

Description

This lab teaches you how to create a Custom Profile by implementing an RGB LED controller through BLE. It also demonstrates how to combine CapSense and BLE in a system, by designing a slider application.

Pre-Reading

Custom Profile

The BLE standard provides you with an option to create your own Profile for a customized application. A Custom Profile can contain standard BLE Services as well as custom Services you define.

A Custom Service is user-defined, i.e., you can define your own Characteristics and their Descriptors. Each Service, Characteristic, and Descriptor will have its own UUID, which you define.

Recall, the UUID stands for Universally Unique Identifier, which is the ID you define for each Attribute – thus for each Service, Characteristic, and Descriptor. All UUIDs are 128-bit, but in order to reduce the data transfer over BLE, the UUIDs can be shortened to 16-bit or 32-bit values, which are superimposed on a base 128-bit value. Thus, you can define a 16-bit, 32-bit, or 128-bit UUID for each attribute.

Custom Service for RGB LED

Cypress has defined a Custom Service for transferring RGB LED data over BLE. The Service has one Characteristic. The Characteristic details are given in [Table 1](#). This Characteristic contains 4 bytes as described in [Table 2](#). One byte each for the Red, Green and Blue LEDs and another byte for the overall LED intensity.

Custom Service UUID (16-bit): 0xCBBB

Custom Characteristic UUID (16-bit): 0xCBB1

Table 1: Custom Service for RGB LED

Characteristic	Details	Properties	Descriptors
Custom	Carries the RGB hue and brightness level information.	Read, Write	Characteristic User Description

The Read property signifies that the Characteristic can be read by the GATT Client. The Write property signifies that the Characteristic value can be changed by the GATT Client.

The Characteristic User Description Descriptor is a string to identify what the Custom Characteristic is. The GATT Client treats this as the name of the Characteristic.

Table 2: Custom Characteristic Fields for RGB LED

Field Name	Field Requirement	Size in Bytes	Additional Information
Red LED	Mandatory	1	Range: 0 to 255
Green LED	Mandatory	1	Range: 0 to 255
Blue LED	Mandatory	1	Range: 0 to 255
Intensity	Mandatory	1	Range: 0 to 255

Custom Service for CapSense Slider

Cypress has defined another Custom Service for CapSense functionality. The Service has one Characteristic for implementing sliders. See [Table 3](#) for details.

Custom Service UUID (16-bit): 0xCAB5

Custom Characteristic UUID (16-bit): 0xCAAA2

Table 3: Custom Service for CapSense Slider

Characteristic	Details	Properties	Descriptors
Custom	Carries the CapSense slider information. This is 1 byte data and the valid range is 0 to 255.	Notify	Client Characteristic Configuration Characteristic User Description

The Notify property means that the GATT Server (the BLE Pioneer Kit in this case) can send unsolicited notifications to the GATT Client, once notifications enabled by the GATT Client.

The Client Characteristic Configuration Descriptor (or CCCD) is used by the GATT Server to identify whether notifications are enabled or not. If the CCCD has a value of '1', the notifications are enabled. A value of '0' indicates disabled notifications.

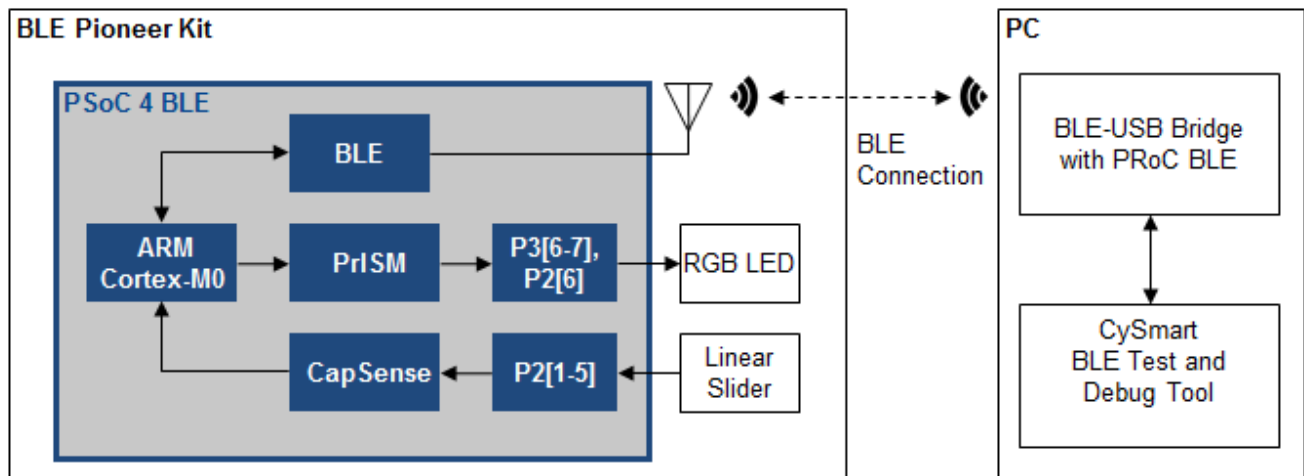
Objectives

1. Adjust RGB LED color and intensity using the PRiSM Component
2. Implement a custom BLE Profile with a custom Service to send RGB LED color and intensity over BLE
3. Implement a Custom Service to send CapSense slider data over BLE
4. Use the CySmart tool or mobile app to validate the operation

Requirements	Details
Hardware	BLE Pioneer Kit (CY8CKIT-042-BLE)
Software	PSoC Creator 3.1 (or newer)
	CySmart 1.0
	CySmart iOS or CySmart Android app

Block Diagram

Figure 1: Lab 4 Block Diagram



Background Check

This lab requires a basic working knowledge of PSoC Creator and the BLE Component. Ensure that you have covered at least Lab 1 and Lab 2 before proceeding.

Theory

This lab implements two Custom Services – one to control the RGB LED on the kit over BLE, and the other to send CapSense slider information over BLE.

To control the LED, the Universal Digital Blocks (UDBs) are used. A UDB can be configured as a PrISM Component (short for Precision Illumination Signal Modulation) which can drive two outputs with a Linear Feedback Shift Register. Two PrISM blocks are used to drive the three LEDs on the kit at any intensity desired. Together, these PrISM blocks control the hue and brightness of the RGB LED. This Component provides better EMI performance than using a standard PWM to control intensity. See the Component datasheet for additional details.

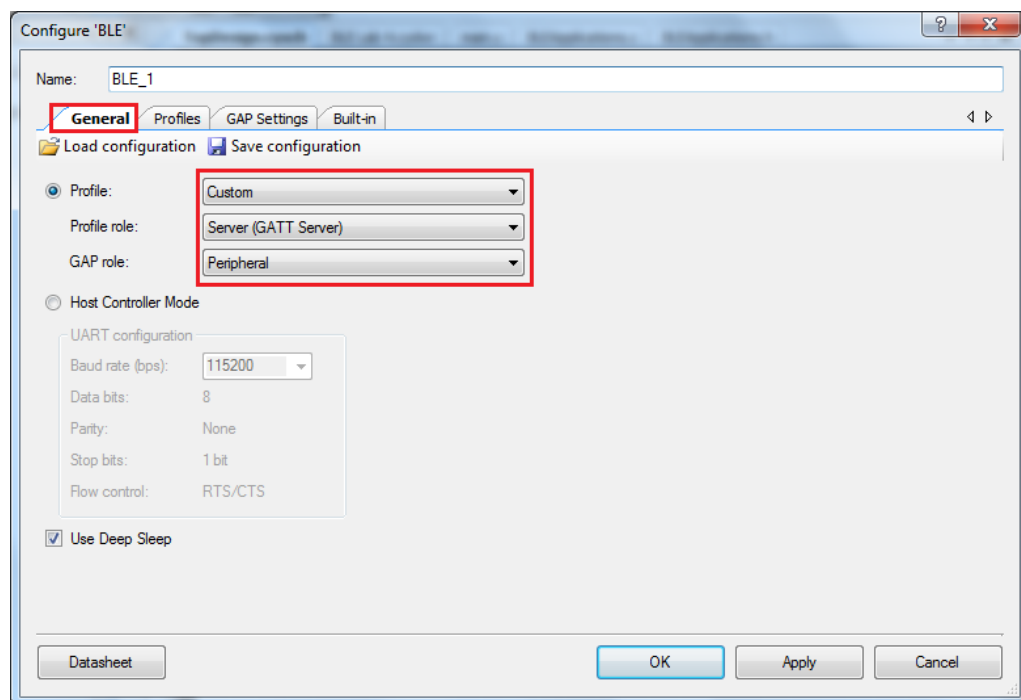
Procedure

We start this project with a template lab. Some of the details are already present, and you need to fill in the blanks as instructed. To get started, open the project **BLE Lab 4** and follow these instructions.

Configure Schematic

1. Open the schematic and place the **BLE Component**. Configure the Component as shown in the following steps. For more information, please refer to the BLE Component datasheet.
2. **General Tab** - Set the **Profile** to **Custom** and the **Profile role** to **Server (GATT Server)**. Set the **GAP role** to **Peripheral**. See [Figure 2](#).

Figure 2: BLE Component - General Tab

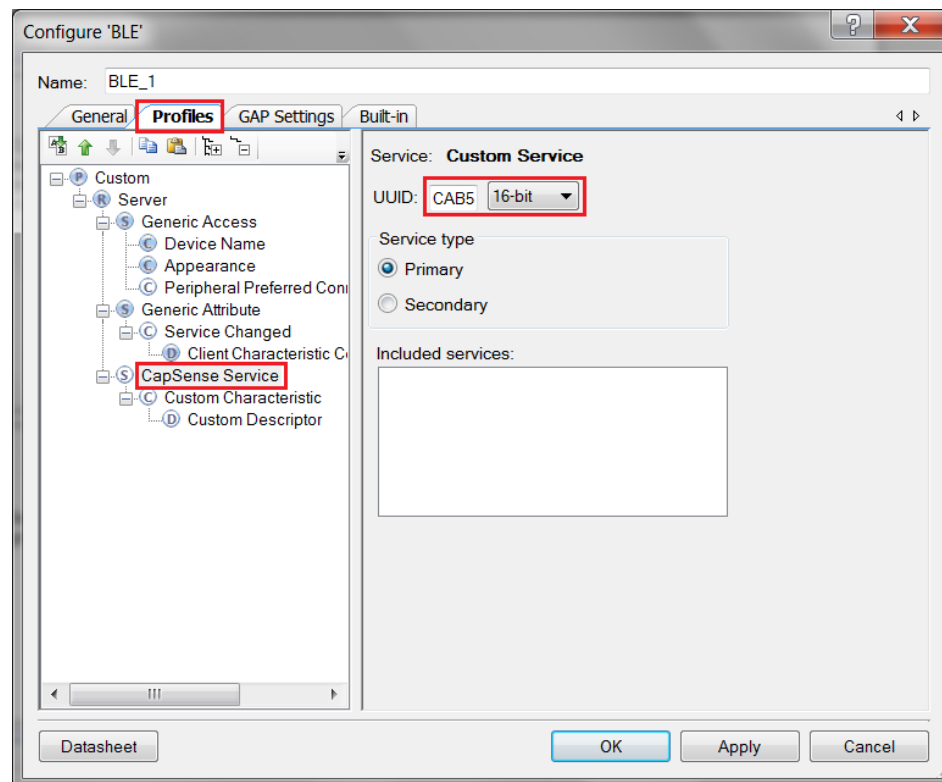


3. **Profiles Tab** - This tab has a custom service already. Configure that for CapSense Slider, and add another Custom Service for RGB LED. Follow these steps:

3.1. Custom Service for CapSense Slider

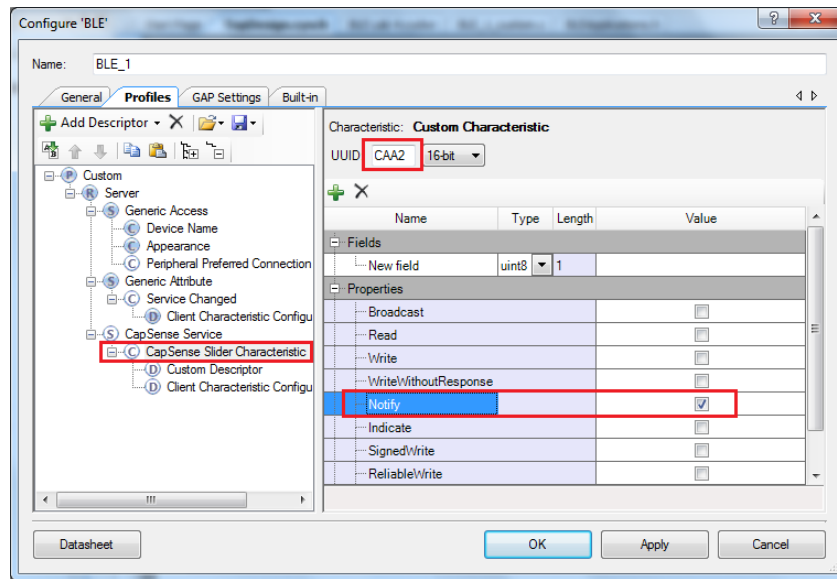
- a. Configure the Custom Service for CapSense Slider. Specifically:
- b. **Custom Service** - Rename this service to **CapSense Service** by right-clicking on **Custom Service** and choosing **Rename**.
- c. Set the **UUID length** as **16-bit** and **value** as **0xCAB5** (note: do NOT enter "0x" in the box, just the four hex values). This is the UUID defined by Cypress for this Service. See [Figure 3](#).

Figure 3: Configuring Custom Service UUID for CapSense Slider



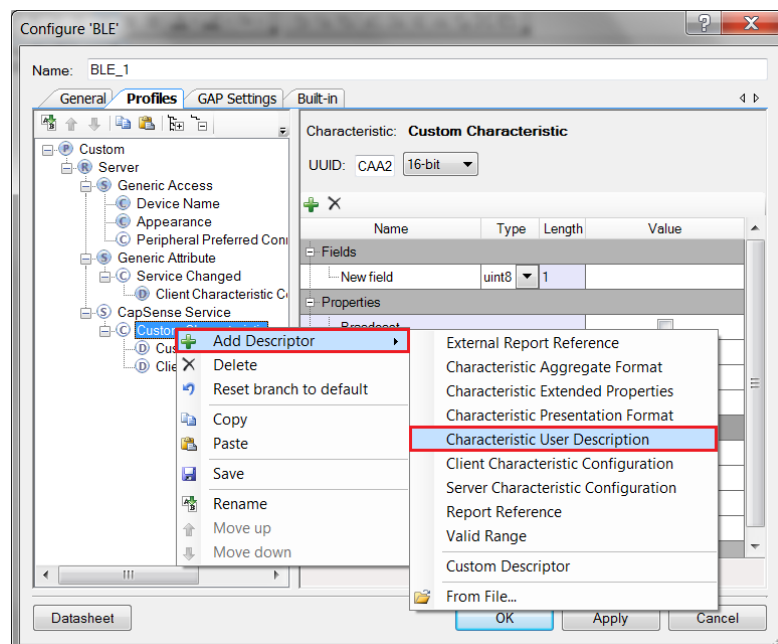
- d. **Custom Characteristic** – Rename this to **CapSense Slider Characteristic**. Set the **UUID (16-bit)** to **0xCAA2**. Enable **Notify** in the **Properties** for the Characteristic. When you enable the Notify property, the **Client Characteristic Configuration Descriptor** is automatically added. See [Figure 4](#).

Figure 4: Configuring Custom Characteristic for CapSense Slider



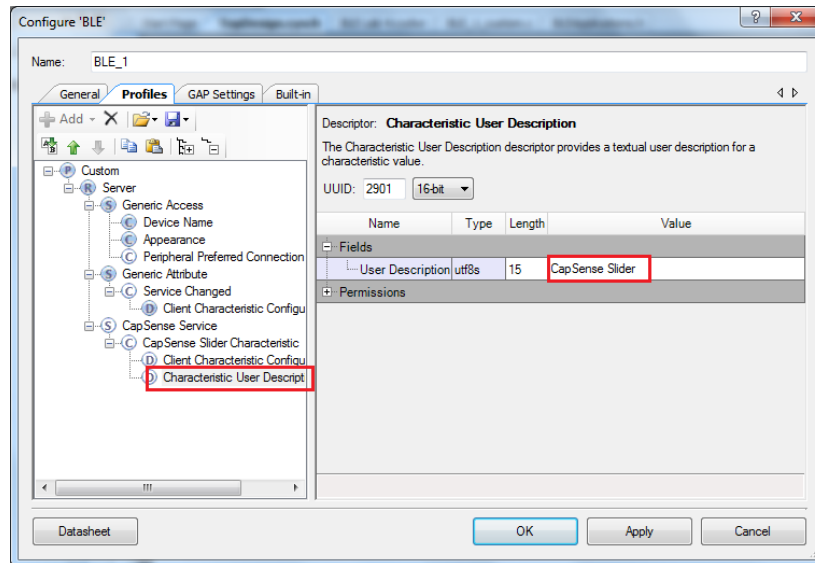
- e. Delete the **Custom Descriptor** by right-clicking on it and selecting **Delete**.
- f. Click on the **CapSense Slider Characteristic**, and using the **Add Descriptor** drop down on the top, add the **Characteristic User Description** Descriptor. See [Figure 5](#).

Figure 5: Add Descriptor for the CapSense Service



- g. Set the value of **Characteristic User Description** to **CapSense Slider**. See [Figure 6](#).

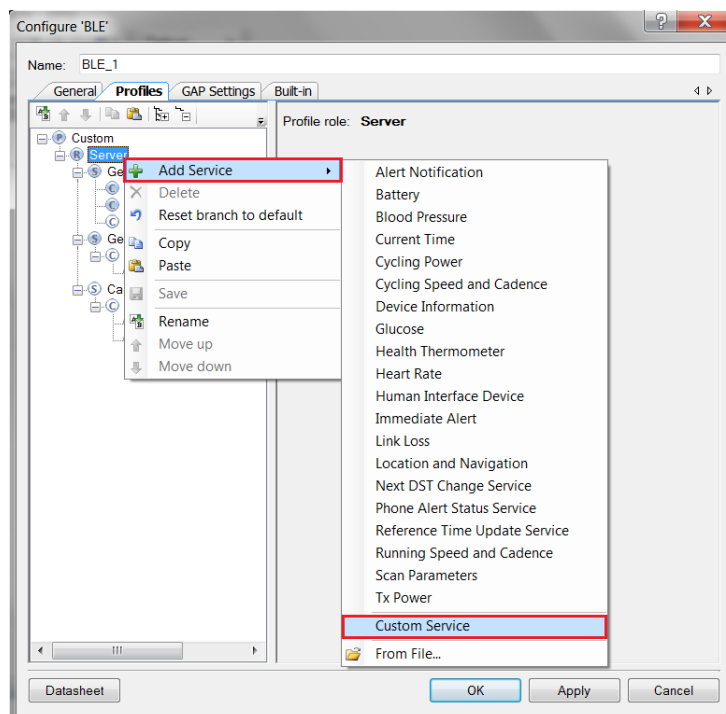
Figure 6: Characteristic User Description for CapSense Slider Characteristic



3.2. Custom Service for RGB LED

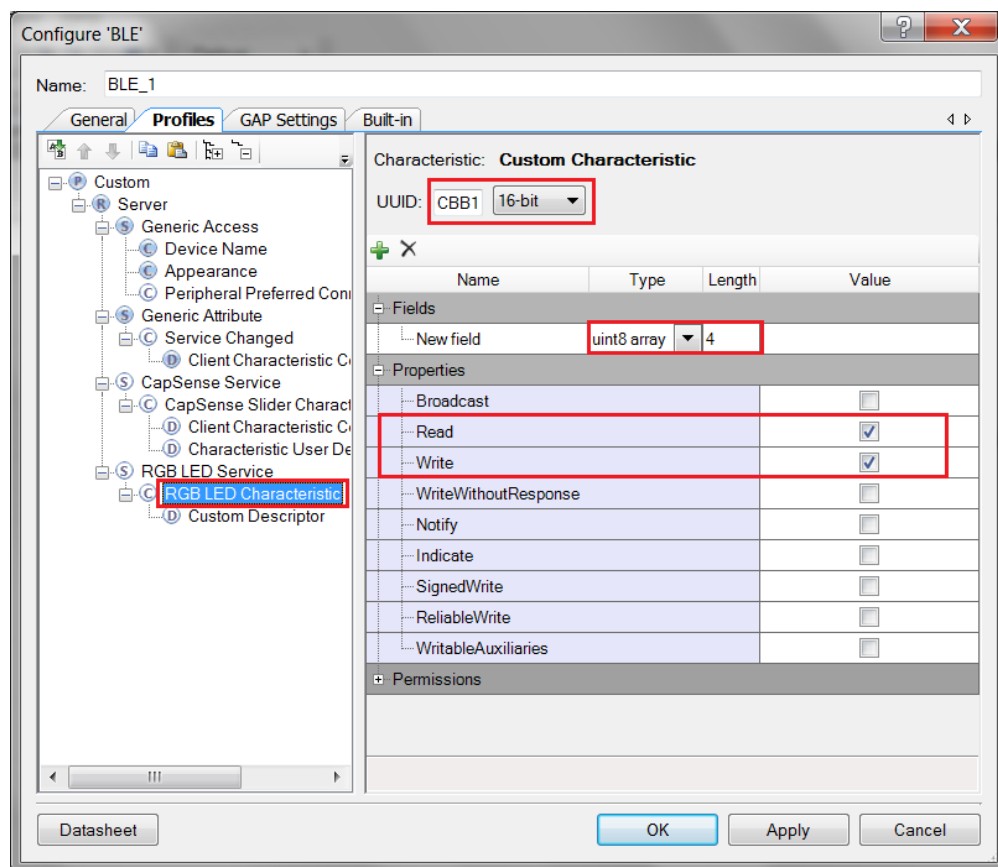
- a. Add a new Custom Service to the **Profiles** page by right-clicking on **Server** and then selecting **Add Service -> Custom Service**. See [Figure 7](#).

Figure 7: Add Custom Service for RGB LED



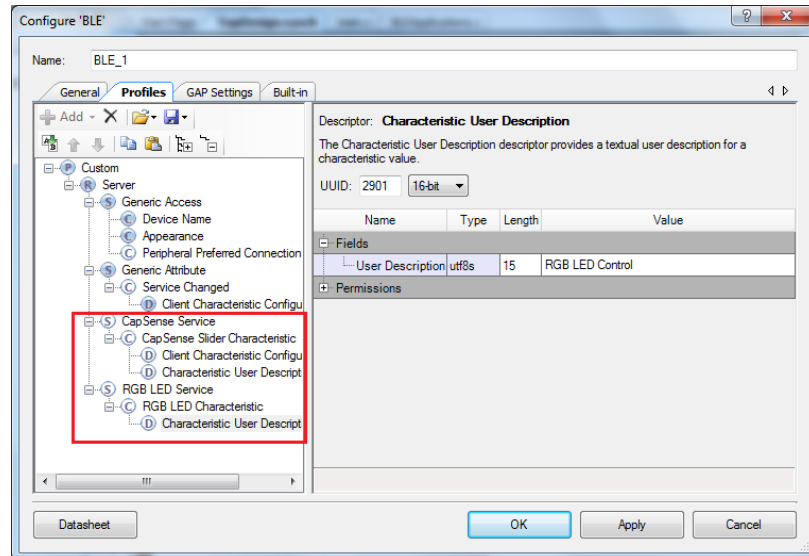
- Rename this **Custom Service** to **RGB LED Service**. Set its **UUID (16-bit)** to **0xCBBB**.
- Rename the **Custom Characteristic** in this service to **RGB LED Characteristic**. Set its **UUID (16-bit)** to **0xCBB1**. See [Figure 8](#).
- For the **RGB LED Characteristic**, change the Type of **New Field** under the **Fields** column to **uint8 array** and the **Length** to **4**, see [Figure 8](#). This is because the Characteristic contains four bytes – for Red LED, Green LED, Blue LED, and overall intensity. See [Table 2](#) on Page 1 for details on the characteristic.
- Enable **Read** and **Write** in the Characteristic properties. See [Figure 8](#).

Figure 8: Configuring Characteristic for RGB LED Service



- f. **Delete the Custom Descriptor.**
- g. **Add the Characteristic User Description Descriptor.** Give it a value of **RGB LED Control**.
- h. Your **Profiles** tab should now look like [Figure 9](#).

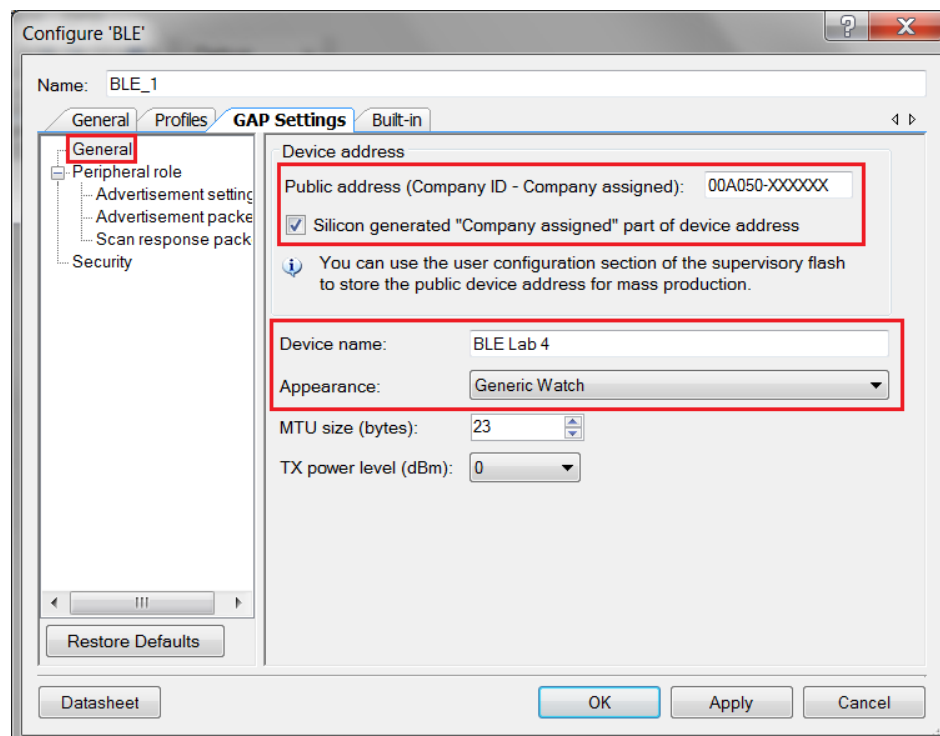
Figure 9: Profiles Tab for Lab 4



4. **GAP Settings Tab.** Refer to the BLE Component datasheet for more information on the configuration parameters.

- 4.1. **General** - Set the **Device Address**, **Device name**, and **Appearance** as shown in [Figure 10](#).

Figure 10: GAP Settings - General

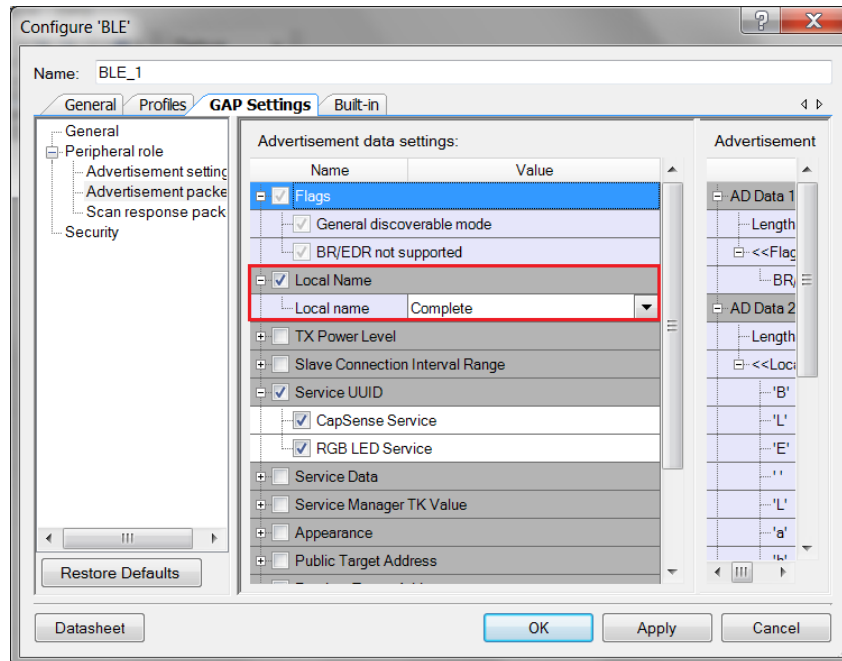


4.2. **Advertising Settings** - Leave these default settings.

4.3. **Advertisement Packet** – Enable the **Local Name** and configure other settings as per your choice.

See [Figure 11](#).

Figure 11: GAP Settings – Advertisement Packets



4.4. **Scan Response Packet** – Leave these default settings.

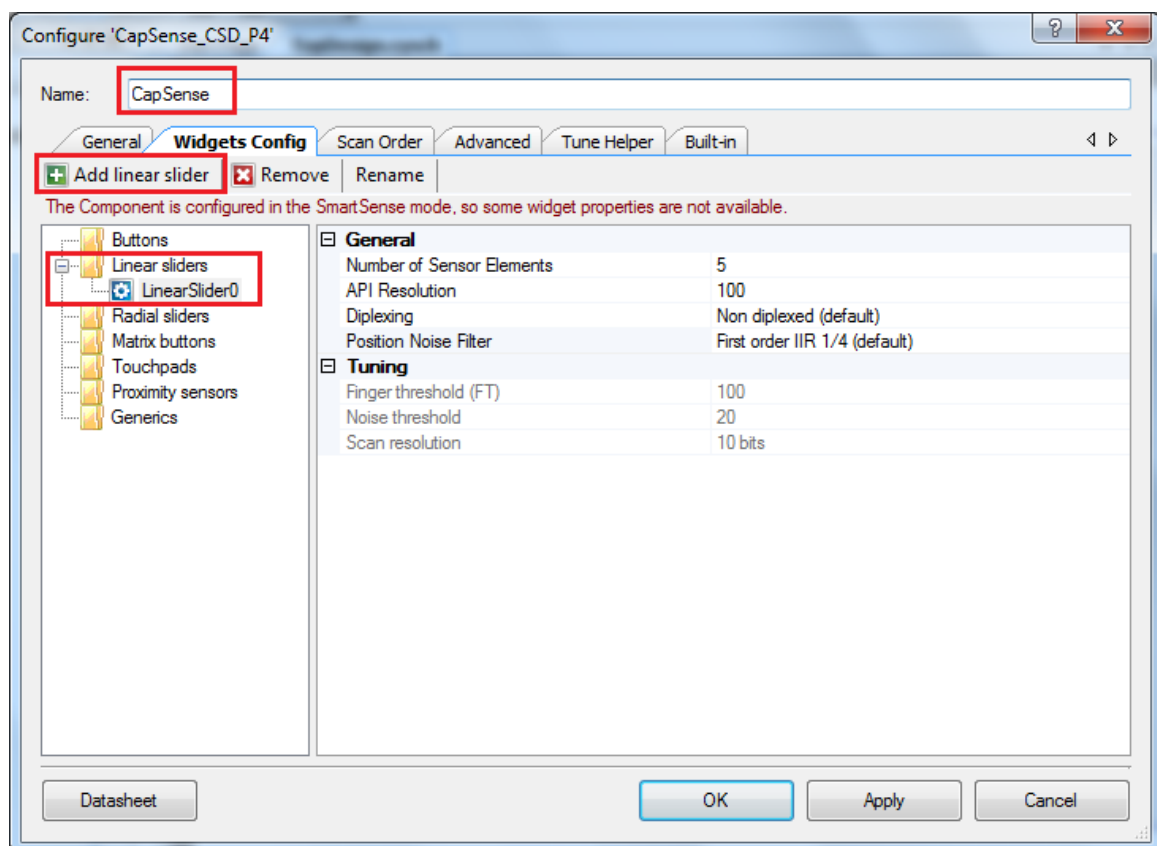
4.5. **Security** – Configure as below:

- Security mode:** Select **Mode 1** security
- Security level:** Select **No Security (No Authentication, No Encryption)**
- I/O Capabilities:** Set this to **No Input No Output**
- Pairing method:** Select **Just works**
- Bonding requirement:** Set this to **No Bonding**
- Encryption key size (bytes):** Leave this parameter to the default value of **16**

5. Click **OK** to finish your BLE Component configuration.

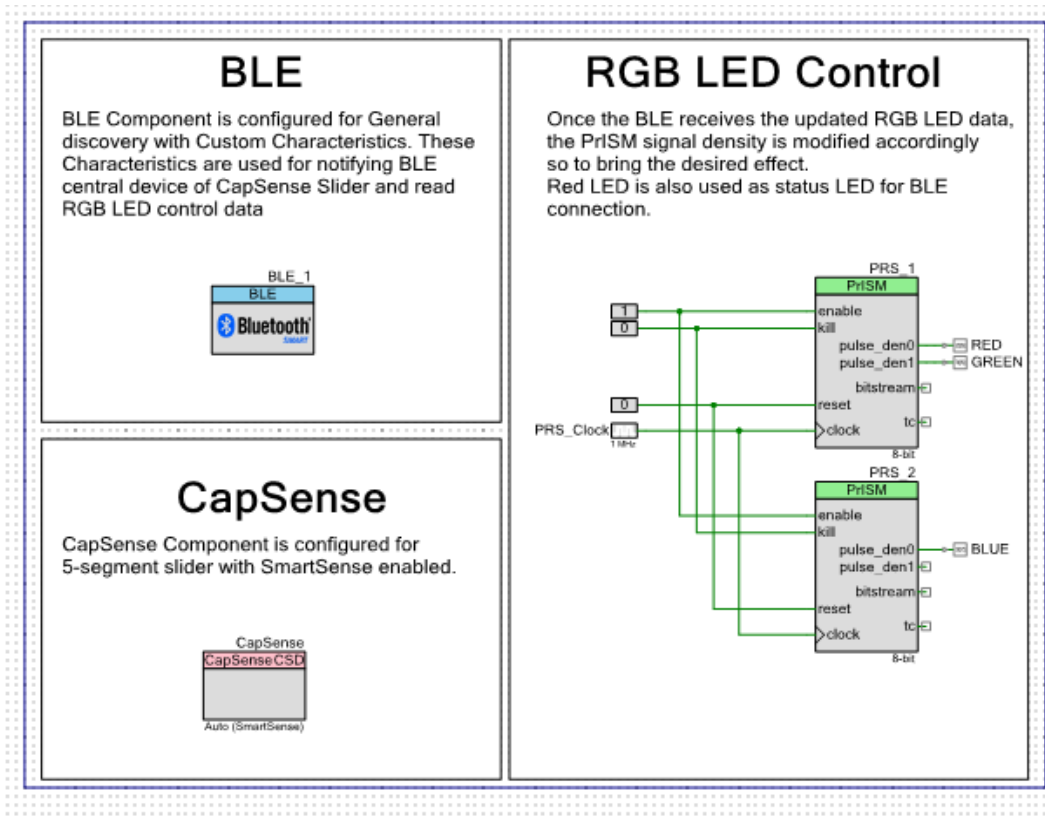
6. Add the **CapSense CSD** Component to the schematic. This Component is used to sense your finger position on the slider on the BLE Pioneer Kit.
7. **Configure** the CapSense CSD Component's name to be **CapSense**. On the **General** tab, leave the default settings. The Component automatically tunes its parameters for the best performance, using SmartSense Auto-Tuning – an algorithm that sets, monitors and continuously maintains optimal capacitive sensor performance.
8. On the **Widgets Config** tab, add a linear slider by clicking **Linear sliders** and then the **Add linear slider button**, as shown in [Figure 12](#).
9. Leave the slider's settings at default. Note that each element's sensitivity can be changed on the **Scan Order** tab. Values can be from 1 – 10 with lower values providing higher sensitivity. See the Component's datasheet for additional information on this and other CapSense settings.
10. Click **OK** to complete the configuration.

Figure 12: CapSense Component Configuration - Adding a Linear Slider



11. The other Components have already been placed on the schematic. Double-click one of the **PrISM** Components and examine the settings. Click the **Datasheet** button and review the datasheet for some additional information on this Component and how it works.
12. Your schematic should now look as [Figure 13](#) shows.

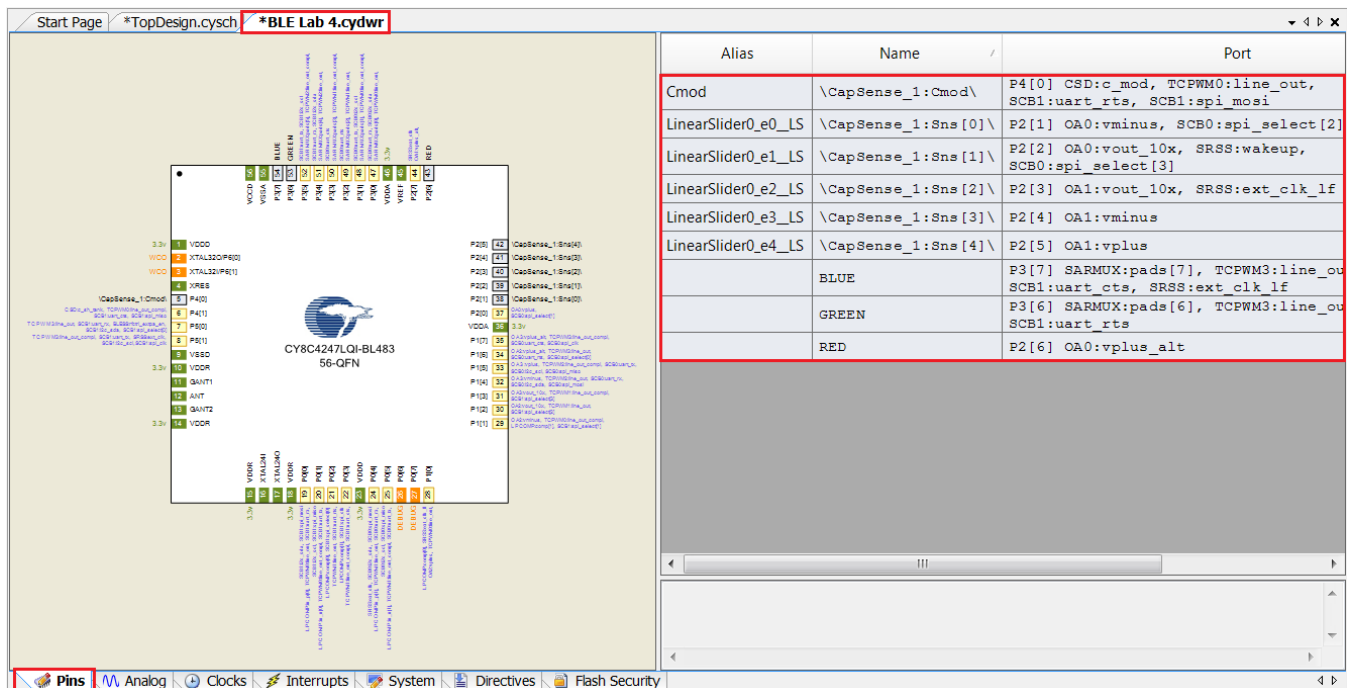
Figure 13: Schematic for Lab 4



Configure DWR

Open the DWR file. On the **Pins** tab, assign the segments of the linear slider to pins **P2[1], P2[2], P2[3], P2[4], and P2[5]**, in increasing order. The **CMOD** capacitor is on **P4[0]**. The three LEDs are already set to the correct device pins.

Figure 14: Design Wide Resources – Pins Assignment



Alias	Name	Port
Cmod	\CapSense_1:Cmod\	P4[0] CSD:c_mod, TCPWM0:line_out, SCB1:uart_rts, SCB1:spi_mosi
LinearSlider0_e0_LS	\CapSense_1:Sns[0]\	P2[1] OA0:vminus, SCB0:spi_select[2]
LinearSlider0_e1_LS	\CapSense_1:Sns[1]\	P2[2] OA0:vout_10x, SRSS:wakeup, SCB0:spi_select[3]
LinearSlider0_e2_LS	\CapSense_1:Sns[2]\	P2[3] OA1:vout_10x, SRSS:ext_clk_1f
LinearSlider0_e3_LS	\CapSense_1:Sns[3]\	P2[4] OA1:vminus
LinearSlider0_e4_LS	\CapSense_1:Sns[4]\	P2[5] OA1:vplus
	BLUE	P3[7] SARMUX:pads[7], TCPWM3:line_out, SCB1:uart_cts, SRSS:ext_clk_1f
	GREEN	P3[6] SARMUX:pads[6], TCPWM3:line_out, SCB1:uart_rts
	RED	P2[6] OA0:vplus_alt

Build your project to generate the Component source files. This helps you while writing firmware because PSoC Creator can auto-complete the API names, variables, and macros for you. The build will produce some errors because the firmware is not yet completed. Don't worry about these errors yet.

Firmware

The firmware consists of these high-level blocks:

1. **CapSense slider:** The CapSense slider on the kit is scanned periodically. If the finger position is different from the previous scan, a notification packet is sent over BLE. The scan happens only when the notifications for this CapSense Slider Characteristic are enabled by the GATT Client.
2. **RGB LED:** The PrISM blocks used to drive the RGB LED are configured based on the Attribute values written by the GATT Client. The value can be in a range of 0 and 255 for each LED individually. This value is converted into a percentage of intensity for that LED and the corresponding PrISM block is configured. The overall LED brightness is a separate input (one of the four bytes in that characteristic) which controls the final intensity of all LEDs.
3. **BLE:** The events generated by the BLE Stack are handled to keep track of advertisement, connection, and disconnection states. The Attribute Write request event is handled by first identifying the Attribute which was written to by the GATT Client.

If the Attribute is the CapSense Slider Characteristic's Client Characteristic Configuration Descriptor (CCCD), then the slider notifications are correspondingly enabled (CCCD = 1) or disabled (CCCD = 0). On the other hand, if the Attribute is the RGB LED Characteristic, then the LED is controlled accordingly.

4. **Application Layer:** A top-level application layer is written for the firmware.

The firmware flow is shown in Figure 15. Table 4 lists the files present in the firmware. This table describes the different functions defined in these files and their usage.

Figure 15: Firmware Firmware

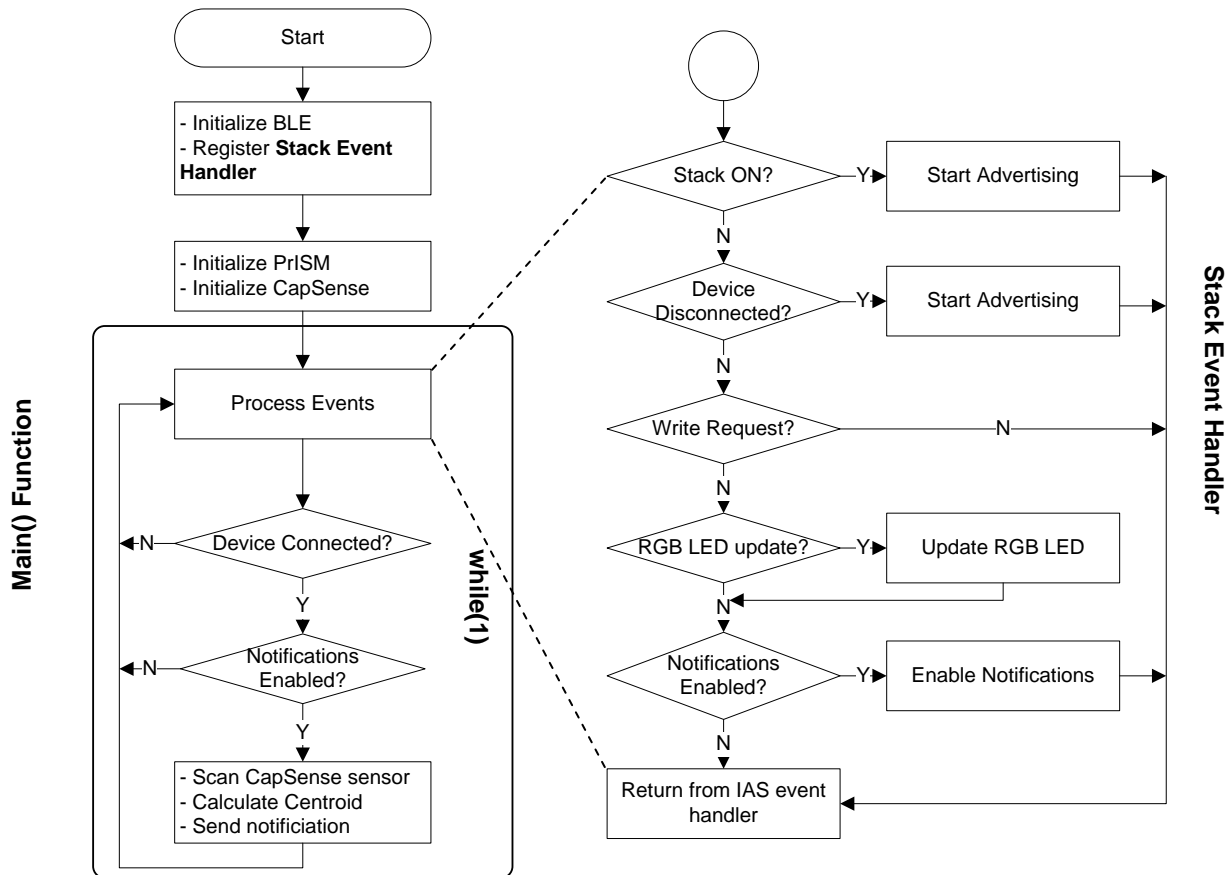


Table 4: Main Files Present in the Lab 4 Project

File name	Details
main.c	<p>This is the top level application file. It initializes the system and runs the main loop. It also handles the CapSense slider functionality.</p> <p>This file has three functions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> main() – The main function for the application InitializeSystem() – Initializes all the blocks of the system HandleCapSenseSlider() – Scans the CapSense slider and finds the finger position on the slider. When the finger position changes relative to the previous scan, it

	sends the new position as a notification over BLE. The notifications are sent by calling the SendCapSenseNotification() function.
BLEApplications.c	<p>This file handles the BLE specific functionality of the project. It handles the BLE events and notifications. The file has these functions:</p> <p>CustomEventHandler(): Handles the events for BLE advertisement, connection, and disconnection. Also services the write requests to the Custom Characteristics and Descriptors. This function is a callback from the BLE Stack for all events.</p> <p>SendCapSenseNotification(): Creates a CapSense Slider Characteristic notification packet and sends it. This function is called by HandleCapSenseSlider() function in main.c.</p> <p>UpdateRGBled(): Configures the PrISM blocks to drive the RGB LED as per the latest data. Also updates the RGB LED Characteristic in the database with the latest data for a future read by the GATT Client.</p> <p>UpdateNotificationCCCD(): Updates the CapSense Slider Characteristic's CCCD value from the GATT Client. The value written by the GATT Client goes to the Profile layer of the Stack, which is error-checked before being written to the GATT DB. For Standard Profiles, this is handled by the BLE Component. For Custom Profiles, the application firmware must do this.</p>

Build and Program

1. The firmware for this lab has been implemented as a part of the template project.
2. **Build** your project to generate the hex file, and **Program** it to your kit.

Testing with CySmart Central Emulation Tool

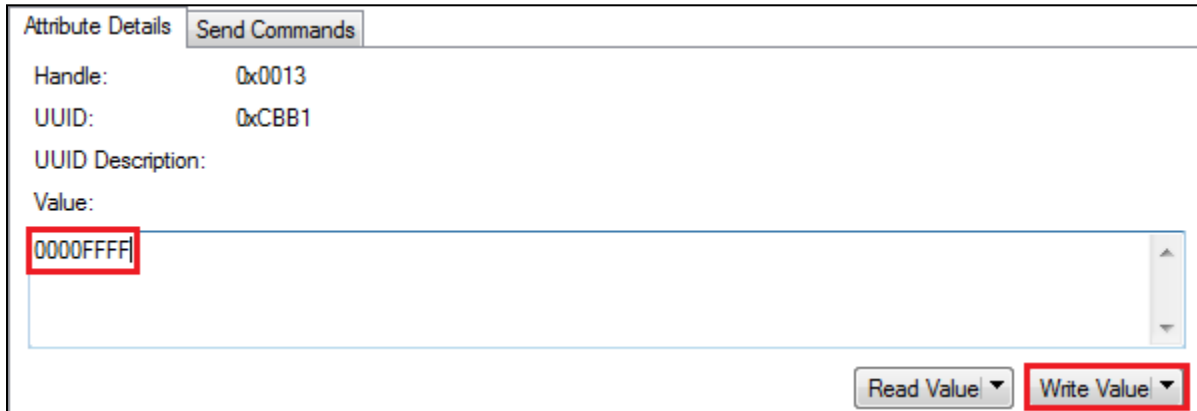
1. Open **CySmart 1.0** and **Connect** it to the **BLE-USB Bridge**.
2. **Start Scan** and **Connect** to your GATT Server device.
3. **Discover all Attributes** and then scroll down the Attribute list to the **RGB LED Characteristic** (it has the **UUID 0xCBB1**). See [Figure 16](#).

Figure 16. CySmart - RGB LED Characteristic

Primary Service Declaration				
0x0011	0x2800	Primary Service Declaration	BB:CB	
Characteristic Declaration				
0x0012	0x2803	Characteristic Declaration	0A:13:00:B1:CB	
0x0013	0xCBB1			0x0A
0x0014	0x2901	Characteristic User Description		

4. **Write** a 4 byte value to this Characteristic on the right and notice the corresponding color and intensity of the RGB LED on the kit. Byte 0 corresponds to the Red color, Byte 1 corresponds to the Green color, Byte 2 corresponds to the Blue color, and Byte 3 corresponds to the intensity. For example, writing 00:00:FF:FF to this Characteristic turns on the Blue LED with full intensity. See [Figure 17](#).

Figure 17: CySmart - Write Attribute



Attribute Details Send Commands

Handle: 0x0013

UUID: 0xCBB1

UUID Description:

Value:

0000FFFF

Read Value Write Value

5. Now locate the **CapSense Slider Characteristic (UUID = 0xCAA2)** and enable notifications for it, either by clicking **Enable All Notifications** or by writing **1** to its CCCD descriptor (UUID=0x2902).
6. Move your finger over the slider on the kit and observe that the value of the Characteristic changes in the CySmart tool, while the tool's log shows notification packets being received. See [Figure 18](#).

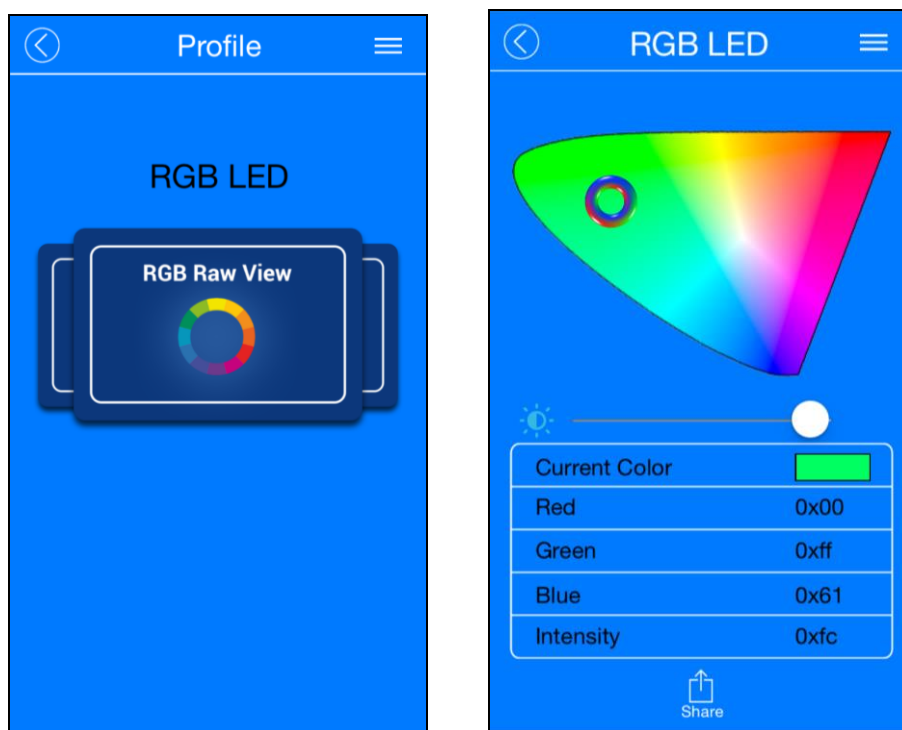
Figure 18: CySmart - Slider Notifications

Primary Service Declaration					
0x000C	0x2800	Primary Service Declaration	B5:CA		
Characteristic Declaration					
0x000D	0x2803	Characteristic Declaration	10:0E:00:A2:CA		
0x000E	0xCAA2		48		0x10
0x000F	0x2902	Client Characteristic Configuration			
0x0010	0x2901	Characteristic User Description			

Testing with CySmart Mobile App

1. Open the **CySmart Mobile App** on your phone. If you do not have Bluetooth switched on already, the app will ask you to do it.
2. Connect to your GATT Server device on the app. Once connected, the app shows you all the Services exposed by the GATT Server. It automatically detects the Custom Services for RGB LED and CapSense Slider and lists them respectively.
3. Select the RGB LED Service. You will see that a color gamut is available. Tap anywhere on the gamut to see the corresponding color on the RGB LED on the kit. See [Figure 19](#).

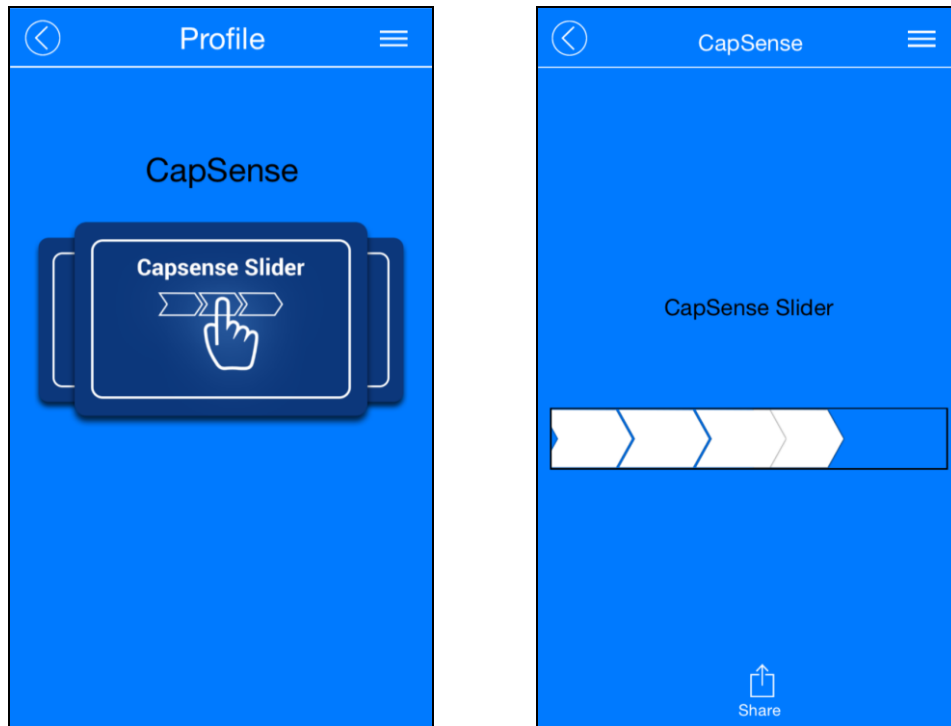
Figure 19: CySmart iOS Mobile App – RGB LED Control



4. Move the slider position on the app page to change the brightness level of the LED.

5. Now go back one page in the app and select the CapSense Slider Service.
6. Once on the CapSense Slider page, move your finger on the slider on the kit. You will see a corresponding slider update on the app page. See [Figure 20](#).

Figure 20: CySmart iOS Mobile App – CapSense Slider



Congratulations! You have completed lab 4!

Additional Exercises

1. Replace the CapSense Slider with a CapSense Proximity Sensor.

Hints:

- Use CAA1 as the UUID for CapSense Proximity Service.
- Enable Proximity Sensor using the API function
`CapSense_EnableWidget(CapSense_PROXIMITYSENSOR0__PROX)`
- Use the API function `CapSense_GetDiffCountData(CapSense_PROXIMITYSENSOR0__PROX)` instead of `CapSense_GetCentroidPos(CapSense_LINEARSLIDER0__LS)` to extract the proximity value
- Modify the code to always send the CapSense Proximity sensor Notification data

2. Implement the low-power operation for Lab 4.

Hint:

- Follow the firmware implementation from PSoC 4 BLE Lab 3.
- Add a switch to wake-up the device from Hibernate mode.
- The PrISM Component is not active during the Deep-Sleep mode, so comment-out the code for putting the device in the Deep-Sleep mode.

Note: Refer to the PSoC_4_CapSense_Slider_LED example project (installed with CY8CKIT-042-BLE) for Deep-Sleep operation with the PrISM Component.

Document Revision History

Revision	By	Description
**	PMAD	Initial Release
*A	GUL	Edits for BLE terminology