



Continuous Integration / Continuous Testing

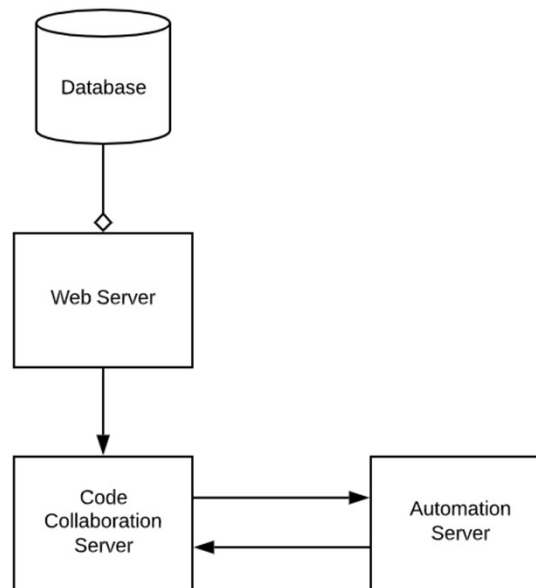
Seminary Part



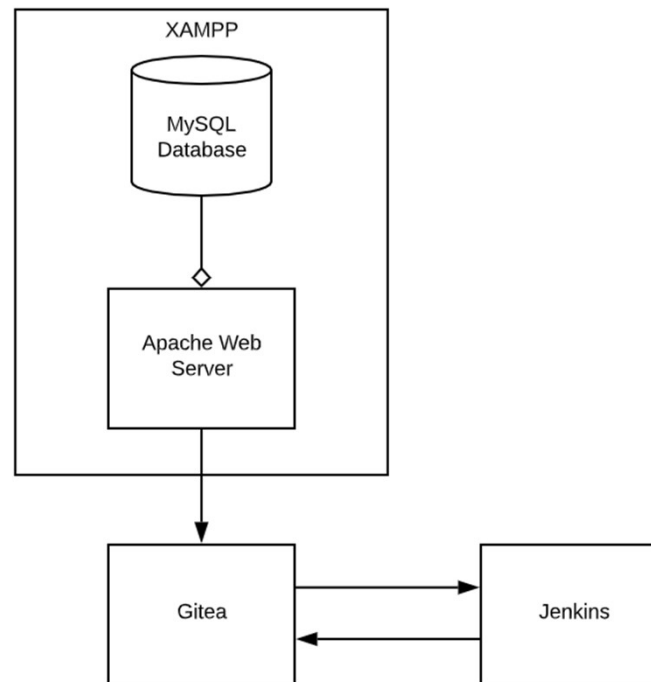
Concept

- › You are going to act as a true Software Engineer in a DevOps environment (“DevOps Engineer” – in marketing terms)
- › Based on a given architecture you are going to juggle between all the DevOps main functional areas (System Administration, Infrastructure, Platform and Site Reliability Engineering) and set-up from scratch the necessary tools and a Continuous Delivery System on top.

Arch – Infrastructure



Arch – Infra – Toolchain



1st Part: System Administration Ops (SysOps)

- › **Purpose:** install and set-up the necessary tools
- › **Points:** 1 / 5

Resources

Python 3.x installed

- › <https://www.python.org/downloads/>

Git installed

- › <https://git-scm.com/downloads>

Gitea: <https://github.com/go-gitea/gitea/>

- › Windows: <https://github.com/go-gitea/gitea/releases/download/v1.9.4/gitea-1.9.4-windows-4.0-386.exe>
- › Linux: <https://github.com/go-gitea/gitea/releases/download/v1.9.4/gitea-1.9.4-linux-386>

XAMPP: <https://www.apachefriends.org/>

- › Windows: <https://www.apachefriends.org/xampp-files/7.3.10/xampp-windows-x64-7.3.10-0-VC15-installer.exe>
- › Linux: <https://www.apachefriends.org/xampp-files/7.3.10/xampp-linux-x64-7.3.10-0-installer.run>

Jenkins: <https://jenkins.io/>

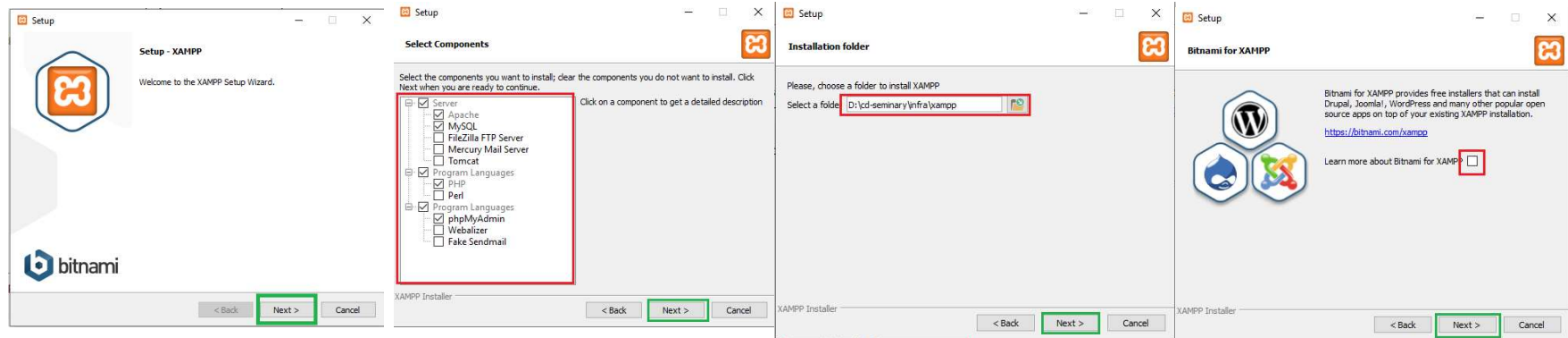
- › Windows: <https://jenkins.io/download/thank-you-downloading-windows-installer-stable>
- › Linux: <https://pkg.jenkins.io/debian-stable>

File System Layout

- › Create the following directory structure either in your main Drive on Windows or in your user home space on Linux
 - › D:\cd-seminary
 - › |——code
 - › |——infra
 - › |——gitea
 - › |——jenkins
 - › |——xampp

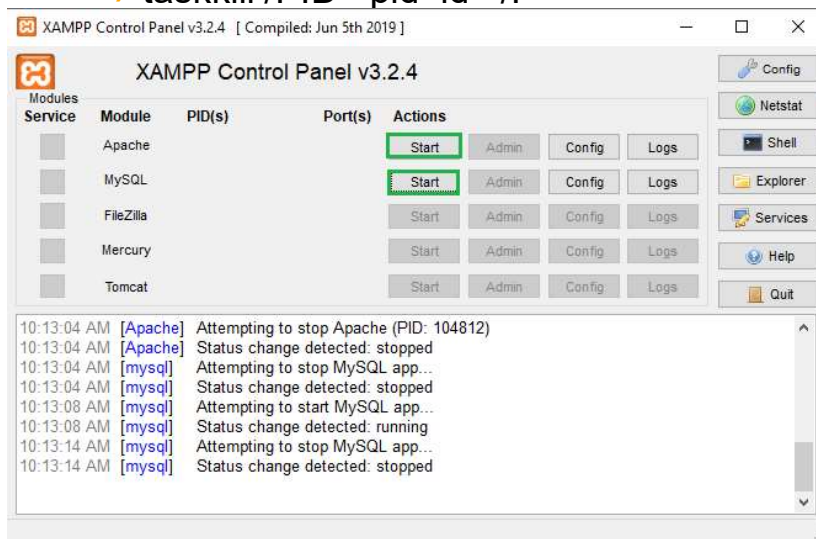
XAMPP Installation

Please follow the same steps to avoid issues!
Install only selected applications like in the print screen!



XAMPP Bring-up

- › Start the Apache Web Server & MySQL Database
- › Now access MySQL via the phpMyAdmin interface
- › A new tab into your default browser should be open on <http://localhost/phpmyadmin/>
- › **Hint:** Do not change the port -> if it is used, identify the PID (Go to Xampp -> Netstat) and kill with:
 - › `taskkill /PID <pid id> /F`

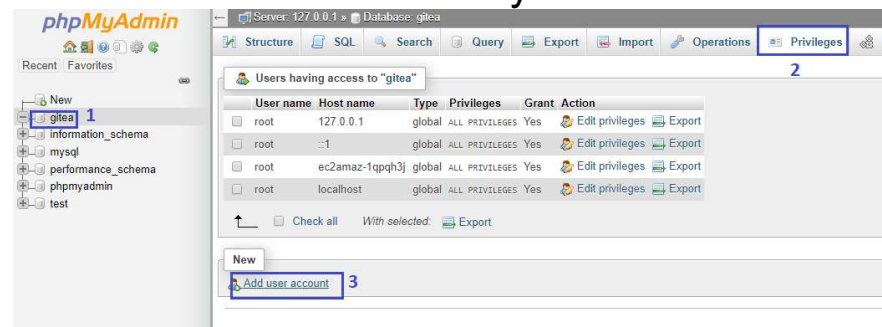


MySQL set-up

- › A new database has to be created in order to be populated with tables by the Gitea server.



- › A separate user has to be created to be used by the Gitea server



› username: gitea | password: gitea

The screenshot shows the MySQL user creation interface with several annotations:

- Login Information:** A blue box highlights the 'User name', 'Host name', 'Password', and 'Re-type' fields. The 'User name' field contains 'gitea'. The 'Host name' field contains 'Any host' and '%'. The 'Password' field contains 'gitea' and the 'Re-type' field contains 'gitea'. The 'Strength' indicator shows 'Extremely weak'.
- Authentication Plugin:** Set to 'Native MySQL authentication'.
- Database for user account:** A red arrow points to the checkbox 'Grant all privileges on database gitea', which is checked.
- Global privileges:** A 'Check all' button is visible.
- Resource limits:** A note states 'Setting these options to 0 (zero) removes the limit.' The fields for 'MAX QUERIES PER HOUR', 'MAX UPDATES PER HOUR', 'MAX CONNECTIONS PER HOUR', and 'MAX USER_CONNECTIONS' are all set to 0.
- SSL:** The 'REQUIRE NONE' option is selected. The 'REQUIRE CIPHER', 'REQUIRE ISSUER', and 'REQUIRE SUBJECT' fields are empty.
- Data, Structure, and Administration:** These sections contain various MySQL privileges, all of which are unchecked.
- Go Button:** A green box highlights the 'Go' button at the bottom right.

Gitea Bring-up

- › Copy the Gitea binary (.exe) into cd-seminary/infra/gitea and run it.
- › After the initialization, Gitea should be up on localhost:3000, open the page in a browser.
- › Click on either one of the Register or Sign In buttons for the Initial Configuration



- › Proceed by filling the fields as shown in the next pages

Part 1 / 3

Initial Configuration

If you run Gitea inside Docker, please read the [documentation](#) before changing any settings.

Database Settings

Gitea requires MySQL, PostgreSQL, MSSQL or SQLite3.

Database Type *	MySQL
Host *	127.0.0.1:3306
Username *	gitea
Password *	gitea
Database Name *	gitea
Charset *	utf8

Note to MySQL users: please use the InnoDB storage engine and if you use "utf8mb4", your InnoDB version must be greater than 5.6 .

Part 2 / 3

General Settings

Site Title *	Gitea: Git with a cup of tea	You can enter your company name here.
Repository Root Path *	D:\cd-seminary\infra\gitea-repositories	Remote Git repositories will be saved to this directory.
Git LFS Root Path	D:\cd-seminary\infra\gitea\data\lfs	Files tracked by Git LFS will be stored in this directory. Leave empty to disable.
Run As Username *	default	Enter the operating system username that Gitea runs as. Note that this user must have access to the repository root path.
SSH Server Domain *	localhost	Domain or host address for SSH clone URLs.
SSH Server Port	22	Port number your SSH server listens on. Leave empty to disable.
Gitea HTTP Listen Port *	3000	Port number the Giteas web server will listen on.
Gitea Base URL *	http://localhost:3000/	Base address for HTTP(S) clone URLs and email notifications.
Log Path *	D:\cd-seminary\infra\gitea\log	Log files will be written to this directory.

Part 3 / 3

Optional Settings

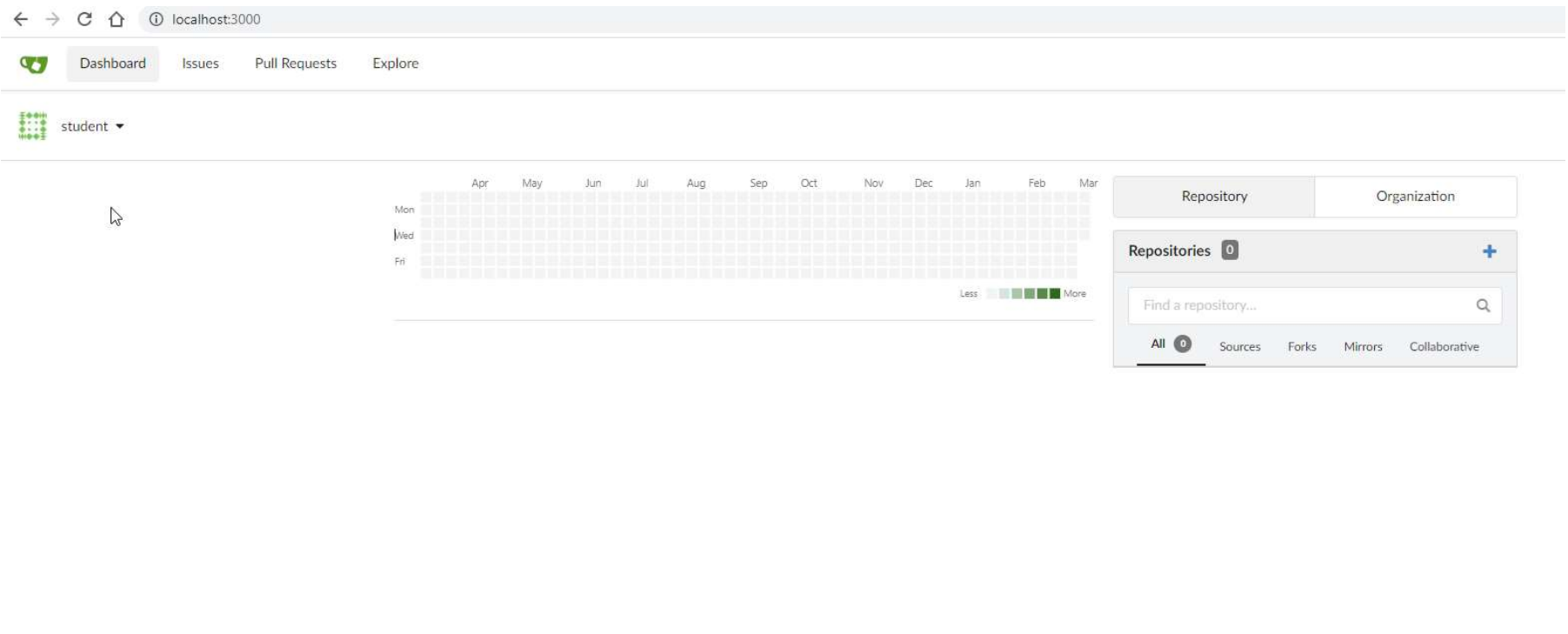
- ▶ Email Settings
- ▶ Server and Third-Party Service Settings
- ▼ Administrator Account Settings

Creating an administrator account is optional. The first registered user will automatically become an administrator.

Administrator Username	<input type="text" value="student"/>
Password	<input type="password" value="student"/>
Confirm Password	<input type="password" value="student"/>
Email Address	<input type="text" value="student@issa.conti"/>

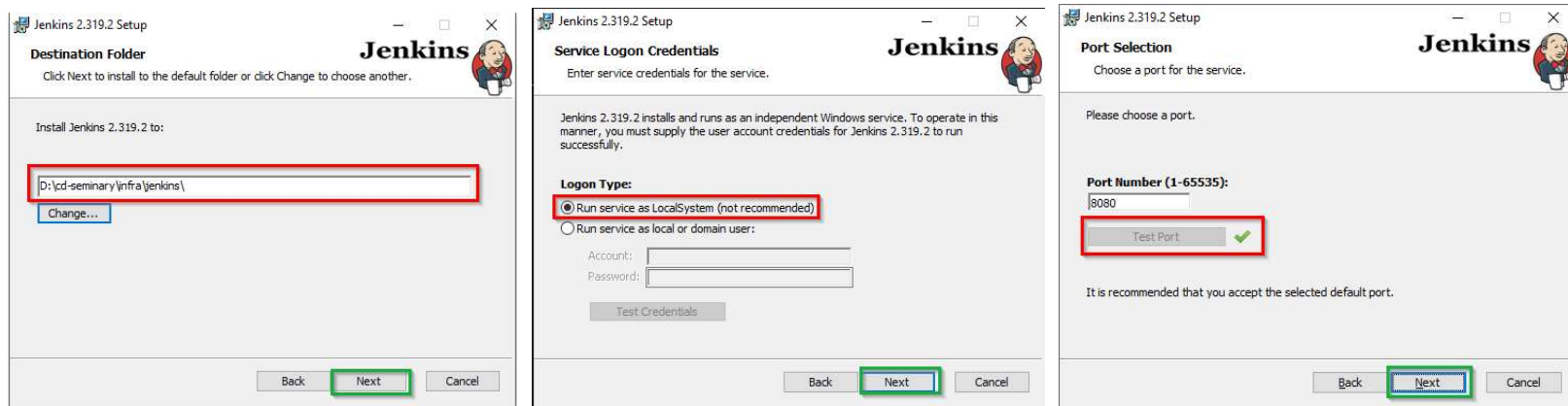
Install Gitea

Hint: in case of error, try to run gitea.exe as admin or delete the folders beside exe file and run it again



Jenkins Bring-up

- › Run the Jenkins binary and proceed to install it as shown in the next images.
- › **During Jenkins installation, you can test the port. If it is already used, please deactivate that application from services.msc or see the hint from slide 10**



- › After the installation ends. Jenkins will be available at **localhost:8080**

Unlock Jenkins

To ensure Jenkins is securely set up by the administrator, a password has been written to the log ([not sure where to find it?](#)) and this file on the server:

```
D:\cd-seminary\infra\jenkins\secrets\initialAdminPassword
```

Please copy the password from either location and paste it below.

Administrator password



Continue

Customize Jenkins

Plugins extend Jenkins with additional features to support many different needs.

Install suggested plugins

Install plugins the Jenkins community finds most useful.

Select plugins to install

Select and install plugins most suitable for your needs.



If you encounter an error installing plugins, see links below:

- › <https://www.phpflow.com/misc/devops/how-to-manually-install-jenkins-plugin/>
- › <https://www.jenkins.io/doc/book/installing/offline/>

Create First Admin User

Username:

Password:

Confirm password:

Full name:

E-mail address:

- › Keep the defaults on the next step
- › Save & Finish
- › Jenkins should be up and you should be logged in with the 'jenkins' account

Jenkins 2.190.1

Continue as admin

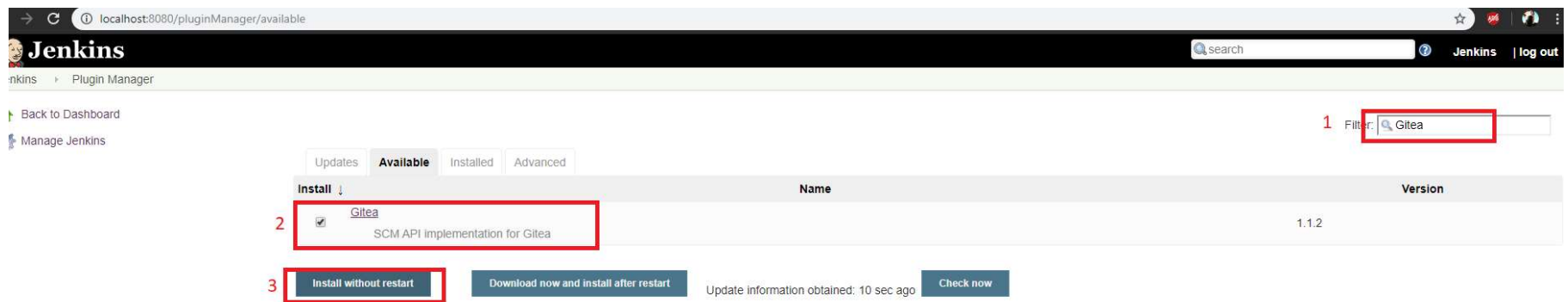
Save and Continue

2nd Part: Infrastructure Ops (InfraOps)

- › **Purpose:** Set-up the needed configurations that link the tools in between.
- › **Points:** 1 / 5

Install Gitea Jenkins plug-in

- › Access Jenkins pluginManager service and check for Gitea and install it.
<http://localhost:8080/pluginManager/available>



Perform a Jenkins Safe Restart

- › Access <http://localhost:8080/safeRestart>
- › Click on **Yes**
- › Wait for the restart
- › Log in again (user: jenkins, password: jenkins)

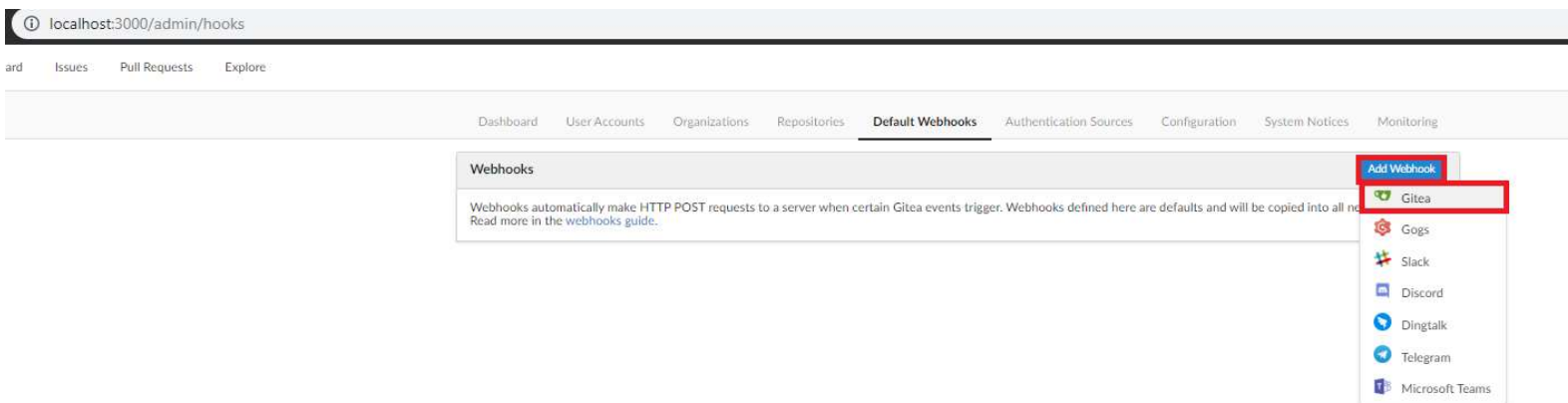
Add Gitea server in Jenkins global scope


- › This is done in the system configuration page <http://localhost:8080/configure>
- › Scroll down to the **Gitea Server section** and **Add** a new one and then click on **Save**
- › If Jenkins can access the server, it should display the Gitea Version

The screenshot shows the Jenkins system configuration page. The 'Gitea Servers' section is highlighted with a red box. It contains a form for adding a new Gitea server. The 'Name' field is filled with 'jssca-gitea', the 'Server URL' is 'http://localhost:3000', and the 'Gitea Version' is '1.9.3'. There is an 'Add' button at the bottom of the form. Below the Gitea Servers section, there are sections for 'GitHub Servers', 'GitHub Enterprise Servers', 'Pipeline Model Definition', 'Global Pipeline Libraries', and 'Build-timeout Plugin > BuildStep Action'. At the bottom of the page, there are 'Save' and 'Apply' buttons.

Set-up the Gitea to Jenkins webhook

- › We are going to set-up a webhook where Gitea will perform HTTP POST requests each time a new event happens globally.
- › This is done on the Gitea side, in site admin settings, in the Webhooks tab. Here is the direct link to it <http://localhost:3000/admin/hooks>



Add Default Webhook

Gitea will send POST requests with a specified content type to the target URL. Read more in the [webhooks guide](#).

Target URL *

http://localhost:8080/gitea-webhook/post

HTTP Method

POST

POST Content Type

application/json

Secret

Trigger On:

☐ Push Events

☒ All Events

☐ Custom Events...

☒ Active

Information about triggered events will be sent to this webhook URL.

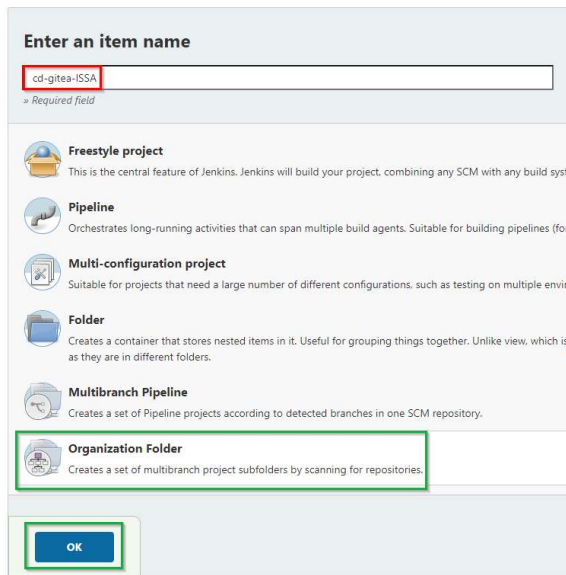
Add Webhook

3rd Part: Platform Ops

- › **Purpose:** set-up the Continuous Delivery environment in Jenkins
- › **Points:** 1 / 5

Create the Gitea organization folder using the plugin

- › In the Jenkins home page, click on **New Item**
- › Then proceed to create a Gitea Organization folder



Enter an item name

cd-gitea-SSA

» Required field

Freestyle project
This is the central feature of Jenkins. Jenkins will build your project, combining any SCM with any build system.

Pipeline
Orchestrates long-running activities that can span multiple build agents. Suitable for building pipelines (for example, for testing, building, and deploying).

Multi-configuration project
Suitable for projects that need a large number of different configurations, such as testing on multiple environments.

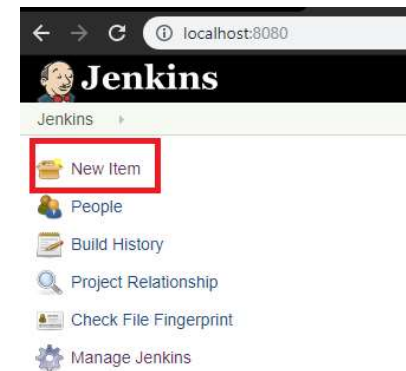
Folder
Creates a container that stores nested items in it. Useful for grouping things together. Unlike view, which is as they are in different folders.

Multibranch Pipeline
Creates a set of Pipeline projects according to detected branches in one SCM repository.

Organization Folder
Creates a set of multibranch project subfolders by scanning for repositories.

OK

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1 / 6

› You will be prompted to the Job configuration Page, don't save yet.

The screenshot shows the Jenkins Job Configuration Page for a job named 'gitea:ISSA Continuous Delivery'. The 'General' tab is selected. The 'Display Name' field contains 'gitea:ISSA Continuous Delivery'. The 'Description' field contains 'Continuous Delivery Project', 'Code Collaboration Server: Gitea', and 'Organization: ISSA'. The 'Disable' checkbox is unchecked. The 'Projects' section shows 'Repository Sources' with a dropdown menu open, highlighting 'Gitea Organization'. The 'Script Path' field contains 'Jenkinsfile'. The 'Property strategy' section is partially visible at the bottom. The page has a top navigation bar with tabs: General, Projects, Scan Organization Folder Triggers, Orphaned Item Strategy, Health metrics, Properties, Child Health metrics, Child Orphaned Item Strategy, and Child Scan Triggers. A red box highlights the 'Display Name' and 'Description' fields. Another red box highlights the 'Gitea Organization' option in the 'Repository Sources' dropdown. A red 'X' icon is visible in the bottom right corner of the 'Repository Sources' section.

General Projects Scan Organization Folder Triggers Orphaned Item Strategy Health metrics Properties Child Health metrics Child Orphaned Item Strategy Child Scan Triggers

Pipeline Libraries Automatic branch project triggering

Display Name

gitea:ISSA Continuous Delivery

Description

Continuous Delivery Project
Code Collaboration Server: Gitea
Organization: ISSA

[Plain text] Preview

Disable

☐ (No new builds within this Organization Folder will be executed until it is re-enabled)

Projects

Repository Sources

Add +

GitHub Organization

Gitea Organization

Single repository

Script Path ?

Jenkinsfile

Add -

Property strategy

Save Apply

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- › You will be prompted to the Job configuration Page, don't save yet.

Projects

Gitea Organization

Server **issa-gitea (http://localhost:3000)**

Credentials **- none -** **Add**

Owner **ISSA**

Behaviours

Discover branches **X** **?**

Strategy **All branches** **?**

Discover pull requests from origin **X** **?**

Strategy **Both the current pull request revision and the pull request merged with the current target branch revision** **?**

Discover pull requests from forks **X** **?**

Strategy **Both the current pull request revision and the pull request merged with the current target branch revision** **?**

Trust Contributors **?**

Add

Project Recognizers

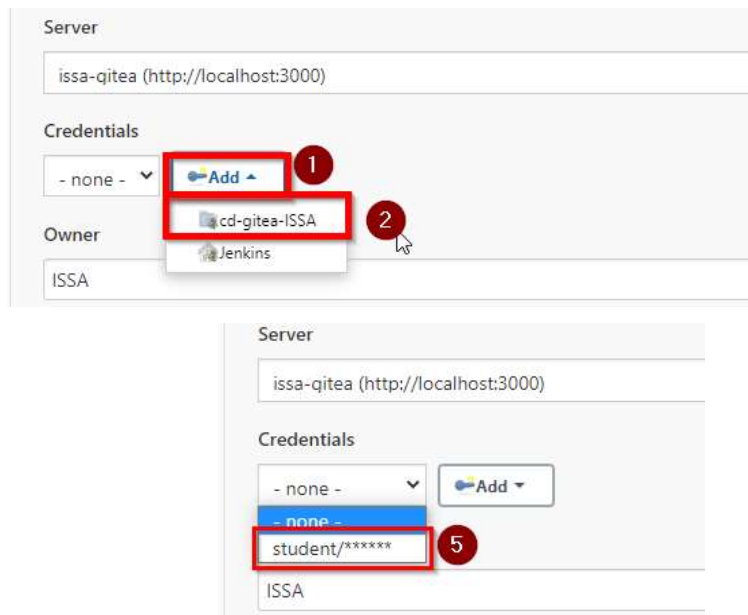
Pipeline Jenkinsfile **X**

Script Path **Jenkinsfile** **?**

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- › Also you have to add the credentials that have access to the specified organization (Owner)
- › These credentials are going to be available only for **cd-gitea-ISSA**

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Server

issa-gitea (http://localhost:3000)

Credentials

- none -

Owner

ISSA

cd-gitea-ISSA

Jenkins

Server

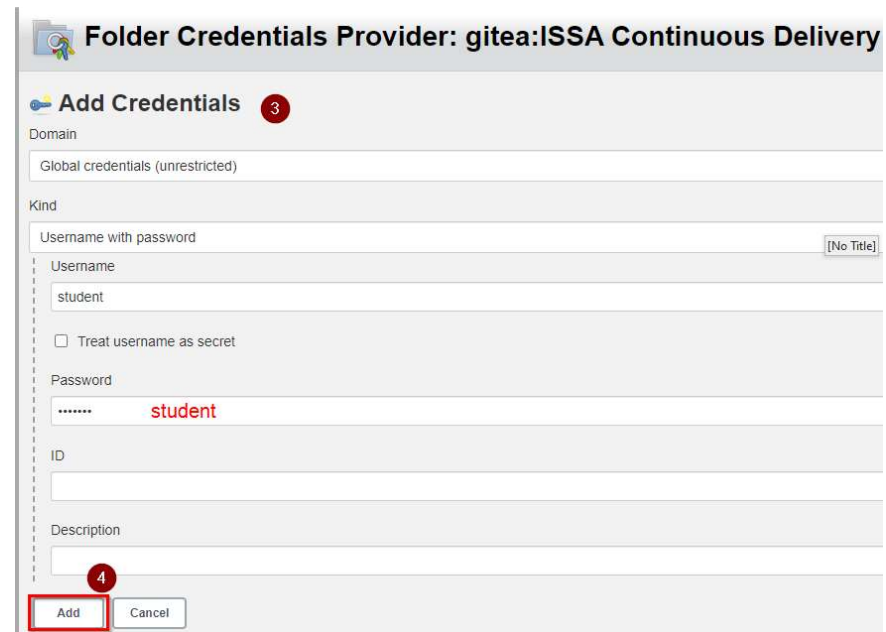
issa-gitea (http://localhost:3000)

Credentials

- none -

student/*****

ISSA



Folder Credentials Provider: gitea:ISSA Continuous Delivery

Add Credentials

Domain

Global credentials (unrestricted)

Kind

Username with password

Username

student

☐ Treat username as secret

Password

student

ID

Description

Add

Cancel

- › Go down into the job configuration page and update the following configurations and **Save**

Scan Gitea Organization Triggers

☒ Periodically if not otherwise run

Interval

Child Scan Triggers

These are the triggers that the children of this organization folder will use. Does not apply to grandchildren.

☒ Periodically if not otherwise run

Interval

Pipeline Libraries

Sharable libraries available to any Pipeline jobs inside this folder. These libraries will be untrusted, meaning their code runs in the Groovy sandbox.

Pipeline Model Definition

Docker Label

Docker registry URL

Registry credentials

Automatic branch project triggering

Branch names to build automatically

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4th Part: Site Reliability Engineering Ops (SREOps)

- › **Purpose:** set-up the production environment, software development environment and the required configuration management particularities
- › **Points:** 1 / 5

Create a new Gitea organization

- › Access Gitea homepage <http://localhost:3000/> and proceed creating your ISSA organization

The screenshot shows the Gitea homepage at localhost:3000. The user is logged in as 'student'. The navigation bar includes 'Dashboard', 'Issues', 'Pull Requests', and 'Explore'. A calendar is visible in the background. On the right, there are tabs for 'Repository' and 'Organization', with the 'Organization' tab highlighted and labeled '1'. Below these tabs is a 'My Organizations' section with a '+' button labeled '2'. The 'New Organization' form is displayed in the foreground. It contains the following fields and options:

- Organization Name ***: A text input field containing 'ISSA'.
- Visibility ***: A group of radio buttons with the following options:
 - ☒ Public
 - ☐ Limited (Visible to logged in users only)
 - ☐ Private (Visible only to organization members)
- Create Organization**: A green button.
- Cancel**: A grey button.


Below the 'Organization Name' field, a note states: 'Organization names should be short and memorable.'

Create your project Git repository

- › From your ISSA's organization dashboard page
<http://localhost:3000/org/ISSA/dashboard>, proceed creating your project's Git repository



New Repository

Owner *  ISSA ▼

Repository Name *

Good repository names use short, memorable and unique keywords.

Visibility ☐ Make Repository Private

Description

.gitignore

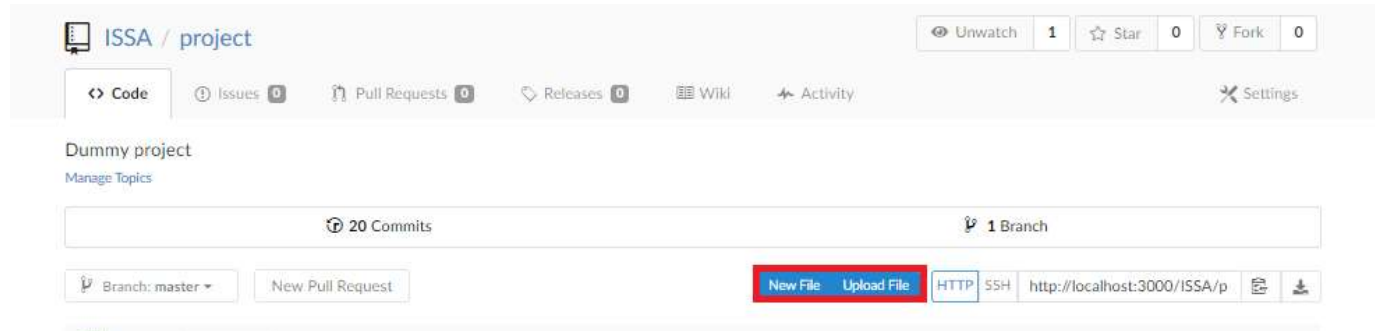
License

README

☒ Initialize Repository (Adds .gitignore, License and README)

How to commit a new file(s)

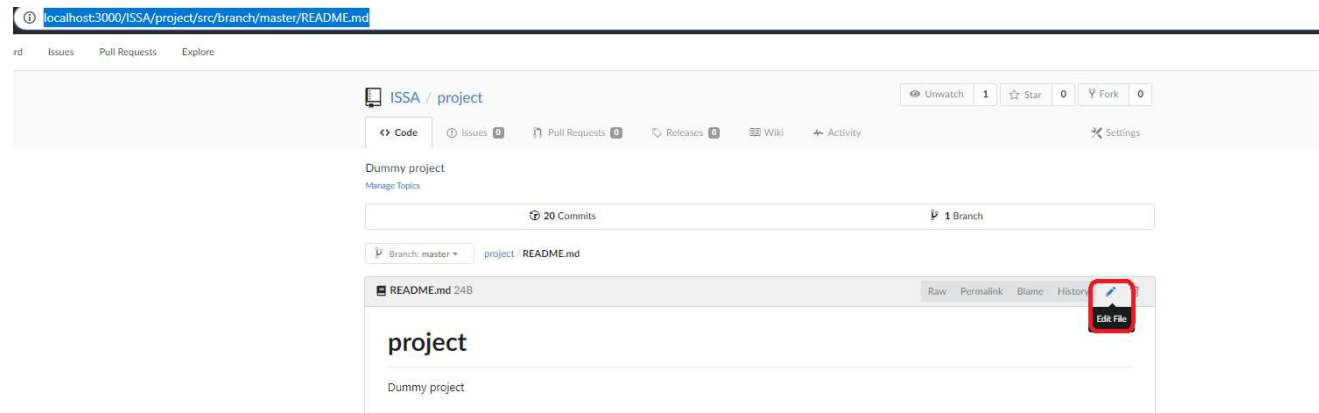
- › From your repository page <http://localhost:3000/ISSA/project>. Via the New File or Upload File



- › The New File will prompt your to a page where you can specify the file name (or relative path) and edit it on the spot.
- › The Upload File will prompt your to a page where you can drag and drop files to be committed

How to edit a committed file

- › From your repository page <http://localhost:3000/ISSA/project>. Navigate to the desired file to be edited. README.md for example
- <http://localhost:3000/ISSA/project/src/branch/master/README.md> and click on the edit button.



Initial Jenkinsfile

- › Commit a new file called **Jenkinsfile**
- › It should have only one line
 - › **sleep 10**
- › After that go to <http://localhost:8080/job/cd-issa-gitea/>, the Gitea Jenkins Project that you created at the 3rd Step.
- › From the menu of the left, click on **Scan Gitea Organization Now**.
- › Now the ISSA/project repository should have it's own **project** folder with it's own Jenkins job for the **master** branch that only sleeps 10 seconds at each new change / commit.

Add your project source code

- › Go to <https://github.com/whymex/issa-cd-fii> and port the following files, keeping the directory structure in your Gitea repository
 - › **dev-requirements.txt**
 - › **requirements.txt**
 - › **project/__init__.py**
 - › **project/project.py**
- › **Commit each file individually.** 4 Jenkins builds (that still do nothing) should get triggered.

Jenkinsfile code

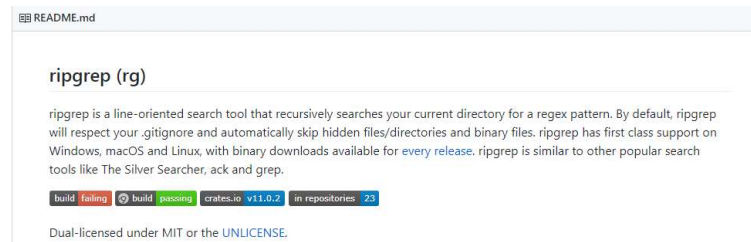
- › Edit the Jenkinsfile from your Gitea repository and copy paste the code from <https://github.com/whymex/issa-cd-fii/blob/master/Jenkinsfile>
- › Observe what's happening in Jenkins and check the Console Output
 - › Hint: In case of error, check system environment variable for python and pip.
 - › After the changes will be done, restart the Jenkins service from services.msc
- › Observe what happened in Gitea after the pipeline execution

Fix the code style and make the pipeline succeed

- › Fix the variables naming from **project/project.py** by replacing x and y with first_number and second_number
- › Commit the changes and analyze the Jenkins pipeline execution

Exercise: Add a build badge to README.md

- › **Points:** 1 / 5
- › The majority of the opensource project have inside their README.md a badge like icon that displays the build / pipeline execution status.
- › Example: <https://github.com/BurntSushi/ripgrep>



- › **Hints:**
 - › Use the following plug-in and check it's documentation how to set it up and add the necessary links to your README.md
<https://github.com/jenkinsci/embeddable-build-status-plugin>
 - › Allow anonymous users read access at Jenkins.