

Terlantarkan
Universitas Bina Nusantara

Player list :

DarkAngels

Bigby

EternalBeats

Daftar Isi

Forensic

Ingatan_MR_1

Ingatan_MR_2

Cryptography

Sphinx SPARK

Legend Said

Dukun Said

Forensic

Ingatan_MR_1

Langkah Penyelesaian:

Menggunakan plugin filesniffer bisa menemukan Rahasia.txt dan Peningkat.txt di dumpfile dan dilihat contentnya

```
root@kali:~/Documents/final_techno/ingatan_mr1# cat Rahasiaku.txt
Hari ini aku mencadangkannya ke penyimpanan cloud.
Semoga aman deh
root@kali:~/Documents/final_techno/ingatan_mr1# cat Peningkat.txt
Password zipnya juga udah aku hapus, supaya aman.
Aku takut rahasianya terbongkar :(root@kali:~/Documents/final_techno/ingatan_mr1#
```

Kita bisa mendapat Rahasia.zip dari iehistory

```
root@kali:~/Documents/final_techno/ingatan_mr1# cat iehistory.log
*****
Process: 1608 explorer.exe
Cache type "DEST" at 0x5ea2bb1
Last modified: 2021-03-30 21:13:50 UTC+0000
Last accessed: 2021-03-30 14:13:50 UTC+0000
URL: MR@https://www.gunadarma.ac.id/
Title: Universitas Gunadarma
*****
Process: 3884 iexplore.exe
Cache type "DEST" at 0x3f2cc91
Last modified: 2021-03-30 21:13:50 UTC+0000
Last accessed: 2021-03-30 14:13:50 UTC+0000
URL: MR@http://ccug.gunadarma.ac.id/
Title: Cyber Community Universitas Gunadarma
*****
Process: 3884 iexplore.exe
Cache type "DEST" at 0x50a36a1
Last modified: 2021-03-30 21:13:50 UTC+0000
Last accessed: 2021-03-30 14:13:50 UTC+0000
URL: MR@https://www.gunadarma.ac.id/
Title: Universitas Gunadarma
*****
Process: 3884 iexplore.exe
Cache type "DEST" at 0x51442d1
Last modified: 2021-03-30 21:13:42 UTC+0000
Last accessed: 2021-03-30 14:13:42 UTC+0000
URL: MR@https://pastebin.com/CHs5NgaK
Title: Secrettttt - Pastebin.com
root@kali:~/Documents/final_techno/ingatan_mr1#
```

<https://pastebin.com/CHs5NgaK>

Didapatkan link mega.nz

<https://mega.nz/file/4wVxSlac#EEwox2FIB-Dw18UBm1k2i9IJozDj-Nml9hagiv4zuVg>

Didapatkan zip dengan password, password sudah dihapus jadi penulis mencari menggunakan mftparser

```
MFT entry found at offset 0x2a845400
Attribute: In Use & File
Record Number: 28681
Link count: 1

$STANDARD_INFORMATION
Creation              Modified              MFT Altered              Access Date              Type
-----
2021-03-28 07:49:56 UTC+0000 2021-03-28 16:23:25 UTC+0000 2021-03-28 16:23:30 UTC+0000 2021-03-28 07:49:56 UTC+0000 Archive

$FILE_NAME
Creation              Modified              MFT Altered              Access Date              Name/Path
-----
2021-03-28 07:49:56 UTC+0000 2021-03-28 16:23:25 UTC+0000 2021-03-28 16:23:25 UTC+0000 2021-03-28 07:49:56 UTC+0000
$Recycle.Bin\S-1-5-21-646679477-4016880729-3615170523-1002\SRVV237U.txt

$OBJECT_ID
Object ID: 114839bb-0d90-eb11-a6a8-080027af13de
Birth Volume ID: 80000000-3000-0000-0000-180000000100
Birth Object ID: 17000000-1800-0000-3254-36746b516e45
Birth Domain ID: 4b573833-3751-3333-6144-6b474271326e

$DATA
0000000000: 32 54 36 74 6b 51 6e 45 4b 57 38 33 37 51 33 33 2T6tkQnEKW837Q33
0000000010: 61 44 6b 47 42 71 32 aDkGBq2
```

Ditemukan file.txt yang isinya semacam base64 , pertamanya kirain itu base lain tapi dimasukin sebagai password zip nya dan terbuka.

```
root@kali:~/Documents/final_techno/ingatan_mr1/zip# cat Rahasiaku.txt
technofair{R4haS1akU_h4nYA_s3bUaH_fLaG}root@kali:~/Documents/final_techno/ingatan_mr1/zip#
```

Code:

Menggunakan volatility 2.6.1 dengan windows profile dari suggested profiles

Flag:

technofair{R4haS1akU_h4nYA_s3bUaH_fLaG}

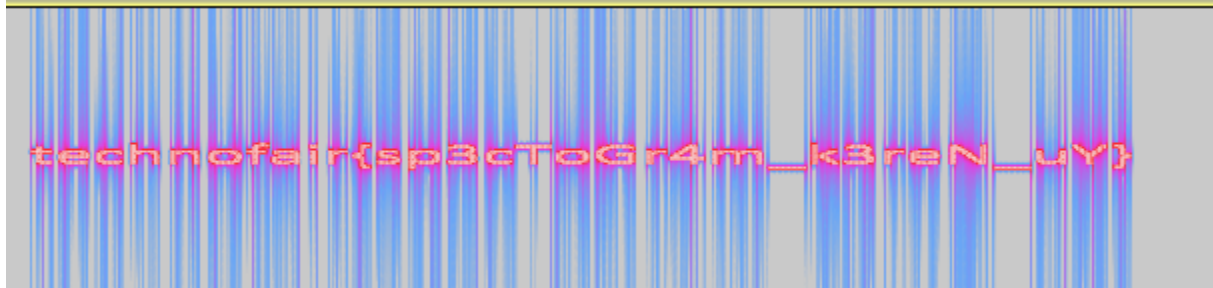
Ingatan_MR_2

Langkah Penyelesaian:

Sebenarnya saya menyelesaikannya saat mengerjakan Ingatan_MR_1

Sedang lihat-lihat filescan eh ketemu .wav You Win

Pas didengerin mirip morse code tapi mirip jangkrik, karena sakit telinga coba liat spectrogramnya di audacity



Code:

Menggunakan volatility 2.6.1 dengan windows profile dari suggested profiles

Flag:

technofair{sp3cToGr4m_k3reN_uY}

Cryptography

Sphinx SPARK

Langkah Penyelesaian:

Diberikan 10 digits random numbers, lempar LCG langsung dapat...

```
[*] Opening connection to 103.152.242.172 on port 7770: Done
[1361301184, 98224350, 1589209554, 1590856339, 1351084423, 183813983, 1280127895, 1618355619, 1822499278, 1186108185]
98224350
1589209554
1590856339
1351084423
183813983
1280127895
1618355619
1822499278
1186108185
1977053841
[*] Switching to interactive mode
[!] Quest : Guess the next number!

[?] Give him your guess!
[>] $ 1977053841

=====
[#] Sphinx : You're getting good at guessing, huh?
[!] FLAG : technofair{stay_with_meEe_mayonaka_no_d0a_o_tataki}

=====
[*] Got EOF while reading in interactive
```

Code:

```
from functools import reduce
from math import gcd
import pwn

class Random():
    def __init__(self, s, n, m, c):
        self.state = s
        self.n = n
        self.m = m
        self.c = c

    def next(self):
        self.state = (self.m * self.state + self.c) % self.n
        return self.state

def egcd(a, b):
    if a == 0:
        return (b, 0, 1)
```

```

    else:
        g, x, y = egcd(b % a, a)
        return (g, y - (b // a) * x, x)

def modinv(b, n):
    g, x, _ = egcd(b, n)
    if g == 1:
        return x % n
    else:
        raise Exception("Modular inverse does not exist")

def crack_unknown_increment(states, modulus, multiplier):
    increment = (states[1] - states[0]*multiplier) % modulus
    return modulus, multiplier, increment

def crack_unknown_multiplier(states, modulus, index=0):
    if index > (len(states)-1):
        raise Exception("Multiplier cannot be found")
    try:
        multiplier = (states[index + 2] - states[index + 1]) *
modinv(states[index + 1] - states[index], modulus) % modulus
    except Exception:
        index += 1
        crack_unknown_multiplier(states, modulus, index)
    multiplier = (states[index + 2] - states[index + 1]) *
modinv(states[index + 1] - states[index], modulus) % modulus
    return crack_unknown_increment(states, modulus, multiplier)

def crack_unknown_modulus(states):
    diffs = [s1 - s0 for s0, s1 in zip(states, states[1:])]
    zeroes = [t2*t0 - t1*t1 for t0, t1, t2 in zip(diffs, diffs[1:],
diffs[2:])]
    modulus = abs(reduce(gcd, zeroes))
    return crack_unknown_multiplier(states, modulus)

host, port = "103.152.242.172", 7770
s = pwn.remote(host, port)
s.recvuntil('The Sphinx gives you 10 numbers\n[!] ')
numbers = s.recvuntil('\n').strip().split(b' ')
tmp = []
for n in numbers:
    tmp.append(int(n))
numbers = tmp

```

```
print(numbers)

n,m,c = crack_unknown_modulus(numbers)
r = Random(numbers[0],n,m,c)
for i in range(9):
    print(r.next())
print(r.next())
s.interactive()
s.close()
```

Flag: technofair{stay_with_meEe_mayonaka_no_d0a_o_tataki}

Legend Said

Langkah Penyelesaian:

Encryption ECB untuk angka yang di generate dari LCG, untuk LCG nya tinggal pakai cara yang sama seperti Sphinx SPARK, untuk ECB nya mainin padding, tembusin 1 block, brute character (digit) pertama.

```
1205925354
[9791036654, 2487932451, 2680167864, 2761748789, 268110646, 3230405015, 1473663176, 2002989521, 1205925354]
2487932451 print(rand_values)
2680167864
2761748789 s = S()
268110646 s.recvuntil('Masukan Pilihan: ')
3230405015 s.sendline('2')
1473663176
2002989521
1205925354 c = crack_unknown_modulus(rand_values)
next number : 3575091043
[*] Switching to interactive mode
=====
Menu Utama
1. Current Random Cipher
2. Next Random Cipher
3. Guess Next Random Cipher
4. Encrypt Something
5. Panggil Dukun
6. Exit
=====
Masukan Pilihan: $ 4
=====
Plaintext: $ 3575091043
Ciphertext: b'9fb3f8df07729b34c5616b86bb779612'
=====
Menu Utama
1. Current Random Cipher
2. Next Random Cipher
3. Guess Next Random Cipher
4. Encrypt Something
5. Panggil Dukun
6. Exit
=====
Masukan Pilihan: $ 3
=====
Masukkan Prediksi Next Cipher: $ 9fb3f8df07729b34c5616b86bb779612
===== CONGRATSSS =====
this is your flag: technofair{cUm4-Br3aK_LcG_ama_PiNt3r_pInTeR_m4iNIn_s3rViCe_y4nG_d1s3d1aiN_4jA}
[*] Got EOF while reading in interactive
```

Code:

```
from Crypto.Cipher import AES
from Crypto.Util.Padding import pad
import binascii
import pwn
from functools import reduce
from math import gcd

class Random():
    def __init__(self, s, n, m, c):
        self.state = s
        self.n = n
```

```

        self.m = m
        self.c = c

    def next(self):
        self.state = (self.m * self.state + self.c) % self.n
        return self.state

def egcd(a, b):
    if a == 0:
        return (b, 0, 1)
    else:
        g, x, y = egcd(b % a, a)
        return (g, y - (b // a) * x, x)

def modinv(b, n):
    g, x, _ = egcd(b, n)
    if g == 1:
        return x % n
    else:
        raise Exception("Modular inverse does not exist")

def crack_unknown_increment(states, modulus, multiplier):
    increment = (states[1] - states[0]*multiplier) % modulus
    return modulus, multiplier, increment

def crack_unknown_multiplier(states, modulus, index=0):
    if index > (len(states)-1):
        raise Exception("Multiplier cannot be found")
    try:
        multiplier = (states[index + 2] - states[index + 1]) *
modinv(states[index + 1] - states[index], modulus) % modulus
    except Exception:
        index += 1
        crack_unknown_multiplier(states, modulus, index)
    multiplier = (states[index + 2] - states[index + 1]) *
modinv(states[index + 1] - states[index], modulus) % modulus
    return crack_unknown_increment(states, modulus, multiplier)

def crack_unknown_modulus(states):
    diffs = [s1 - s0 for s0, s1 in zip(states, states[1:])]
    zeroes = [t2*t0 - t1*t1 for t0, t1, t2 in zip(diffs, diffs[1:],
diffs[2:])]
    modulus = abs(reduce(gcd, zeroes))

```

```

    return crack_unknown_multiplier(states, modulus)

host, port = "103.152.242.172", 9070
s = pwn.remote(host, port)

rand_values = []

for r in range(9):
    blockPadLimit = 'a'*7
    rand = ''
    for i in range(10):
        s.recvuntil('Masukan Pilihan: ')
        s.sendline('5')
        s.recv(1024)
        m = blockPadLimit+'a'*i
        s.sendline(m)
        s.recvuntil('Balasan dari dukun: ')
        target = s.recvuntil('\n').split(b"")[1][32:]
        for j in range(10):
            prompt = s.recvuntil('Masukan Pilihan: ')
            m = pad((str(j)+rand).encode(), 16)
            if b'\n' in m:
                s.sendline('5')
                s.recv(1024)
                m = blockPadLimit+'a'*(i+1)
                s.sendline(m)
                s.recvuntil('Balasan dari dukun: ')
                target = s.recvuntil('\n').split(b"")[1][32:]
            for a in range(10):
                for b in range(10):
                    s.recvuntil('Masukan Pilihan: ')
                    s.sendline('4')
                    m = pad((str(a)+str(b)+ rand).encode(), 16)
                    s.sendline(m)
                    s.recvuntil('Ciphertext: ')
                    cipher =
s.recvuntil('\n').split(b"")[1][:32]
                    if target == cipher:
                        rand = str(b) + rand
                        print(rand)
                        break
                else:
                    continue

```

```

        break
    else:
        s.sendline('4')
        p = s.recv(1024)
        s.sendline(m)
        s.recvuntil('Ciphertext: ')
        cipher = s.recvuntil('\n').split(b'"')[1][:32]
        if target == cipher:
            rand = str(j) + rand
            print(rand)
            break
    rand_values.append(int(rand))
    print(rand_values)
    if r < 8:
        s.recvuntil('Masukan Pilihan: ')
        s.sendline('2')

n,m,c = crack_unknown_modulus(rand_values)

r = Random(rand_values[0], n, m, c)
for i in range(8):
    print(r.next())
print("next number :",r.next())
s.interactive()

s.close()

```

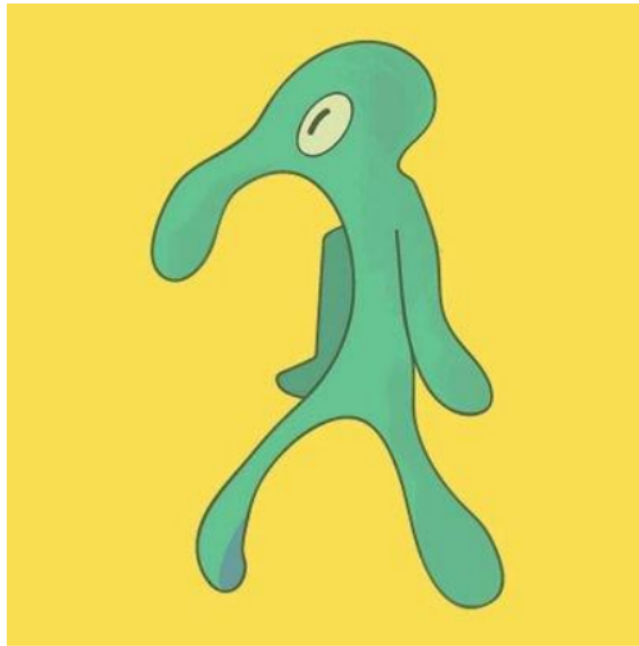
Flag:

technofair{cUm4_Br3aK_LcG_ama_PiNt3r_plnTeR_m4iNln_s3rViCe_y4nG_d1s3d1aiN_4jA}

Dukun Said

Langkah Penyelesaian:

Reverse manually the obfuscation... yeah... just that nothing else...



`technofair{i_se3_y0u_l0oK_s0_f4mlliaR_w1th_nuMpY_arR4y}`

Code:

```
import numpy as np
import base64

def functionA():
    tmpVariable = np.copy(five[:,2])
    five[:,2] = three[:,2]
    three[:,2] = six[:,2]
    six[:,2] = one[:,2]
    one[:,2] = tmpVariable
    two[:] = np.rot90(two, 1)
    return one, six, three, five, two
```

```

def functionB():
    tmpVariable = np.copy(six[:,0])
    six[:,0] = three[:,0]
    three[:,0] = five[:,0]
    five[:,0] = one[:,0]
    one[:,0] = tmpVariable
    four[:] = np.rot90(four,1)
    return one, six, three, five, four

def functionC():
    tmpVariable = np.copy(four[:1])
    tmpVariable2 = np.copy(two[:1])
    tmpVariable2 = np.flip(tmpVariable2,1)
    tmpVariable3 = np.copy(three[2:])
    tmpVariable3 = np.flip(tmpVariable3,1)
    four[:1] = tmpVariable3
    three[2:] = tmpVariable2
    two[:1] = one[:1]
    one[:1] = tmpVariable
    five[:] = np.rot90(five,1)
    return one, two, three, four, five

def functionD():
    tmpVariable = np.copy(two[2:])
    tmpVariable2 = np.copy(four[2:])
    tmpVariable2 = np.flip(tmpVariable2,1)
    tmpVariable3 = np.copy(three[:1])
    tmpVariable3 = np.flip(tmpVariable3,1)
    two[2:] = tmpVariable3
    three[:1] = tmpVariable2
    four[2:] = one[2:]
    one[2:] = tmpVariable
    six[:] = np.rot90(six,1)
    return one, four, three, two, six

def functionE():
    tmpVariable = np.copy(six[:1])
    tmpVariable2 = np.copy(five[2:])
    tmpVariable2 = np.flip(tmpVariable2)
    tmpVariable3 = np.flip(tmpVariable)
    six[:1] = four[:,2]
    four[:,2] = tmpVariable2
    five[2:] = two[:,0]

```

```

two[:,0] = tmpVariable3
one[:] = np.rot90(one,1)
return two, five, four, six, one

def functionF():
    tmpVariable = np.copy(five[:1])
    tmpVariable2 = np.copy(two[:,2])
    tmpVariable2 = np.flip(tmpVariable2)
    tmpVariable3 = np.copy(four[:,0])
    tmpVariable3 = np.flip(tmpVariable3)
    five[:1] = tmpVariable3
    four[:,0] = six[2:]
    six[2:] = tmpVariable2
    two[:,2] = tmpVariable
    three[:] = np.rot90(three,1)
    return two, six, four, five, three

def functionEncrypt():
    for i in key:
        if i=='A':
            functionA()
        elif i=='B':
            functionB()
        elif i=='C':
            functionC()
        elif i=='D':
            functionD()
        elif i=='E':
            functionE()
        elif i=='F':
            functionF()
        else:
            continue
    ret = ''
    for i in range(6):
        for j in range(9):
            ret += chr(reshapedtedList[i][j])
    return ret

key = "FEAABEADDFEADEA"[:-1]
cipher = open('result.enc','rb').read()
add = 8
pad = 54-add

```

```

partOfFlag = []
plain = ''
for a in range(0, len(cipher)//54):
    for b in range(a*54, (a+1)*54):
        partOfFlag.append(cipher[b])
    partOfFlag = np.array(partOfFlag)
    reshapedtedList = partOfFlag.reshape(6,9)
    one = reshapedtedList[0].reshape((3,3))
    two = reshapedtedList[1].reshape((3,3))
    three = reshapedtedList[5].reshape((3,3))
    four = reshapedtedList[2].reshape((3,3))
    five = reshapedtedList[3].reshape((3,3))
    six = reshapedtedList[4].reshape((3,3))
    plain += functionEncrypt()
    partOfFlag = []

print(plain[:4])
target = "JVBE" #pdf file signature first 3 bytes encoded with base64
if plain[:4] == target:
    print("found it")
    with open('flag.pdf', 'wb') as handle:
        handle.write(base64.b64decode(plain.encode()+b'=='))

```

Flag: technofair{i_se3_y0u_l0oK_s0_f4mlliaR_w1th_nuMpY_arR4y}