# Advanced bioinformatics for next generation sequencing Handin 1, part 2

Stefano Pellegrini (mlq211)

September 18, 2020

### 1 Model

#### 1.1 Likelihood model

The likelihood model for each position is the following:

$$\log(L(\theta_{j})) = \sum_{i} \log \left( \sum_{j} p(X_{i}, G_{j} \mid \theta_{j}) \right)$$

$$= \sum_{i} \log \left( \sum_{j} p(X_{i} \mid G_{j}, \theta_{j}) p(G_{j} \mid \theta_{j}) \right)$$

$$= \sum_{i} \log \left( \sum_{j} p(X_{i} \mid G_{j}) \theta_{j} \right)$$
(1)

where  $\sum_{j} \theta_{j} = 1$ , and  $p(X_{i} \mid G_{j}, \theta) = p(X_{i} \mid G_{j})$ , and  $p(G_{j} \mid \theta_{j}) = \theta_{j}$ .

 $G \in \{A, C, G, T\}$  is the true unknown genotype, therefore it is the latent variable.  $\theta$  is the allele frequency that we want to estimate, and lastly, X represents the observed base of the read i.

The genotype likelihood is defined as:

$$P(X \mid G_j, \theta_j) = P(X \mid G_j) \propto \prod_{i=0}^n P(X_i \mid G_j)$$
 (2)

where 
$$P(X_i \mid G_j) = \begin{cases} \frac{\epsilon_i}{3} & X_i \neq G_j \\ 1 - \epsilon_r & X_i = G_j \end{cases}$$
.

In equation (2),  $X_i \in \{A, C, G, T\}$  is the nucleotide of the read i.  $\epsilon$  is the probability of having a wrong base in the read i, which can be computed as  $\epsilon = 10^{\frac{-Q}{10}}$ , where Q is the quality score of that base.

### 1.2 Q and M step

The Q (estimation) step of the EM algorithm is defined as

$$q_{i}(G_{j}) = p\left(G_{j} \mid X_{i}, \theta_{j}^{(n)}\right)$$

$$= \frac{p\left(X_{i} \mid G_{j}\right) \theta_{j}^{(n)}}{p\left(X \mid \theta_{j}^{(n)}\right)}$$
(3)

.  $q_i$  is the helping function or the posterior probability of the genotype  $G_j$ , given the base  $(X_i)$  at position i and the  $\theta^{(n)}$ , which is the best estimation of the frequency after n steps of the EM algorithm.

The M (maximization) step of the EM algorithm is defined as

$$\theta_j^{(n+1)} = \frac{\sum_i q_i (G_j)}{\sum_i \sum_j q_i (G_j)} \tag{4}$$

# 2 Implementation

Number of sites with most common allele frequency less than 0.9 are 9. Allele frequency for all sites are: A = 0.3089898, C = 0.3128351, G = 0.1312083, T = 0.2469668