Assignment B4
Autificial Intelligence and Robotics
Do Date of Completion: -4/11/2 Title: - AIR Problem Statement: - Use Hewistic Search Technique to Implement Hill Climb Algorithm. Constraint Satisfaction Problem.

Implementing chypt-arithmetic problem
or n-queen or graph colouring problem
(Branch n Bound and Bruteracking) Learning Objective :-To implement a quen problem using Backtracking & branch & bound Learning Outcomes: Students will be able to

) implement in queuns problem

s) understand backtraking, branch &

Bound, & constraint satisfaction problem Theory: Software | Kardware Requirements: - OS (Linux), Python, java, java IDE. in such a way that no queen can attack another.

ii)	Constraint:
	queens can attack incomposizontal vertical & diagonal way.
ii	Algorithm:
iii)	Backtracking:- Tt is a recrucive algorithm for solving problems.
	It is a recrusive algorithm for solving problems.
2	Incremental solution building & removes the solution that
	Incremental solution building & removes the solution that fails of satisfy the constaints.
-	Algorithm:
0 a)	Start from 1st position in the array Place queen in the board & check
b,	1 law queen in the board & check
	i) After placing the quein, mark the position as a part of the solution and then recursively check if forthis
	The solution and then recursively check if forther
	row and to a somitor.
	ii) if placing the queen doesn't lead to a
	solution and track back and go to
	stepla) & place queens to other rows.
	If all queens are placed return TRUE. If all queens are placen returned force. If rows are fixed and no solution is found return false.
C	all quens are placer returned tone.
	If rows are fixed and no someth is found setting take.
iv)-	Branch and Bound
1	used to solve combinational optimizations problems.
	Used to solve combinational optimizations problems. These problems are typically exponential in terms of time
	complexity.
	Branch & pound can solve then relatively quick
	Algorithm:
;	Stood by considering the root node & applying a lower-
1	pounding and unper-bounding paper dure to it.
<i>(i)</i>	Stood by considering the root node & applying a lower- bounding and upper-hounding perocedure to it. If the bounds motch, then an optional solution has been
1	

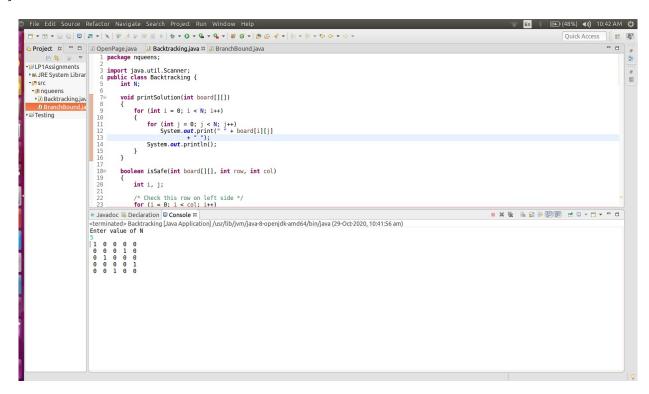
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lisi) If they do	algorithm is finish not match then alg	porithm runs	
Input	Outpul	and the	Remark.
Backtracking N=5	00000		Passed
Branch & Bound n=6		0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Paned
Conclusion: - Thus problems, pranch the n queen	I un ders tood I bound, backtro problem.	constrain king tech	t staislaction migres: & implex

N Queens Backtracking

```
package nqueens;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Backtracking {
    int N;
    void printSolution(int board[][])
    {
        for (int i = 0; i < N; i++)</pre>
        {
             for (int j = 0; j < N; j++)</pre>
                 System.out.print(" " + board[i][j]
                         + " ");
             System.out.println();
        }
    }
    boolean isSafe(int board[][], int row, int col)
        int i, j;
        for (i = 0; i < col; i++)</pre>
             if (board[row][i] == 1)
                 return false;
        for (i=row, j=col; i>=0 && j>=0; i--, j--)
             if (board[i][j] == 1)
                 return false;
        for (i=row, j=col; j>=0 && i<N; i++, j--)</pre>
             if (board[i][j] == 1)
                 return false;
        return true;
    }
    boolean solveNQUtil(int board[][], int col)
    {
        if (col >= N)
             return true;
        for (int i = 0; i < N; i++)</pre>
             if (isSafe(board, i, col))
             {
                 board[i][col] = 1;
                 if (solveNQUtil(board, col + 1) == true)
                     return true;
                 board[i][col] = 0; // BACKTRACK
             }
        return false;
    }
    boolean solveNQ(int N)
    {
        int[][] board = new int[N][N];
        for(int i=0;i<N;i++)</pre>
        {
             for(int j=0;j<N;j++)</pre>
                 board[i][j]=0;
        if (solveNQUtil(board, 0) == false)
```

```
{
            System.out.print("Solution does not exist");
            return false;
        printSolution(board);
        return true;
    }
    void setN(int n)
    {
        this.N=n;
    public static void main(String[] args) {
      Backtracking q = new Backtracking();
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter value of N");
        int N = sc.nextInt();
        q.setN(N);
        q.solveNQ(N);
    }
}
```



N Queens Branch and Bound

```
package nqueens;
import java.util.*;
public class BranchBound {
    int N;
    void printSolution(int board[][])
        for (int i = 0; i < N; i++)</pre>
        {
            for (int j = 0; j < N; j++)</pre>
                System.out.print(board[i][j]+"\t");
            System.out.println();
        }
    }
    boolean isSafe(int row, int col, int slashCode[][],
                int backslashCode[][], boolean rowLookup[],
                boolean slashCodeLookup[], boolean backslashCodeLookup[] )
    {
        if (slashCodeLookup[slashCode[row][col]] ||
                backslashCodeLookup[backslashCode[row][col]] ||
                rowLookup[row])
            return false;
        return true;
    }
    boolean solveNQueensUtil(int board[][], int col,
                           int slashCode[][], int backslashCode[][], boolean
rowLookup[],
                           boolean slashCodeLookup[], boolean
backslashCodeLookup[] )
    {
        if (col >= N)
            return true;
        for (int i = 0; i < N; i++)</pre>
            if ( isSafe(i, col, slashCode, backslashCode, rowLookup,
                    slashCodeLookup, backslashCodeLookup) )
            {
                board[i][col] = 1;
                rowLookup[i] = true;
                slashCodeLookup[slashCode[i][col]] = true;
                backslashCodeLookup[backslashCode[i][col]] = true;
                if ( solveNQueensUtil(board, col + 1, slashCode, backslashCode,
                         rowLookup, slashCodeLookup, backslashCodeLookup) )
                    return true;
                board[i][col] = 0;
                rowLookup[i] = false;
                slashCodeLookup[slashCode[i][col]] = false;
```

```
backslashCodeLookup[backslashCode[i][col]] = false;
        }
    }
    return false;
}
boolean solveNQueens()
{
    int board[][] = new int[N][N];
    for(int i=0;i<N;i++)</pre>
    {
        for(int j=0;j<N;j++)</pre>
            board[i][j]=0;
    int slashCode[][] = new int[N][N];
    int backslashCode[][] = new int[N][N];
    boolean rowLookup[] = new boolean[N];
    for(int i=0;i<N;i++)</pre>
        rowLookup[i]=false;
    boolean slashCodeLookup[] = new boolean[2*N - 1];
    for(int i=0;i<2*N-1;i++)</pre>
        slashCodeLookup[i]=false;
    boolean backslashCodeLookup[] = new boolean[2*N - 1];
    for(int i=0;i<2*N-1;i++)</pre>
        backslashCodeLookup[i]=false;
    for (int r = 0; r < N; r++) {</pre>
        for (int c = 0; c < N; c++) {
            slashCode[r][c] = r + c;
            backslashCode[r][c] = r - c + N-1;
        }
    if (solveNQueensUtil(board, 0, slashCode, backslashCode,
             rowLookup, slashCodeLookup, backslashCodeLookup) == false )
    {
        System.out.println("solution does not exist");
        return false;
    printSolution(board);
    return true;
void setN(int n)
{
    this.N=n;
public static void main(String[] args) {
  BranchBound q = new BranchBound();
    Scanner <u>sc</u> = new Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.println("Enter value of N");
    int N = sc.nextInt();
    q.setN(N);
    q.solveNQueens();
}
```

}