A GILE software development



What is Agile?

Issues with traditional team management methods

- Plan for up to a year of development, but circumstances and needs change
- Project managers have direct control over development
- Clients are not involved in process
- Strict long-duration waterfall structure, usually can't go back (Ex: planning -> design -> programming)

Agile is a software development methodology to build a software incrementally using short iterations of 1 to 4 weeks so that the development is aligned with the changing business needs.

Agile Manifesto

We are uncovering better ways of developing software by doing it and helping others do it.

Through this work we have come to value:

- Individuals and interactions over processes and tools
- Working software over comprehensive documentation
- Customer collaboration over contract negotiation
- Responding to change over following a plan

That is, while there is value in the items on the right, we value the items on the left more.

Important aspects

- Accept change
- Accept feedback
- Repeat what is difficult
- Emphasis on creation of value
- Team takes responsibility of the product
- Timeboxing of work into sprints

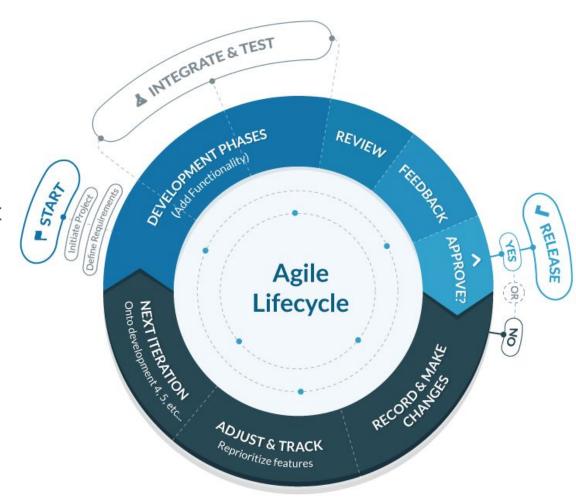
What does an Agile workflow look like?

Main Task Distribution

Composed of several themes Tasks are sorted according to Task **Epic & User Story** Epic **User Story** Task Theme Task Epic **User Story** Theme: aspect of the software Task Task

Useful Toolsand Elements

- Define requirements
- Testing during development
- Review & commit
- Risk vs value?
- Next iteration



SCRUM SOFTWARE PROCESS









PRODUCTBACKLOG

Team selects starting at top as much as it can commit to deliver by end of Sprint

SPRINT PLANNING MEETING



SPRINT BACKLOG



1-4 week SPRINT



DAILY STAND UP MEETING



SPRINT REVIEW



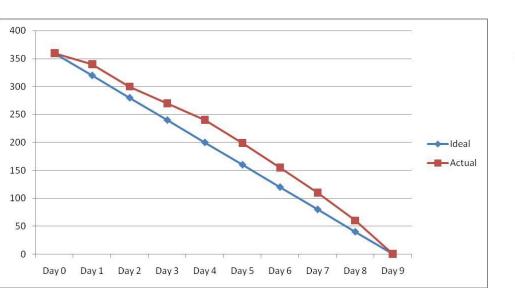
Sprint end date and team deliverable do not change



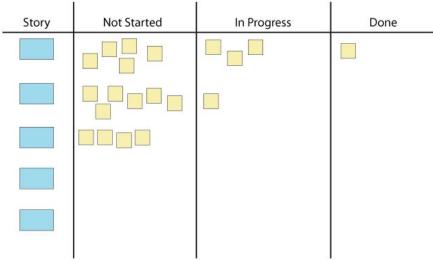


Tools: Charts

Burn-down Chart



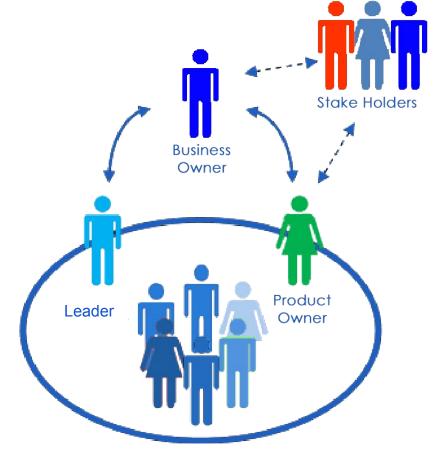
SCRUM Board



3

What is the hierarchy of an Agile project?

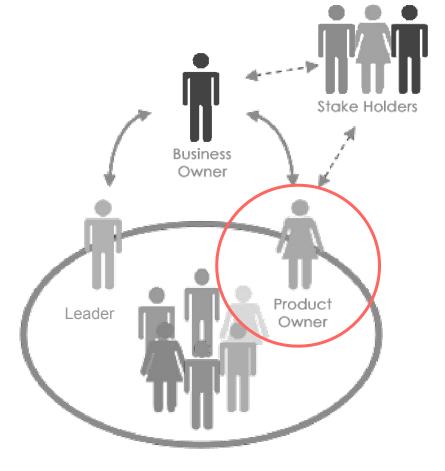
Hierarchy



Team

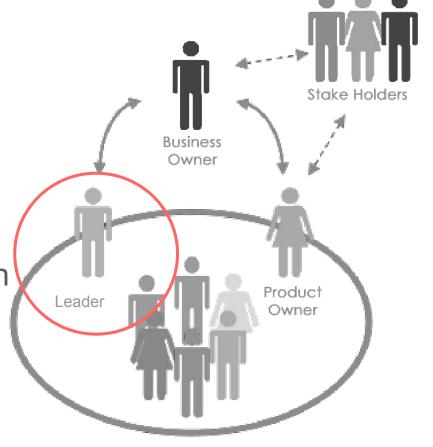
Product owner

- Set the priorities
- Define the requirements and Product Backlog
- Represents the client
- Prioritizes and prepares
 user stories for readiness



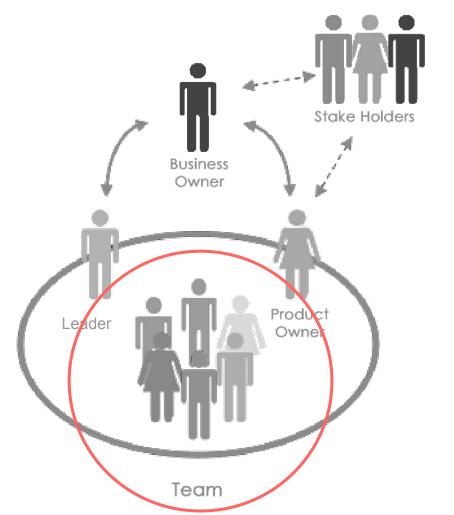
Leader

- Oversee the process
- Removes impediments to success.
- Remind the team of mission and value statements



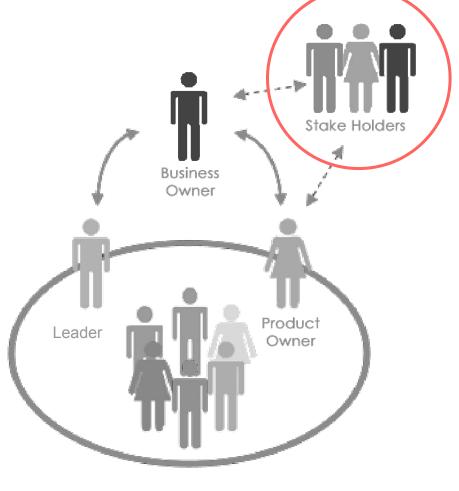
Agile team

- Build the product
- Work together to make the best of their talents
- Adapt quickly to new requirements



Stakeholders

- Set the right requirements
 with interested parties
- Get daily feedback
- Fund the project



Team



What are the criticisms? Why is it relevant for us?

Main criticisms

- Hard to implement in large teams
- Misleading terminology
- Remove sense of accomplishment
- Generate anxiety every iteration

Relevance

Why should we use an agile development process instead of a waterfall method?

- Adaptability over predictivity
- Iterative over waterfall
- Code over documentation