



London, or as the Romans called it "Londonium"! Home to [over 8.5 million residents](#). While the City of London is a little over one square mile (hence its nickname "The Square Mile"), Greater London has grown to encompass 32 boroughs spanning a total area of 606 square miles!



Given the city's roads were originally designed for horse and cart, this area and population growth has required the development of an efficient public transport system! Since the year 2000, this has been through the local government body called **Transport for London**, or *TfL*, which is managed by the London Mayor's office. Their remit covers the London Underground, Overground, Docklands Light Railway (DLR), buses, trams, river services (clipper and [Emirates Airline cable car](#)), roads, and even taxis.

The Mayor of London's office make their data available to the public [here](#). In this project, you will work with a slightly modified version of a dataset containing information about public transport journey volume by transport type.

The data has been loaded into an **AWS Redshift** database called `tfl` with a single table called `journeys`, including the following data:


How likely are you to recommend DataLab to a friend or co-worker?

Not at all likely 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 Extremely likely

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Column	Definition	Data type
year	Year	INTEGER
days	Number of days in the given month	INTEGER
report_date	Date that the data was reported	DATE
journey_type	Method of transport used	VARCHAR
journeys_millions	Millions of journeys, measured in decimals	FLOAT

You will execute SQL queries to answer three questions, as listed in the instructions.

 London Public Transport DataFrame as most_popular_transport_types

```
-- most_popular_transport_types
SELECT
  journey_type,
  SUM(journeys_millions) AS total_journeys_millions
FROM
  tfl.journeys
GROUP BY
  journey_type
ORDER BY
  total_journeys_millions DESC;
```

index	...	↑↓	journey_type	...	↑↓	total_journeys_millions
		0	Bus			
		1	Underground & DLR			
		2	Overground			
		3	TfL Rail			
		4	Tram			
		5	Emirates Airline			

Rows: 6 Expand

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Not at all likely

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Extremely likely

 London Public Transport DataFrame as emirates_airline_popularity

```
-- emirates_airline_popularity
SELECT
  month,
  year,
  ROUND(journeys_millions, 2) AS rounded_journeys_millions
FROM
  tfl.journeys
WHERE
  journey_type = 'Emirates Airline'
  AND journeys_millions IS NOT NULL
ORDER BY
  rounded_journeys_millions DESC
LIMIT 5;
```

index	...	↑↓	month	...	↑↓	year	...	↑↓	rounded_journeys_millions
		0			5			2012	
		1			6			2012	
		2			4			2012	
		3			5			2013	
		4			5			2015	

Rows: 5 ↗ Expand

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Extremely likely

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 London Public Transport

DataFrame as least_popular_years_tube

-- least_popular_years_tube

SELECT

year,

journey_type,

SUM(journeys_millions) AS total_journeys_millions

FROM

tfl.journeys

WHERE

journey_type LIKE '%Underground%'

GROUP BY

year,

journey_type

ORDER BY

total_journeys_millions ASC

LIMIT 5;

index	...	↑↓	year	...	↑↓	journey_type	...	↑↓	total_journeys_millions
		0			2020	Underground & DLR			
		1			2021	Underground & DLR			
		2			2022	Underground & DLR			
		3			2010	Underground & DLR			
		4			2011	Underground & DLR			

Rows: 5

Expand

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Not at all likely

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Extremely likely

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