# IBM HR ANALYTICS

Jasper Hu

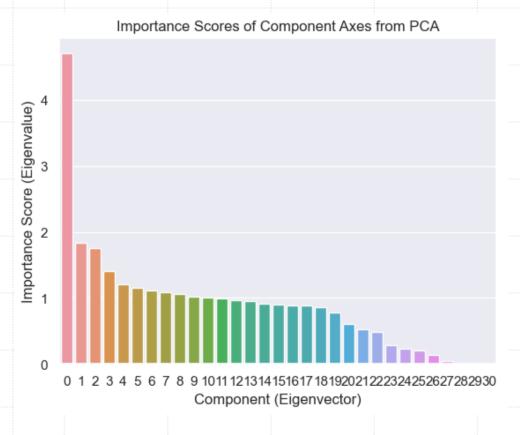
wh169

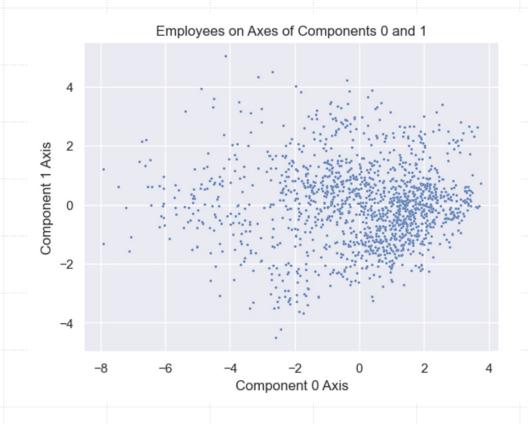
Central Questions: Reducing attrition & notable relationships between variables

Class of 2026

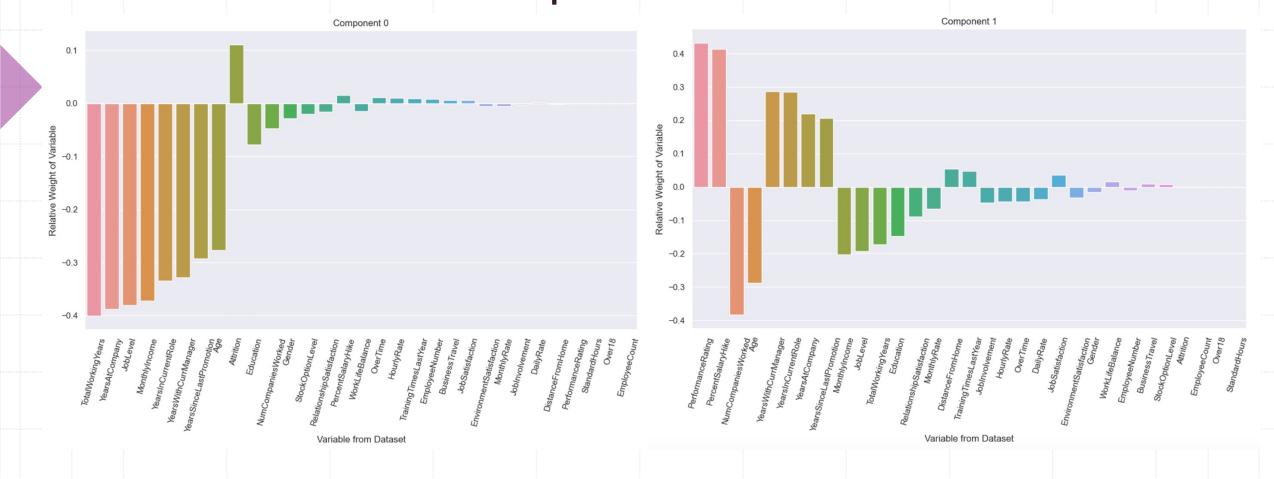
#### PCA

- Cleaned dataset, normalized, and performed Principle Component Analysis
  - Centered around 0, Standard Deviation at 1
- Illustrates significant covariances/relationships between variables on component axes



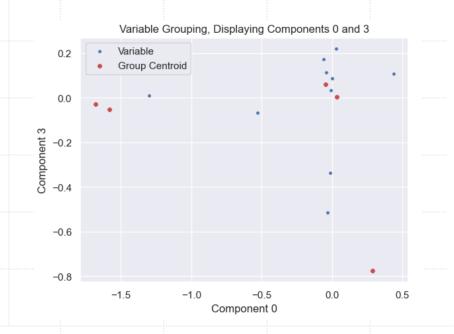


### Some Notable Components from PCA

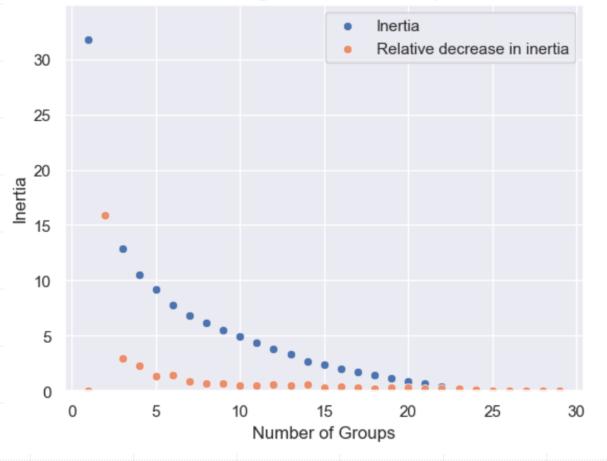


### **Grouping Variables**

- Apply K-Means algorithm
- Group variables with similar representations on the 10 most significant components
- Number of groups?
  - Minimize "inertia"
  - Not too fragmented
- Number of Groups = 5



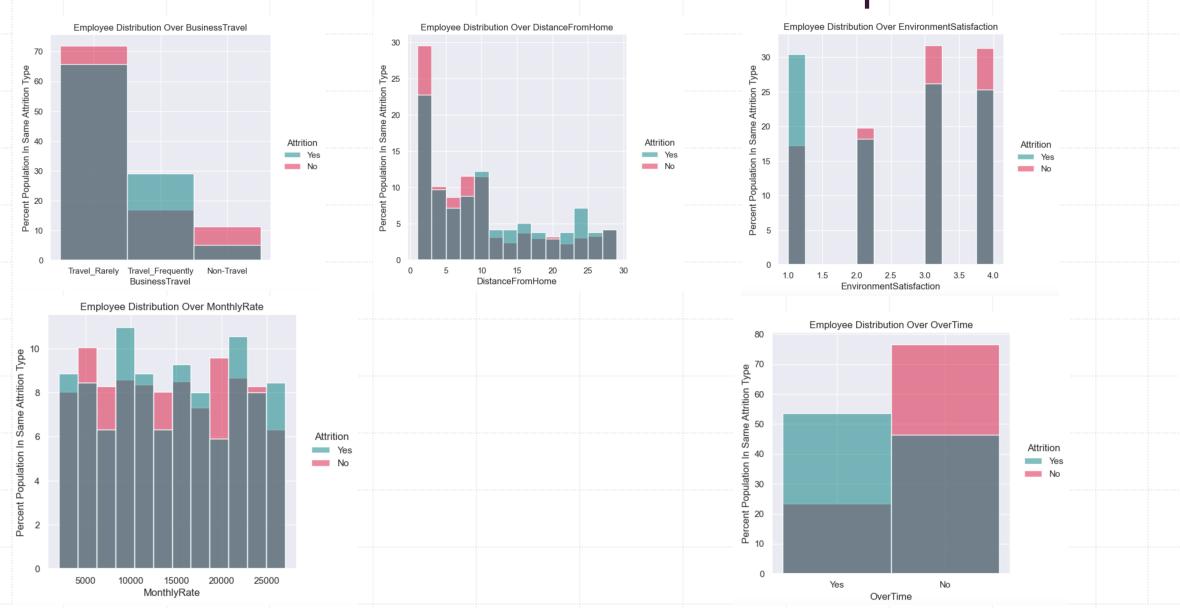




## Grouping Variables

Group Number	1	2	3	4	5
Variables	Attrition BusinessTravel DistanceFromHome EnvironmentSatis. MonthlyRate OverTime	Age JobLevel MonthlyIncome TotalWorkingYears	PercentSalaryHike PerformanceRating	DailyRate Education EmployeeCount EmployeeNumber Gender HourlyRate JobInvolvement JobSatisfaction NumCompaniesWorked Over18 RelationshipSatisfaction StandardHours StockOptionLevel TrainingTimesLastYear WorkLifeBalance	YearsAtCompany YearsInCurrentRole YearsSinceLastPromotion

### Attrition V.S. Variables Within Group



### Findings & Suggestions for Reducing Attrition

- Less business travel
- Set up offices closer to employees' homes
  - Or hire employees closer to offices
- Improve working environment
- Less overtime

### Additional Analysis

- Employee grouping
- Incorporating more categorical data
  - EducationField, Department, etc

