# ASAGI User Manual 0.5

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# 1 Building and Installing ASAGI

## 1.1 Pre-requirements

## 1.1.1 Compiler

ASAGI requires at least GCC 4.7 or Intel Compiler 12.1

#### 1.1.2 MPI

ASAGI makes use of the RMA (Remote Memory Access) API of the MPI-2 standard to transfer data. An MPI library that supports the new standard is required.

#### 1.1.3 NetCDF

ASAGI uses the NetCDF library (http://www.unidata.ucar.edu/software/netcdf/) to load data files.

## 1.1.4 POSIX Threads (optional)

The PThreads library is required if ASAGI is compiled with NUMA support. If available it is also used to guaranty thread safety as an alternative to std::mutex.

## 1.1.5 NUMA policy library (optional)

ASASGI uses the NUMA library to detect NUMA domains. This library is required if ASAGI should be compiled with NUMA support.

## 1.2 Compilation

To generate the Makefiles, CMake is used. For CMake it is recommend to keep source and build directory apart:

mkdir build
cd build
cmake <path/to/asagi\_sources>

Several environment variables affect the behavior of CMake. They must be set before running "cmake".

• Compiler The compiler can be selected by setting CC (C compiler), CXX (C++ compiler) and FC (Fortran compiler) environment variables. C and Fortran compiler are only required for C and Fortran examples and tests.

• Libraries The CMAKE\_PREFIX\_PATH is used when searching for the MPI, NetCDF, POSIX Threads and NUMA library. If NetCDF was configured with -prefix=<install\_dir> for example, set CMAKE\_P REFIX\_PATH=<install\_dir>.

Besides the environment variables, you can change the behavior by setting internal CMake variables. They can be configured by adding one ore more -D < variable > = < value > options when running "cmake". These variables can also be changed later with the following command:

```
ccmake <path/to/asagi_build>
```

The important variables are listed below. Most of the variables are ASAGI specific and will not work with other CMake projects.

- **CMAKE\_BUILD\_TYPE = Debug** | **Release** When set to "Debug", additional run-time checks are enabled as well as debug messages. [Release]
- CMAKE\_INSTALL\_PREFIX Installation directory for ASAGI. [/usr/local/]
- SHARED\_LIB = ON | OFF Build shared library. [ON]
- STATIC\_LIB = ON | OFF Build static library. [OFF]
- FORTRAN\_SUPPORT = ON | OFF Compile with Fortran support. [ON]
- MAX\_DIMENSIONS Maximum number of dimensions supported by ASAGI [4]
- THREADSAFE = ON | OFF If enabled all ASAGI functions are thread-safe. This is required, for example, if ASAGI is used in hybrid MPI/OpenMP programs. [ON]
- THREADSAFE\_COUNTER = ON | OFF Make access counters thread-safe. This may lead to a performance loss but makes sure, counters are accurate. [OFF]
- THREADSAFE\_MPI = ON | OFF Make MPI calls thread-safe. This is required if the MPI library is not thread-safe by itself. [ON]
- **NOMPI = ON | OFF** Do not compile with MPI support. All algorithms that require MPI communication will be disabled. [OFF]
- NONUMA = ON | OFF Do not compile with NUMA support. All intra-node communications will be turned off.
   [OFF]
- MPI3 = ON | OFF Compile MPI-3 functionality. Some features are only available when this flag is switched on. [ON]
- TESTS = ON | OFF Compile tests. [OFF]
- **EXAMPLES = ON | OFF** Compile example programs. [OFF]

## 1.3 Tests

If you have enabled the tests, you can run them with the following command:

make test

1.4 Installation

## 1.4 Installation

To install ASAGI simply run:

```
make install
```

This will install the (static and/or shared) library as well as the header files. If pkg-config was found, this command will also install a pkg-config configuration file for ASAGI in CMAKE\_INSTALL\_PREFIX/lib/pkgconfig

You can install ASAGI with and without MPI support on your system. The version with MPI will be called <code>asagi</code> and the version without MPI <code>asagi\_nompi</code>. Use the same include file for both libraries, but if you do not compile your program with MPI, make sure to define <code>ASAGI\_NOMPI</code> before including the ASAGI header:

```
#define ASAGI_NOMPI
```

# 2 Using ASAGI

## 2.1 Minimal examples

These are minimal C, C++ and Fortran examples that load a 2-dimensional grid and print the value at (0,0). In each case the grid contains floating point values.

C example:

```
#include <mpi.h>
#include <asagi.h>
#include <stdio.h>
int main(int argc, char** argv)
 MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
  asagi_grid* grid = asagi_grid_create(ASAGI_FLOAT);
 asagi_grid_set_comm(grid, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
  // with threads, set number of threads
 asagi_grid_set_threads(grid, 1);
  if (asagi_grid_open(grid, "/path/to/netcdf/file.nc", 0) != ASAGI_SUCCESS) {
   printf("Could not load file\n");
    return 1;
 double pos[] = \{0, 0\};
 printf("Value at (0,0): %f\n", asagi_grid_get_float(grid, pos, 0));
 asagi_grid_close(grid);
 MPI_Finalize():
  return 0;
```

## C++ example:

```
#include <mpi.h>
#include <asagi.h>
#include <iostream>

using namespace asagi;
int main(int argc, char** argv) {
    MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
    Grid* grid = Grid::create();
    grid->setComm(MPI_COMM_WORLD);
    // with threads, set number of threads
    grid->setThreads(1);

if (grid->open("/path/to/netcdf/file.nc") != Grid::SUCCESS) {
```

```
std::cout << "Could not load file" << std::endl;
  return 1;
}

double pos[] = {0, 0};
std::cout << "Value at (0,0): " << grid->getFloat(pos) << std::endl;

// The same as: "Grid::close(grid);"
delete grid;

MPI_Finalize();
return 0;
}</pre>
```

## Fortran example:

```
! You have two options:
  - Include the module file _once_ in your project:
!include 'asagi.f90'
! - Compile and link the module file as any other file in your project
program minimal
  use mpi
  use asagi
  use, intrinsic :: iso_c_binding
  implicit none
  integer :: grid_id
  real ( kind=c_double ), dimension(2) :: pos
  integer :: error
  call mpi_init( error )
  grid_id = asagi_grid_create()
  call asagi_grid_set_comm( grid_id, mpi_comm_world ) ! with threads, set number of threads
  call asagi_grid_set_threads( grid_id, 1 );
  if( asagi_grid_open( grid_id, "/path/to/netcdf/file.nc" ) /= asagi_success ) then
    write (*,*) "Could not load file"
    call exit(1)
  end if
  write (*,*) "Value at (0,0):", asagi_grid_get_float( grid_id, pos )
  call asagi_grid_close( grid_id )
  call mpi_finalize( error )
end program minimal
```

## 2.2 Grid types

ASAGI distinguishes between three different grid types:

- FULL The whole grid will be loaded during the initialization. The file is not accessed during runtime. (default)
- CACHE ASAGI is used as a cache. After initialization, the cache will be empty. Each access to an element, will put the corresponding block into the cache for later usage.
- PASS-THROUGH ASAGI will pass each access to the underlying file system without any caching, etc.

Full storage does not automatically mean, that the full grid is stored on every CPU. If asagi::Grid::setComm() and/or asagi::Grid::setThreads() are called, the initial grid will be distributed among all nodes resp. CPUs. If the cache-grid is used and asagi::Grid::setThreads() and/or asagi::Grid::setComm() are set, ASAGI will copy the data from other NUMA domains and/or other MPI processes. Only if it is not available in another cache, the data will be fetched from the file.

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#### 2.3 Dimensions

ASAGI supports grids with up to MAX\_DIMENSIONS dimensions. (MAX\_DIMENSIONS is 4 by default, but can be changed during compilation of ASAGI.) The number of actual dimensions in the grid cannot be specified by calling an ASAGI function but depends on the netCDF input file.

#### Remarks

The order in the dimension in the netCDF file is in Fortran style (column-major, see NetCDF files) but the ASAGI interface uses C/C++ ordering (row-major).

#### 2.4 Level of detail

A grid can have multiple resolutions. Each resolution is identified by a level id (level of detail). If the number of levels is not specified when creating a grid, the grid will contain only one level of detail. In this case you can also omit the level id in all other functions, since level 0 will be used by default. (C does not support default arguments or overloading, therefore omitting arguments is not possible when using the C interface.)

For grids with multiple levels asagi::Grid::open() must be called once for each level. Several levels can be stored in a single NetCDF file with different variable names. (Use asagi::Grid::setParam() to specify the variable name.) The coarsest resolution should have the level id 0. With ascending level id, the resolution should get finer. When accessing values with any get function, the level of detail can be selected with the last argument. The function asagi::Grid::close() has to be called only once for the whole grid.

## 2.5 Coordinate mapping

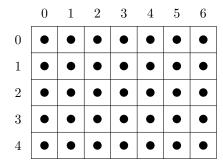
ASAGI distinguishes between actual coordinates and internal array indexes. All functions, that return a grid value, expect actual coordinates. ASAGI maps each coordinate to an array index using the coordinate variables from the NetCDF file (see section NetCDF files on how specify coordinate variables in NetCDF files). If no coordinate variable is available, the mapping is omitted. After the mapping, the coordinate is rounded to the nearest array index. ASAGI does not interpolate between array values.

The actual range of the grid can be obtained with asagi::Grid::getMin()/asagi::Grid::getMax(). They also return coordinates, not array indexes. It is erroneous to access values outside range of the grid.

The range of a dimension can be  $(-\infty,\infty)$ . This is the case if the size of the dimension in the netCDF file is one.

## 2.6 Value position

ASAGI supports cell-centered and vertex-centered grids. The value position can be switched with asagi::Grid::set← Param().



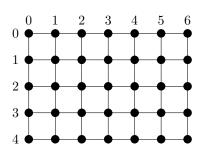


Figure 1: Cell-centered and vertex-centered grids

## 2.7 NetCDF files

All NetCDF files opened with ASAGI should respect the COARDS conventions (http://ferret.wrc.~noaa.gov/noaa\_coop/coop\_cdf\_profile.html). However, ASAGI has some further limitations:

- The attributes scale\_factor and add\_offset are ignored. Besides conversion between data types, ASAGI does not modify the values.
- Since ASAGI does not change the NetCDF file, all values have to be present in the file. Attributes, like FillValue and missing value, are not supported.
- · ASAGI is not aware of any units. It is up to the user of the library to interpret the values correctly.
- Variables with more than three dimensions are not supported.

It is possible to open a NetCDF file by different grids or levels at the same time. This allows you, for example, to store all levels of one grid in a single NetCDF file. In this case the levels must be distinguished by the variable names.

## 2.8 Multi-thread support

When compiled with <code>THREADSAFE=ON</code> (see section Compilation) all functions are thread-safe. However, there are some restrictions due to MPI implementations. If your MPI library is not thread-safe, you have to add the additional flag <code>THREADSAFE\_MPI=ON</code> which will mare sure that ASAGI does not call MPI functions from different threads at the same time. However, in this case, you are not allowed to call MPI and ASAGI functions at the same time.

Multi-thread support is required if you want to use ASAGI's NUMA functionality (see NUMA).

In addition, for ASAGI to work correctly, it has to now about all threads the application is using. Use asagi::Grid::csetThreads() to set the number of threads and call asagi::Grid::open() from all threads. asagi::Grid::open() is a collective operation for all threads.

#### **2.9 NUMA**

ASAGI is able to detect the NUMA domains of your node. If more than one NUMA domain is detected, ASAGI will place a cache on each NUMA domain to increase locality. You can control the NUMA detection, with the configuration parameter NUMA\_COMMUNICATION (see Parameters).

#### 2.9.1 MPI Communication

ASAGI supports two different MPI communication patterns: Via MPI remote memory access (MPI windows) or a separate communication thread. The MPI windows are used by default since they do not have any special requirement and are easy to use. However, in some MPI libraries, RMA is poorly tested and does not work well, especially with hybrid parallelization.

Therefore, you can use the communication thread. In this mode, a separate thread is required which is responsible for answering remote requests. You have to start the thread with <a href="mailto:asagi::Grid::startCommThread">asagi::Grid::startCommThread</a> before any grid using the communication thread is opened. Multiple grids will share one communication thread does you must not start more than communication. However, you have to make sure that the MPI communicator for the communication thread includes all grid communicators. Once the last grid using the communication thread is closed, you should stop the additional with <a href="mailto:asagi::Grid::stopCommThread">asagi::Grid::stopCommThread</a>. To use the communication thread it is also necessary to have a thread-safe MPI implementation.

To disable MPI communication completely, set MPI\_COMMUNICATION to OFF

#### 2.10 Parameters

ASAGI supports several parameters for each grid:

2.11 Access counters 7

Name	Values	Description	Grid-global (*)
GRID	FULL   CACHE	The grid type (see Grid	yes
	PASS-THROUGH	types)	
NUMA_COMMUNICAT←	ON   OFF   CACHE	Enable/disable NUMA	yes
ION		detection. CACHE can be	
		used in combination with	
		the "full grid". It enables	
		NUMA detection and in	
		addition ASAGI will look	
		into all node local NUMA	
		caches before activating	
		MPI communication.	
		(default: ON if compiled	
		with NUMA support)	
MPI_COMMUNICATION	OFF   THREAD	Use a communication	yes
	WINDOW	thread or MPI RMA	
		(windows) for MPI	
		communication (default:	
		WINDOW, see MPI	
VALUE POOLEION	OF LLOS NITEDED	Communication)	
VALUE-POSITION	CELL-CENTERED	The value position (see	yes
TIME-DIMENSION	VERTEX-CENTERED	Value position)  The dimension that holds	
TIME-DIMENSION	int		yes
		the time (default is -1 which means no time	
		dimension exists).	
		ASAGI treats time	
		dimension specially.	
VARIABLE	string	The variable name in the	no
VIIII	String	netCDf file. (default: z)	110
BLOCK-SIZE-X	int	The size of a block in	no
DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF		dimension X. Use a	
		negative value to set the	
		block size equal to the	
		total number cells in this	
		dimension.	
CACHE-SIZE	int	The size of the cache (in	no
		blocks) on each CPU.	
CACHE-HAND-SPREAD	int	ASAGI uses the clock	no
		algorithm to approx.	
		LRU. This parameter	
		specifies the difference of	
		the 2 hands in the clock.	
		Lower values result in a	
		faster algorithm but a	
		worse approximation.	

<sup>(\*)</sup> If yes, the parameter can only be set for all levels at the same time. Set the parameter level in asagi::Grid← ::setParam() to 0 to change value.

# 2.11 Access counters

ASAGI supports several access counters to measure the throughput of the library and get information about effectiveness of the caches:

Name	Description
accesses	Total number of data accesses
numa_transfers	Number of blocks transfered between CPUs
mpi_transfers	Number of blocks transfered between processes
file_load	Number of blocks loaded from file (after initialization)
local_hits	Number values that where already in local NUMA
	domain
node_hits	Number values that where already on the local node
local_misses	Number of values that where not already in local
	memory

## Remarks

If more than one thread is used and ASAGI is not compiled with <code>THREADSAFE\_COUNTER=ON</code>, the counters might be inaccurate.

# 3 Troubleshooting

#### 3.1 CMake does not find MPI

On some plattforms, CMake has problems finding MPI. Try to set the environment variable CMAKE\_PREFIX\_P ATH (see section Building and Installing ASAGI) or select the MPI compiler before running CMake by setting the environment variable CXX.

## 3.2 The program hangs

#### 3.2.1 Intel MPI

Due to a bug (http://software.intel.com/en-us/forums/showthread.php?t=103456) in the Intel MPI library (version 4.0 update 3 and probably earlier versions) the remote memory access in ASAGI does not work properly. This only happens when fabric is set to "ofa" or "shm:ofa". Selecting a different fabric by changing the environment variable "I\_MPI\_FABRICS" solves the problem.

## 3.2.2 OpenMPI

OpenMPI windows also have a bug that might create deadlocks if more than one thread is used.

The bug could be reproduced with the following example with OpenMPI 1.8.7:

```
#include <mpi.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <iostream>
int main(int argc, char* argv[]) {
  int provided;
 MPI_Init_thread(&argc, &argv, MPI_THREAD_SERIALIZED, &provided);
  //MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
  int rank:
 MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &rank);
 MPI_Win window;
  int* data;
 MPI_Alloc_mem(sizeof(int), MPI_INFO_NULL, &data);
  *data = 0;
  MPI_Win_create(data,
    sizeof(int),
    sizeof(int)
   MPI_INFO_NULL,
   MPI_COMM_WORLD, &window);
  if (rank == 0) {
    sleep(3);
```

```
std::cout << "Start rank 0" << std::endl;

MPI_Win_lock(MPI_LOCK_SHARED, 1, 0, window);
int mydata = 1;
MPI_Put(&mydata, 1, MPI_INT, 1, 0, 1, MPI_INT, window);
MPI_Win_unlock(1, window);

char signal = 0;
MPI_Send(&signal, 1, MPI_CHAR, 1, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);

std::cout << "End rank 0" << std::endl;
else {
    std::cout << "Start rank 1" << std::endl;
    char signal;
    MPI_Recv(&signal, 1, MPI_CHAR, 0, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD, MPI_STATUS_IGNORE);
    std::cout << "End rank 1" << std::endl;
}

MPI_Win_free(&window);
MPI_Free_mem(data);

MPI_Finalize();
return 0;</pre>
```

This bug seems to be fixed in version 1.10.0.

## 3.3 The program fails with "PMPI\_Win\_create: Assertion

'winptr->lock\_table[i]' failed" or "function:MPI\_WIN\_LOCK, Invalid win argument"

The SGI Message Passing Toolkit uses a special mapped memory for one-sided communication. For large grids the default size of mapped memory may be too small. It is possible to increase the size by setting the environment variable MPI\_MAPPED\_HEAP\_SIZE.

## 4 Module Documentation

## 4.1 Fortran Interface

**Data Types** 

· module asagi

## **Functions/Subroutines**

- integer(kind=c\_int) function asagi::asagi\_grid\_create\_struct (count, block\_length, displacments, types)
- subroutine asagi::asagi\_grid\_set\_comm (grid\_id, comm)
- subroutine asagi::asagi\_grid\_set\_threads (grid\_id, threads)
- integer(kind=c\_int) function asagi::asagi\_grid\_dimensions (grid\_id)
- real(kind=c\_double) function asagi::asagi\_grid\_min (grid\_id, n)
- real(kind=c\_double) function asagi::asagi\_grid\_max (grid\_id, n)
   integer(kind=c\_int) function asagi::asagi\_grid\_var\_size (grid\_id)
- subroutine asagi::asagi grid close (grid id)
- integer(kind=c\_int) function asagi::asagi\_start\_comm\_thread (sched\_cpu, comm)
- subroutine asagi::asagi\_stop\_comm\_thread ()
- integer(kind=c\_int) function asagi::asagi\_node\_local\_rank (comm)
- integer function asagi::asagi\_grid\_create (type)
- integer function asagi::asagi\_grid\_create\_array (basictype)
- subroutine asagi::asagi\_grid\_set\_param (grid\_id, name, value, level)

- integer function asagi::asagi\_grid\_open (grid\_id, filename, level)
- real(kind=c\_double) function asagi::asagi\_grid\_delta (grid\_id, n, level)
- character function asagi::asagi\_grid\_get\_byte (grid\_id, pos, level)
- integer function asagi::asagi\_grid\_get\_int (grid\_id, pos, level)
- integer(kind=c long) function asagi::asagi grid get long (grid id, pos, level)
- real function asagi::asagi grid get float (grid id, pos, level)
- real(kind=c\_double) function asagi::asagi\_grid\_get\_double (grid\_id, pos, level)
- subroutine asagi::asagi\_grid\_get\_buf (grid\_id, buf, pos, level)
- 4.1.1 Detailed Description
- 4.1.2 Class Documentation
- 4.1.2.1 module asagi

ASAGI Fortran Interface.

#### **Public Member Functions**

- integer(kind=c\_int) function asagi\_grid\_create\_struct (count, block\_length, displacments, types)
- subroutine asagi\_grid\_set\_comm (grid\_id, comm)
- subroutine asagi\_grid\_set\_threads (grid\_id, threads)
- integer(kind=c\_int) function asagi\_grid\_dimensions (grid\_id)
- real(kind=c\_double) function asagi\_grid\_min (grid\_id, n)
- real(kind=c\_double) function asagi\_grid\_max (grid\_id, n)
- integer(kind=c int) function asagi grid var size (grid id)
- subroutine asagi\_grid\_close (grid\_id)
- integer(kind=c\_int) function asagi\_start\_comm\_thread (sched\_cpu, comm)
- subroutine asagi\_stop\_comm\_thread ()
- integer(kind=c\_int) function asagi\_node\_local\_rank (comm)
- integer function asagi\_grid\_create (type)
- integer function asagi\_grid\_create\_array (basictype)
- subroutine asagi\_grid\_set\_param (grid\_id, name, value, level)
- integer function asagi\_grid\_open (grid\_id, filename, level)
- real(kind=c\_double) function asagi\_grid\_delta (grid\_id, n, level)
- character function asagi\_grid\_get\_byte (grid\_id, pos, level)
- integer function asagi\_grid\_get\_int (grid\_id, pos, level)
- integer(kind=c\_long) function asagi\_grid\_get\_long (grid\_id, pos, level)
- · real function asagi grid get float (grid id, pos, level)
- real(kind=c double) function asagi grid get double (grid id, pos, level)
- subroutine asagi\_grid\_get\_buf (grid\_id, buf, pos, level)
- 4.1.3 Function/Subroutine Documentation
- 4.1.3.1 subroutine asagi::asagi\_grid\_close ( integer( kind=c\_int ) grid\_id )

See also

asagi::Grid::close(asagi::Grid\*)

4.1.3.2 integer function asagi::asagi\_grid\_create ( integer, intent(in), optional type )

See also

asagi::Grid::create()

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```
integer function asagi::asagi_grid_create_array ( integer, intent(in), optional basictype )
See also
      asagi::Grid::createArray()
4.1.3.4 integer( kind=c_int ) function asagi::asagi_grid_create_struct ( integer( kind=c_int ) count, integer( kind=c_int ),
         dimension(*), intent(in) block_length, integer( kind=c_long ), dimension(*), intent(in) displacments, integer( kind=c_int
         ), dimension(*), intent(in) types )
See also
      asagi::Grid::createStruct()
4.1.3.5 real(kind=c double) function asagi::asagi grid delta (integer, intent(in) grid id, integer, intent(in) n, integer, intent(in),
         optional level )
See also
      asagi::Grid::getDelta()
4.1.3.6 integer( kind=c_int ) function asagi::asagi_grid_dimensions ( integer( kind=c_int ) grid_id )
See also
      agagi::Grid::getDimensions()
4.1.3.7 subroutine asagi::asagi_grid_get_buf ( integer, intent(in) grid_id, type( c_ptr ) buf, real( kind=c_double ), dimension(*),
         intent(in) pos, integer, intent(in), optional level )
See also
      asagi::Grid::getBuf()
4.1.3.8 character function asagi::asagi_grid_get_byte ( integer, intent(in) grid_id, real( kind=c_double ), dimension(*), intent(in)
         pos, integer, intent(in), optional level )
See also
      asagi::Grid::getByte()
4.1.3.9 real(kind=c double) function asagi::asagi grid get double (integer, intent(in) grid id, real(kind=c double),
         dimension(*), intent(in) pos, integer, intent(in), optional level )
See also
      asagi::Grid::getDouble()
4.1.3.10 real function asagi::asagi_grid_get_float ( integer, intent(in) grid_id, real( kind=c_double ), dimension(*), intent(in)
          pos, integer, intent(in), optional level )
See also
      asagi::Grid::getFloat()
4.1.3.11 integer function asagi::asagi_grid_get_int ( integer, intent(in) grid_id, real( kind=c_double ), dimension(*), intent(in)
          pos, integer, intent(in), optional level )
See also
      asagi::Grid::getInt()
```

```
integer( kind=c_long ) function asagi::asagi_grid_get_long ( integer, intent(in) grid_id, real( kind=c_double ),
          dimension(*), intent(in) pos, integer, intent(in), optional level )
See also
      asagi::Grid::getLong()
4.1.3.13 real(kind=c_double) function asagi::asagi_grid_max (integer(kind=c_int) grid_id, integer(kind=c_int) n)
See also
      asagi::Grid::getMax()
4.1.3.14 real( kind=c_double ) function asagi::asagi_grid_min ( integer( kind=c_int ) grid_id, integer( kind=c_int ) n )
See also
      asagi::Grid::getMin()
4.1.3.15 integer function asagi::asagi_grid_open ( integer, intent(in) grid_id, character*(*), intent(in) filename, integer,
          intent(in), optional level )
See also
      asagi::Grid::open()
4.1.3.16 subroutine asagi::asagi_grid_set_comm ( integer( kind=c_int ) grid_id, integer( kind=c_int ) comm )
See also
      asagi::Grid::setComm()
4.1.3.17 subroutine asagi::asagi_grid_set_param (integer, intent(in) grid_id, character*(*), intent(in) name, character*(*),
          intent(in) value, integer, intent(in), optional level )
See also
      asagi::Grid::setParam()
4.1.3.18 subroutine asagi::asagi grid set threads ( integer( kind=c int ) grid id, integer( kind=c int ) threads )
See also
      asagi::Grid::setThreads()
4.1.3.19 integer( kind=c_int ) function asagi::asagi_grid_var_size ( integer( kind=c_int ) grid_id )
See also
      asagi::Grid::getVarSize()
4.1.3.20 integer(kind=c_int) function asagi::asagi_node_local_rank( integer(kind=c_int) comm)
See also
      asagi::Grid::nodeLocalRank
4.1.3.21 integer( kind=c_int ) function asagi::asagi_start_comm_thread ( integer( kind=c_int ) sched_cpu, integer( kind=c_int )
          comm )
See also
      asagi::Grid::startCommThread
```

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4.1.3.22 subroutine asagi::asagi\_stop\_comm\_thread ( )

See also

asagi::Grid::stopCommThread

## 4.2 C Interface

## **Typedefs**

· typedef asagi::Grid asagi\_grid

#### **Enumerations**

- · enum asagi type
- · enum asagi\_error

#### **Functions**

- asagi\_grid \* asagi\_grid\_create (asagi\_type type)
- asagi grid \* asagi grid\_create\_array (asagi\_type basic\_type)
- asagi\_grid \* asagi\_grid\_create\_struct (unsigned int count, unsigned int blockLength[], unsigned long displacements[], asagi\_type types[])
- void asagi\_grid\_set\_comm (asagi\_grid \*handle, MPI\_Comm comm)
- void asagi\_grid\_set\_threads (asagi\_grid \*handle, unsigned int threads)
- void asagi grid set param (asagi grid \*handle, const char \*name, const char \*value, unsigned int level)
- asagi\_error asagi\_grid\_open (asagi\_grid \*handle, const char \*filename, unsigned int level)
- unsigned int asagi grid dimensions (asagi grid \*handle)
- double asagi\_grid\_min (asagi\_grid \*handle, unsigned int n)
- double asagi\_grid\_max (asagi\_grid \*handle, unsigned int n)
- · double asagi\_grid\_delta (asagi\_grid \*handle, unsigned int n, unsigned int level)
- unsigned int asagi\_grid\_var\_size (asagi\_grid \*handle)
- unsigned char asagi\_grid\_get\_byte (asagi\_grid \*handle, const double \*pos, unsigned int level)
- int asagi\_grid\_get\_int (asagi\_grid \*handle, const double \*pos, unsigned int level)
- long asagi grid get long (asagi grid \*handle, const double \*pos, unsigned int level)
- float asagi\_grid\_get\_float (asagi\_grid \*handle, const double \*pos, unsigned int level)
- · double asagi\_grid\_get\_double (asagi\_grid \*handle, const double \*pos, unsigned int level)
- void asagi\_grid\_get\_buf (asagi\_grid \*handle, void \*buf, const double \*pos, unsigned int level)
- void asagi\_grid\_close (asagi\_grid \*handle)
- asagi\_error asagi\_start\_comm\_thread (int sched\_cpu, MPI\_Comm comm)
- void asagi\_stop\_comm\_thread ()
- int asagi\_node\_local\_rank (MPI\_Comm comm)
- 4.2.1 Detailed Description
- 4.2.2 Typedef Documentation
- 4.2.2.1 typedef struct asagi\_grid asagi\_grid

A handle for a grid

- 4.2.3 Enumeration Type Documentation
- 4.2.3.1 enum asagi error

See also

asagi::Grid::Error

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```
4.2.3.2 enum asagi_type
See also
      asagi::Grid::Type
4.2.4 Function Documentation
4.2.4.1 void asagi_grid_close ( asagi_grid * handle )
See also
      asagi::Grid::close(asagi::Grid*)
4.2.4.2 asagi_grid* asagi_grid_create ( asagi_type type )
See also
      asagi::Grid::create()
4.2.4.3 asagi_grid* asagi_grid_create_array( asagi_type basic_type)
See also
      asagi::Grid::createArray()
4.2.4.4 asagi_grid * asagi_grid_create_struct ( unsigned int count, unsigned int blockLength[], unsigned long
        displacements[], asagi_type types[])
See also
      asagi::Grid::createStruct()
4.2.4.5 double asagi_grid_delta ( asagi_grid * handle, unsigned int n, unsigned int level )
See also
      asagi::Grid::getDelta()
4.2.4.6 unsigned int asagi_grid_dimensions ( asagi_grid * handle )
See also
      asagi::Grid::getDimensions()
4.2.4.7 void asagi_grid_get_buf ( asagi_grid * handle, void * buf, const double * pos, unsigned int level )
See also
      asagi::Grid::getBuf()
4.2.4.8 unsigned char asagi_grid_get_byte ( asagi_grid * handle, const double * pos, unsigned int level )
See also
      asagi::Grid::getByte()
4.2.4.9 double asagi_grid_get_double ( asagi_grid * handle, const double * pos, unsigned int level )
See also
      asagi::Grid::getDouble()
```

```
4.2.4.10 float asagi_grid_get_float ( asagi_grid * handle, const double * pos, unsigned int level )
See also
      asagi::Grid::getFloat()
4.2.4.11 int asagi_grid_get_int ( asagi_grid * handle, const double * pos, unsigned int level )
See also
      asagi::Grid::getInt()
4.2.4.12 long asagi_grid_get_long ( asagi_grid * handle, const double * pos, unsigned int level )
See also
      asagi::Grid::getLong()
4.2.4.13 double asagi_grid_max ( asagi_grid * handle, unsigned int n )
See also
      asagi::Grid::getMax()
4.2.4.14 double asagi_grid_min ( asagi_grid * handle, unsigned int n )
See also
      asagi::Grid::getMin()
4.2.4.15 asagi_error asagi_grid_open ( asagi_grid * handle, const char * filename, unsigned int level )
See also
      asagi::Grid::open()
4.2.4.16 void asagi_grid_set_comm ( asagi_grid * handle, MPI_Comm comm )
See also
      asagi::Grid::setComm()
4.2.4.17 void asagi grid set param ( asagi grid * handle, const char * name, const char * value, unsigned int level )
See also
      asagi::Grid::setParam()
4.2.4.18 void asagi_grid_set_threads ( asagi_grid * handle, unsigned int threads )
See also
      asagi::Grid::setThreads()
4.2.4.19 unsigned int asagi_grid_var_size ( asagi_grid * handle )
See also
      asagi::Grid::getVarSize()
```

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```
4.2.4.20 int asagi_node_local_rank ( MPI_Comm comm )

See also
    asagi::Grid::nodeLocalRank(MPI_Comm)

4.2.4.21 asagi_error asagi_start_comm_thread ( int sched_cpu, MPI_Comm comm )

See also
    asagi::Grid::startCommThread(int, MPI_Comm)

4.2.4.22 void asagi_stop_comm_thread ( )

See also
    asagi::Grid::stopCommThread()
```

## 4.3 C++ Interface

#### Classes

class asagi::Grid

#### **Enumerations**

```
    enum asagi::Grid::Type {
        asagi::Grid::BYTE, asagi::Grid::INT, asagi::Grid::LONG, asagi::Grid::FLOAT,
        asagi::Grid::DOUBLE }
    enum asagi::Grid::SUCCESS = 0, asagi::Grid::MPI_ERROR, asagi::Grid::THREAD_ERROR, asagi::Grid::NUMA
        _ERROR,
        asagi::Grid::UNKNOWN_PARAM, asagi::Grid::INVALID_VALUE, asagi::Grid::NOT_INITIALIZED, asagi::Grid::ALREADY_INITIALIZED,
        asagi::Grid::NOT_OPEN, asagi::Grid::VAR_NOT_FOUND, asagi::Grid::WRONG_SIZE, asagi::Grid::UNS
        UPPORTED_DIMENSIONS,
        asagi::Grid::INVALID_VAR_SIZE }
```

#### **Functions**

- virtual asagi::Grid::~Grid ()
- virtual Error asagi::Grid::setComm (MPI\_Comm comm=MPI\_COMM\_WORLD)=0
- virtual Error asagi::Grid::setThreads (unsigned int threads)=0
- virtual void asagi::Grid::setParam (const char \*name, const char \*value, unsigned int level=0)=0
- virtual Error asagi::Grid::open (const char \*filename, unsigned int level=0)=0
- virtual unsigned int asagi::Grid::getDimensions () const =0
- virtual double asagi::Grid::getMin (unsigned int n) const =0
- virtual double asagi::Grid::getMax (unsigned int n) const =0
- virtual double asagi::Grid::getDelta (unsigned int n, unsigned int level=0) const =0
- virtual unsigned int asagi::Grid::getVarSize () const =0
- virtual unsigned char asagi::Grid::getByte (const double \*pos, unsigned int level=0)=0
- virtual int asagi::Grid::getInt (const double \*pos, unsigned int level=0)=0
- virtual long asagi::Grid::getLong (const double \*pos, unsigned int level=0)=0
- virtual float asagi::Grid::getFloat (const double \*pos, unsigned int level=0)=0
- virtual double asagi::Grid::getDouble (const double \*pos, unsigned int level=0)=0
- virtual void asagi::Grid::getBuf (void \*buf, const double \*pos, unsigned int level=0)=0
- virtual unsigned long asagi::Grid::getCounter (const char \*name, unsigned int level=0)=0
- static asagi::Grid \* asagi::Grid::create (Type type=FLOAT)
- static asagi::Grid \* asagi::Grid::createArray (Type type=FLOAT)
- static asagi::Grid \* asagi::Grid::createStruct (unsigned int count, unsigned int blockLength[], unsigned long displacements[], Type types[])
- static void asagi::Grid::close (asagi::Grid \*grid)
- static Error asagi::Grid::startCommThread (int schedCPU=-1, MPI\_Comm comm=MPI\_COMM\_WORLD)
- static void asagi::Grid::stopCommThread ()
- static int asagi::Grid::nodeLocalRank (MPI\_Comm comm=MPI\_COMM\_WORLD)
- 4.3.1 Detailed Description
- 4.3.2 Class Documentation
- 4.3.2.1 class asagi::Grid
- C++ Interface for ASAGI grids.

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## **Public Types**

```
enum Type {
    BYTE, INT, LONG, FLOAT,
    DOUBLE }
enum Error {
    SUCCESS = 0, MPI_ERROR, THREAD_ERROR, NUMA_ERROR,
    UNKNOWN_PARAM, INVALID_VALUE, NOT_INITIALIZED, ALREADY_INITIALIZED,
    NOT_OPEN, VAR_NOT_FOUND, WRONG_SIZE, UNSUPPORTED_DIMENSIONS,
    INVALID_VAR_SIZE }
```

#### **Public Member Functions**

- virtual ∼Grid ()
- virtual Error setComm (MPI\_Comm comm=MPI\_COMM\_WORLD)=0
- virtual Error setThreads (unsigned int threads)=0
- virtual void setParam (const char \*name, const char \*value, unsigned int level=0)=0
- virtual Error open (const char \*filename, unsigned int level=0)=0
- virtual unsigned int getDimensions () const =0
- virtual double getMin (unsigned int n) const =0
- virtual double getMax (unsigned int n) const =0
- virtual double getDelta (unsigned int n, unsigned int level=0) const =0
- virtual unsigned int getVarSize () const =0
- virtual unsigned char getByte (const double \*pos, unsigned int level=0)=0
- virtual int getInt (const double \*pos, unsigned int level=0)=0
- virtual long getLong (const double \*pos, unsigned int level=0)=0
- virtual float getFloat (const double \*pos, unsigned int level=0)=0
- virtual double getDouble (const double \*pos, unsigned int level=0)=0
- virtual void getBuf (void \*buf, const double \*pos, unsigned int level=0)=0
- virtual unsigned long getCounter (const char \*name, unsigned int level=0)=0

## **Static Public Member Functions**

- static asagi::Grid \* create (Type type=FLOAT)
- static asagi::Grid \* createArray (Type type=FLOAT)
- static asagi::Grid \* createStruct (unsigned int count, unsigned int blockLength[], unsigned long displacements[], Type types[])
- static void close (asagi::Grid \*grid)
- static Error startCommThread (int schedCPU=-1, MPI\_Comm comm=MPI\_COMM\_WORLD)
- static void stopCommThread ()
- static int nodeLocalRank (MPI\_Comm comm=MPI\_COMM\_WORLD)

## 4.3.3 Enumeration Type Documentation

## 4.3.3.1 enum asagi::Grid::Error

Possible errors that could occur

## **Enumerator**

SUCCESS No error

MPI\_ERROR An MPI function failed

THREAD\_ERROR A pthread function failed

**NUMA\_ERROR** An error in the NUMA detection code

UNKNOWN\_PARAM Unknown configuration parameter

INVALID\_VALUE Invalid configuration value

NOT\_INITIALIZED Function is not yet initialized

ALREADY\_INITIALIZED Function already initialized

NOT\_OPEN Could not open input file

VAR\_NOT\_FOUND netCDF variable not found

WRONG\_SIZE Wrong variable size in the file

UNSUPPORTED\_DIMENSIONS Unsupported number of dimensions input file

INVALID\_VAR\_SIZE Variable size in the input file does not match the type

## 4.3.3.2 enum asagi::Grid::Type

The primitive data types supported by ASAGI

#### **Enumerator**

BYTE signed byte

INT signed 4-byte integer

LONG signed 8-byte integer

FLOAT 4-byte floating point value

**DOUBLE** 8-byte floating point value

#### 4.3.4 Function Documentation

**4.3.4.1** static void asagi::Grid::close ( asagi::Grid \* grid ) [inline], [static]

Frees all memory resources associated with grid. After a grid is closed you cannot access any values and you can not reopen another NetCDF file.

This function does the same as calling delete grid; and it is the C++ equivalent to asagi\_grid\_close(asagi\_crid\*) and asagi::asagi\_grid\_close

## **Parameters**

grid	The grid that should be closed.

4.3.4.2 static asagi::Grid\* asagi::Grid::create ( Type type = FLOAT ) [static]

Creates a new grid containing values with a primitive data type

#### **Parameters**

type	The type of the values in the grid

4.3.4.3 static asagi::Grid\* asagi::Grid::createArray( Type type = FLOAT ) [static]

Creates a new grid containing arrays

The length of the arrays is determined by the input file

**Parameters** 

type	The type of the values in the arrays

4.3.4.4 static asagi::Grid\* asagi::Grid::createStruct ( unsigned int count, unsigned int blockLength[], unsigned long displacements[], Type types[]) [static]

Creates a new grid containing structured values

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#### **Parameters**

count	Number of blocks in the structure
blockLength	Number of elements in each block
displacements	Displacement of each block
types	Primitive types of the blocks

4.3.4.5 virtual void asagi::Grid::getBuf ( void \* buf, const double \* pos, unsigned int level = 0 ) [pure virtual]

Copys the element at pos into buf. The buffer size has to be (at least) getVarSize() bytes.

#### **Parameters**

buf	Pointer to the buffer where the data should be written
pos	The coordinates of the value, the array must have at least the size of the dimension of the
	grid
level	The level from which the data should be fetched

**4.3.4.6** virtual unsigned char asagi::Grid::getByte ( const double \* pos, unsigned int level = 0 ) [pure virtual]

If the grid contains array values, only the first element of the array is returned

#### **Parameters**

pos	The coordinates of the value, the array must have at least the size of the dimension of the
	grid
level	The level from which the data should be fetched

## Returns

The element at pos as a char

4.3.4.7 virtual unsigned long asagi::Grid::getCounter( const char \* name, unsigned int level = 0 ) [pure virtual]

Gets the current value of a counter for a grid level.

See Access counters for a list of all counters.

## Returns

The current counter value or 0 if the name is not defined

## Warning

The performance counters are by default not thread-safe for performance reason. You may get wrong result when using more than one thread.

4.3.4.8 virtual double asagi::Grid::getDelta (unsigned int n, unsigned int level = 0) const [pure virtual]

## **Parameters**

n	The dimension
level	The level for which the difference is requested

## Returns

The difference of two coordinates in dimension n

4.3.4.9 virtual unsigned int asagi::Grid::getDimensions ( ) const [pure virtual]

Returns the number of dimensions loaded from the file.

## Returns

The number of dimensions of the grid

4.3.4.10 virtual double asagi::Grid::getDouble ( const double \* pos, unsigned int level = 0 ) [pure virtual]

#### **Parameters**

pos	The coordinates of the value, the array must have at least the size of the dimension of the
	grid
level	The level from which the data should be fetched

## Returns

The element at pos as a double

#### See also

getByte

4.3.4.11 virtual float asagi::Grid::getFloat ( const double \* pos, unsigned int level = 0 ) [pure virtual]

## **Parameters**

pos	The coordinates of the value, the array must have at least the size of the dimension of the
	grid
level	The level from which the data should be fetched

## Returns

The element at pos as a float

#### See also

getByte

4.3.4.12 virtual int asagi::Grid::getInt ( const double \* pos, unsigned int level = 0 ) [pure virtual]

#### **Parameters**

pos	The coordinates of the value, the array must have at least the size of the dimension of the
	grid
level	The level from which the data should be fetched

## Returns

The element at pos as an integer

## See also

getByte

4.3.4.13 virtual long asagi::Grid::getLong ( const double \* pos, unsigned int level = 0 ) [pure virtual]

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#### **Parameters**

pos	The coordinates of the value, the array must have at least the size of the dimension of the
	grid
level	The level from which the data should be fetched

#### Returns

The element at pos as a long

#### See also

getByte

**4.3.4.14** virtual double asagi::Grid::getMax (unsigned int *n* ) const [pure virtual]

#### **Parameters**

n	The dimension

## Returns

The maximum allowed coordinate in dimension n

**4.3.4.15 virtual double asagi::Grid::getMin ( unsigned int** *n* **) const** [pure virtual]

#### **Parameters**

n	The dimension
---	---------------

#### Returns

The minimum allowed coordinate in dimension n

**4.3.4.16** virtual unsigned int asagi::Grid::getVarSize() const [pure virtual]

## Returns

The number of bytes that are stored in each grid cell

4.3.4.17 static int asagi::Grid::nodeLocalRank ( MPI\_Comm comm = MPI\_COMM\_WORLD ) [static]

Computes the rank of the process on the node. This function can be used to determine the core, to which the communication threads should be pinned in startCommThread.

#### **Parameters**

comm	The communicator that should be used

## Returns

The node local rank

4.3.4.18 virtual Error asagi::Grid::open ( const char \* filename, unsigned int level = 0 ) [pure virtual]

Loads values from a NetCDF file.

This function must be called for each level of detail. If more than one thread is used, this is a collective function for all threads.

```
4.3.4.19 virtual Error asagi::Grid::setComm ( MPI_Comm comm = MPI_COMM_WORLD ) [pure virtual]
```

Call this function before open() if the grids should exchange chunks via MPI.

```
4.3.4.20 virtual void asagi::Grid::setParam ( const char * name, const char * value, unsigned int level = 0 ) [pure virtual]
```

Changes a grid parameter.

This function allows you to change ASAGI's configuration. It must be called before calling open(const char\*, unsigned int).

See Parameters for a list of supported parameters.

#### **Parameters**

name	The name of the parameter
value	The new value for the parameter
level	Change the parameter for the specified level of detail.
	Should be 0 when setting value-position

```
4.3.4.21 virtual Error asagi::Grid::setThreads (unsigned int threads) [pure virtual]
```

Sets the number of threads in the application.

This function must be called before open(). If it is not called, one thread is assumed.

```
4.3.4.22 static Error asagi::Grid::startCommThread ( int schedCPU = -1, MPI_Comm comm = MPI_COMM_WORLD ) [static]
```

Starts the communication thread. This must be done before a grid with the option  $\texttt{MPI\_COMMUNICATION} = \texttt{THREAD}$  is opened.

This is a collective operation within comm.

#### **Parameters**

schedCPU	The id of the CPU on which the communication thread should run. Use negative values to select the last, second last, CPU. If the id is invalid, the thread will not be pinned to a CPU.
comm	The communicator specifying which processes will be involved in any communication

## Returns

SUCCESS or an error

```
4.3.4.23 static void asagi::Grid::stopCommThread() [static]
```

Stops the communication thread

```
4.3.4.24 virtual asagi::Grid::~Grid() [inline], [virtual]
```

See also

close(asagi::Grid\*)

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