')

plt.subplot(1, 4, 2)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h2_w, color='r')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 2 ')

plt.subplot(1, 4, 3)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h3_w, color='r')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 3 ')

plt.subplot(1, 4, 4)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=out_w, color='y')
plt.xlabel('Output Layer ')
plt.show()
```



### 6.1 RELU ACTIVATION WITH DROPOUT VALUE 0.5 (Optimiser - Adamax)

```
In [0]:
```

```
from keras.layers import Dropout
model5 = Sequential()
model5.add(Dense(512, input_dim=input_dim, activation='relu'))
model5.add(Dropout(0.5))
model5.add(Dense(256, input_dim=input_dim, activation='relu'))
model5.add(Dropout(0.5))
model5.add(Dense(128, input_dim=input_dim, activation='relu'))
model5.add(Dropout(0.5))
model5.add(Dense(10, input_dim=input_dim, activation='softmax'))
```

```
In [47]:
```

```
60000/60000 [============== ] - 3s 57us/step - loss: 0.2661 - acc: 0.9249
- val loss: 0.1303 - val acc: 0.9616
Epoch 3/20
60000/60000 [=============] - 3s 56us/step - loss: 0.2040 - acc: 0.9435
- val loss: 0.1082 - val acc: 0.9684
Epoch 4/20
60000/60000 [=============] - 3s 58us/step - loss: 0.1697 - acc: 0.9525
- val loss: 0.1010 - val acc: 0.9697
Epoch 5/20
60000/60000 [=============] - 3s 56us/step - loss: 0.1498 - acc: 0.9588
- val loss: 0.0895 - val acc: 0.9731
Epoch 6/20
60000/60000 [============== ] - 3s 57us/step - loss: 0.1317 - acc: 0.9628
- val loss: 0.0844 - val acc: 0.9750
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 3s 57us/step - loss: 0.1191 - acc: 0.9661
- val loss: 0.0801 - val acc: 0.9757
Epoch 8/20
60000/60000 [============== ] - 4s 58us/step - loss: 0.1090 - acc: 0.9690
- val loss: 0.0767 - val acc: 0.9775
Epoch 9/20
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 3s 56us/step - loss: 0.1007 - acc: 0.9721
- val loss: 0.0751 - val acc: 0.9790
Epoch 10/20
60000/60000 [=============] - 3s 57us/step - loss: 0.0942 - acc: 0.9738
- val loss: 0.0755 - val acc: 0.9792
Epoch 11/20
60000/60000 [==============] - 3s 58us/step - loss: 0.0877 - acc: 0.9749
- val loss: 0.0742 - val acc: 0.9793
Epoch 12/20
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 4s 59us/step - loss: 0.0818 - acc: 0.9773
- val loss: 0.0689 - val acc: 0.9814
Epoch 13/20
60000/60000 [============== ] - 4s 59us/step - loss: 0.0779 - acc: 0.9777
- val loss: 0.0698 - val acc: 0.9809
Epoch 14/20
60000/60000 [============== ] - 3s 57us/step - loss: 0.0733 - acc: 0.9784
- val loss: 0.0678 - val acc: 0.9814
Epoch 15/20
60000/60000 [=============] - 3s 57us/step - loss: 0.0709 - acc: 0.9797
- val loss: 0.0687 - val acc: 0.9816
Epoch 16/20
60000/60000 [=============] - 3s 56us/step - loss: 0.0670 - acc: 0.9805
- val_loss: 0.0688 - val_acc: 0.9813
Epoch 17/20
60000/60000 [==============] - 3s 57us/step - loss: 0.0648 - acc: 0.9810
- val loss: 0.0694 - val acc: 0.9808
Epoch 18/20
60000/60000 [==============] - 3s 57us/step - loss: 0.0612 - acc: 0.9817
- val loss: 0.0661 - val acc: 0.9830
Epoch 19/20
60000/60000 [============== ] - 3s 57us/step - loss: 0.0582 - acc: 0.9824
- val loss: 0.0668 - val acc: 0.9823
Epoch 20/20
60000/60000 [==============] - 3s 57us/step - loss: 0.0561 - acc: 0.9841
- val_loss: 0.0660 - val_acc: 0.9832
```

#### In [48]:

#### model5.summary()

### Model: "sequential_9"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
dense_33 (Dense)	(None, 512)	401920
dropout_19 (Dropout)	(None, 512)	0
dense_34 (Dense)	(None, 256)	131328
dropout 20 (Dropout)	(None. 256)	0

```
dense_35 (Dense) (None, 128) 32896

dropout_21 (Dropout) (None, 128) 0

dense_36 (Dense) (None, 10) 1290

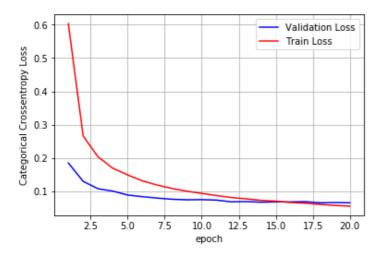
Total params: 567,434
Trainable params: 567,434
Non-trainable params: 0
```

#### In [49]:

```
score = model5.evaluate(X test, Y test, verbose=0)
print('Test score:', score[0])
print('Test accuracy:', score[1])
fig,ax = plt.subplots(1,1)
ax.set xlabel('epoch') ; ax.set ylabel('Categorical Crossentropy Loss')
# list of epoch numbers
x = list(range(1, nb epoch+1))
# print(history.history.keys())
# dict keys(['val loss', 'val acc', 'loss', 'acc'])
# history = model_drop.fit(X_train, Y_train, batch_size=batch_size, epochs=nb_epoch, verb
ose=1, validation_data=(X_test, Y_test))
# we will get val_loss and val_acc only when you pass the paramter validation_data
# val loss : validation loss
# val_acc : validation accuracy
# loss : training loss
# acc : train accuracy
# for each key in histrory.histrory we will have a list of length equal to number of epoc
hs
vy = history.history['val loss']
ty = history.history['loss']
plt dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax)
```

Test score: 0.06598338727326336

Test accuracy: 0.9832



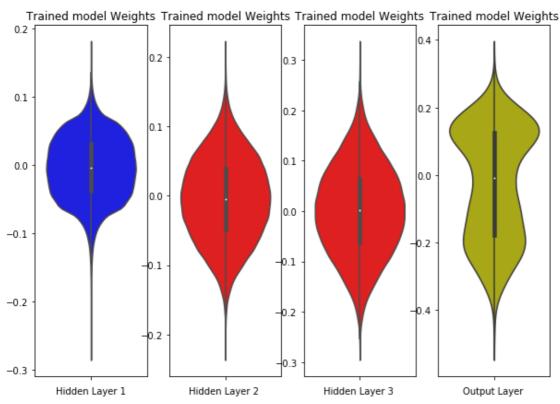
#### Good stats seen all along the epochs. Overfitting at 15th epoch.

### In [50]:

```
w_after = model5.get_weights()

h1_w = w_after[0].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
h2_w = w_after[2].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
h3_w = w_after[4].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
```

```
out_w = w_after[6].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10,7))
plt.title("Weight matrices after model trained")
plt.subplot(1, 4, 1)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h1 w,color='b')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 1')
plt.subplot(1, 4, 2)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h2_w, color='r')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 2 ')
plt.subplot(1, 4, 3)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h3_w, color='r')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 3 ')
plt.subplot(1, 4, 4)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=out_w,color='y')
plt.xlabel('Output Layer ')
plt.show()
```



### 6.2 RELU ACTIVATION WITH BATCH NORM AND DROPOUT(0.3) Optimiser-(Adamax)

### In [0]:

```
from keras.layers.normalization import BatchNormalization
model6 = Sequential()

model6.add(Dense(512, input_dim=input_dim, activation='relu'))
model6.add(BatchNormalization())
model6.add(Dropout(0.3))

model6.add(Dense(256, input_dim=input_dim, activation='relu'))
model6.add(BatchNormalization())
model6.add(Dropout(0.3))

model6.add(Dense(128, input_dim=input_dim, activation='relu'))
model6.add(BatchNormalization())
model6.add(Dropout(0.3))
```

```
model6.add(Dense(10, input dim=input dim, activation='softmax'))
```

```
In [52]:
model6.compile(optimizer='Adamax', loss='categorical crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy']
history = model6.fit(X train, Y train, batch size=batch size, epochs=nb epoch, verbose=1
, validation data=(X test, Y test))
Train on 60000 samples, validate on 10000 samples
Epoch 1/20
- val loss: 0.1332 - val acc: 0.9567
Epoch 2/20
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 6s 99us/step - loss: 0.1713 - acc: 0.9481
- val loss: 0.0953 - val acc: 0.9702
Epoch 3/20
- val loss: 0.0868 - val acc: 0.9726
Epoch 4/20
- val loss: 0.0798 - val acc: 0.9739
Epoch 5/20
- val loss: 0.0689 - val acc: 0.9787
Epoch 6/20
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 6s 99us/step - loss: 0.0743 - acc: 0.9771
- val loss: 0.0655 - val acc: 0.9795
Epoch 7/20
- val loss: 0.0637 - val acc: 0.9815
Epoch 8/20
- val loss: 0.0681 - val acc: 0.9799
Epoch 9/20
- val_loss: 0.0589 - val_acc: 0.9831
Epoch 10/20
- val loss: 0.0624 - val acc: 0.9826
Epoch 11/20
60000/60000 [===============] - 6s 99us/step - loss: 0.0410 - acc: 0.9868
- val loss: 0.0606 - val acc: 0.9814
Epoch 12/20
- val loss: 0.0587 - val acc: 0.9825
Epoch 13/20
- val loss: 0.0597 - val acc: 0.9827
Epoch 14/20
- val_loss: 0.0630 - val acc: 0.9825
Epoch 15/20
- val_loss: 0.0623 - val acc: 0.9825
Epoch 16/20
- val loss: 0.0614 - val acc: 0.9839
Epoch 17/20
- val loss: 0.0606 - val acc: 0.9833
Epoch 18/20
- val loss: 0.0602 - val acc: 0.9840
Epoch 19/20
- val loss: 0.0591 - val acc: 0.9840
Epoch 20/20
```

- val loss: 0.0598 - val acc: 0.9839

#### In [53]:

```
model6.summary()
```

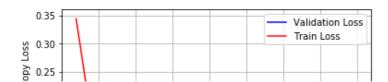
Model: "sequential 10"

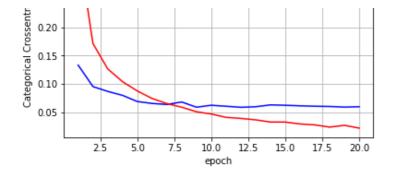
Layer (type)	Output	Shape	Param #
dense_37 (Dense)	(None,	512)	401920
batch_normalization_13 (Batc	(None,	512)	2048
dropout_22 (Dropout)	(None,	512)	0
dense_38 (Dense)	(None,	256)	131328
batch_normalization_14 (Batc	(None,	256)	1024
dropout_23 (Dropout)	(None,	256)	0
dense_39 (Dense)	(None,	128)	32896
batch_normalization_15 (Batc	(None,	128)	512
dropout_24 (Dropout)	(None,	128)	0
dense_40 (Dense)	(None,	10)	1290
Total params: 571,018 Trainable params: 569,226 Non-trainable params: 1,792			

### In [54]:

```
score = model6.evaluate(X test, Y test, verbose=0)
print('Test score:', score[0])
print('Test accuracy:', score[1])
fig,ax = plt.subplots(1,1)
ax.set xlabel('epoch') ; ax.set ylabel('Categorical Crossentropy Loss')
# list of epoch numbers
x = list(range(1, nb epoch+1))
# print(history.history.keys())
# dict_keys(['val_loss', 'val_acc', 'loss', 'acc'])
# history = model_drop.fit(X_train, Y_train, batch_size=batch_size, epochs=nb_epoch, verb
ose=1, validation data=(X test, Y test))
# we will get val loss and val acc only when you pass the paramter validation data
# val loss : validation loss
# val acc : validation accuracy
# loss : training loss
# acc : train accuracy
# for each key in histrory.histrory we will have a list of length equal to number of epoc
vy = history.history['val loss']
ty = history.history['loss']
plt dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax)
```

Test score: 0.059768225400491794 Test accuracy: 0.9839

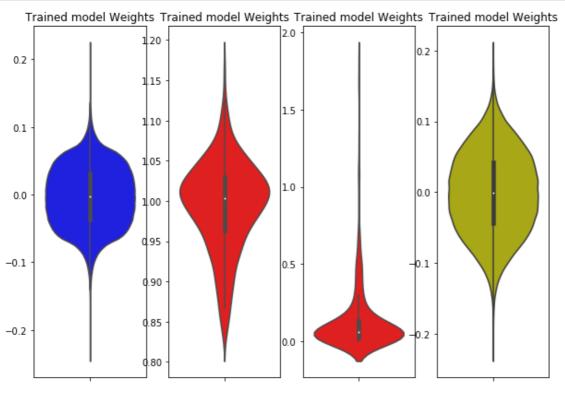




The little value of dropout made the model to overfit at 7th epoch. But the stats are good till the end.

#### In [55]:

```
w after = model6.get weights()
h1 w = w after[0].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
h2_w = w_after[2].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
h3_w = w_after[4].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
out w = w after[6].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10,7))
plt.title("Weight matrices after model trained")
plt.subplot(1, 4, 1)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h1 w,color='b')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 1')
plt.subplot(1, 4, 2)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h2 w, color='r')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 2 ')
plt.subplot(1, 4, 3)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h3_w, color='r')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 3 ')
plt.subplot(1, 4, 4)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=out w,color='y')
plt.xlabel('Output Layer ')
plt.show()
```



Hidden Layer 1 Hidden Layer 2 Hidden Layer 3 Output Layer

#### **6.3 RELU ACTIVATION WITH BATCH NORM (Optimiser-Adamax)**

```
In [0]:
```

```
from keras.layers.normalization import BatchNormalization
model6 = Sequential()

model6.add(Dense(512, input_dim=input_dim, activation='relu'))
model6.add(BatchNormalization())

model6.add(Dense(256, input_dim=input_dim, activation='relu'))
model6.add(BatchNormalization())

model6.add(Dense(128, input_dim=input_dim, activation='relu'))
model6.add(BatchNormalization())

model6.add(Dense(10, input_dim=input_dim, activation='softmax'))
```

```
In [57]:
model6.compile(optimizer='Adamax', loss='categorical crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy']
history = model6.fit(X train, Y train, batch size=batch size, epochs=nb epoch, verbose=1
, validation data=(X test, Y test))
Train on 60000 samples, validate on 10000 samples
Epoch 1/20
- val loss: 0.0975 - val acc: 0.9699
Epoch 2/20
- val loss: 0.0835 - val_acc: 0.9722
Epoch 3/20
60000/60000 [==============] - 6s 98us/step - loss: 0.0420 - acc: 0.9873
- val loss: 0.0815 - val acc: 0.9735
Epoch 4/20
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 6s 97us/step - loss: 0.0276 - acc: 0.9918
- val loss: 0.0720 - val acc: 0.9775
Epoch 5/20
60000/60000 [===============] - 6s 97us/step - loss: 0.0171 - acc: 0.9949
- val loss: 0.0656 - val acc: 0.9791
Epoch 6/20
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 6s 99us/step - loss: 0.0122 - acc: 0.9964
- val loss: 0.0793 - val acc: 0.9768
Epoch 7/20
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 6s 98us/step - loss: 0.0109 - acc: 0.9966
- val loss: 0.0704 - val acc: 0.9812
Epoch 8/20
60000/60000 [============= ] - 6s 97us/step - loss: 0.0074 - acc: 0.9979
- val loss: 0.0691 - val acc: 0.9801
Epoch 9/20
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 6s 97us/step - loss: 0.0062 - acc: 0.9982
- val loss: 0.0670 - val acc: 0.9809
Epoch 10/20
60000/60000 [============== ] - 6s 99us/step - loss: 0.0042 - acc: 0.9989
- val loss: 0.0686 - val acc: 0.9804
Epoch 11/20
60000/60000 [===============] - 6s 99us/step - loss: 0.0040 - acc: 0.9991
- val_loss: 0.0680 - val_acc: 0.9820
Epoch 12/20
60000/60000 [===============] - 6s 98us/step - loss: 0.0036 - acc: 0.9991
- val loss: 0.0753 - val acc: 0.9795
Epoch 13/20
60000/60000 [==============] - 6s 97us/step - loss: 0.0030 - acc: 0.9993
- val loss: 0.0701 - val acc: 0.9806
Epoch 14/20
60000/60000 [============== ] - 6s 98us/step - loss: 0.0031 - acc: 0.9991
- val loss: 0.0673 - val acc: 0.9820
```

```
Epoch 15/20
60000/60000 [==============] - 6s 99us/step - loss: 0.0035 - acc: 0.9990
- val loss: 0.0732 - val acc: 0.9816
Epoch 16/20
60000/60000 [============= ] - 6s 98us/step - loss: 0.0032 - acc: 0.9990
- val loss: 0.0766 - val acc: 0.9803
Epoch 17/20
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 6s 98us/step - loss: 0.0016 - acc: 0.9997
- val loss: 0.0681 - val acc: 0.9833
Epoch 18/20
- val loss: 0.0702 - val acc: 0.9822
Epoch 19/20
- val loss: 0.0727 - val acc: 0.9820
Epoch 20/20
60000/60000 [=============] - 6s 97us/step - loss: 0.0023 - acc: 0.9994
- val loss: 0.0755 - val acc: 0.9828
```

### In [58]:

```
model6.summary()
```

Model: "sequential 11"

Layer (type)	Output Sha	pe Param #
dense_41 (Dense)	(None, 512	) 401920
batch_normalization_16 (Bat	c (None, 512	2048
dense_42 (Dense)	(None, 256	131328
batch_normalization_17 (Bat	c (None, 256	1024
dense_43 (Dense)	(None, 128	) 32896
batch_normalization_18 (Bat	c (None, 128	) 512
dense 44 (Dense)	(None, 10)	1290

Trainable params: 569,226 Non-trainable params: 1,792

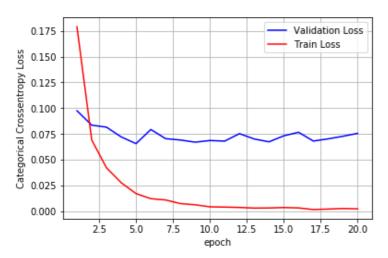
### In [59]:

```
score = model6.evaluate(X test, Y test, verbose=0)
print('Test score:', score[0])
print('Test accuracy:', score[1])
fig,ax = plt.subplots(1,1)
ax.set xlabel('epoch'); ax.set ylabel('Categorical Crossentropy Loss')
# list of epoch numbers
x = list(range(1, nb_epoch+1))
# print(history.history.keys())
# dict_keys(['val_loss', 'val_acc', 'loss', 'acc'])
# history = model drop.fit(X train, Y train, batch size=batch size, epochs=nb epoch, verb
ose=1, validation data=(X test, Y test))
# we will get val loss and val acc only when you pass the paramter validation data
# val loss : validation loss
# val acc : validation accuracy
# loss : training loss
# acc : train accuracy
# for each key in histrory.histrory we will have a list of length equal to number of epoc
```

```
vy = history.history['val_loss']
ty = history.history['loss']
plt_dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax)
```

Test score: 0.0755472852376839

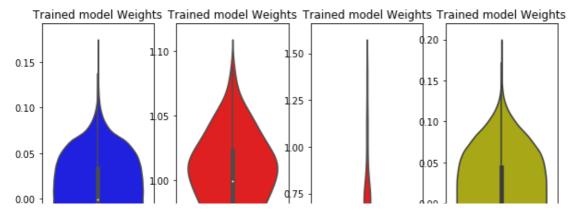
Test accuracy: 0.9828

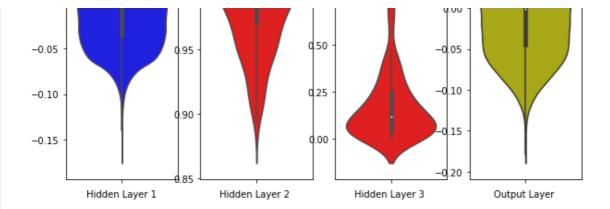


### Overfitting has seen in the earlier epochs.

#### In [60]:

```
w after = model6.get weights()
h1_w = w_after[0].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
h2 w = w after[2].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
h3 w = w after[4].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
out w = w after[6].flatten().reshape(-1,1)
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10,7))
plt.title("Weight matrices after model trained")
plt.subplot(1, 4, 1)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h1 w,color='b')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 1')
plt.subplot(1, 4, 2)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h2_w, color='r')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 2 ')
plt.subplot(1, 4, 3)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=h3 w, color='r')
plt.xlabel('Hidden Layer 3 ')
plt.subplot(1, 4, 4)
plt.title("Trained model Weights")
ax = sns.violinplot(y=out_w,color='y')
plt.xlabel('Output Layer ')
plt.show()
```





#### In [0]:

```
from prettytable import PrettyTable
F='Not present'
T='Present'
Model = ["2","2","2","2","2","3","3","3","3","5","5","5","5"]
test scr=[0.08,0.09,0.06,0.08,0.06,0.108,0.06,0.07,0.05,0.08,0.07,0.10,0.06]
test acc=[0.98,0.98,0.98,0.97,0.98,0.97,0.98,0.98,0.98,0.98,0.98,0.98,0.98]
d = [F, F, T, F, T, F, T, F, T, F, T, F, T]
b=[F,F,F,T,T,F,F,T,T,F,F,T,T]
sno = [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13]
table = PrettyTable()
table.add_column('S-NO', sno)
table.add column("Layers", Model)
table.add column("Test Loss", test scr)
table.add column ("Test Acuracy", test acc)
table.add column ("Dropout Present", d)
table.add column("Batch Norm Present",b)
```

#### In [0]:

```
print(table)
print('Dropout is 0.5 in all models')
```

S-NO	   Layers	Test Loss	Test Acuracy	Dropout Present	Batch Norm Present
1	2	0.08	0.98	Not present	Not present
2	2	0.09	0.98	Not present	Not present
3	2	0.06	0.98	Present	Not present
4	2	0.08	0.97	Not present	Present
5	2	0.06	0.98	Present	Present
6	3	0.108	0.97	Not present	Not present
7	3	0.06	0.98	Present	Not present
8	3	0.07	0.98	Not present	Present
9	3	0.05	0.98	Present	Present
10	5	0.08	0.98	Not present	Not present
11	5	0.07	0.98	Present	Not present
12	5	0.1	0.97	Not present	Present
13	5	0.06	0.98	Present	Present

Dropout is 0.5 in all models

### In [0]:

```
from prettytable import PrettyTable
F='Not present'
T='Present'
T5='Present (Value=0.5)'
T3='Present (Value=0.3)'
T4='Present (Value=0.4)'
Optimiser = ["RMSprop", "RMSprop", "SGD", "SGD", "SGD", "Adamax", "Adamax", "Adamax"]
test_scr=[0.114,0.05,0.103,0.135,0.07,0.082,0.065,0.059,0.075]
test_acc=[0.979,0.985,0.979,0.959,0.976,0.974,0.983,0.983,0.982]
d=[T5,T3,F,T4,T3,F,T5,T3,F]
b=[F,T,T,F,T,T,F,T,T]
sno =[1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9]
```

```
table = PrettyTable()
table.add_column('S-NO', sno)
table.add_column("Optimizer", Optimiser)
table.add_column("Test Loss", test_scr)
table.add_column("Test Acuracy", test_acc)
table.add_column("Dropout Present", d)
table.add_column("Batch Norm Present", b)
```

#### In [62]:

```
print('Pretty table of models with different optimizers other than ADAM')
print(table)
Pretty table of models with different optimizers other than ADAM
+----+
| S-NO | Optimizer | Test Loss | Test Acuracy | Dropout Present | Batch Norm Present
+----+
   | RMSprop | 0.114 | 0.979 | Present (Value=0.5) | Not present
 1
   | RMSprop | 0.05 | 0.985 | Present (Value=0.3) | Present
 2
 3
   | RMSprop | 0.103 | 0.979
                               Not present | Present
      SGD | 0.135 | 0.959 | Present (Value=0.4) | Not present
                            | Present (Value=0.3) |
 5
    SGD
           0.07
                     0.976
                                               Present
      SGD
           1 0.082 |
                      0.974
                               Not present
 6
    Present
 7
    | Adamax | 0.065 |
                     0.983
                                             Not present
                            | Present (Value=0.5) |
    | Adamax | 0.059 | 0.983
                            | Present (Value=0.3) |
 8
                                               Present
   | Adamax | 0.075 |
                     0.982
                            Not present |
                                               Present
 ____+___
```

Models with RMSprop and Adamax as their optimizers gave better Test Accuracy.

# **Conclusions**

- 1. Naive models (without dropout or batch norm) failed as they ended up in overfitting and higher validation loss.
- 2. Dropout has clearly played a vital role in minimising the validation loss to as low as training loss after the last epoch.
- 3. Models with Batch normalisation with no dropout failed in having a lower validation loss.
- 4. Droput with batch norm models were also good.
- 5. Models with RMSprop optimiser gave splendid results than all other models.
- 6. SGD optimiser models started with low accuracy and higher loss values but in the end they delivered better results. If they ran for 25 30 epochs ,they may achieve similar stats of best models mentioned here.