

LP1  
Assignment B4  
Artificial Intelligence and Robotics

Title:- AIR

Date of Completion:- 4/11/2

Problem Statement:- Use Heuristic Search Technique to  
Implement Hill Climb Algorithm.

OR

Constraint Satisfaction Problem.

Implementing crypt-arithmetic problem  
or n-queen or graph colouring problem  
(Branch n Bound and Backtracking)

Learning Objective :-

To understand constraint satisfaction problems  
To implement n queen problem using  
Backtracking & branch & bound

Learning Outcomes:- Students will be able to

- 1) implement n queens problem
- 2) understand backtracking, branch & Bound, & constraint satisfaction problem

Theory:- Software/Hardware Requirements:- OS (linux), python, java, java IDE.

Theory:-

- 1) N queens problem:-
- 2) It is problem to arrange n queens on a chess board in such a way that no queen can attack another.



## ii) Constraints:-

queens can attack in any horizontal, vertical & diagonal way.

## iii) Algorithm:-

### iii) Backtracking:-

- 1) It is a recursive algorithm for solving problems.
- 2) Incremental solution building & removes the solution that fails to satisfy the constraints.

### Algorithm:-

a) Start from 1<sup>st</sup> position in the array

b) Place queen in the board & check

i) After placing the queen, mark the position as a part of the solution and then recursively check if further will lead to a solution.

ii) If placing the queen doesn't lead to a solution and track back and go to step (a) & place queens to other rows.

iii) If all queens are placed return TRUE.

c) If all queens are placed return True.

d) If rows are fixed and no solution is found return false.

## iv) Branch and Bound

used to solve combinatorial optimization problems.

These problems are typically exponential in terms of time complexity.

Branch & bound can solve them relatively quick

### Algorithm:-

i) Start by considering the root node & applying a lower-bounding and upper-bounding procedure to it.

ii) If the bounds match, then an optimal solution has been



found and the algorithm is finished  
 (ii) If they do not match then algorithm runs on the child node

### Testcase

Input	Output	Remark
Backtracking $n=5$	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0	Passed
Branch & Bound $n=6$	0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0	Passed

Conclusion:- Thus I understood constraint satisfaction problems, branch & bound, backtracking techniques & implemented the n queen problem.