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Question NM 25: Consider the contour integral $\oint \frac{dz}{z^4 + z^3 - 2z^2}$, along the curve |z| = 3 oriented in the counterclockwise direction. If $Res[f, z_0]$ denotes the residue of f(z) at the point z_0 , then which of the following are TRUE?

- (A) Res $[f, 0] = -\frac{1}{4}$ (B) Res $[f, 1] = \frac{1}{3}$ (C) Res $[f, -2] = -\frac{1}{12}$ (D) Res[f, 2] = -1

(GATE NM 2023)

Solution:

$$\frac{dz}{z^4 + z^3 - 2z^2} = \frac{dz}{z^2(z-1)(z+2)} \tag{1}$$

Poles: z = 0, 1, -2

Curve: |z| = 3, all poles inside it

Given the function $f(z) = \frac{1}{z^2(z-1)(z+2)}$, with poles at z = 0, z = 1, and z = -2, and considering the curve |z| = 3, where all poles are inside it. We want to find the residues of f(z) at these poles.

The general formula for finding the residue at a pole z_0 is:

$$\operatorname{Res}(f, z_0) = \frac{1}{(n-1)!} \lim_{z \to z_0} \frac{d^{n-1}}{dz^{n-1}} \left((z - z_0)^n f(z) \right) \tag{2}$$

where n denotes how many times the pole is repeated.

For $z_0 = 0$, where n = 2, we have:

$$\operatorname{Res}(f,0) = \frac{1}{1!} \lim_{z \to 0} \frac{d}{dz} \left(\frac{1}{(z-1)(z+2)} \right)$$
 (3)

$$= -\frac{1}{4} \tag{4}$$

For $z_0 = 1$, where n = 1, we have:

Res
$$(f, 1) = \frac{1}{(1-1)!} \lim_{z \to 1} \frac{z-1}{z^2(z+2)}$$
 (5)

$$=\frac{1}{3}\tag{6}$$

For $z_0 = -2$, where n = 1, we have:

Res
$$(f, -2) = \frac{1}{(1-1)!} \lim_{z \to -2} \frac{z - (-2)}{z^2(z-1)}$$
 (7)

$$=-\frac{1}{12}\tag{8}$$

Therefore, the correct answers are: option A, B and C