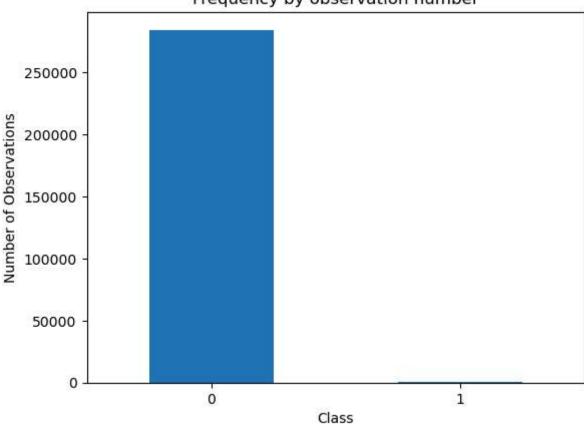
```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
        import numpy as np
        import tensorflow as tf
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        import seaborn as sns
        from sklearn.model selection import train test split
        from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
        from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, accuracy_score, classification_report
        from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
        from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense, Dropout
In [3]: dataset=pd.read_csv('creditcard.csv');
        dataset.head();
        # dataset.shape;
        # dataset.describe();
        print("Any nulls in the dataset ", dataset.isnull().values.any())
        print("No. of unique labels ", len(dataset['Class'].unique()))
        print("Label values ", dataset.Class.unique())
      Any nulls in the dataset False
      No. of unique labels 2
      Label values [0 1]
In [4]: dataset.head(5)
Out[4]:
           Time
                      V1
                                V2
                                         V3
                                                  V4
                                                            V5
                                                                      V6
                                                                               V7
        0
             0.0 -1.359807 -0.072781 2.536347
                                             1.378155 -0.338321
                                                                0.462388
                                                                          0.239599
                                                                                    0.0986
        1
             0.0
                 1.191857
                           0.266151 0.166480
                                             0.0851
        2
            1.0 -1.358354 -1.340163 1.773209 0.379780 -0.503198
                                                                 1.800499
                                                                          0.791461
                                                                                    0.2476
        3
            1.0 -0.966272 -0.185226 1.792993 -0.863291 -0.010309
                                                                 1.247203
                                                                          0.237609
                                                                                    0.3774
        4
             0.095921
                                                                          0.592941 -0.2705
       5 \text{ rows} \times 31 \text{ columns}
        print("Any nulls in the dataset ", dataset.isnull().values.any())
In [5]:
        print("No. of unique labels ", len(dataset['Class'].unique()))
        print("Label values ", dataset.Class.unique())
      Any nulls in the dataset False
      No. of unique labels 2
      Label values [0 1]
In [6]: count classes = pd.value counts(dataset['Class'], sort=True)
        count_classes.plot(kind='bar', rot=0)
        plt.xticks(range(len(dataset['Class'].unique())), dataset.Class.unique())
        plt.title("Frequency by observation number")
        plt.xlabel("Class")
```

```
plt.ylabel("Number of Observations")
plt.show()
```

C:\Users\bonde\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_5380\459402839.py:1: FutureWarning: pand as.value_counts is deprecated and will be removed in a future version. Use pd.Series (obj).value_counts() instead.

count_classes = pd.value_counts(dataset['Class'], sort=True)

Frequency by observation number

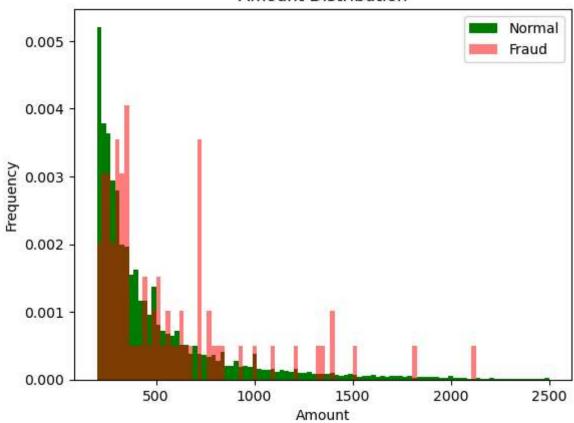


```
In [7]: normal_dataset=dataset[dataset['Class']==0]
    fraud_dataset=dataset[dataset['Class']==1]
    print("Normal dataset shape ", normal_dataset.shape)
    print("Fraud dataset shape ", fraud_dataset.shape)
```

Normal dataset shape (284315, 31) Fraud dataset shape (492, 31)

```
In [9]: bins=np.linspace(200,2500,100)
    plt.hist(normal_dataset['Amount'], bins=bins, color='g', alpha=1,density=True, labe
    plt.hist(fraud_dataset['Amount'], bins=bins, color='r', alpha=0.5,density=True, lab
    plt.legend(loc='upper right')
    plt.xlabel('Amount')
    plt.ylabel('Frequency')
    plt.title('Amount Distribution')
    plt.show()
```

Amount Distribution



```
In [10]: sc=StandardScaler()
                             amount=dataset['Amount'].values
                            time=dataset['Time'].values
                             # dataset.drop(['Time', 'Amount'], axis=1, inplace=True)
                             dataset['Amount']=sc.fit_transform(amount.reshape(-1,1))
                             dataset['Time']=sc.fit_transform(time.reshape(-1,1))
In [11]: raw_data=dataset.values
                            labels=raw_data[:,-1]
                             data=raw_data[:,0:-1]
In [12]: train_data, test_data, train_labels, test_labels=train_test_split(data, labels, test_split(data, labels, te
                             print(train_data.shape, test_data.shape, train_labels.shape, test_labels.shape)
                            min_val=tf.reduce_min(train_data)
                            max_val=tf.reduce_max(train_data)
                             train_data=(train_data-min_val)/(max_val-min_val)
                             test_data=(test_data-min_val)/(max_val-min_val)
                             train data=tf.cast(train data, tf.float32)
                             test_data=tf.cast(test_data, tf.float32)
                             train_labels=train_labels.astype(bool)
                             test_labels=test_labels.astype(bool)
                             print(train_labels.shape)
                             print(test_labels.shape)
                             normal train data=train data[~train labels]
                             normal train labels=train labels[~train labels]
```

```
fraud_train_data=train_data[train_labels]
         fraud_train_labels=train_labels[train_labels]
        (227845, 30) (56962, 30) (227845,) (56962,)
        (227845,)
        (56962,)
In [13]: input_dim=normal_train_data.shape[1]
         print(input dim)
         encoding_dim=14
         hidden dim 1=int(round(encoding dim/2))
         hidden dim 2=4
         learning_rate=1e-7
         input layer=tf.keras.layers.Input(shape=(input dim,))
         encoder=tf.keras.layers.Dense(units=hidden_dim_1, activation='tanh',
                                      activity regularizer=tf.keras.regularizers.l1(learning
         encoder=tf.keras.layers.Dropout(0.2)(encoder)
         encoder = tf.keras.layers.Dense(hidden_dim_1, activation='relu')(encoder)
         encoder = tf.keras.layers.Dense(hidden dim 2, activation=tf.nn.leaky relu)(encoder)
         decoder = tf.keras.layers.Dense(hidden dim 1, activation='relu')(encoder)
         decoder = tf.keras.layers.Dropout(0.2)(decoder)
         decoder = tf.keras.layers.Dense(input_dim, activation='relu')(decoder)
         decoder = tf.keras.layers.Dense(input dim, activation='tanh')(decoder)
         autoencoder = tf.keras.models.Model(inputs=input layer, outputs=decoder)
```

In [17]: autoencoder.summary()

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Model: "functional"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
input_layer (InputLayer)	(None, 30)	0
dense (Dense)	(None, 7)	217
dropout (Dropout)	(None, 7)	0
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 7)	56
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 4)	32
dense_3 (Dense)	(None, 7)	35
dropout_1 (Dropout)	(None, 7)	0
dense_4 (Dense)	(None, 30)	240
dense_5 (Dense)	(None, 30)	930

Total params: 4,532 (17.71 KB)

Trainable params: 1,510 (5.90 KB)
Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 B)
Optimizer params: 3,022 (11.81 KB)

```
In [14]: cp = tf.keras.callbacks.ModelCheckpoint(filepath="autoencoder_fraud.keras", mode='m
    early_stop = tf.keras.callbacks.EarlyStopping(monitor='val_loss', min_delta=0.0001,
    # EarlyStopping: This callback stops training early if the validation loss doesn't
    autoencoder.compile(metrics=['accuracy'], loss='mae', optimizer='adam')
```

In [15]: history=autoencoder.fit(normal_train_data, normal_train_data, epochs=50, batch_size

```
Epoch 1/50
                  Os 957us/step - accuracy: 0.0760 - loss: 0.0409
3513/3554 -
Epoch 1: val loss improved from inf to 0.00285, saving model to autoencoder fraud.ke
3554/3554 —
                    6s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.0762 - loss: 0.0405 - val a
ccuracy: 0.2168 - val loss: 0.0028
Epoch 2/50
           Os 929us/step - accuracy: 0.0999 - loss: 0.0028
3507/3554 -
Epoch 2: val loss improved from 0.00285 to 0.00283, saving model to autoencoder frau
d.keras
                          - 4s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.0998 - loss: 0.0028 - val_a
ccuracy: 0.0341 - val loss: 0.0028
Epoch 3/50
                    Os 915us/step - accuracy: 0.0942 - loss: 0.0028
3519/3554 -
Epoch 3: val loss did not improve from 0.00283
3554/3554 4s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.0942 - loss: 0.0028 - val a
ccuracy: 0.0596 - val loss: 0.0028
Epoch 4/50
                       Os 982us/step - accuracy: 0.0928 - loss: 0.0028
3549/3554 -
Epoch 4: val_loss did not improve from 0.00283
3554/3554 4s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.0928 - loss: 0.0028 - val a
ccuracy: 0.1279 - val loss: 0.0029
Epoch 5/50
3533/3554 -
                  Os 928us/step - accuracy: 0.0913 - loss: 0.0028
Epoch 5: val_loss did not improve from 0.00283
3554/3554 4s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.0913 - loss: 0.0028 - val a
ccuracy: 0.0363 - val_loss: 0.0029
Epoch 6/50
                   Os 939us/step - accuracy: 0.0944 - loss: 0.0028
3536/3554 -
Epoch 6: val_loss improved from 0.00283 to 0.00282, saving model to autoencoder_frau
d.keras
3554/3554 ----
                     ——— 4s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.0944 - loss: 0.0028 - val a
ccuracy: 0.0351 - val_loss: 0.0028
Epoch 7/50
                 Os 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.0923 - loss: 0.0028
3552/3554 -
Epoch 7: val_loss did not improve from 0.00282
3554/3554 ———
                7s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.0923 - loss: 0.0028 - val a
ccuracy: 0.0351 - val_loss: 0.0028
Epoch 8/50
            Os 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.0903 - loss: 0.0028
3553/3554 -
Epoch 8: val loss did not improve from 0.00282
3554/3554 ----
                5s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.0903 - loss: 0.0028 - val a
ccuracy: 0.2168 - val_loss: 0.0028
Epoch 9/50
                  ------ 0s 1ms/step - accuracy: 0.0912 - loss: 0.0028
3523/3554 -
Epoch 9: val loss did not improve from 0.00282
3554/3554 ----
                 6s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.0912 - loss: 0.0028 - val_a
ccuracy: 0.2168 - val_loss: 0.0029
Epoch 10/50
                       ____ 0s 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.0899 - loss: 0.0028
3530/3554 —
Epoch 10: val loss did not improve from 0.00282
75 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.0899 - loss: 0.0028 - val_a
ccuracy: 0.0269 - val loss: 0.0028
Epoch 11/50
                  Os 2ms/step - accuracy: 0.0837 - loss: 0.0028
3530/3554 ———
Epoch 11: val_loss improved from 0.00282 to 0.00282, saving model to autoencoder_fra
```

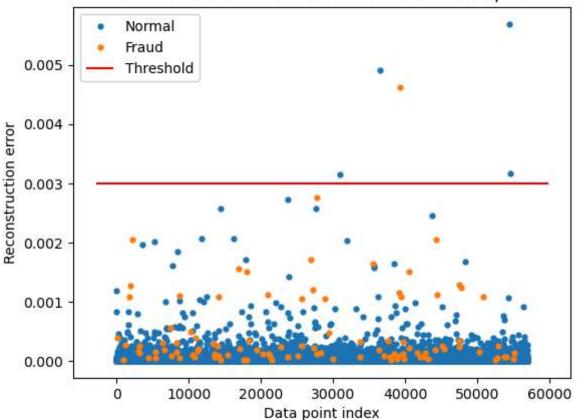
Model loss Train 0.010 Test 0.009 0.008 0.007 0.006 0.005 0.004 0.003 0 2 4 6 8 10 Epoch

```
In [18]: test_x_prediction=autoencoder.predict(test_data)
   test_loss=tf.keras.losses.mse(test_data, test_x_prediction)
   test_loss=tf.reshape(test_loss, [-1])
```

1781/1781 — **1s** 650us/step

```
ax.hlines(threshold_fixed, ax.get_xlim()[0], ax.get_xlim()[1], colors="r", zorder=1
ax.legend()
plt.title("Reconstruction error for normal and fraud data points")
plt.ylabel("Reconstruction error")
plt.xlabel("Data point index")
plt.show()
```

Reconstruction error for normal and fraud data points



In [21]: pred_y=[1 if e>threshold_fixed else 0 for e in error_df.Reconstruction_error.values
 error_df['pred']=pred_y
 true_class_df = error_df[error_df['pred'] == 1]
 true_class_df

Out[21]: Reconstruction_error True_class pred

	_		
31012	0.003149	False	1
36510	0.004909	False	1
39248	0.004619	True	1
54463	0.005690	False	1
54581	0.003165	False	1

```
In [22]: conf_matrix=confusion_matrix(error_df.True_class, pred_y)
    print(conf_matrix)
    sns.heatmap(conf_matrix,cmap='Blues', annot=True, fmt='d')
    plt.title('Confusion matrix')
    plt.ylabel('True class')
```

```
plt.xlabel('Predicted class')
 plt.show()
[[56855
            4]
            1]]
[ 102
                         Confusion matrix
                                                                      - 50000
                  56855
                                                 4
   0 -
                                                                      40000
True class
                                                                      - 30000
                                                                      - 20000
                                                                     - 10000
                    0
                                                1
                           Predicted class
```

```
In [23]: from sklearn.metrics import recall_score, precision_score
    print("Accuracy:", accuracy_score(error_df.True_class, pred_y))
    print(" Recall: ", recall_score(error_df['True_class'], error_df['pred']))
    print(" Precision: ", precision_score(error_df['True_class'], error_df['pred']))

Accuracy: 0.998139110284049
    Recall: 0.009708737864077669
    Precision: 0.2
```

In []: