

R Workshop Handout

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Useful Libraries

```
library(ggplot2)
```

```
## Warning in as.POSIXlt.POSIXct(Sys.time()): unknown timezone 'zone/tz/2019a.  
## 1.0/zoneinfo/America/New_York'
```

Useful Functions

Basic Numeric Operations

```
x <- 10  
y <- 3  
x == y
```

```
## [1] FALSE
```

```
x != y
```

```
## [1] TRUE
```

```
identical(x, y)
```

```
## [1] FALSE
```

```
x > y
```

```
## [1] TRUE
```

```
x < y
```

```
## [1] FALSE
```

```
x ^ y
```

```
## [1] 1000
```

```
x %% y
```

```
## [1] 1
```

Numeric Operations

```
num <- 1.49184  
floor(num)
```

```
## [1] 1
```

```
ceiling(num)
```

```
## [1] 2
```

```
round(num)
```

```
## [1] 1
```

```
signif(num)
```

```
## [1] 1.49184
```

```
signif(num, digits = 4)
```

```
## [1] 1.492
```

```
signif(num, digits = 2)
```

```
## [1] 1.5
```

```
signif(num, digits = 1)
```

```
## [1] 1
```

Building Numeric Vectors

```
1:10
```

```
## [1] 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
```

```
2:8
```

```
## [1] 2 3 4 5 6 7 8
```

```
seq(1, 10, by = 2)
```

```
## [1] 1 3 5 7 9
```

```
rev(1:10)
```

```
## [1] 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1
```

```
rep(1:5, times = 2)
```

```
## [1] 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5
```

```
rep(1:5, each = 2)
```

```
## [1] 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5
```

```
runif(10)
```

```
## [1] 0.5899524 0.3530244 0.9566667 0.7195624 0.8589717 0.5806758 0.9343715
```

```
## [8] 0.8745518 0.2149528 0.9421794
```

```
runif(5, min = 1, max = 100)
```

```
## [1] 86.69128 30.65478 76.98846 85.37404 11.57310
```

```
many_num <- runif(100)
```

```
head(many_num)
```

```
## [1] 0.4052027 0.9179402 0.7516361 0.7437117 0.9340249 0.7317192
```

```
head(many_num, n = 10)
```

```
## [1] 0.40520270 0.91794021 0.75163606 0.74371166 0.93402489 0.73171916
## [7] 0.72710303 0.53943432 0.06841647 0.60328586
```

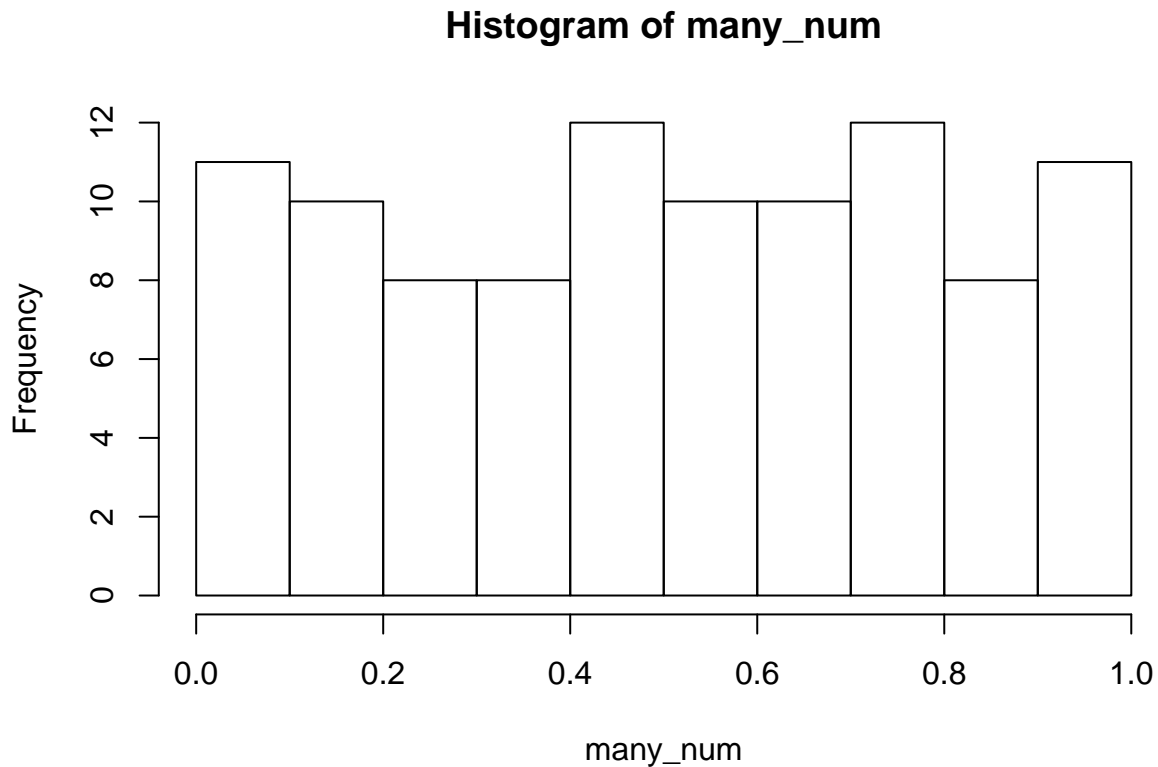
```
tail(many_num)
```

```
## [1] 0.2930864 0.3568447 0.8656073 0.4907471 0.2907348 0.2253714
```

```
tail(many_num, n = 10)
```

```
## [1] 0.8253191 0.4461598 0.4081952 0.2210148 0.2930864 0.3568447 0.8656073
## [8] 0.4907471 0.2907348 0.2253714
```

```
hist(many_num)
```



Numeric Vector Operations

```
values <- c(1, 5, 2, 6, 8, 9)
values + 1
```

```
## [1] 2 6 3 7 9 10
```

```
values * 2
```

```
## [1] 2 10 4 12 16 18
```

```
sample(values, size = 1)
```

```
## [1] 1
```

```
sample(values, size = 3)
```

```
## [1] 9 8 1
```

```

temp <- sample(values, size = 50, replace = TRUE)
temp

## [1] 6 8 9 1 6 6 5 9 5 8 5 1 1 1 9 6 5 8 6 6 1 2 8 1 2 8 2 2 5 2 9 6 8 1 1
## [36] 9 2 5 9 8 1 5 2 2 9 6 2 8 8 2

table(temp)

## temp
##  1  2  5  6  8  9
##  9 10  7  8  9  7

min(values)

## [1] 1

max(values)

## [1] 9

sort(values)

## [1] 1 2 5 6 8 9

length(values)

## [1] 6

order(values)

## [1] 1 3 2 4 5 6

sum(values)

## [1] 31

mean(values)

## [1] 5.166667

```

Indexing into a Numeric Vector

```

values[3]

## [1] 2

values[c(1, 3, 4)]

## [1] 1 2 6

values[order(values)]

## [1] 1 2 5 6 8 9

which(values > 3)

## [1] 2 4 5 6

values[which(values > 3)]

## [1] 5 6 8 9

```

Building and Indexing into Character Vectors

```
vec1 <- c("a", "b", "d", "x")
vec2 <- c("c", "b", "f", "x", "y", "z")

rev(vec1)

## [1] "x" "d" "b" "a"

vec1[1:3]

## [1] "a" "b" "d"
vec1[seq(2, 4, by = 2)]

## [1] "b" "x"
rep(vec1, times = 2)

## [1] "a" "b" "d" "x" "a" "b" "d" "x"
rep(vec1, each = 2)

## [1] "a" "a" "b" "b" "d" "d" "x" "x"
which(vec1 == c("a", "b"))

## [1] 1 2
vec1[which(vec1 == c("a", "b"))]

## [1] "a" "b"
vec3 <- c(vec1, "a", "x", "b", "c")
vec4 <- c(vec1, vec2)

vec3

## [1] "a" "b" "d" "x" "a" "x" "b" "c"
vec4

## [1] "a" "b" "d" "x" "c" "b" "f" "x" "y" "z"
unique(vec3)

## [1] "a" "b" "d" "x" "c"
unique(vec4)

## [1] "a" "b" "d" "x" "c" "f" "y" "z"
```

Set Operations

```
union(vec1, vec2)

## [1] "a" "b" "d" "x" "c" "f" "y" "z"
intersect(vec1, vec2)

## [1] "b" "x"
```

```
setdiff(vec1, vec2)
```

```
## [1] "a" "d"
```

```
setdiff(vec2, vec1)
```

```
## [1] "c" "f" "y" "z"
```

Building and Indexing into Matrices

```
data <- matrix(values, nr = 2, byrow = TRUE)
data
```

```
##      [,1] [,2] [,3]
## [1,]    1    5    2
## [2,]    6    8    9
```

```
data[1, ]
```

```
## [1] 1 5 2
```

```
data[, 2]
```

```
## [1] 5 8
```

```
data[2, 3]
```

```
## [1] 9
```

```
nrow(data)
```

```
## [1] 2
```

```
ncol(data)
```

```
## [1] 3
```

```
data2 <- rbind(values, values + 1)
data2
```

```
##      [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5] [,6]
## values    1    5    2    6    8    9
##          2    6    3    7    9   10
```

```
data3 <- cbind(values, values * 2)
data3
```

```
##      values
## [1,]    1  2
## [2,]    5 10
## [3,]    2  4
## [4,]    6 12
## [5,]    8 16
## [6,]    9 18
```

Building and Indexing into Dataframes

```

data4 <- as.data.frame(data2)
data4

##           V1 V2 V3 V4 V5 V6
## values  1  5  2  6  8  9
##           2  6  3  7  9 10

class(data4)

## [1] "data.frame"

colnames(data4)

## [1] "V1" "V2" "V3" "V4" "V5" "V6"

rownames(data4)

## [1] "values" ""

colnames(data4) <- c("A", "B", "C", "D", "E", "F")
rownames(data4) <- c("Alice", "Bob")
data4

##      A B C D E F
## Alice 1 5 2 6 8 9
## Bob   2 6 3 7 9 10

data4[, 2]

## [1] 5 6

data4[2, ]

##      A B C D E F
## Bob  2 6 3 7 9 10

data4[2, 4]

## [1] 7

data4$A

## [1] 1 2

data4$E

## [1] 8 9

```

Building and Modifying Strings

```

vec1_string <- paste(vec1, collapse = "")
vec2_string <- paste(vec2, collapse = "")
vec1_string

## [1] "abdx"

vec2_string

## [1] "cbfxyz"

```

```

paste("hello", "friend")

## [1] "hello friend"
paste("hello", "friend", sep = "")

## [1] "hellofriend"
paste(vec1, vec2, sep = "")

## [1] "ac" "bb" "df" "xx" "ay" "bz"
paste(vec1_string, vec2_string, sep = "")

## [1] "abdxcbfxyz"
vec5 <- toupper(vec4)
vec5

## [1] "A" "B" "D" "X" "C" "B" "F" "X" "Y" "Z"
tolower(vec5)

## [1] "a" "b" "d" "x" "c" "b" "f" "x" "y" "z"
nchar("hello")

## [1] 5
toupper("hello")

## [1] "HELLO"
tolower("HeLlO")

## [1] "hello"

```

Breaking Apart a Single String

```

substring("hello", first = 1, last = 2)

## [1] "he"
substring("hello", first = c(1, 3), last = c(2, 4))

## [1] "he" "ll"
grep("o", "hello")

## [1] 1
grep("h", "hello")

## [1] 1
length("hello")

## [1] 1
grep("x", "hello")

## integer(0)

```



```

unlist(strsplit("hello", split = ""))

## [1] "h" "e" "l" "l" "o"
unlist(strsplit("hello friend", split = " "))

## [1] "hello" "friend"
unlist(strsplit("hello friend", split = "e"))

## [1] "h"      "llo fri" "nd"

```

Searching and Modifying Multiple Strings

```

save_string <- c("h", "e", "l", "l", "o")
grep("o", save_string)

## [1] 5
grep("x", save_string)

## integer(0)
grep("l", save_string)

## [1] 3 4
"o" %in% save_string

## [1] TRUE
"x" %in% save_string

## [1] FALSE
save_words <- c("cat", "dog", "bird", "fish")
grep("i", save_words)

## [1] 3 4
save_words[grep("i", save_words)]

## [1] "bird" "fish"
gsub("e", "a", "hello")

## [1] "hallo"
gsub("i", "e", save_words)

## [1] "cat" "dog" "berd" "fesh"
chartr(old = "id", new = "er", x = save_words)

## [1] "cat" "rog" "berr" "fesh"

```

Writing Loops and Conditional Logic

```

num <- 10
if (num %% 2 == 0) {
  print("even")
} else {
  print("odd")
}

```

```
## [1] "even"
```

```

for (x in 1:10) {
  print(x)
  if (x %% 2 == 0) {
    print("even")
  } else {
    print("odd")
  }
}

```

```

## [1] 1
## [1] "odd"
## [1] 2
## [1] "even"
## [1] 3
## [1] "odd"
## [1] 4
## [1] "even"
## [1] 5
## [1] "odd"
## [1] 6
## [1] "even"
## [1] 7
## [1] "odd"
## [1] 8
## [1] "even"
## [1] 9
## [1] "odd"
## [1] 10
## [1] "even"

```

```

all_x <- 1:10
all_x[which(all_x %% 2 == 0)]

```

```
## [1] 2 4 6 8 10
```

```

i <- 1
while (i < 10) {
  print(i)
  i <- i + 1
}

```

```

## [1] 1
## [1] 2
## [1] 3
## [1] 4
## [1] 5
## [1] 6

```

```
## [1] 7
## [1] 8
## [1] 9
```

Writing Functions

```
add_one <- function(num) {
  new_num <- num + 1
  return(new_num)
}
```

```
add_one(10)
```

```
## [1] 11
```

```
add_one(-38)
```

```
## [1] -37
```

```
add_one(3849723)
```

```
## [1] 3849724
```

```
values
```

```
## [1] 1 5 2 6 8 9
```

```
add_one(values)
```

```
## [1] 2 6 3 7 9 10
```

```
data
```

```
##      [,1] [,2] [,3]
## [1,]    1    5    2
## [2,]    6    8    9
```

```
add_one(data)
```

```
##      [,1] [,2] [,3]
## [1,]    2    6    3
## [2,]    7    9   10
```

```
apply(data, 1, sum)
```

```
## [1] 8 23
```

```
apply(data, 2, sum)
```

```
## [1] 7 13 11
```

Generating a Dataset

```
full_names <- c("Cecilia Zahia", "Youko Jordon",
               "Lara Burkhard", "Sasha Nsonowa",
               "Ziv Kumbukani", "Ling Jaci")
age <- c(21, 28, 41, 34, 23, 19)
height <- sample(140:180, size = length(age))
```

```

color_options <- c("blue", "red", "orange", "yellow",
                  "green", "purple", "pink", "black",
                  "white", "grey")
favcolor <- sample(color_options, size = length(age), replace = TRUE)
major <- c("Aero", "Anthro", "Physics",
          "Math", "Dance", "PoliSci")
state <- sample(state.abb, size = length(age))

dataset <- cbind(age, height, favcolor, major, state)
dataset <- as.data.frame(dataset)
rownames(dataset) <- full_names
dataset

```

```

##           age height favcolor  major state
## Cecilia Zahia  21   168   green   Aero    IA
## Youko Jordon  28   155   green  Anthro   ND
## Lara Burkhard 41   144  orange Physics   CO
## Sasha Nsonowa 34   179   grey   Math    NY
## Ziv Kumbukani 23   147    red   Dance    DE
## Ling Jaci     19   176   blue  PoliSci   WI

```

```
summary(dataset)
```

```

##  age  height  favcolor  major  state
## 19:1  144:1  blue :1  Aero :1  CO:1
## 21:1  147:1  green :2  Anthro :1  DE:1
## 23:1  155:1  grey :1  Dance :1  IA:1
## 28:1  168:1  orange:1  Math :1  ND:1
## 34:1  176:1  red :1  Physics:1  NY:1
## 41:1  179:1           PoliSci:1  WI:1

```

Exercises

Pull out the ages and heights of people in dataset and find which people have an age or height that is an even number.

```
# WRITE CODE BELOW
```

List the names of the people in dataset in order of increasing age.

```
# WRITE CODE BELOW
```

Add additional rows to the dataset dataframe that consist of information about you and your partner.

```
# WRITE CODE BELOW
```

Using `full_names`, create a matrix where the first column contains the first name and the second column contains the last name.

```
# WRITE CODE BELOW
```

Write a function that takes in a text string like the elements of `full_names` and returns the string broken up into blocks of three letters.

```
# WRITE CODE BELOW
```

Create a new matrix containing only the height and age columns from `dataset` and then calculate the average of both columns.

```
# WRITE CODE BELOW
```

Scramble the values of each column in `dataset` and create a variable called `dataset2` that contains this scrambled dataframe.

```
# WRITE CODE BELOW
```

Pull out the names of people in `dataset` that have the same major, favorite color, or home state as you.

```
# WRITE CODE BELOW
```

Design your own task!

```
# WRITE CODE BELOW
```