

OpenBank Application Setup Guide

Prerequisites

Before you begin, ensure you have the following installed:

- ⊕ [Node.js](<https://nodejs.org/>) (v14 or higher)
- ⊕ [MongoDB](<https://www.mongodb.com/try/download/community>)
- ⊕ [VS Code](<https://code.visualstudio.com/>) (or any code editor)
- ⊕ Git (optional, for cloning)

Step-by-Step Setup Guide

1. Download and Extract the Project

- ✓ Download the OpenBank project folder
- ✓ Extract it to your preferred location
- ✓ Open VS Code and open the extracted folder

2. Open Three Terminals in VS Code

In VS Code, open three separate terminals:

- ❖ Terminal 1: Frontend
- ❖ Terminal 2: Backend
- ❖ Terminal 3: MongoDB

3. MongoDB Setup (Terminal 1)

```
# Navigate to MongoDB bin directory (Windows example)
cd "C:\Program Files\MongoDB\Server\8.2\bin"
# Start MongoDB server
mongod
# Leave this terminal running
```

Note for macOS/Linux users:

```
# Usually MongoDB runs as a service
sudo systemctl start mongod
# or
mongod --config /usr/local/etc/mongod.conf
```

4. Backend Setup (Terminal 2)

```
# Navigate to backend directory
cd backend

# Check if package.json exists
ls package.json

# Install all dependencies
npm install

# Install specific required packages
npm install express mongoose dotenv cors bcrypt jsonwebtoken validator nodemon --save

# If you need to install bcryptjs separately
npm install bcryptjs --save

# For development dependencies
npm install --save-dev nodemon

# Verify node_modules exists
ls node_modules

# Create a .env file if it doesn't exist (ask project owner for variables)
# Add your environment variables (database URL, JWT secret, etc.)

# Start the backend server
npm start
# or if using nodemon
nodemon server.js
```

5. Frontend Setup (Terminal 3)

```
# Navigate to frontend directory
cd frontend

# Check if package.json exists
ls package.json

# Install dependencies
npm install

# Verify node_modules exists
ls node_modules

# Start the frontend development server
npm start
# or
```

```
npm run dev
```

Alternative Installation Method (Using package.json)

If you have a complete package.json file, you can simplify installation:

For Backend:

```
json Copy Download  
  
{  
  "scripts": {  
    "start": "node server.js",  
    "dev": "nodemon server.js",  
    "install-all": "npm install express mongoose dotenv cors bcrypt jsonwebtoken validator nodemon"  
  },  
  "dependencies": {  
    "express": "^4.18.2",  
    "mongoose": "^7.0.0",  
    "dotenv": "^16.0.3",  
    "cors": "^2.8.5",  
    "bcrypt": "^5.1.0",  
    "jsonwebtoken": "^9.0.0",  
    "validator": "^13.9.0"  
  },  
  "devDependencies": {  
    "nodemon": "^3.0.0"  
  }  
}
```

For Frontend:

```
json Copy Download  
  
{  
  "scripts": {  
    "start": "react-scripts start",  
    "build": "react-scripts build",  
    "install-all": "npm install"  
  }  
}
```

Troubleshooting Common Issues

1. MongoDB Connection Issues

bash

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```
# Check if MongoDB is running
mongo --eval "db.adminCommand('ping')"

# If not running, start MongoDB service
sudo service mongod start # Linux/Mac
# or
net start MongoDB # Windows
```

2. Port Conflicts

- ❖ Backend typically runs on: `http://localhost:5000`
- ❖ Frontend typically runs on: `http://localhost:3000`
- ❖ MongoDB runs on: `mongodb://localhost:27017`

3. CORS Issues

Ensure your backend has CORS configured. If using the provided code snippet:

javascript

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```
const corsOptions = {
  origin: 'http://localhost:3000', // Your frontend URL
  methods: ['GET', 'POST', 'PUT', 'DELETE', 'OPTIONS'],
  allowedHeaders: ['Content-Type', 'Authorization'],
  credentials: true
};
app.use(cors(corsOptions));
```

4. Missing node_modules

```
# Delete node_modules and package-lock.json
rm -rf node_modules package-lock.json # Linux/Mac
# or
rd /s /q node_modules & del package-lock.json # Windows

# Reinstall
npm install
```

Verification Steps

1. Check MongoDB: Should be running on port 27017
2. Check Backend: Should respond at http://localhost:5000
3. Check Frontend: Should open at http://localhost:3000
4. Check Connection: Frontend should successfully communicate with backend

Startup Order (CRITICAL)

Always start services in this order:

text

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```
1. MongoDB (Terminal 3) - Leave running  
2. Backend (Terminal 2) - Wait for "Server running" message  
3. Frontend (Terminal 1) - Will open browser automatically
```

Environment Variables

env

```
PORT=5000  
MONGODB_URI=mongodb://localhost:27017/openbank  
JWT_SECRET=your_jwt_secret_key_here
```

Generating JWT Secret Key

Method 1: Using Node.js (Recommended)

In Backend Terminal/Command Prompt:

```
# Run Node.js command to generate secret  
node -e "console.log(require('crypto').randomBytes(64).toString('hex'))"
```

Alternative Node.js methods:

```

# Method A: One-Liner
node -e "console.log(require('crypto').randomBytes(32).toString('base64'))"

# Method B: Using util
node -e "console.log(require('crypto').randomBytes(48).toString('hex'))"

# Method C: Generate 256-bit key
node -e "console.log(require('crypto').randomBytes(256/8).toString('hex'))"

```

Method 2: Using OpenSSL (Mac/Linux/Windows with Git Bash)

```

# Generate 64-character hex string
openssl rand -hex 32

# Generate 256-bit key in base64
openssl rand -base64 32

# Generate stronger 512-bit key
openssl rand -hex 64

```

Method 3: Create a Simple Node Script

Create generateSecret.js

```

const crypto = require('crypto');

console.log('Hex (64 chars):', crypto.randomBytes(32).toString('hex'));
console.log('Base64 (44 chars):', crypto.randomBytes(32).toString('base64'));
console.log('Hex (128 chars):', crypto.randomBytes(64).toString('hex'));

```

Then run: on terminal

```
node generateSecret.js
```

For OpenBank Project:

1. Generate the Secret

```

# Run in your backend terminal
node -e "console.log('JWT_SECRET=' + require('crypto').randomBytes(64).toString('hex'))"

```

2. Add to Your .env File

Copy the output and add it to your .env file:

```
JWT_SECRET=your_generated_secret_here_64_characters_long
```

Postman Collection Setup for OpenBank

1. Locate the Postman Collection File

```
/openbank-folder/postman_collection.json
```

2. Import into Postman

1. Open Postman desktop application
2. Click "Import" button (top-left corner)
3. Click "Upload Files" or drag & drop
4. Navigate to: openbank-folder/postman_collection.json
5. Click "Import"

3. Set Up Environment Variables

Create a new environment in Postman called "OpenBank Development":

1. Click "Environments" (left sidebar)
2. Click "+" to create new environment
3. Name it: OpenBank Development
4. Add these variables:

Variable	Initial Value	Current Value
baseUrl	http://localhost:5000	http://localhost:5000
authToken	(leave empty)	(will auto-fill)
userId	(leave empty)	(will auto-fill)

5. Click "Save"

4. Select Environment

- Click the environment dropdown (top-right)
- Select "OpenBank Development"

Collection Structure Overview

The collection includes:

1. Authentication Routes
2. User Routes
3. Account Routes
4. Transaction Routes

Running Tests - Step by Step

Prerequisites

```
Ensure these are running:  
1. MongoDB: mongod  
2. Backend: npm start (on port 5000)  
3. Frontend: npm start (optional for Postman)
```

Step 1: Register a Test User

```
1. Open "Authentication" folder  
2. Select "Register User"  
3. Click "Body" tab, ensure raw JSON is selected  
4. Example JSON:  
{  
    "name": "Test User",  
    "email": "test@example.com",  
    "password": "password123",  
    "confirmPassword": "password123"  
}  
5. Click "Send"  
6. Should receive 201 Created response
```

Step 2: Login to Get Token

```
1. Select "Login User"  
2. Use same credentials:  
{  
    "email": "test@example.com",  
    "password": "password123"  
}  
3. Click "Send"  
4. Check "Tests" tab - token is automatically saved!  
5. Verify token saved:  
    - Click eye icon (top-right) next to environment  
    - Check "authToken" has value
```

Step 3: Run Automated Test Collection

```
1. Click "Runner" button (top-left rocket icon)
2. Select "OpenBank Collection"
3. Select "OpenBank Development" environment
4. Click "Start Run"
5. Watch tests execute in sequence
```

Step 4: Individual Endpoint Testing

```
For each endpoint:
1. Select request in collection
2. Click "Send"
3. Check response status (should be 200/201)
4. View response body for data
```

Need Help?

If Postman tests fail:

1. Check backend console for errors
2. Verify MongoDB is running
3. Check .env file has correct JWT_SECRET
4. Clear Postman cache: File → Settings → Clear cache and restart
5. Update collection if API changed: Right-click collection → "Update from file"