PS1	● Graded
Student	
SRUTHI SUBRAMANIAN	
Total Points	
100 / 100 pts	
Autograder Score	
100.0 / 100.0	
Passed Tests	
Test 1 (10/10)	
Test 2 (10/10)	
Test 3 (10/10)	
Test 4 (10/10)	
Test 5 (20/20)	
Test 6 (20/20)	
Test 7 (20/20)	
Autograder Results	
Test 1 (10/10)	
Test 2 (10/10)	
Test 3 (10/10)	
Test 4 (10/10)	
Test 5 (20/20)	
Test 6 (20/20)	
1631 0 (20/20)	
Test 7 (20/20)	

Submitted Files

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```
#include <stdio.h>
1
2
3
     int main() {
4
       int prob;
5
       scanf("%d",&prob);
6
       if (prob==0){
7
          //calculator. priority is -of the number assigned.
8
          int n;
9
          scanf("%d",&n);
          float power(float a, float b){
10
11
            //raise a to b
12
            float final=1;
            for (int i=1;i<=b;i++){
13
14
               final=final*a;
15
            }
16
            return final;
17
          }
18
          float op(float num1, float num2, float op){
19
            if (op = -1){
20
               return (num1-num2);
21
            }
22
            else if (op==-2){
23
               return (num1+num2);
24
            }
25
            else if (op==-3){
26
               return (num1*num2);
27
            }
28
            else if (op==-4){
29
               return (num1/num2);
30
            }
31
            else if (op==-5){
32
               return (power(num1,num2));
33
            }
34
            else {
35
               return 0;
36
            }
37
          }
38
          float Calculate(float* array, int length){
39
            //takes in the array of integers, length is the length of it. now calculate the value of this string
     (this has no paranthesis!!)
40
            float numbers[length];
            int operators[length];
41
42
            int num=0;
43
            int o=0;
44
            int i,n1,n2;
45
            float val;
            for (i=0;i<length;i++){
46
47
               if (array[i]<0){
48
                 operators[o]=array[i];
```

```
49
                0=0+1;
              }
50
51
              else {
                numbers[num]=array[i];
52
                num=num+1;
53
              }
54
55
           }
            //num is the number of numbers and o is the number of operators in the array
56
            for (i=o-1;i>-1;i--){
57
              if (operators[i]==-5){
58
                val=op(numbers[i], numbers[i+1], -5);
59
60
                numbers[i]=val;
                numbers[i+1]=0;
61
62
                operators[i]=0;
63
              }
64
           }
            //clear zeroes, update numbers, operators, o and num, then do /. Similarly for *, + and - (do +
65
     and - together)
           int newnums[num];
66
67
            int newops[o];
68
            n1=0;
69
            n2=0;
70
            for (i=0;i<num;i++){
71
              if (numbers[i]!=0){
72
                newnums[n1]=numbers[i];
73
                n1=n1+1;
74
              }
75
           }
76
            for (i=0;i<0;i++){
77
              if (operators[i]!=0){
78
                newops[n2]=operators[i];
79
                n2=n2+1;
              }
80
           }
81
82
            num=n1;
83
            o=n2;
84
            for (i=0;i<n1;i++){
85
              numbers[i]=newnums[i];
           }
86
87
            for (i=0;i<n2;i++){
88
              operators[i]=newops[i];
           }
89
90
           //DIVISION
91
            for (i=0;i<0;i++){
92
              if (operators[i]==-4){
93
                val=op(numbers[i], numbers[i+1], -4);
94
                numbers[i+1]=val;
95
                numbers[i]=0;
96
                operators[i]=0;
97
              }
            }
98
99
            n1=0;
```

```
100
            n2=0;
101
            for (i=0;i<num;i++){
102
              if (numbers[i]!=0){
103
                 newnums[n1]=numbers[i];
104
                n1=n1+1;
105
              }
106
            }
107
            for (i=0; i<0; i++)
108
              if (operators[i]!=0){
109
                 newops[n2]=operators[i];
110
                n2=n2+1;
111
              }
112
            }
113
            num=n1;
114
            o=n2;
115
            for (i=0;i<n1;i++){
116
              numbers[i]=newnums[i];
117
            }
118
            for (i=0;i<n2;i++)
119
              operators[i]=newops[i];
120
            }
121
            //MULTIPLICATION
122
            for (i=0;i<0;i++){
123
              if (operators[i]==-3){
124
                val=op(numbers[i], numbers[i+1], -3);
125
                 numbers[i+1]=val;
126
                numbers[i]=0;
127
                operators[i]=0;
128
              }
129
            }
130
            n1=0;
131
            n2=0;
132
            for (i=0;i<num;i++){
133
              if (numbers[i]!=0){
134
                 newnums[n1]=numbers[i];
135
                n1=n1+1;
136
              }
137
            }
138
            for (i=0;i<0;i++){
139
              if (operators[i]!=0){
140
                 newops[n2]=operators[i];
141
                n2=n2+1;
142
              }
143
            }
144
            num=n1;
145
            o=n2;
146
            for (i=0;i<n1;i++){
147
              numbers[i]=newnums[i];
148
            }
149
            for (i=0;i<n2;i++){
150
              operators[i]=newops[i];
151
            }
```

```
152
            //ADDITION AND SUBTRACTION
153
            for (i=0;i<0;i++){
154
                 val=op(numbers[i], numbers[i+1], operators[i]);
155
                 numbers[i+1]=val;
156
                 numbers[i]=0;
157
                 operators[i]=0;
158
            }
159
            n1=0;
160
            n2=0;
161
            for (i=0;i<num;i++){
162
              if (numbers[i]!=0){
163
                 newnums[n1]=numbers[i];
164
                 n1=n1+1;
165
              }
166
            }
167
            for (i=0;i<0;i++){
168
              if (operators[i]!=0){
169
                 newops[n2]=operators[i];
170
                 n2=n2+1;
171
              }
172
            }
173
            num=n1;
174
            o=n2;
175
            for (i=0;i<n1;i++){
176
              numbers[i]=newnums[i];
177
            }
178
            for (i=0;i<n2;i++){
179
              operators[i]=newops[i];
180
            }
181
            return numbers[0];
182
183
         }
184
185
          float array[n];
186
          int elem;
187
          int num=n;
188
          int parastart[num];
          int paraend[num];
189
190
          int ordered[num];
191
          int i,j, num1, op1, p,q;
192
          for (i=0;i<n;i++){
193
            scanf("%d",&elem);
194
            array[i]=elem;
195
          }
196
          num1=0;
197
          op1=0;
198
          p=0; //number of paranthesis
199
          q=0;
200
          for (i=0;i<num;i++){
201
            if (array[i]<0){</pre>
202
              if (array[i]==-6){
203
                 parastart[p]=i;
```

```
204
                 p=p+1;
205
               }
206
            }
207
          }
208
          for (i=0;i<num;i++){
209
            if (array[i]<0){</pre>
210
               if (array[i]==-7){
211
                 ordered[p-q-1]=i;
212
                 q=q+1;
213
               }
214
            }
215
          }
216
          for (i=p-1;i>-1;i--){
217
             elem=parastart[i];
218
             for(j=q-1;j>-1;j--){
219
               if (ordered[j]!=0){
220
                 if (ordered[j]>elem){
221
                   paraend[i]=ordered[j];
222
                   ordered[j]=0;
223
                   break;
224
                 }
225
               }
226
            }
227
          }
228
229
          //simplify the paranthesis p number of times
230
          int s,e;
231
          float val;
232
          float newarr[num];
233
          int len;
234
          while (p>0){
235
            len=0;
236
             s=parastart[p-1];
237
             e=paraend[p-1];
238
             p=p-1;
239
             for (i=s+1;i<e+1;i++){
240
               if (array[i]!=0){
241
               newarr[len]=array[i];
242
               len=len+1;
243
               }
244
            }
245
            len=len-1;
246
            val=Calculate(newarr,len);
247
            int v=val;
248
             array[s]=val;
249
            for (i=s+1;i<e+1;i++){
250
               array[i]=0;
251
            }
252
          }
253
          //remove all zeroes.
254
          len=0;
255
          for (i=0;i<n;i++){
```

```
256
            if (array[i]!=0){
257
               newarr[len]=array[i];
258
               len=len+1;
259
            }
260
          }
261
262
          val=Calculate(newarr, len);
263
          int answer;
264
          answer =val;
265
          printf("%d", answer);
266
267
268
        else if (prob==1){
269
          //matrix multiplication
270
          int n;
271
          scanf("%d",&n);
272
          int dim[n];
273
          int a,min;
274
          for (int i=0;i<n;i++){
275
            scanf("%d",&a);
276
            dim[i]=a;
277
          }
278
          int MAT[n][n];
279
          int i,j,k,l,J;
280
          for (i=0;i<n-1;i++){
281
            for (j=0;j< n-i-1;j++){
282
               if (i==0){
283
                 MAT[j][j]=0;
284
               }
285
               else if (i==1){
286
                 MAT[j][j+i]=dim[j]*dim[j+1]*dim[j+2];
287
               }
288
               else{
289
                 I=j;
290
                 J=i+j;
291
                   min=MAT[I][I]+MAT[I+1][J]+dim[I]*dim[I+1]*dim[J+1];
292
                   for (k=l+1;k<j;k++)
293
                      a=MAT[I][k]+MAT[k+1][J]+dim[I]*dim[k+1]*dim[J+1];
294
                      if (a<min){
295
                        min=a;
296
                     }
297
                   }
298
                 MAT[I][J]=min;
299
               }
300
            }
301
          }
302
          printf("%d",MAT[0][n-2]);
303
304
305
        return 0;
306
     }
```