Carnap About Book ▼ logicteaching@g.ucla.edu

C = "is cheerful"

Logic, First Course, Winter 2020. Week 4, Section Meeting. Back to course website

Connecting multiple properties with some and all

Quantifiers are very good at capturing the truth-conditions of statements about "some" and "all" that connect two properties.

- Translation schemas
- More practice
- More than two properties
- More practice with more than two properties

Translation schemas

Here are some common translation schemas connecting two properties:

Schema	Translation	Schema Negated	Translation of Negation
Some F are G	$\exists x (Fx \land Gx)$	No F are G	$\neg (\exists x (Fx \land Gx))$
Some F are not G	$\exists x (Fx \land \neg Gx)$	No F are not G	$\neg (\exists x (Fx \land \neg Gx))$
All F are G	$\forall \ x \ (Fx \to Gx)$	Not all F are G	$\neg(\forall \ x \ (Fx \to Gx))$
All F are not G	$\forall \ x \ (Fx \to \neg Gx)$	Not all F are G	$\neg (\forall x (Fx \to Gx))$

Note that in these schemas the "some"-statements are translated with an existential quantifier together with a conjunction, while the "all"-statements are translated with a universal quantifier together with an arrow statement.

Let us practice further with these translation schemas with respect to the following examples:

F = "is festive"	
G = "is a geography major"	
L = "is a law student"	
R = "is relaxed"	
T = "likes table-tennis"	
Example 1	
Every law student is cheerful and some geograph	ny majore are cheerful
Every law student is cheerful and some geograph	ly majors are cheerful.
Example 2	
In the following, remember that "but" would just be translate	ed by "and":
Some geography majors are relaxed but no law st	tudents are relaxed.
Example 3	
Some geography majors are not festive, but no la	w students are not festive.
Example 4	
Example 4	

Not all law students like table-tennis. Some hobbits are fearful and no elves are fearful. Example 5 Example 8 If all law students are relaxed, then all geography majors are festive. All elves are clever and not all wizards are clever. Example 6 Example 9 On this one, be sure to use parentheses to separate the two conjunctions. If all law students are cheerful, then some law students are festive. All elves are tall and some wizards are tall and no hobbits are tall. More practice Example 10 Let us practice with these translation schemas with respect to the following examples: C = "is clever" F = "is fearful" H = "is a hobbit" If all elves are not fearful then some hobbit is not fearful.

Example 7

L = "is an elf" T = "is tall" W = "is a wizard"

Example 11

Not all wizards are tall and not all hobbits are fearful.

More than two properties

We can slightly expand on this by considering how to translate statements like "tall wizard" and "clever hobbit". Since to say that someone is a tall wizard is to say that they both tall *and* a wizard, it should not be too surprising that we translate this with a conjunction. We continue to use the same key as the previous section.

Example 12 All tall wizards are clever. Example 13

Example 13

Not all clever wizards are tall.

Example 14

Some clever hobbits are fearful.

Example 15
If some clever hobbits are fearful then some fearful hobbits are clever.
Example 16
If not all tall wizards are fearful then not all fearful elves are clever.
Example 17
If some clever elves are wizards, then not all clever elves are not tall.

More practice with more than two properties

Let us continue practicing with more than two properties using the key from the first section:

C = "is cheerful"

F = "is festive"

G = "is a geography major"

L = "is a law student"

R = "is relaxed"

T = "likes table-tennis"

Example 18

Every cheerful law student is relaxed.

Example 19

If some festive law student likes table-tennis, then some festive law student is relaxed.

Example 20

Not all relaxed geography majors like table-tennis.

1. It is run on the Carnap software, which is Open Tower project. Copyright 2015-2019 G. Leach-Krouse <gleachkr@ksu.edu> and J. Ehrlich

These are section notes written for this course.¹