

Shakti RISC-V Setup Guide

MacBook M4 / Apple Silicon • ACAD Course

Shakti RISC-V: Complete Setup Guide (Zero to Lab-Ready)

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Repository: <https://github.com/StarkAg/shakti-workspace>

Overview

This guide takes you from a fresh Mac M4 (no VM, no tools) to a fully working Shakti RISC-V development environment capable of building programs and flashing the Arty A7 at the lab.

Why this guide? The official ACAD setup uses VirtualBox + Ubuntu. VirtualBox does **not** run on Apple Silicon (M1/M2/M3/M4). This guide uses **UTM** (free, native) + **Ubuntu ARM64** instead.

Total time: ~1–2 hours (mostly unattended: VM install + toolchain build)

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1. Prerequisites

Item	Requirement
Mac	Apple Silicon (M1/M2/M3/M4)
RAM	8 GB minimum (6 GB for VM)
Disk	~50 GB free
Network	Internet for downloads
Lab hardware	Arty A7 FPGA (for flashing at lab)

2. Part 1: Install UTM

UTM is a free virtualization app that runs natively on Apple Silicon.

Option A: Download - Go to <https://mac.getutm.app/> - Download and install UTM

Option B: Homebrew

```
brew install --cask utm
```

3. Part 2: Download Ubuntu

1. Go to <https://ubuntu.com/download/server/arm>
2. Download **Ubuntu 24.04 LTS Server (64-bit ARM)**
 - Or Desktop: <https://ubuntu.com/download/desktop> (choose ARM64)

Save the .iso file (e.g. ubuntu-24.04-live-server-arm64.iso).

4. Part 3: Create and Install Ubuntu VM

4.1 Create VM

1. Open UTM
2. Click **Create a New Virtual Machine**
3. Select **Virtualize** (important: not Emulate)
4. Select **Linux**
5. **Browse** and select the Ubuntu ISO
6. Click **Continue**

4.2 Configure Hardware

Setting	Value	Notes
Memory	6 GB	Minimum 4 GB

CPU cores	4	More = faster toolchain build
Disk size	40 GB	Minimum for toolchain + workspace

Click **Save**, choose a name (e.g. Ubuntu-Shakti), and save.

4.3 Install Ubuntu

1. Start the VM
 2. Follow the Ubuntu installer:
 - Language: English
 - Keyboard: Your layout
 - Install type: Default
 - Network: Configure if needed (DHCP usually works)
 - Storage: Use entire disk
 - Profile: Create username and password
 - SSH: Optional (install if you want remote access)
 3. Reboot when prompted
 4. Log in with your credentials
-

5. Part 4: Install System Packages

Open a **terminal** inside the Ubuntu VM and run:

```

sudo apt update
sudo apt install -y build-essential git autoconf automake libtool
texinfo \
    flex bison libmpc-dev libmpfr-dev libgmp-dev gawk python3
python3-pip \
    openocd tmux

```

What these do: - build-essential – Compiler, make - autoconf, automake, libtool – Build system for toolchain - flex, bison – Parser generators - libmpc-dev, libmpfr-dev, libgmp-dev – Math libs for GCC - openocd – ARM64-native OpenOCD for flashing (required; shakti-tools OpenOCD is x86 only) - tmux – Optional; used by shakti.sh for debug sessions

6. Part 5: Build RISC-V Toolchain

The prebuilt shakti-tools are **x86_64 only** and do not run on ARM64. You must build the toolchain.

6.1 Clone riscv-gnu-toolchain

```

cd ~
git clone https://github.com/riscv-collab/riscv-gnu-toolchain
cd riscv-gnu-toolchain

```

6.2 Configure and Build

```
./configure --prefix=$HOME/riscv32 --with-arch=rv32imac --with-abi=ilp32
make -j$(nproc)
```

Time: ~30–60 minutes (depends on CPU/RAM)

6.3 Verify

```
$HOME/riscv32/bin/riscv32-unknown-elf-gcc --version
```

You should see something like: riscv32-unknown-elf-gcc (GCC) 15.x.x

6.4 If You See libgcc.a Errors Later

If builds fail with libgcc.a not found:

```
# Find your GCC version
ls $HOME/riscv32/lib/gcc/riscv32-unknown-elf/

# Copy libgcc.a from shakti-tools if you have it (replace
YOUR_VERSION)
# cp /path/to/shakti_workspace/shakti-tools/riscv32/lib/gcc/riscv32-
unknown-elf/*/libgcc.a \
#   $HOME/riscv32/lib/gcc/riscv32-unknown-elf/YOUR_VERSION/
```

7. Part 6: Clone the Workspace

The workspace includes the SDK, fixes, elf2hex, env.sh, and lab-flash script.

Inside the Ubuntu VM:

```
cd ~
git clone https://github.com/StarkAg/shakti-workspace.git
mv shakti-workspace shakti_workspace
```

Workspace contents: - shakti-sdk/ – Shakti SDK (GCC 15 compatible) - bin/elf2hex – ARM64-compatible ELF-to-hex tool - env.sh – Environment setup - lab-flash.sh – One-command lab flash - docs/ – Documentation

8. Part 7: Build and Verify

8.1 Source Environment

```
cd ~/shakti_workspace
source env.sh
```

Expected output: Shakti environment ready [self-built].

8.2 Build Hello Example

```
cd shakti-sdk
```

```
make software PROGRAM=hello TARGET=artix7_35t
```

Or for Parashu target:

```
make software PROGRAM=hello TARGET=parashu
```

8.3 Verify Output

The built ELF should be at:

shakti-sdk/software/examples/uart_applns/hello/output/hello.shakti

If this succeeds, your setup is complete.

9. Part 8: Lab Flash (Arty A7)

When you are at the lab with the Arty A7:

9.1 Connect Hardware

1. Connect Arty A7 to your Mac via USB (JTAG)
2. In UTM: **VM → Removable Devices → [Digilent USB Device] → Connect**
3. In the VM, run: `lsusb` – you should see the Digilent device

9.2 Flash

```
cd ~/shakti_workspace
source env.sh
./lab-flash.sh hello artix7_35t
```

You will be prompted for `sudo` (OpenOCD needs root for USB).

9.3 View Output

- **UART:** 115200 baud (e.g. `screen /dev/ttyUSB1 115200`, PuTTY, or minicom)
 - You should see: `Hello world !`
-

10. Quick Reference

Task	Command
Setup environment	<code>source env.sh</code>
Build hello (Arty A7)	<code>make software PROGRAM=hello TARGET=artix7_35t</code>
Build hello (Parashu)	<code>make software PROGRAM=hello TARGET=parashu</code>

List examples	<code>make list_applns</code>
List targets	<code>make list_targets</code>
Flash at lab	<code>./lab-flash.sh hello artix7_35t</code>
UART terminal	<code>screen /dev/ttyUSB1 115200</code>

11. Troubleshooting

“Exec format error” (elf2hex or openocd)

You are using x86_64 binaries. Use this workspace’s `bin/elf2hex` and system OpenOCD. Run `source env.sh` before building.

“riscv32-unknown-elf-gcc: command not found”

Toolchain not in PATH. Run `source env.sh` from the workspace root.

Build fails with CSR / undefined reference errors

The workspace includes the needed fixes. If using vanilla SDK, update Makefiles: `rv32imac` → `rv32imac_zicsr`.

USB device not visible in VM

- UTM → VM → Removable Devices → Connect Diligent USB
- Disconnect from host first if needed

OpenOCD: “libusb_open() failed”

- Confirm USB is passed through to the VM
- Run with `sudo` (e.g. `sudo openocd ...`)

Toolchain build runs out of memory

- Reduce parallelism: `make -j2` instead of `make -j$(nproc)`
 - Give the VM more RAM (6–8 GB)
-

Summary Checklist

- ☐ UTM installed
- ☐ Ubuntu 24.04 ARM64 VM created and installed
- ☐ System packages installed (`apt install build-essential openocd ...`)
- ☐ RISC-V toolchain built (`$HOME/riscv32`)
- ☐ Workspace cloned (`git clone https://github.com/StarkAg/shakti-workspace.git`)
- ☐ `source env.sh` and `make software PROGRAM=hello TARGET=artix7_35t`

succeeds

- ☐ At lab: Arty A7 connected, USB passthrough, `./lab-flash.sh hello`
`artix7_35t`

Good luck with your ACAD lab!

For issues or updates: <https://github.com/StarkAg/shakti-workspace>