

# Model Question Paper- I

## CBCS SCHEME

**First/ Second Semester B.E Degree Examination,**

**Introduction to Electronics and Communication (1BESC104C/204C)**

**TIME: 03 Hours**

**Max.Marks:100**

Notes:

1. Answer any **FIVE** full questions, choosing at least **ONE** question from each **MODULE**
2. VTU Formula Hand Book is Permitted
3. M: Marks, L: Bloom's level, C: Course outcomes.

	<b>Module - 1</b>			<b>M</b>	<b>L</b>	<b>C</b>
<b>Q.1</b>	<b>a</b> Draw and explain the block diagram of a power supply system and describe the function of each block.			8	L3	CO1
	<b>b</b> With neat circuit diagram, explain the working of a full-wave bridge rectifier.			6	L2	CO1
	<b>c</b> Describe the operation of a Switched Mode Power Supply (SMPS) with neat diagram.			6	L2	CO1

**OR**

<b>Q.2</b>	<b>a</b> Derive an expression for the gain of an amplifier with negative feedback. Explain how feedback improves performance.			8	L3	CO1
	<b>b</b> What is an amplifier? Explain the types of amplifiers.			6	L2	CO1
	<b>c</b> Define input resistance, output resistance, and phase shift and frequency response in amplifiers.			6	L2	CO1

**Module – 2**

<b>Q.3</b>	<b>a</b> Explain the single state astable oscillator with circuit diagram.			6	L2	CO2
	<b>b</b> List and explain the characteristics and parameters of an ideal operational amplifier.			6	L2	CO2
	<b>c</b> Explain the operation of an Op-Amp integrator and differentiator with circuit diagrams and output waveforms.			8	L3	CO2

**OR**

<b>Q.4</b>	<b>a</b> Explain the operation of three-stage ladder RC network oscillator with neat circuit diagram.			6	L2	CO2
	<b>b</b> Write short notes on crystal controlled oscillator include working principle and waveform.			6	L2	CO2
	<b>c</b> Draw and explain the working of inverting and non-inverting amplifier configurations using Op-Amp. Derive their voltage gain expressions.			8	L3	CO2

**Module – 3**

<b>Q5</b>	<b>a</b> Draw the block diagram of a modern communication system and explain each block briefly.			7	L2	CO3
	<b>b</b> Discuss the different types of radio wave propagation, ground, space, and skywaves			7	L2	CO3

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	<b>c</b> Write short notes on noise and its effects in communication systems.	6	L2	CO3
<b>OR</b>				
<b>Q.6</b>	<b>a</b> Explain Amplitude Modulation (AM) with neat waveform.	7	L2	CO3
	<b>b</b> Describe Frequency Shift Keying (FSK) and Phase Shift Keying (PSK) with neat labelled waveforms.	7	L2	CO3
	<b>c</b> Compare analog and digital communication and list advantages of digital communication.	6	L2	CO3
<b>Module – 4</b>				
<b>Q.7</b>	<b>a</b> Define embedded system and explain the classification of embedded systems based on generation.	10	L2	CO4
	<b>b</b> Discuss the purpose of embedded systems. Differentiate between embedded systems and general-purpose computing systems.	10	L2	CO4
<b>OR</b>				
<b>Q.8</b>	<b>a</b> Compare RISC and CISC architectures and GPP and ASIP processors	10	L2	CO4
	<b>b</b> Write short notes on sensors, actuators, and LED displays used in embedded systems.	10	L2	CO4
<b>Module – 5</b>				
<b>Q.9</b>	<b>a</b> Convert the following numbers: i)(101101 <sub>2</sub> to Decimal and Hexadecimal, ii) (7F) <sub>16</sub> to Binary and Octal.	6	L3	CO5
	<b>b</b> Using basic Boolean theorems prove i) $(x + y)(x + z) = x + yz$ ii) $xy + xz + y\bar{z} = xz + y\bar{z}$	7	L3	CO5
	<b>c</b> Explain 1's and 2's complement methods with examples.	7	L2	CO5
<b>OR</b>				
<b>Q.10</b>	<b>a</b> Explain the design procedure for combinational logic circuits with a suitable example.	6	L3	CO5
	<b>b</b> Express the Boolean function $F=A+\bar{B}C$ in a sum of min terms.	7	L3	CO5
	<b>c</b> Write short notes on half adder and its truth table.	7	L2	CO5

# Model Question Paper- II

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<b>Module - 1</b>			
<b>Q.1</b>	<b>a</b>	With a neat block diagram, explain the working of a regulated DC power supply, clearly describing each stage.	10
	<b>b</b>	With circuit diagram and waveforms, explain the working of Bi - Phase full wave rectifier.	

**OR**

<b>Q.2</b>	<b>a</b>	Explain the frequency response of an amplifier and derive an expression for overall voltage gain of negative feedback amplifier	10	L3	CO1
	<b>b</b>	Draw the circuit of Zener diode voltage regulator, voltage doubler and explain the working of each			

**Module – 2**

<b>Q.3</b>	<b>a</b>	State and explain conditions for oscillations and with neat circuit diagram explain the working of Wein bridge oscillator	10	L2	CO2
	<b>c</b>	Explain the working of crystal-controlled oscillator and single stage a stable oscillator with circuit diagram.			

**OR**

<b>Q.4</b>	<b>a</b>	Explain the operation of an inverting amplifier and derive its voltage gain expression.	10	L2	CO2
	<b>b</b>	Describe the working of a differentiator and integrator circuit using an Op-Amp with suitable waveforms.			

**Module – 3**

<b>Q5</b>	<b>a</b>	Draw the block diagram of a communication system and explain the function of each block.	10	L2	CO3
	<b>b</b>	Explain the concept of noise and briefly the different types of radio wave propagation.			

**OR**

<b>Q.6</b>	<b>a</b>	What are the advantages of digital modulation over analog modulation? Explain the generation of Frequency Modulation (FM) with neat waveforms.	10	L2	CO3
	<b>b</b>	With waveforms, explain ASK, FSK, and PSK modulation schemes.			

**Module – 4**

## Model Question Paper- II

<b>Q.7</b>	<b>a</b>	Define embedded systems and list its key characteristics. Also list out the major application areas of embedded systems.	10	L2	CO4
	<b>b</b>	Explain the classification of embedded systems based on complexity and performance.	10	L2	CO4

**OR**

<b>Q.8</b>	<b>a</b>	Compare Microprocessor vs Microcontroller in terms of architecture, performance, and applications.	10	L2	CO4
	<b>b</b>	Explain the role of memory, sensors, actuators, and display devices (LED and 7-segment) in embedded systems.	10	L2	CO4

**Module – 5**

<b>Q.9</b>	<b>a</b>	Express the Boolean function $F=xy+\bar{x}z$ in a product of max terms.	10	L3	CO5
	<b>b</b>	Convert: i) $(110101)_2 \rightarrow$ Decimal and Octal ii) $(25F)_{16} \rightarrow$ Binary and Decimal. iii) $(41.6875)_{10} \rightarrow$ Octal and Binary	10	L3	CO5

**OR**

<b>Q.10</b>	<b>a</b>	Implement full adder circuit with its truth table and write the expressions for sum and carry.	10	L3	CO5
	<b>b</b>	State and prove De - Morgan's theorems with its, truth table. Subtract the following using 10's complement i) $(72532 - 3250)_{10}$ ii) $(3250 - 72532)_{10}$	10	L3	CO5