



Los Angeles, California 🌴. The City of Angels. Tinseltown. The Entertainment Capital of the World!

Known for its warm weather, palm trees, sprawling coastline, and Hollywood, along with producing some of the most iconic films and songs. However, as with any highly populated city, it isn't always glamorous and there can be a large volume of crime. That's where you can help!

You have been asked to support the Los Angeles Police Department (LAPD) by analyzing crime data to identify patterns in criminal behavior. They plan to use your insights to allocate resources effectively to tackle various crimes in different areas.

The Data

They have provided you with a single dataset to use. A summary and preview are provided below.

It is a modified version of the original data, which is publicly available from Los Angeles Open Data.

crimes.csv

Column	Description
'DR_NO'	Division of Records Number: Official file number made up of a 2-digit year, area ID, and 5 digits.
'Date Rptd'	Date reported - MM/DD/YYYY.
'DATE OCC'	Date of occurrence - MM/DD/YYYY.
'TIME OCC'	In 24-hour military time.
'AREA NAME'	The 21 Geographic Areas or Patrol Divisions are also given a name designation that references a landmark or the surrounding community that it is responsible for. For example, the 77th Street Division is located at the intersection of South Broadway and 77th Street, serving neighborhoods in South Los Angeles.
'Crm Cd Desc'	Indicates the crime committed.
'Vict Age'	Victim's age in years.

How likely are you to recommend DataLab to a friend or co-worker?

Not at all likely

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Extremely likely

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Column	Description
<div><div></div><div>F - Filipino</div><div>G - Guamanian</div><div>H - Hispanic/Latin/Mexican</div><div>I - American Indian/Alaskan Native</div><div>J - Japanese</div><div>K - Korean</div><div>L - Laotian</div><div>O - Other</div><div>P - Pacific Islander</div><div>S - Samoan</div><div>U - Hawaiian</div><div>V - Vietnamese</div><div>W - White</div><div>X - Unknown</div><div>Z - Asian Indian</div></div>	
'Weapon Desc'	Description of the weapon used (if applicable).
'Status Desc'	Crime status.
'LOCATION'	Street address of the crime.

```
# Re-run this cell
# Import required libraries
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
crimes = pd.read_csv("crimes.csv", dtype={"TIME OCC": str})
crimes.head()
```

i...	...	↑↓	DR_NO	...	↑↓	Date Rptd	...	↑↓	DATE OC...	...	↑↓	TIM...	...	↑↓	AREA NAME	...	↑↓	Crm Cd Desc	...	↑↓	Vict...	...	↑↓	Vict...	...	↑↓	Vict Descent	...	↑↓	Weapon De
		0	220314085			2022-07-22			2020-05-12			1110			Southwest			THEFT OF IDENTITY			27			F			B			null
		1	222013040			2022-08-06			2020-06-04			1620			Olympic			THEFT OF IDENTITY			60			M			H			null
		2	220614831			2022-08-18			2020-08-17			1200			Hollywood			THEFT OF IDENTITY			28			M			H			null
		3	231207725			2023-02-27			2020-01-27			0635			77th Street			THEFT OF IDENTITY			37			M			H			null
		4	220213256			2022-07-14			2020-07-14			0900			Rampart			THEFT OF IDENTITY			79			M			B			null

Rows: 5

Expand

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Extremely likely

```
# Start coding here
# Use as many cells as you need
crimes["HOUR OCC"] = crimes["TIME OCC"].str[:2].astype(int)

sns.countplot(data=crimes, x="HOUR OCC")
plt.xticks(rotation=90)
plt.title("Crime Frequency by Hour")
plt.show()

peak_crime_hour = crimes["HOUR OCC"].value_counts().idxmax()

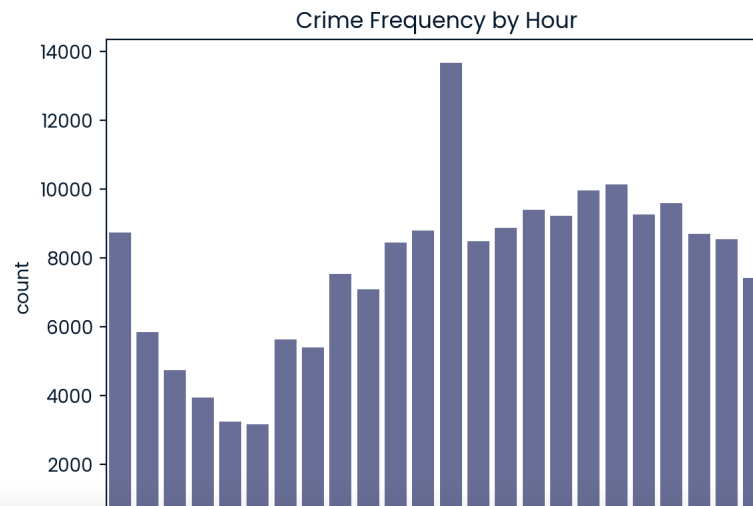
night_hours = [22, 23, 0, 1, 2, 3]
night_crimes = crimes[crimes["HOUR OCC"].isin(night_hours)]

peak_night_crime_location = night_crimes["AREA NAME"].value_counts().idxmax()

age_bins = [0, 17, 25, 34, 44, 54, 64, np.inf]
age_labels = ["0-17", "18-25", "26-34", "35-44", "45-54", "55-64", "65+"]

crimes["Age Bracket"] = pd.cut(crimes["Vict Age"], bins=age_bins, labels=age_labels, right=True)
victim_ages = crimes["Age Bracket"].value_counts().sort_index()

print("peak_crime_hour:", peak_crime_hour)
print("peak_night_crime_location:", peak_night_crime_location)
print("victim_ages:\n", victim_ages)
```



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Not at all likely 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 Extremely likely

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```
victim_ages:
  0-17      4528
 18-25     28291
 26-34     47470
 35-44     42157
 45-54     28353
 55-64     20169
 65+       14747
Name: Age Bracket, dtype: int64
```

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Extremely likely