Symbol table is an important data structure created and maintained by compilers in order to store information about the occurrence of various identifiers such as variable names, function names, objects, classes, interfaces, etc. Symbol table is used by both the analysis and the synthesis parts of a compiler. Symbol table can be implemented in one of the following ways:

- Linear (sorted or unsorted) list
- Binary Search Tree
- Hash table
- And other ways.

IMPLEMENTATION OF OF SYMBOL TABLE USING LINKED LIST

Symbol Table : The compiler creates and maintains a data structure to store information about the occurrence of various entities

such as variable and function names, objects and classes, etc.

This kind of data structure is known as a "Symbol table".

Items stored in symbol table:

Variable names and constants

Procedure and function names

Literal constants and strings

Compiler generated temporaries

Labels in source languages

In Linked list:

Insertion time:-

In order to search for the position to insert the element traversing is required. Thus, it takes O(n) time.

Lookup Time -

While fetching a data item the linked list must be traversed completely (linear search). Thus, this operation takes O(n) time

- * Searching of names is done in order pointed by the link of the link field.
- * A pointer "First" is maintained to point to the first record of the symbol table.
- * Insertion is fast O(1), but lookup is slow for large tables O(n) on average.

Main use of linked list is to realize the following functions of symbol table:

size() - Get the size of the symbol table.

show_items() - Displays the elements in the symbol table in dictionary form.

put() - Puts the element into the symbol table, you need to consider the order of the key, the value of the repeated key will be replaced.

get_item() - Gets the value of the corresponding node through the key.

Advantages and Disadvantages of Linked Lists:

Advantages:

- 1. Nodes can be easily deleted and inserted.
- 2.A linked list can be easily implemented in most programming languages.

On the contrary, some limitations of linked lists are:

- 3. Nodes must always be accessed sequentially, which is time consuming.
- 4. The pointers used in linked lists require additional memory.

Disadvantages:

- 1.Lookup time is directly proportional to the table size.
- 2. Every insertion operation is preceded with lookup operation.