

TEST #2: REVIEW

#1. INTEGRATE BY PARTS:

$$\int x^2 e^x dx \quad \int x^5 \ln x dx \quad \int e^x \sin 2x dx$$

#2. TRIG. INTEGRALS:

$$\begin{aligned} \int \sin^3 x \cos^2 x dx & \quad \int \sin^4 x \cos^2 x dx \\ \int \tan^3 x \sec^4 x dx & \quad \int \tan^2 x \sec^4 x dx \\ \int \csc^4 x \cot^4 x dx & \end{aligned}$$

#3. TRIG. SUB.:

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{1}{(4+x^2)^{3/2}} dx & \quad \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx \\ \int \frac{\sqrt{9x^2+4}}{x^4} dx & \quad \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{49x^2-16}} dx \end{aligned}$$

#4. PARTIAL FRACTIONS:

$$\int \frac{x^3 - 2x + 7}{(x+2)(x-1)} dx \quad \int \frac{x^3 - x + 2}{x^3 + 2x^2 + x} dx \quad \int \frac{x^2 - x - 21}{(2x-1)(x^2+4)} dx$$

#5. IMPROPER: $\int_0^e \ln x dx$ $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{x^2+4} dx$ $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{x^{4/3}} dx$

#6. DIFF. EQ.: $\frac{dy}{dx} = e^{2x} y$, $y(0)=1$ $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y^2}{x-2}$, $y(3)=1$

* ALSO DO WORD PROBLEMS SUCH AS HALF-LIFE, POPULATION, ETC.