Cennenap 4 (22.09.16) Pyrexiseer sign & [x], [x], [x] S) Pynaisers y=Pign x (< Carry at x x)

1, ecces x > 0

21gn x=9 0, ecces x=0

-1, ecces x<0 2) Pyracuseus y=[x](«yenans) [x]-venoe rueno, monoe 480 [X] < X < [X]+1 3) mo ees [x]-naud asense rucuo, romapoe ne npeboexogum x) April [2,7]=2, [-2,7]=-3[2]=2, [-2]=-2

3) Pynnym y=
$$x$$
{ | < gnaran ractex}

 x {= x -[x]
 $\{x, \pm \} = 0, \pm$
 $\{-2, \pm \} = 0, \pm$
 $\{-3, \pm \} = 0,$

4) Tynnerus y = D(x) (Apynkusus) Dupux ress) Dieperie [1805-1859]- Klieger Kus Tepuogurecome pyringem. Pyuniques y=f(x) mazibaemes reprogresseeme e nperogoni T>0 1)(VXED(P)): (X+ TED(P))1 n(x-TEDP) 2) $[\forall x \in \mathcal{D}(I)] \cdot f(x) = f(x-T) - f(x+T)$ Ecres T-nepures (T>0), mo rucus 2 T, 37, monco aburnomi (52) repuesqueur

Hauwenburn recenceemers 11515-- nepuco (ececes on cesenjer) Hazorbaeras realmouse negresopors

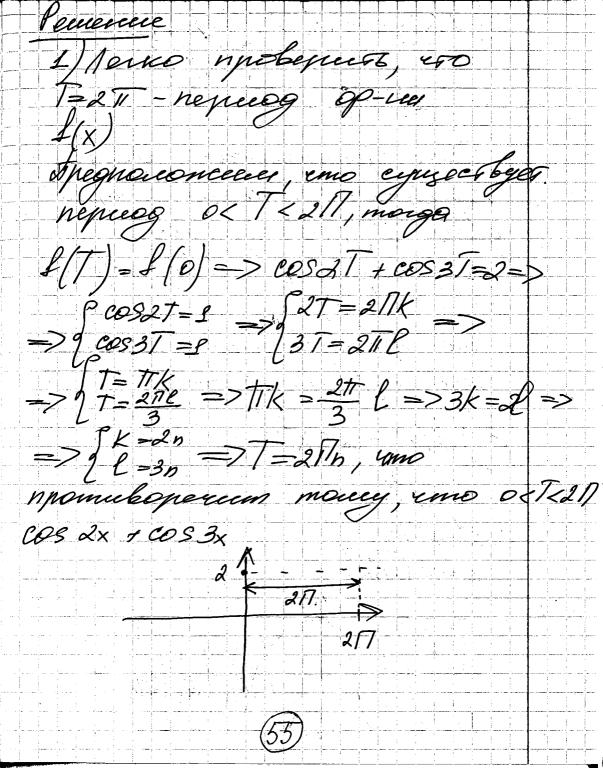
y = eos x, y = 3/nx, y = 3ec x = 1

y = cose e z = 1 - nequeogenocure

kocerans

ex malismus repusações 7=27 y = tg x, y = ctg x - nepuegoces que c'unabuser represque $\begin{array}{c|c}
\hline
I = II \\
\hline
COSO = \overline{C} \\
Sind = \overline{C} \\
Sind = \overline{C} \\
Secd = \overline{C} \\
COSECD = \overline{C} \\
COSECD = \overline{C}$ 4= [x]-nequesquecus qo-il C mabienn nepuegous T=1. 4=3- nepergous 4; none again aber-as undoe receso 1>0, M. nep. res.

y=D(x)-neperger p-s repurgoner ilbu-ag unospe Mucho TEQ, T>0 al. nep. ner. Bagara s. Omegewens, abourences cer p-s f(x) represquerement ten ga, mo (leuce on less) 1/f(x)=cos 2x+ cos 3x 2) H(x) = cos /x $3)f(x) - \cos x^2$



2)
$$f(x) = \cos(x) \, \Im(f) = [o; + -)$$

Four pregnancements rate $f(x)$

Remargant reprogues a repro-
gain $T(T>0)$, mo most

Recuprate of $2(f) = (o-T) = (-T) \in \mathcal{D}(f)$

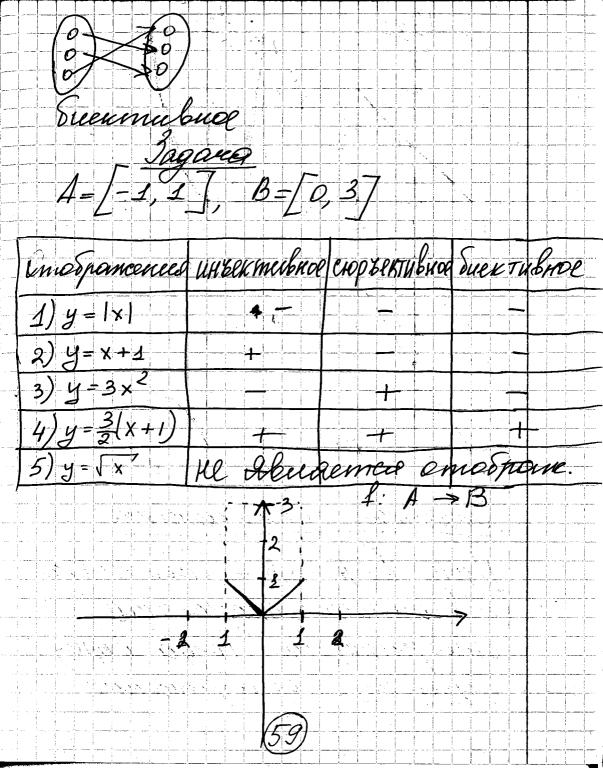
I'm promulaperus $Tomy$,

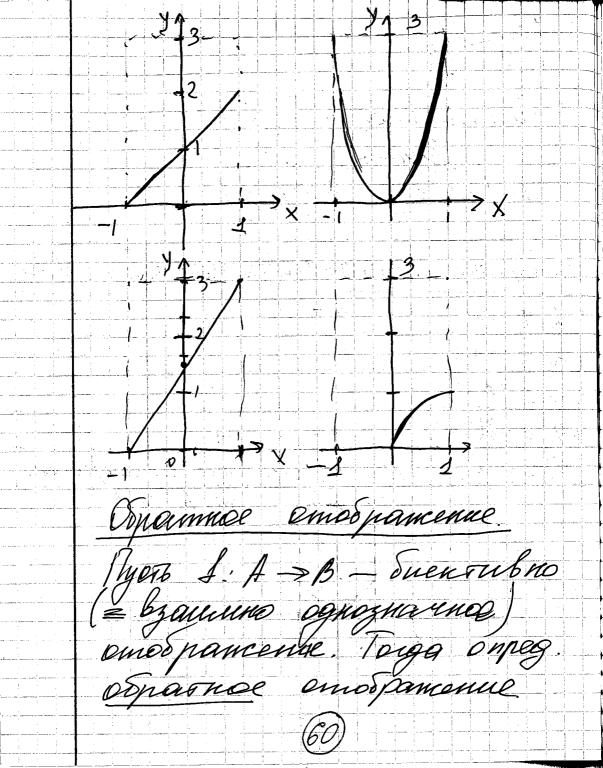
 $Timo \, \mathcal{D}(f) = f(o; + -)$

3) $f(x) = \cos x^2$
 $\cos x^2 = f(o)$
 $x = \pm \sqrt{2\pi} |f(x)|$
 $x = \pm \sqrt{2\pi} |f(x)|$

Theopresenceus up I(x) repus Oghreenad e neprogram T(T>0)
Porga f(T)=f(0)=1=> =>1=\2/7n (neN) Ha unneplace (o, T) cogemicence (n-2) morex, & nomenous f(x)=g, a unevere morex x= 2/1K, k=1,2,...(b-1)) a ra unemplace (T, 217) = (Aln, V8 Nn) eggymance (3n-1) moren, & nomepour 4(x)=3. a unenno, morner x-12/k, k=h+1, n+2 4n-1Противорение, поскается интерван (T, 2T) nougramas copinais unnéplacia (0, T) na ogen nepuos Инъективные, спорзективные u meumubane omospancemus

lyers f: A-B-omos poncence and nancence + flaghbaence. 1) un blamubyblier, eccu $(\forall x_1, x_2 \in A, x_1 \neq x_2) : \ell(x_1) \neq \ell(x_2)$ 2) cropseumubnouer, eccus $(\forall y \in B) [\exists x \in A] \cdot y = f(x)$ 3) Sueunibrocele = Brance agneguaiensuis), écus omosnancence 1 ognobnemeno abusences unreamebusees u copreumubuseur 0 0 croprouncebuce отобрансения unbermeenoe $E(\mathcal{S}) = \mathcal{B}$ emespancenue





3)
$$f(x) = x^2 + 4x$$
 $x \in [-3, +\infty)$

$$y = x^2 + 4x$$

$$y = x^2 + 4x$$

$$x^2 + 4x - y = 0$$

$$x = 49 + 44$$

$$x = -4 + 149 + 44$$

$$x = -2 + 149 + 44$$

$$f(-3) = 9 - 21 - -12.$$

$$4) f(x) = \frac{x - 1}{x + 5} = \frac{1}{x + 5}$$

$$y = \frac{x - 1}{x + 5} = \frac{1}{x + 5}$$

$$x(y - 1) = \frac{1}{x + 5}$$

$$x(y - 2) = \frac{1}{x + 5}$$

$$x(y - 3) = \frac{1}{x + 5}$$

$$x = \frac{1}{x + 5}$$

$$x(y - 3) = \frac{1}{x + 5}$$

$$x = \frac{1}{x + 5}$$

$$x = \frac{1}{x + 5}$$

$$x(y - 2) = \frac{1}{x + 5}$$

$$x = \frac{1}{x + 5}$$

SMA) = AMANG NOW

Jagara
$$f(x) = x^{3} + x + 1$$
Penumo yp - e.
$$f'(x) \ge x(x), \text{ purime}$$

$$gp - s = f(x) - compare bog pace 7. K$$

$$f(x) = 3x^{2} + 1 > 0 = x(x)$$

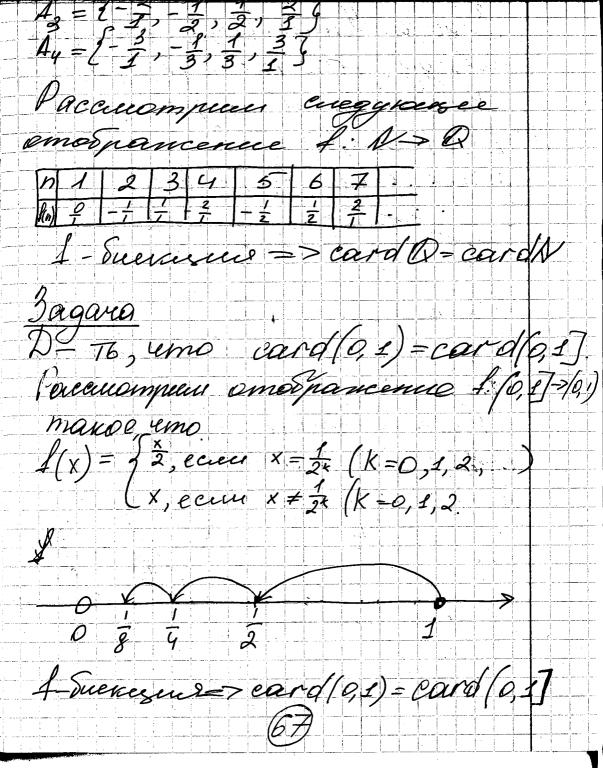
$$f(x) = 3(x^{2} + 1) > 0 = x(x)$$

$$f(x) = f(x) < x$$

$$f(x) < x$$

X3+X+1<X x³+1<0 x⁵<-1. X < -1Umbem: x ∈ (-=;-1) Trema 4 Palmeneous rene unoncectos. Munceerber A u B mazorbanomal nabucecoegnous, Ecus equiecobyen Suenescus (= bzaceneno ognoznannoe) omodponcence) f. A -B Vognarenne: cardH=cardB cardinality - manymood (anni) Moncecilo A nazubaemas cremunias ecus card A = card N Mnoncesto A nasolbaemy difluxectors recurrent MOHTH ecus card A = card AX R

Bagara A Dokazass card [= card N / in e . un 60 I - cresho Рассиотрии отобрансение 1:N≠> I mance emo $(\forall n \in N): +(n)=(-1)^{n}/\frac{2}{2}$ 10 0 1 -1 2 -2 ... I- Successes => =)card Z=card N Bagara Donayar card Q=card N (mo como emo Q-cresto) Rycob Ax-cen-lo Beex ree (meZ, nEN), mourer cro |m/+/n/=k W=A, VA, VA, VA, VA, VA, VA A, = 1 = 6 $A_2 = \{ \frac{1}{1}, \frac{1}{1} \}$



Jagara: Genanobust Sueusuno cengy wen-accer. [0,1] u[a,6] Paccieconneces amogranceseire 1 Lo,17 > Ja, 67 marce, ing f(x)=9+(b-a)x $\frac{1}{a}$ 4- Suenezeul 3agara: Gemanobus & Sueusein [4,1) u R [4,1) es 18 Рассиотрии отобр-е 4:(-1,1) → R manoe, 400 $\frac{n_x}{2}$

f-Suerescus Byggen Teoperico Hannepa UN-60 B- HECKEMICO Thegrououcceux, tou ano f:- ourigent 4: N -> 1R - Surregues tyc56 f(s)=A1= , x, x, x, x, x, x $f(2) = A_2 = 1$, X_2 , X_{22} , X_{23} $f(3) = A_3 = 1$, X_3 , Paccuompueur rencues 13. B=0, y, y, y, marce, 400 X: (Vi eN): (yi +0) 1 (yi +9) 1 (yi + Xi)
Lucie B o micura no om concesso uz ruceu A, A, A, => (In EN. If I (n) + B = 70 mo opanience + ne abet-cet duenesses nougrance npomukoperece « guarenamen (69) mensegy process Kangeras

N-creme 1 - creme Q-cremu The Recreme eurone.

(KOHMUHYYU) Mema 5 itpeger nocuegobarenstocuegobamenenocri - opynnezue, onpeg rea een-be N namy-palenne rucen x: N->R 1 X-1R 4: oc 1 > f(x) $\mathcal{Z}: h \mapsto X(n) = X_n$

Jagarea Hunicams replace 5 чистов последовательного $X_n = \left(1 + \frac{1}{h} \right)^n$ -C=2,718 # $\times, = \left(1 + \frac{1}{1}\right)^{n_1} = 2$ $X_2 = \left(1 + \frac{1}{2}\right)^2 = 2,25$ $X_3 = \left(1 + \frac{1}{3}\right)^3 = \frac{4}{3} = \frac{64}{34} = 2,337037$ $x_{y} = \left(\frac{5}{9}\right)^{2} = \frac{625}{256} = 2,44140.$ $X_5 = \left(\frac{6}{5}\right)^3 = \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^3 = \frac{7776}{3125} = 2,48832$ lim x, = e C=2,718281828,459045 Bagara Hanucast go-rey n-ow nocel - TU 1,4,31,124,511 2 8 32 128 512 $X_{h} = \hat{Z}^{h-1} - 1$ 3 7 10 13 16 3 7 8 16 32 $X_{h} = \frac{4+3(h-1)}{n}$

Apuquemureeune noen- Th xn=xn-,+d. d-paznocre ap-où noeu-vu. Leonempurecuail noci- 76 $Q \times X_n = X_{n-1} \cdot Q$ 9-34auenateur real noci-74 Рекерентная поси-76. ×n=f(n)-aluce zagarue $X_n = \frac{X_{n-1} + 2}{X_{n-2}} - percepertiese zaganue$ nouvegobasaionoctu Trocuegobamenono et Monaru. 1,1,2,3,5,8,13, <u> 3agara</u> $X_n = X_{n-1} + X_{n-2} \quad n \ge 3 \quad X_1 = 1$ $\frac{3agara}{\frac{1}{2}} \quad x_n = \frac{1}{2 - x_{n-1}}$ Dokazato, em $x_n = \frac{n}{n+1}$

Pemercie 1) Baza unggreseen. $npu \quad n=1$ $x_1 = \frac{1}{2} - bepno$ 2) Mar inggresse Apequoceonceeer, 400 Xx = K+1 u gorancee, $470 \times 1, = \frac{k+1}{k+2}$ KA Muceces " $\chi_{K+1} = \frac{1}{2 - \frac{k}{K+1}}$ $x_{K+1} = \frac{1(K+1)}{2(K+1)-k} = \frac{K+1}{K+2}$ Comacno municing man mage-um ymbeprægenne gorazano gul YNEN Bagara X, = 1 , x = Xn, +3
D-T6, remo X, emporobognaeraem
Peucercue $\chi_{h+d} > \chi_{h}$ (73)

Daza ungguezeur: $X_1 = 1$ $X_2 = \frac{1+3}{2} = 2$ X2 > X1 - bepreo. Mar unggresuer u generaceei, remo $X_{K+1} > X_{K}$ $X_{K+1} = \frac{X_{K} + 3}{2} > \frac{X_{K-1} + 3}{2} = X_{K}$ Ex Umax, concacno nuenesuny мат индукции наша поси-76 x, espece bezpacraem Jagara -11-D-73, 4mo nock - 76 Xn Donanceill (VXEN): X, < 3. База индукции n=1. x,=1 <3 - bepno mar ung-un.

Tregnoconcuer xx < 3, u goe anceu, $x_{k+1} = \frac{x_k + 3}{2} < \frac{3 + 3}{2} = 3$, weak Mnan, comacno memogy Man unggkynn gonazano 486. nnu n e N Посиедовательность ки строго bospacinaem u esp-na obepxy=> => (no mespeuse Buspumpacca) nouseg- To x, uneen negen a linx, most naime a repergeen & p 6e X, = Xn-1 +3 K pregery pper n >> >> $a = \frac{a+3}{2} \implies 2a = a+3 \implies a=3$ Uneque, $\lim_{n \to \infty} x_n = 3$ Onp. Unereo a ER nazubaemas Megeriari roccesobas eresnoesti (2)

ceu gu + 6 >0 cyces ecibyes were receip Ne N mause, 400 ecuer n>1, mo |x,-a/5 Chreboneereenan zamees: (a=lim x,) <=>(V6>0) (FNEN) $(\forall n > N)$: $|x_n - a| < \varepsilon$ Incueeep $X_n = 1 + \frac{(-1)^n}{n}$ $X_1 = 0$ $X_3 = \frac{2}{3}$ $X_5 = \frac{4}{5}$ $X_2 = \frac{3}{2}$ $X_4 = \frac{3}{4}$