



# Final Projet

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# What is SQLite ?

- 11th database engine DB-Engines
- Software in C
- Relational and transactional db engine
- Serverless -> local file
- Simple to integrate into apps



# Portability and performance

- All in one file -> easy to attach
- No complex setup
- Cross-systems (Windows, Mac, Linux...)
- Lightweight

# Data integrity and portability

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- ACID :

- Atomicity : all-or-nothing operations (commit or abort)
- Consistency : data always valid, if rule transgressed -> abort
- Isolation : transactions are independant
- Durability : changes are permanent + data not stored in volatile memory

# Wide application range

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- Mobile applications (in iOS AND Android)
    - Cache, app data, settings all without connexion
  - Desktop apps
    - Web browsers cookies & preferences
  - Web projects
    - Useful to easily save & acces data (SQLite 3 API)
  - IoT devices
    - Lightweight => manage data logs and config

# What to retain ?

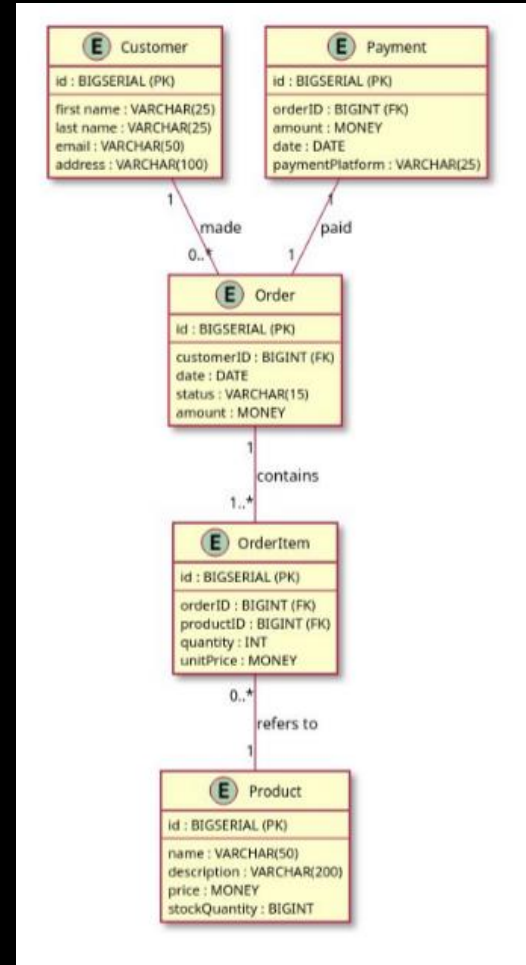
Serverless

Reliable

Lightweight

Very used  
for local  
storage

# My SQL implementation Diagram



# Queries - All orders from a specific customer

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Retrieves every order that a customer made, using their email address (could also be with id)

```
SELECT
c.firstName,
c.lastName,
o.id AS orderID,
o.date AS orderDate,
o.amount AS totalAmount
FROM
customer AS c
JOIN
"order" AS o ON c.id = o.customerID
WHERE
c.email = 'jean.dupont@email.com';
```



# Queries – All items of a specific order

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Retrieves all items included in an order using its order id.

```
SELECT  
oi.orderID,  
p.name AS productName,  
oi.quantity,  
oi.unitPrice  
FROM  
orderitem AS oi  
JOIN  
product AS p ON oi.productID = p.id  
WHERE  
oi.orderID = 1;
```

# Queries – All products with low stocks

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Retrieves every products with a stock less than 15

```
SELECT
p.name AS productName,
p.stockQuantity
FROM
product AS p
WHERE
p.stockQuantity < 15
ORDER BY
p.stockQuantity ASC;
```

# Queries – Most trending products

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Retrieve the orders that are the most popular to the customers (best sellers)

```
SELECT
p.id,
p.name,
SUM(oi.quantity) AS totalOrdered
FROM
product AS p
JOIN
orderitem AS oi ON p.id = oi.productID
GROUP BY
p.id, p.name
ORDER BY
totalOrdered DESC
```

## Queries – Average order value

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Average price of an order (according to the order made by all the clients)

```
SELECT
```

```
ROUND(AVG(o.amount), 2) AS  
averageOrderValue
```

```
FROM
```

```
"order" AS o;
```