

0 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0

17 29

4.56 4.56 4 5 4 5 4.56 4.56  $\pi$  &ExponentialE; &ee; &ImaginaryI; &ii;  $\gamma$   $\infty$

22 7  $\pi$

$a_1 a_2 \dots a_n a_{21} a_{22} \dots a_{2n} \dots a_{m1} a_{m2} \dots a_{mn} x_1 x_2 \dots x_n = b_1 b_2 \dots b_n$

$f_x = \hat{a}_j = 0 \hat{a}_j 0! x_j$

$x^2-9=x^2-3^2=x-3&InvisibleTimes;x+3$

$x^2-9=x^2-\sqrt{3^2}$

$a\hat{\phi}x^2 + b\hat{\phi}x + c=0a\hat{\phi}x^2 + b\hat{\phi}x=-cx^2 + ba\hat{\phi}x=-ca$  Divide out leading coefficient.  
 $x^2 + ba\hat{\phi}x + b^2a^2=-c(4a)a(4a) + b^24a^2$  Complete the square.  
 $(x + b2a)(x + b2a)=b^2 - 4ac4a^2$  Discriminant revealed.  
 $(x + b2a)^2=b^2 - 4ac4a^2x + b2a=b^2 - 4ac4a^2x=-b2a\hat{A}\pm\{C\}b^2 - 4ac4a^2$  There's the vertex formula.  
 $x=-b\hat{A}\pm\{C\}b^2 - 4ac2a$