

etl

December 2, 2022

1 ETL Processes

Use this notebook to develop the ETL process for each of your tables before completing the `etl.py` file to load the whole datasets.

```
In [1]: import os
import glob
import psycopg2
import pandas as pd
from sql_queries import *
```

```
In [2]: conn = psycopg2.connect("host=127.0.0.1 dbname=sparkifydb user=student password=student")
cur = conn.cursor()
```

```
In [3]: def get_files(filepath):
    all_files = []
    for root, dirs, files in os.walk(filepath):
        print(root)
        files = glob.glob(os.path.join(root, '*.json'))

        for f in files :
            all_files.append(os.path.abspath(f))

    return all_files
```

```
In [ ]:
```

2 Process song_data

In this first part, you'll perform ETL on the first dataset, `song_data`, to create the songs and artists dimensional tables.

Let's perform ETL on a single song file and load a single record into each table to start. - Use the `get_files` function provided above to get a list of all song JSON files in `data/song_data` - Select the first song in this list - Read the song file and view the data

```
In [4]: song_files = get_files('data/song_data')
```

```

data/song_data
data/song_data/A
data/song_data/A/A
data/song_data/A/A/A
data/song_data/A/A/B
data/song_data/A/A/.ipynb_checkpoints
data/song_data/A/A/C
data/song_data/A/B
data/song_data/A/B/A
data/song_data/A/B/B
data/song_data/A/B/.ipynb_checkpoints
data/song_data/A/B/C
data/song_data/A/.ipynb_checkpoints
data/song_data/.ipynb_checkpoints

```

```

In [5]: filepath = song_files[0]
        filepath

```

```

Out[5]: '/home/workspace/data/song_data/A/A/A/TRAAAW128F429D538.json'

```

```

In [6]: ! cat '/home/workspace/data/song_data/A/A/A/TRAAAW128F429D538.json'

```

```

{"num_songs": 1, "artist_id": "ARD7TVE1187B99BFB1", "artist_latitude": null, "artist_longitude":

```

```

In [7]: df = pd.read_json(filepath, lines=True)
        df.head()

```

```

Out[7]:
   artist_id  artist_latitude  artist_location  artist_longitude \
0  ARD7TVE1187B99BFB1      NaN  California - LA      NaN

   artist_name  duration  num_songs  song_id  title \
0    Casual  218.93179      1  SOMZWCG12A8C13C480  I Didn't Mean To

   year
0     0

```

```

In [8]: df.columns

```

```

Out[8]: Index(['artist_id', 'artist_latitude', 'artist_location', 'artist_longitude',
               'artist_name', 'duration', 'num_songs', 'song_id', 'title', 'year'],
              dtype='object')

```

2.1 #1: songs Table

Extract Data for Songs Table

- Select columns for song ID, title, artist ID, year, and duration
- Use `df.values` to select just the values from the dataframe
- Index to select the first (only) record in the dataframe

- Convert the array to a list and set it to `song_data`

```
In [9]: song_data = df[['song_id', 'title', 'artist_id', 'year', 'duration']].values[0].tolist()
        song_data
```

```
Out[9]: ['SOMZWCG12A8C13C480', 'I Didn't Mean To', 'ARD7TVE1187B99BFB1', 0, 218.93179]
```

Insert Record into Song Table Implement the `song_table_insert` query in `sql_queries.py` and run the cell below to insert a record for this song into the songs table. Remember to run `create_tables.py` before running the cell below to ensure you've created/resetted the songs table in the sparkify database.

```
In [10]: cur.execute(song_table_insert, song_data)
         conn.commit()
```

Run `test.ipynb` to see if you've successfully added a record to this table.

2.2 #2: artists Table

Extract Data for Artists Table

- Select columns for artist ID, name, location, latitude, and longitude
- Use `df.values` to select just the values from the dataframe
- Index to select the first (only) record in the dataframe
- Convert the array to a list and set it to `artist_data`

```
In [11]: artist_data = df[['artist_id', 'artist_name', 'artist_location', 'artist_latitude', 'ar
        artist_data
```

```
Out[11]: ['ARD7TVE1187B99BFB1', 'Casual', 'California - LA', nan, nan]
```

Insert Record into Artist Table Implement the `artist_table_insert` query in `sql_queries.py` and run the cell below to insert a record for this song's artist into the artists table. Remember to run `create_tables.py` before running the cell below to ensure you've created/resetted the artists table in the sparkify database.

```
In [12]: cur.execute(artist_table_insert, artist_data)
         conn.commit()
```

Run `test.ipynb` to see if you've successfully added a record to this table.

3 Process log_data

In this part, you'll perform ETL on the second dataset, `log_data`, to create the time and users dimensional tables, as well as the songplays fact table.

Let's perform ETL on a single log file and load a single record into each table. - Use the `get_files` function provided above to get a list of all log JSON files in `data/log_data` - Select the first log file in this list - Read the log file and view the data

```
In [13]: log_files = get_files('data/log_data')
```

```
data/log_data
data/log_data/2018
data/log_data/2018/.ipynb_checkpoints
data/log_data/2018/11
data/log_data/2018/11/.ipynb_checkpoints
```

```
In [14]: filepath = log_files[0]
```

```
In [15]: df = pd.read_json(filepath, lines=True)
df.head(10)
```

```
Out[15]:
```

	artist	auth	firstName	gender	itemInSession	\
0	Stephen Lynch	Logged In	Jayden	M	0	
1	Manowar	Logged In	Jacob	M	0	
2	Morcheeba	Logged In	Jacob	M	1	
3	Maroon 5	Logged In	Jacob	M	2	
4	Train	Logged In	Jacob	M	3	
5	LMFAO	Logged In	Jacob	M	4	
6	DJ Dizzy	Logged In	Jacob	M	5	
7	Fish Go Deep & Tracey K	Logged In	Jacob	M	6	
8	None	Logged In	Alivia	F	0	
9	M83	Logged In	Jacob	M	7	

	lastName	length	level	location	method	\
0	Bell	182.85669	free	Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, TX	PUT	
1	Klein	247.56200	paid	Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL	PUT	
2	Klein	257.41016	paid	Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL	PUT	
3	Klein	231.23546	paid	Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL	PUT	
4	Klein	216.76363	paid	Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL	PUT	
5	Klein	227.99628	paid	Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL	PUT	
6	Klein	221.15220	paid	Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL	PUT	
7	Klein	377.41669	paid	Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL	PUT	
8	Terrell	NaN	free	Parkersburg-Vienna, WV	GET	
9	Klein	96.18240	paid	Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL	PUT	

	page	registration	sessionId	\
0	NextSong	1.540992e+12	829	
1	NextSong	1.540558e+12	1049	
2	NextSong	1.540558e+12	1049	
3	NextSong	1.540558e+12	1049	
4	NextSong	1.540558e+12	1049	
5	NextSong	1.540558e+12	1049	
6	NextSong	1.540558e+12	1049	
7	NextSong	1.540558e+12	1049	
8	Home	1.540505e+12	1070	
9	NextSong	1.540558e+12	1049	

	song	status	ts	\
0	Jim Henson's Dead	200	1543537327796	
1	Shell Shock	200	1543540121796	
2	Women Lose Weight (Feat: Slick Rick)	200	1543540368796	
3	Won't Go Home Without You	200	1543540625796	
4	Hey_ Soul Sister	200	1543540856796	
5	I'm In Miami Bitch	200	1543541072796	
6	Sexy Bitch	200	1543541299796	
7	The Cure & The Cause (Dennis Ferrer Remix)	200	1543541520796	
8	None	200	1543541644796	
9	Staring At Me	200	1543541897796	

	userAgent	userId
0	Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; MSIE 10.0; Windows NT...	91
1	"Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10_9_4...	73
2	"Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10_9_4...	73
3	"Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10_9_4...	73
4	"Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10_9_4...	73
5	"Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10_9_4...	73
6	"Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10_9_4...	73
7	"Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10_9_4...	73
8	"Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 6.1; WOW64) AppleWebKit...	4
9	"Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10_9_4...	73

3.1 #3: time Table

Extract Data for Time Table

- Filter records by NextSong action
- Convert the ts timestamp column to datetime
- Hint: the current timestamp is in milliseconds
- Extract the timestamp, hour, day, week of year, month, year, and weekday from the ts column and set time_data to a list containing these values in order
- Hint: use pandas' [dt attribute](#) to access easily datetimelike properties.
- Specify labels for these columns and set to column_labels
- Create a dataframe, time_df, containing the time data for this file by combining column_labels and time_data into a dictionary and converting this into a dataframe

```
In [16]: df = df[(df.page == 'NextSong') & (df.level == "free")]
df.head()
```

```
Out[16]:
```

	artist	auth	firstName	gender	itemInSession	lastName	\
0	Stephen Lynch	Logged In	Jayden	M	0	Bell	
23	Jack Johnson	Logged In	Aiden	M	1	Hess	
24	Iron And Wine	Logged In	Aiden	M	2	Hess	
25	The xx	Logged In	Aiden	M	3	Hess	
26	The Antlers	Logged In	Aiden	M	4	Hess	

	length	level	location	method	page	\
0	182.85669	free	Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, TX	PUT	NextSong	
23	240.06485	free	La Crosse-Onalaska, WI-MN	PUT	NextSong	
24	153.05098	free	La Crosse-Onalaska, WI-MN	PUT	NextSong	
25	158.24934	free	La Crosse-Onalaska, WI-MN	PUT	NextSong	
26	328.88118	free	La Crosse-Onalaska, WI-MN	PUT	NextSong	

	registration	sessionId	song	status	ts	\
0	1.540992e+12	829	Jim Henson's Dead	200	1543537327796	
23	1.540829e+12	986	Taylor	200	1543547190796	
24	1.540829e+12	986	Naked As We Can	200	1543547430796	
25	1.540829e+12	986	Fantasy	200	1543547583796	
26	1.540829e+12	986	Epilogue	200	1543547741796	

	userAgent	userId
0	Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; MSIE 10.0; Windows NT...	91
23	"Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10_9_4...	86
24	"Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10_9_4...	86
25	"Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10_9_4...	86
26	"Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10_9_4...	86

```
In [17]: df['ts'] = pd.to_datetime(df['ts'], unit='ms')
t = df.copy()
t.head()
```

```
Out[17]:
```

	artist	auth	firstName	gender	itemInSession	lastName	\
0	Stephen Lynch	Logged In	Jayden	M	0	Bell	
23	Jack Johnson	Logged In	Aiden	M	1	Hess	
24	Iron And Wine	Logged In	Aiden	M	2	Hess	
25	The xx	Logged In	Aiden	M	3	Hess	
26	The Antlers	Logged In	Aiden	M	4	Hess	

	length	level	location	method	page	\
0	182.85669	free	Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, TX	PUT	NextSong	
23	240.06485	free	La Crosse-Onalaska, WI-MN	PUT	NextSong	
24	153.05098	free	La Crosse-Onalaska, WI-MN	PUT	NextSong	
25	158.24934	free	La Crosse-Onalaska, WI-MN	PUT	NextSong	
26	328.88118	free	La Crosse-Onalaska, WI-MN	PUT	NextSong	

	registration	sessionId	song	status	\
0	1.540992e+12	829	Jim Henson's Dead	200	
23	1.540829e+12	986	Taylor	200	
24	1.540829e+12	986	Naked As We Can	200	
25	1.540829e+12	986	Fantasy	200	
26	1.540829e+12	986	Epilogue	200	

	ts	userAgent	\
0	2018-11-30 00:22:07.796	Mozilla/5.0 (compatible; MSIE 10.0; Windows NT...	

```

23 2018-11-30 03:06:30.796 "Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10_9_4...
24 2018-11-30 03:10:30.796 "Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10_9_4...
25 2018-11-30 03:13:03.796 "Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10_9_4...
26 2018-11-30 03:15:41.796 "Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10_9_4...

```

```

      userId
0         91
23        86
24        86
25        86
26        86

```

```
In [18]: import datetime
```

```
In [19]: var = datetime.datetime.now()
```

```
In [20]: var.hour, var.month, var.weekday()
```

```
Out[20]: (12, 11, 2)
```

```
In [21]: time_data = (t.ts, t.ts.dt.hour , t.ts.dt.day , t.ts.dt.dayofweek , t.ts.dt.month , t.ts.dt.year)
      column_labels = ['start_time', 'hour', 'day', 'week', 'month', 'year', 'weekday']
```

```
In [22]: time_df = pd.DataFrame(columns=column_labels)
```

```

for index, column_label in enumerate(column_labels):
    time_df[column_label] = time_data[index]

```

```
time_df.head()
```

```

Out[22]:
      start_time  hour  day  week  month  year  weekday
0  2018-11-30 00:22:07.796    0   30    4    11  2018      4
23 2018-11-30 03:06:30.796    3   30    4    11  2018      4
24 2018-11-30 03:10:30.796    3   30    4    11  2018      4
25 2018-11-30 03:13:03.796    3   30    4    11  2018      4
26 2018-11-30 03:15:41.796    3   30    4    11  2018      4

```

Insert Records into Time Table Implement the `time_table_insert` query in `sql_queries.py` and run the cell below to insert records for the timestamps in this log file into the time table. Remember to run `create_tables.py` before running the cell below to ensure you've created/resetted the time table in the sparkify database.

```
In [23]: for i, row in time_df.iterrows():
      print(row)
      cur.execute(time_table_insert, list(row))
      conn.commit()
```

```

start_time    2018-11-30 00:22:07.796000
hour          0

```

```

day                30
week               4
month             11
year              2018
weekday           4
Name: 0, dtype: object
start_time    2018-11-30 03:06:30.796000
hour          3
day           30
week          4
month         11
year          2018
weekday       4
Name: 23, dtype: object
start_time    2018-11-30 03:10:30.796000
hour          3
day           30
week          4
month         11
year          2018
weekday       4
Name: 24, dtype: object
start_time    2018-11-30 03:13:03.796000
hour          3
day           30
week          4
month         11
year          2018
weekday       4
Name: 25, dtype: object
start_time    2018-11-30 03:15:41.796000
hour          3
day           30
week          4
month         11
year          2018
weekday       4
Name: 26, dtype: object
start_time    2018-11-30 03:21:09.796000
hour          3
day           30
week          4
month         11
year          2018
weekday       4
Name: 27, dtype: object
start_time    2018-11-30 03:58:21.796000
hour          3

```



```

day          30
week         4
month        11
year         2018
weekday      4
Name: 40, dtype: object
start_time   2018-11-30 04:04:13.796000
hour         4
day          30
week         4
month        11
year         2018
weekday      4
Name: 42, dtype: object
start_time   2018-11-30 04:09:20.796000
hour         4
day          30
week         4
month        11
year         2018
weekday      4
Name: 44, dtype: object
start_time   2018-11-30 04:13:07.796000
hour         4
day          30
week         4
month        11
year         2018
weekday      4
Name: 46, dtype: object
start_time   2018-11-30 04:21:20.796000
hour         4
day          30
week         4
month        11
year         2018
weekday      4
Name: 51, dtype: object
start_time   2018-11-30 04:24:50.796000
hour         4
day          30
week         4
month        11
year         2018
weekday      4
Name: 53, dtype: object
start_time   2018-11-30 04:27:14.796000
hour         4

```

```

day                30
week               4
month             11
year              2018
weekday           4
Name: 55, dtype: object
start_time        2018-11-30 04:32:02.796000
hour              4
day               30
week              4
month             11
year              2018
weekday           4
Name: 57, dtype: object
start_time        2018-11-30 04:36:30.796000
hour              4
day               30
week              4
month             11
year              2018
weekday           4
Name: 58, dtype: object
start_time        2018-11-30 04:56:11.796000
hour              4
day               30
week              4
month             11
year              2018
weekday           4
Name: 62, dtype: object
start_time        2018-11-30 05:31:25.796000
hour              5
day               30
week              4
month             11
year              2018
weekday           4
Name: 79, dtype: object
start_time        2018-11-30 07:29:09.796000
hour              7
day               30
week              4
month             11
year              2018
weekday           4
Name: 125, dtype: object
start_time        2018-11-30 10:56:25.796000
hour              10

```

```

day          30
week         4
month        11
year         2018
weekday      4
Name: 157, dtype: object
start_time   2018-11-30 11:00:01.796000
hour         11
day          30
week         4
month        11
year         2018
weekday      4
Name: 159, dtype: object
start_time   2018-11-30 11:06:18.796000
hour         11
day          30
week         4
month        11
year         2018
weekday      4
Name: 160, dtype: object
start_time   2018-11-30 11:09:49.796000
hour         11
day          30
week         4
month        11
year         2018
weekday      4
Name: 161, dtype: object
start_time   2018-11-30 12:10:57.796000
hour         12
day          30
week         4
month        11
year         2018
weekday      4
Name: 177, dtype: object
start_time   2018-11-30 12:57:53.796000
hour         12
day          30
week         4
month        11
year         2018
weekday      4
Name: 186, dtype: object
start_time   2018-11-30 13:20:44.796000
hour         13

```

```

day                30
week               4
month             11
year              2018
weekday           4
Name: 194, dtype: object
start_time        2018-11-30 13:57:24.796000
hour              13
day               30
week              4
month            11
year             2018
weekday          4
Name: 213, dtype: object
start_time        2018-11-30 13:59:31.796000
hour              13
day               30
week              4
month            11
year             2018
weekday          4
Name: 215, dtype: object
start_time        2018-11-30 14:00:38.796000
hour              14
day               30
week              4
month            11
year             2018
weekday          4
Name: 216, dtype: object
start_time        2018-11-30 14:03:21.796000
hour              14
day               30
week              4
month            11
year             2018
weekday          4
Name: 219, dtype: object
start_time        2018-11-30 14:04:47.796000
hour              14
day               30
week              4
month            11
year             2018
weekday          4
Name: 220, dtype: object
start_time        2018-11-30 14:33:53.796000
hour              14

```

```

day          30
week         4
month        11
year         2018
weekday      4
Name: 239, dtype: object
start_time   2018-11-30 14:37:56.796000
hour         14
day          30
week         4
month        11
year         2018
weekday      4
Name: 241, dtype: object
start_time   2018-11-30 14:42:45.796000
hour         14
day          30
week         4
month        11
year         2018
weekday      4
Name: 246, dtype: object
start_time   2018-11-30 14:43:50.796000
hour         14
day          30
week         4
month        11
year         2018
weekday      4
Name: 247, dtype: object
start_time   2018-11-30 14:47:35.796000
hour         14
day          30
week         4
month        11
year         2018
weekday      4
Name: 250, dtype: object
start_time   2018-11-30 14:51:37.796000
hour         14
day          30
week         4
month        11
year         2018
weekday      4
Name: 252, dtype: object
start_time   2018-11-30 16:18:18.796000
hour         16

```

```

day          30
week         4
month        11
year         2018
weekday      4
Name: 306, dtype: object
start_time   2018-11-30 16:21:23.796000
hour         16
day          30
week         4
month        11
year         2018
weekday      4
Name: 308, dtype: object
start_time   2018-11-30 16:35:57.796000
hour         16
day          30
week         4
month        11
year         2018
weekday      4
Name: 317, dtype: object
start_time   2018-11-30 16:39:12.796000
hour         16
day          30
week         4
month        11
year         2018
weekday      4
Name: 319, dtype: object
start_time   2018-11-30 16:43:28.796000
hour         16
day          30
week         4
month        11
year         2018
weekday      4
Name: 325, dtype: object
start_time   2018-11-30 18:16:20.796000
hour         18
day          30
week         4
month        11
year         2018
weekday      4
Name: 367, dtype: object
start_time   2018-11-30 18:21:19.796000
hour         18

```

```

day          30
week         4
month        11
year         2018
weekday      4
Name: 370, dtype: object
start_time   2018-11-30 19:54:24.796000
hour         19
day          30
week         4
month        11
year         2018
weekday      4
Name: 387, dtype: object

```

Run `test.ipynb` to see if you've successfully added records to this table.

3.2 #4: users Table

Extract Data for Users Table

- Select columns for user ID, first name, last name, gender and level and set to `user_df`

```
In [24]: user_df = df[['userId', 'firstName', 'lastName', 'gender', 'level']]
```

Insert Records into Users Table Implement the `user_table_insert` query in `sql_queries.py` and run the cell below to insert records for the users in this log file into the users table. Remember to run `create_tables.py` before running the cell below to ensure you've created/resetted the users table in the sparkify database.

```
In [25]: user_df
```

```

Out[25]:
   userId  firstName  lastName  gender  level
0       91    Jayden    Bell      M    free
23      86     Aiden    Hess      M    free
24      86     Aiden    Hess      M    free
25      86     Aiden    Hess      M    free
26      86     Aiden    Hess      M    free
27      86     Aiden    Hess      M    free
40      26      Ryan    Smith      M    free
42      26      Ryan    Smith      M    free
44      26      Ryan    Smith      M    free
46      26      Ryan    Smith      M    free
51      26      Ryan    Smith      M    free
53      26      Ryan    Smith      M    free
55      26      Ryan    Smith      M    free
57      26      Ryan    Smith      M    free
58      26      Ryan    Smith      M    free

```

62	57	Katherine	Gay	F	free
79	92	Ryann	Smith	F	free
125	74	Braden	Parker	M	free
157	92	Ryann	Smith	F	free
159	92	Ryann	Smith	F	free
160	92	Ryann	Smith	F	free
161	92	Ryann	Smith	F	free
177	12	Austin	Rosales	M	free
186	61	Samuel	Gonzalez	M	free
194	43	Jahiem	Miles	M	free
213	50	Ava	Robinson	F	free
215	50	Ava	Robinson	F	free
216	26	Ryan	Smith	M	free
219	50	Ava	Robinson	F	free
220	26	Ryan	Smith	M	free
239	101	Jayden	Fox	M	free
241	101	Jayden	Fox	M	free
246	101	Jayden	Fox	M	free
247	101	Jayden	Fox	M	free
250	101	Jayden	Fox	M	free
252	101	Jayden	Fox	M	free
306	78	Chloe	Roth	F	free
308	78	Chloe	Roth	F	free
317	33	Bronson	Harris	M	free
319	33	Bronson	Harris	M	free
325	33	Bronson	Harris	M	free
367	91	Jayden	Bell	M	free
370	91	Jayden	Bell	M	free
387	5	Elijah	Davis	M	free

```
In [26]: for i, row in user_df.iterrows():
         cur.execute(user_table_insert, row)
         conn.commit()
```

Run `test.ipynb` to see if you've successfully added records to this table.

3.3 #5: songplays Table

Extract Data and Songplays Table This one is a little more complicated since information from the songs table, artists table, and original log file are all needed for the songplays table. Since the log file does not specify an ID for either the song or the artist, you'll need to get the song ID and artist ID by querying the songs and artists tables to find matches based on song title, artist name, and song duration time. - Implement the `song_select` query in `sql_queries.py` to find the song ID and artist ID based on the title, artist name, and duration of a song. - Select the timestamp, user ID, level, song ID, artist ID, session ID, location, and user agent and set to `songplay_data`

Insert Records into Songplays Table

- Implement the `songplay_table_insert` query and run the cell below to insert records for the songplay actions in this log file into the `songplays` table. Remember to run `create_tables.py` before running the cell below to ensure you've created/resetted the `songplays` table in the `sparkify` database.

```
In [27]: for index, row in df.iterrows():

        # get songid and artistid from song and artist tables
        cur.execute(song_select, (row.song, row.artist, row.length))
        results = cur.fetchone()

        if results:
            songid, artistid = results
        else:
            songid, artistid = None, None

        # insert songplay record
        songplay_data = (row.ts, row.userId, row.level, songid, artistid, row.sessionId, row.duration)
        cur.execute(songplay_table_insert, songplay_data)
        conn.commit()
```

Run `test.ipynb` to see if you've successfully added records to this table.

4 Close Connection to Sparkify Database

```
In [28]: conn.close()
```

5 Implement `etl.py`

Use what you've completed in this notebook to implement `etl.py`.

```
In [ ]:
```