

Q4. Develop a Java program to create an abstract class named Shape that contains two integers and an empty method named printArea().

⇒ abstract class Shape {

int dim1, dim2;

Shape (int x, int y) {

dim1 = x;

dim2 = y;

abstract double printArea();

}

class Rectangle extends Shape {

Rectangle (int a, int b) {

super (a, b);

}

double printArea() {

return dim1 * dim2;

}

}

class Triangle extends Shape {

Triangle (int a, int b) {

super (a, b);

}

double printArea() {

return 0.5 * dim1 * dim2;

}

}

class Circle extends Shape {

Circle (int a, int b) {

super (a, b);

}

```
double printArea() {  
    return 3.14 * dim1 * dim1;
```

}

}

```
class AbstractDemo {
```

```
    public static void main (String ss[]) {
```

```
        Rectangle r = new Rectangle (100, 240);
```

```
        Triangle t = new Triangle (10, 20);
```

```
        Circle c = new Circle (10, 0);
```

```
        System.out.println ("Area of Rectangle : " + r.printArea());
```

```
        System.out.println ("Area of Triangle : " + t.printArea());
```

```
        System.out.println ("Area of Circle : " + c.printArea());
```

}

}

O/P

Area of Rectangle : 24000.0

Area of Triangle : 100.0

Area of Circle : 314.0