

(7)

## SP-LIME

$c(\omega, \nu, I) \rightarrow$  Cost function associated with  $\nu$

$$c(\omega, \nu, I) = \text{MSE} - \lambda |\nu|$$

where

$$\text{MSE} = \frac{1}{n} \sum (I(\omega) - f(\omega))^2$$

$I$  - Complex Model.

$\nu$  - Set of features used in Explanation.

$\omega$  - Instance that need to be explained.

$\nu \leq \underline{B} \rightarrow$  maximum No of features to be included in Explanation.

$\lambda$  - regularization parameter.

$I(\omega)$  (Complex Model) - logistic Regression Model.

$f(\omega)$  - linear Regression

$$I(\omega) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(\omega_1 x_1 + \omega_2 x_2 + \omega_3 x_3 + b)}}$$

$$f(\omega) = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x_1 + \beta_2 x_2 + \dots + \beta_n x_n.$$

Given

$$\beta_0 = 10 \quad \beta_1 = 12 \quad \beta_2 = 15 \quad \beta_3 = 11.5$$

$$\omega_1 = 0.5 \quad \omega_2 = 0.2 \quad \omega_3 = 0.1 \quad b = -2$$

$$I/P \rightarrow 29, 9.4, 22$$

I

Generate perturbed Data Points.

	$f_1$	$f_2$	$f_3$
$x_1$	27	7.3	21
$x_2$	28	7.4	23
$x_3$	32	9.2	31
$x_4$	15	4.5	15
$x_5$	33	11.4	21

IICalculate Complex Model Prediction  $I(\omega)$  $I(\omega)$  (for all three features)

$$x_1 = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(0.5(27) + 0.2(7.3) + 0.1(21) - 2)}} \\ = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(13.5 + 1.46 + 2.1 - 2)}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 + e^{-15.06}} = 0.9999$$

$$x_2 = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(0.5(28) + 0.2(7.4) + 0.1(23) - 2)}} \\ = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-15.78}} = 0.9999$$

$$x_3 = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(0.5(32) + 0.2(9.2) + 0.1(31) - 2)}} \\ = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-18.94}} = 0.9999$$

$$x_4 = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(0.5(15) + 0.2(4.5) + 0.1(15))}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 + e^{-7.9}} = 0.9999$$

$$\begin{aligned} x_5 &= \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(0.5(33) + 0.2(11.4) + 0.1(21) - 2)}} \\ &= \frac{1}{1 + e^{-18.88}} \\ &= 0.9999 \end{aligned}$$

III Compute  $f(\omega_i) \rightarrow$  linear Regression Model Prediction.

$$f(\omega_i) = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x_1 + \beta_2 x_2 + \beta_3 x_3$$

$$\begin{aligned} x_1 &= 10 + 12(27) + 15(7.3) + 11.5(21) \\ &= 10 + 324 + 109.5 + 241.5 \\ &= 685 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x_2 &= 10 + 12(28) + 15(7.4) + 11.5(23) \\ &= 10 + 336 + 111 + 264.5 \\ &= 721.5 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x_3 &= 10 + 12(32) + 15(9.2) + 11.5(31) \\ &= 10 + 384 + 138 + 356.5 = 888.5 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x_4 &= 10 + 12(15) + 15(4.5) + 11.5(15) \\ &= 10 + 180 + 67.5 + 172.5 = 430 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x_5 &= 10 + 12(33) + 15(11.4) + 11.5(21) \\ &= 10 + 396 + 171 + 241.5 = 818.5 \end{aligned}$$

$I(\omega_i)$	$f(\omega_i)$
0.999	685
0.999	721.5
0.999	888.5
0.999	430
0.999	818.5

### MSE Computation:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{MSE} &= \frac{1}{n} \sum (I(\omega) - f(\omega))^2 \\
 &= \frac{1}{5} \left[ (0.99 - 685)^2 + (0.99 - 721.5)^2 + \right. \\
 &\quad \left. (0.99 - 888.5)^2 + (0.99 - 430)^2 + (0.99 - 818.5)^2 \right] \\
 &= \frac{1}{5} \left[ (-684.01)^2 + (-720.51)^2 + (-887.5)^2 + (-429.01)^2 + (-817.5)^2 \right] \\
 &\approx 2627014.15
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{MSE} = 525402$$

IV Compute Cost function. [Given  $\lambda = 0.5$ ,  $V = 3$  (No of features)]

$$C(V, \omega, I) = \text{MSE} - \lambda / V$$

$$= 525402 - 0.5 / 3$$

$$= 525402$$

Next calculate the same for Subsets.

①

$$f_1, f_2 = c(v, \omega, I)$$

②

$$f_1, f_3 = c(v, \omega, I)$$

③

$$f_2, f_3 = c(v, \omega, I)$$

For subset 'f<sub>1</sub>, f<sub>2</sub>'

$$c(v, \omega, I)$$

$$x_1 \quad 27 \quad 7.3$$

$$x_2 \quad 28 \quad 9.4$$

$$x_3 \quad 32 \quad 9.2$$

$$x_4 \quad 15 \quad 4.5$$

$$x_5 \quad 33 \quad 11.4$$

Repeat all the steps to calculate  $c(v, \omega, I)$  by  
Considering only two features.

$$\begin{aligned} I(\omega) \quad x_1 &= \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(0.5(27) + 0.2(7.3))}} \\ &= \frac{1}{1 + e^{-14.96}} = 0.999 \end{aligned}$$

$$x_2 = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(0.5(28) + 0.2(9.4))}} = 0.9999$$

$$x_3 = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(0.5(32) + 0.2(9.2))}} = 0.9999$$

$$x_4 = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(0.5(15) + 0.2(4.5))}} = 0.9999$$

$$x_5 = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(0.5(33) + 0.2(11.4))}} = 0.9999$$

Calculate  $f(w_i)$  for this subset

$$x_1 = 10 + 12(27) + 15(7.3)$$

$$= 10 + 324 + 109.5 = 443.5$$

$$x_2 = 10 + 12(28) + 15(7.4)$$

$$10 + 336 + 111 = 457$$

$$x_3 = 10 + 12(32) + 15(9.2) = 10 + 384 + 138$$

$$= \cancel{532} \quad 532$$

$$x_4 = 10 + 12(15) + 15(4.5) = 10 + 180 + 67.5$$

$$= 257.5$$

$$x_5 = 10 + 12(33) + 15(11.4) = 10 + 396 + 171$$

$$= 577$$

Calculate MSE

$$\text{MSE} = \frac{1}{5} \left[ (0.99 - 443.5)^2 + (0.99 - 457)^2 + (0.99 - 532)^2 + (0.99 - 257.5)^2 + (0.99 - 577)^2 \right]$$

$$= 21666.3 \cdot 33$$

$$C(v, w, I) = 21666.3 \cdot 33 - (0.5 * 2)$$

$$= 216662.34$$

Similarly for second subset

$x_1$	27	21	$I(w_i)$ 0.999	$f(w_i)$ 575.5
$x_2$	28	23	0.999	587.5
$x_3$	32	31	0.999	750.5
$x_4$	15	15	0.999	362.5
$x_5$	33	21	0.999	647.5

$$MSE = 273172.78$$

$$C(N, \omega, I) = 273172.78 - 0.5 * 2 \\ = 273171.78$$



Inference :

By comparing the cost function of the subset,  
which subset is having the Maximum  
cost function values , those subset (features)  
are Important  
(i.e) contributed more.