```
1 #include <stdio.h>
 2 #include <stdlib.h>
 3
 4 #define NUM ROWS 5
 5 #define NUM_COLUMNS 3
 6
 7
   int main(void)
 8 {
 9
        //variable declarations
10
        int iArray[NUM_ROWS][NUM_COLUMNS];
        int i, j;
12
13
        //code
        // *** EVERY ROW OF A 2D ARRAY IS AN INTEGER ARRAY ITSELF COMPRISING OF
14
          'NUM COLUMNS' INTEGER ELEMENTS ***
15
        // *** THERE ARE 5 ROWS AND 3 COLUMNS IN A 2D INTEGER ARRAY. EACH OF THE 5 >
          ROWS IS A 1D ARRAY OF 3 INTEGERS.
16
        // *** HENCE, EACH OF THESE 5 ROWS THEMSELVES BEING ARRAYS, WILL BE THE
          BASE ADDRESSES OF THEIR RESPECTIVE ROWS ***
17
        for (i = 0; i < NUM_ROWS; i++)</pre>
18
19
        {
20
            for (j = 0; j < NUM_COLUMNS; j++)</pre>
                *(iArray[i] + j) = (i + 1) * (j + 1); // 'iArray[i]' Can Be Treated >
21
                   As 1D Array Using Pointers ...
22
        }
23
24
        printf("\n\n");
        printf("2D Integer Array Elements Along With Addresses : \n\n");
25
26
        for (i = 0; i < NUM_ROWS; i++)
27
        {
            for (j = 0; j < NUM_COLUMNS; j++)</pre>
28
29
            {
                printf("*(iArray[%d] + %d)= %d \t \t At Address (iArray[i] + j) : % >
30
                  p\n", i, j, *(iArray[i] + j), (iArray[i] + j));
31
32
            printf("\n\n");
33
        }
34
35
        return(0);
36 }
37
38
39
40
41
```