## Applications of Derivatives

## EE24BTECH11060-Sruthi Bijili

1) Prove the minimum value of  $\frac{(a+x)(b+x)}{(c+x)}$ , a,b>c, x>-c is  $\left(\sqrt{a-c}+\sqrt{b-c}\right)^2$ .

2) Let x and y be two real variables such that x>0 and xy = 1. Find the minimum value of x + y.

(1981-2 Marks)

3) For all x in [0,1], let the second derivative f''(x) of a function f(x) exist and satisfy |f''(x)| < 1. If f(0) = f(1), then show that |f'(x)|<1 for all x in [0, 1].

(1981-4 Marks)

4) Use the function  $f(x)=x^{\frac{1}{x}}, x>0$  to determine the bigger of the two numbers  $e^{\pi}$  and  $\pi^{e}$ .

(1981-4 Marks)

5) If f(x) and g(x) are differentiable function for  $0 \le x \le 1$  such that f(0)=2, g(0)=0, f(0)=6; g(0)=2, then show that there exist c satisfying 0 < c < 1 and f'(c) = 2g'(c).

(1982-2 Marks)

6) Find the shortest distance of the point (0, c) from the parabola  $y = x^2$  where  $0 \le c \le 5$ .

(1992-2 Marks)

7) If  $ax^2 + \frac{b}{x}$  for all positive x where a > 0 and b > 0show that  $27ab^2 \ge 4c^3$ .

8) Show that  $1+x \ln (x + \sqrt{x^2 + 1}) \ge \sqrt{1 + x^2}$  for all  $x \ge 0$ .

(1983-2 Marks)

9) Find the coordinates of the point on the curve  $y = \frac{x}{1+x^2}$  where the tangent to the curve has the greatest slope.

(1984-4 Marks)

10) Find all the tangents to the curve  $y=\cos(x+y)$ ,

 $-2\pi \le x \le 2\pi$ , that are parallel to the line x + 2y = 0.

(1985-5 Marks)

11) Let  $f(x) = \sin^3 x + \lambda \sin^2 x$ ,  $-\frac{\pi}{2} < x < \frac{\pi}{2}$ . Find the intervals in which  $\lambda$  should lie in order that f(x) has exactly one minimum and exactly one maximum.

(1985-5 Marks)

12) Find the point on the curve  $4x^2 + a^2y^2 = 4a^2$ that is farthest from the point(0, -2).

(1987-4 Marks)

13) Investigate maxima and minima the function  $f(x) = \int_{1}^{x} \left[ 2(t-1)(t-2)^{3} + 3(t-1)^{2}(t-1)^{2} \right] dt$ .

(1988-5 Marks)

14) Find all maxima and minima of the function  $y=x(x-1)^2$ , the y-axis and the line y=2.

(1989-5 Marks)

15) Show that  $2 \sin x + \tan x \ge 3x$  where  $0 \le x \le \frac{\pi}{2}$ .

(1990-4 Marks)