## Sasa Mardi, EE23BTECH11222

**Question 11.9.3-19:** Find the sum of the products of the corresponding terms of the sequences 2, 4, 8, 16, 32 and 128, 32, 8, 2,  $\frac{1}{2}$ .

## **Solution:**

TABLE I: Input Parameters

| Parameter | Value                        | Description         |
|-----------|------------------------------|---------------------|
| $x_1(n)$  | 2, 4, 8, 16, 32              | Sequence 1          |
| $x_2(n)$  | $128, 32, 8, 2, \frac{1}{2}$ | Sequence 2          |
| y(n)      | -                            | Sum of the Products |

Define the sequences as follows:

Sequence 1: 
$$x_1(n) = 2(2)^n u(n)$$
 (1)

Sequence 2: 
$$x_2(n) = 128 \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^n u(n)$$
 (2)

$$x(n) = x_1(n)x_2(n)$$
 (3)

$$x(n) = \left(\frac{256}{2^n}\right)u(n) \tag{4}$$

**Z-Transform:** The Z-transform of a sequence x(n) is:

$$X(z) = \frac{512}{2 - z^{-1}} \quad |z| > \frac{1}{2} \tag{5}$$

$$Let, y(n) = x(n) * u(n)$$
 (6)

$$Y(z) = X(z)U(z) \tag{7}$$

$$= \left(\frac{512}{2 - z^{-1}}\right) \left(\frac{1}{1 - z^{-1}}\right) \tag{8}$$

$$= \frac{-256}{1 - \frac{z^{-1}}{2}} + \frac{512}{1 - z^{-1}} \tag{9}$$

Inverse of Z Transform of Y(z):

$$y(n) = \left[ \frac{-256}{2^n} + \frac{512}{1} \right] u(n) \tag{10}$$

As, n = 4, sum = 496.

This gives us the sum of the products of corresponding terms, which is 496.

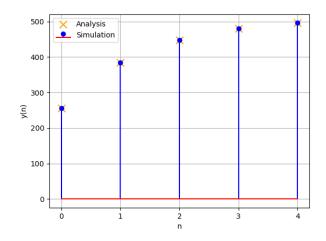


Fig. 1: Plot of y(n) vs n