QN1)

Consider the vector [10, 11, 12, 13, 14], how to build a new vector with 5 consecutive zeros interleaved between each value?

```
PS D:\git> & "C:/Users/Sruthik Reddy/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python310/python.exe" d:/git/cognizance/Task-8/Problem-1.py
Begign with number

10
End with number

14
10. 0. 0. 0. 0. 11. 0. 0. 0. 0. 12. 0. 0. 0. 0. 13. 0. 0. 0. 0. 14

PS D:\git>
```

QN2)

Consider two random array A and B, check if they are equal

The Array's are

[1, 2, 3, 4, 5] [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]

True

The Array's are

[1, 2, 3, 4, 5] [1, 2, 3, 5, 6]

False

ŐN3)

```
What is the result of the following expression ?
```

```
print(0 * np.nan)
print(np.nan != np.nan)
print(np.inf > np.nan)
print(np.nan - np.nan)
print(0.3 == 3 * 0.1)
```

```
PS D:\git> & "C:/Users/Sruthik Reddy, nan
True
False
nan
False
PS D:\git>
```

QN4)

```
Convert the first character of each element in a series to uppercase?

Sample Input

ser = pd.Series(['amrita', 'school', 'of', 'engineering' 'chennai', 'campus'])

PS D:\git> & "C:/Users/Sruthik Reddy/AppData/Local/Prog
```

Output:

```
0 amrita
1 school
2 of
3 engineering
4 chennai
5 campus
dtype: object
0 Amrita
1 School
2 Of
3 Engineering
4 Chennai
5 Campus
dtype: object
Amrita School Of Engineering Chennai Campus
```

QN5)

Do any two Exercises using Numpy

- 1.addition of 2 numpy arrays
- 2.Multiplying a matrix
- 3.Identity Matrix
- 4.Array datatype conversion
- 5.Array re-dimensioning
- 6.Custom Sequence Generation
- 7.Getting the positions (indexes) where elements of 2 numpy arrays match

```
1st Input array : [ 2 -7 5]
2nd Input array : [ 5 8 -5]
output added array :
  [7 1 0]
 m1: [[1 3 4]
 [1 5 5]]
 m2: [[1 4]
 [2 5]
 [3 6]]
m1*m2 = [[19 43]]
 [26 59]]
 m1: ([1, 4, 5], [1, 6, 9], [2, 11, 31])
m2: ([0, 6, 5], [5, 6, 7], [9, 5, 12])
m1*m2 = [[65 55 93]]
 [111 87 155]
 [334 233 459]]
```