PYTHON

```
8.
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  int N;
  printf("Enter N: ");
  scanf("%d", &N);
  for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) {
    for (int j = 0; j < N - i; j++) {
       printf("%c", 'A' + i + j);
    }
    printf("\n");
  }
  return 0;
}
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  int N;
  scanf("%d", &N);
  for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) {
    for (int j = 0; j \le i; j++) {
       printf("%c", 'A' + i + j);
    }
    printf("\n");
  return 0;
}
10.
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  int N;
  scanf("%d", &N);
  for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) {
    char ch = 'A';
    for (int j = 0; j \le i; j++) {
       printf("%c", ch);
       ch += 2;
     printf("\n");
  return 0;
```

```
11.
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  int N;
  scanf("%d", &N);
  for (int i = 1; i \le N; i++) {
    for (int j = 1; j \le i; j++) {
       printf("%d", j);
    printf("\n");
  }
  return 0;
12.
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  int N;
  scanf("%d", &N);
  for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) {
     for (int j = 0; j < N; j++) {
       printf("%d", (i == j | | i + j == N - 1) ? 1:
0);
    printf("\n");
  return 0;
}
13.
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  int N;
  scanf("%d", &N);
  for (int i = 1; i \le N; i++) {
     for (int space = 0; space < N - i; space++)
printf(" ");
    for (int j = 1; j \le i; j++) printf("%d", j);
    for (int j = i - 1; j >= 1; j--) printf("%d", j);
     printf("\n");
  }
  return 0;
```

```
14.
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  int N;
  scanf("%d", &N);
  for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) {
     int num = 1;
     for (int space = 0; space < N - i - 1; space++)
printf(" ");
    for (int j = 0; j \le i; j++) {
       printf("%d ", num);
       num = num * (i - j) / (j + 1);
    printf("\n");
  return 0;
```

```
1. Read and display elements of 1D array
                                                     1. Read and display elements of 1D array
#include <stdio.h>
                                                     n = int(input("Enter the number of elements: "))
                                                     arr = []
                                                     print("Enter the elements:")
int main() {
  int n;
                                                     for _ in range(n):
  printf("Enter the number of elements: ");
                                                        arr.append(int(input()))
  scanf("%d", &n);
                                                      print("Array elements are:")
  int arr[n];
                                                     for elem in arr:
  printf("Enter %d elements:\n", n);
                                                        print(elem, end=" ")
  for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
  printf("Array elements are:\n");
  for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) printf("%d ", arr[i]);
  return 0;
}
                                                      2. Read and display elements of 2D array
2. Read and display elements of 2D array
                                                     rows = int(input("Enter rows: "))
#include <stdio.h>
                                                     cols = int(input("Enter columns: "))
                                                     arr = []
                                                     for i in range(rows):
int main() {
                                                        arr.append([0] * cols)
  int rows, cols;
  printf("Enter rows and columns: ");
                                                     print("Enter elements:")
  scanf("%d %d", &rows, &cols);
                                                     for i in range(rows):
  int arr[rows][cols];
                                                        for j in range(cols):
  printf("Enter elements:\n");
                                                          arr[i][j] = int(input())
  for(int i = 0; i < rows; i++)
                                                     print("Array elements are:")
    for(int j = 0; j < cols; j++)
                                                     for i in range(rows):
       scanf("%d", &arr[i][j]);
                                                        for j in range(cols):
  printf("Array elements are:\n");
                                                          print(arr[i][j], end=" ")
  for(int i = 0; i < rows; i++) {
                                                        print()
    for(int j = 0; j < cols; j++)
       printf("%d ", arr[i][j]);
    printf("\n");
  }
  return 0;
}
3. copy the elements of one array into another
                                                     3. copy the elements of one array into another
array.
                                                     array.
#include <stdio.h>
                                                     n = int(input("Enter the number of elements: "))
                                                     arr1 = []
int main() {
                                                     print("Enter elements of the first array:")
                                                     for in range(n):
  printf("Enter the number of elements: ");
                                                        arr1.append(int(input()))
  scanf("%d", &n);
                                                     arr2 = [0] * n
  int arr1[n], arr2[n];
                                                     for i in range(n):
  printf("Enter elements of the first array:\n");
                                                        arr2[i] = arr1[i]
  for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) scanf("%d", &arr1[i]);
                                                      print("Elements of the second array:")
  for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) arr2[i] = arr1[i];
                                                     for elem in arr2:
```

```
printf("Elements of the second array:\n");
                                                          print(elem, end=" ")
  for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) printf("%d ", arr2[i]);
  return 0;
}
4. count the frequency of each element of an
                                                        4. count the frequency of each element of an
array.
                                                        array.
#include <stdio.h>
                                                        n = int(input("Enter the number of elements: "))
int main() {
                                                        arr = []
  int n;
                                                        print("Enter the elements:")
  printf("Enter the number of elements: ");
                                                        for in range(n):
  scanf("%d", &n);
                                                          arr.append(int(input()))
  int arr[n], freq[n];
                                                        freq = [-1] * n
  printf("Enter the elements:\n");
                                                       for i in range(n):
  for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
                                                          if frea[i] != 0:
     scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
                                                            count = 1
     freq[i] = -1;
                                                            for j in range(i + 1, n):
  }
                                                               if arr[i] == arr[j]:
  for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
                                                                  count += 1
     if(freq[i] != 0) {
                                                                  freq[j] = 0
                                                            freq[i] = count
       int count = 1;
       for(int j = i + 1; j < n; j++) {
                                                        print("Frequency of each element:")
          if(arr[i] == arr[j]) {
                                                        for i in range(n):
                                                          if freq[i] != 0:
            count++;
                                                             print(f"{arr[i]} occurs {freq[i]} times")
            freq[j] = 0;
         }
       freq[i] = count;
     }
  printf("Frequency of each element:\n");
  for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
     if(freq[i] != 0)
       printf("%d occurs %d times\n", arr[i],
freq[i]);
  }
  return 0;
5. 3 x 3 matrix addition
                                                        5. 3 x 3 matrix addition
#include <stdio.h>
                                                        a = [[0]*3 \text{ for } \_in \text{ range}(3)]
int main() {
                                                        b = [[0]*3 \text{ for } \_in \text{ range}(3)]
  int a[3][3], b[3][3], sum[3][3];
                                                        sum_matrix = [[0]*3 for _ in range(3)]
  printf("Enter elements of the first 3x3
matrix:\n");
                                                        print("Enter elements of the first 3x3 matrix:")
  for(int i = 0; i < 3; i++)
                                                        for i in range(3):
     for(int j = 0; j < 3; j++)
                                                          for j in range(3):
       scanf("%d", &a[i][j]);
                                                             a[i][j] = int(input())
```

```
printf("Enter elements of the second 3x3
                                                       print("Enter elements of the second 3x3
matrix:\n");
                                                       matrix:")
  for(int i = 0; i < 3; i++)
                                                       for i in range(3):
    for(int j = 0; j < 3; j++)
                                                         for j in range(3):
       scanf("%d", &b[i][j]);
                                                           b[i][j] = int(input())
  for(int i = 0; i < 3; i++)
    for(int j = 0; j < 3; j++)
                                                      for i in range(3):
       sum[i][j] = a[i][j] + b[i][j];
                                                         for j in range(3):
  printf("Sum of the matrices:\n");
                                                           sum_matrix[i][j] = a[i][j] + b[i][j]
  for(int i = 0; i < 3; i++) {
    for(int j = 0; j < 3; j++)
                                                       print("Sum of the matrices:")
       printf("%d ", sum[i][j]);
                                                       for i in range(3):
    printf("\n");
                                                         for j in range(3):
  }
                                                            print(sum_matrix[i][j], end=" ")
  return 0;
                                                         print()
6. largest element in array.
                                                       6. largest element in array.
#include <stdio.h>
                                                       n = int(input("Enter the number of elements: "))
int main() {
                                                       arr = []
                                                       print("Enter the elements:")
  int n;
  printf("Enter the number of elements: ");
                                                       for _ in range(n):
  scanf("%d", &n);
                                                         arr.append(int(input()))
  int arr[n];
                                                       max elem = arr[0]
  printf("Enter the elements:\n");
                                                       for i in range(1, n):
  for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
                                                         if arr[i] > max_elem:
  int max = arr[0];
                                                            max_elem = arr[i]
  for(int i = 1; i < n; i++)
                                                       print("Largest element:", max_elem)
    if(arr[i] > max) max = arr[i];
  printf("Largest element: %d\n", max);
  return 0;
}
7. sort elements of array in ascending order
                                                       7. sort elements of array in ascending order
#include <stdio.h>
                                                       n = int(input("Enter the number of elements: "))
int main() {
                                                       arr = []
                                                       print("Enter the elements:")
  int n, temp;
  printf("Enter the number of elements: ");
                                                       for _ in range(n):
  scanf("%d", &n);
                                                         arr.append(int(input()))
  int arr[n];
                                                       for i in range(n - 1):
  printf("Enter the elements:\n");
                                                         for j in range(i + 1, n):
  for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
                                                           if arr[i] > arr[j]:
  for(int i = 0; i < n - 1; i++)
                                                              arr[i], arr[j] = arr[j], arr[i]
    for(int j = i + 1; j < n; j++)
                                                       print("Sorted array in ascending order:")
       if(arr[i] > arr[j]) {
                                                       for elem in arr:
                                                         print(elem, end=" ")
         temp = arr[i];
         arr[i] = arr[j];
         arr[j] = temp;
```

```
printf("Sorted array in ascending order:\n");
  for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) printf("%d ", arr[i]);
  return 0;
}
                                                      8. reverse an array.
8. reverse an array.
#include <stdio.h>
                                                      n = int(input("Enter the number of elements: "))
int main() {
                                                      arr = []
                                                      print("Enter the elements:")
  int n, temp;
  printf("Enter the number of elements: ");
                                                      for in range(n):
  scanf("%d", &n);
                                                        arr.append(int(input()))
  int arr[n];
                                                      for i in range(n // 2):
  printf("Enter the elements:\n");
                                                        arr[i], arr[n - i - 1] = arr[n - i - 1], arr[i]
  for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
                                                      print("Reversed array:")
  for(int i = 0; i < n / 2; i++) {
                                                      for elem in arr:
                                                         print(elem, end=" ")
    temp = arr[i];
    arr[i] = arr[n - i - 1];
    arr[n - i - 1] = temp;
  printf("Reversed array:\n");
  for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) printf("%d ", arr[i]);
  return 0;
}
9. split an array
                                                      9. split an array
#include <stdio.h>
                                                      n = int(input("Enter the number of elements: "))
                                                      arr = []
int main() {
                                                      print("Enter the elements:")
                                                      for _ in range(n):
  printf("Enter the number of elements: ");
  scanf("%d", &n);
                                                        arr.append(int(input()))
                                                      mid = n // 2
  int arr[n];
  printf("Enter the elements:\n");
                                                      print("First half:")
  for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
                                                      for i in range(mid):
                                                         print(arr[i], end=" ")
  int mid = n / 2;
  printf("First half:\n");
                                                      print("\nSecond half:")
  for(int i = 0; i < mid; i++) printf("%d ", arr[i]);
                                                      for i in range(mid, n):
  printf("\nSecond half:\n");
                                                         print(arr[i], end=" ")
  for(int i = mid; i < n; i++) printf("%d ", arr[i]);
  return 0;
}
10. merge two arrays
                                                      10. merge two arrays
#include <stdio.h>
                                                      n1 = int(input("Enter the number of elements in
int main() {
                                                      the first array: "))
  int n1, n2;
                                                      arr1 = []
  printf("Enter the number of elements in the
                                                      print("Enter elements of the first array:")
first array: ");
                                                      for in range(n1):
  scanf("%d", &n1);
                                                        arr1.append(int(input()))
```

```
int arr1[n1];
  printf("Enter elements of the first array:\n");
                                                    n2 = int(input("Enter the number of elements in
  for(int i = 0; i < n1; i++) scanf("%d", &arr1[i]);
                                                    the second array: "))
                                                    arr2 = []
  printf("Enter the number of elements in the
                                                    print("Enter elements of the second array:")
second array: ");
                                                    for _ in range(n2):
  scanf("%d", &n2);
                                                       arr2.append(int(input()))
  int arr2[n2], merged[n1 + n2];
  printf("Enter elements of the second
                                                    merged = [0] * (n1 + n2)
                                                    for i in range(n1):
array:\n");
  for(int i = 0; i < n2; i++) scanf("%d", &arr2[i]);
                                                       merged[i] = arr1[i]
                                                    for i in range(n2):
  for(int i = 0; i < n1; i++) merged[i] = arr1[i];
                                                       merged[n1 + i] = arr2[i]
  for(int i = 0; i < n2; i++) merged[n1 + i] =
arr2[i];
                                                    print("Merged array:")
                                                    for elem in merged:
  printf("Merged array:\n");
                                                       print(elem, end=" ")
  for(int i = 0; i < n1 + n2; i++) printf("%d",
merged[i]);
  return 0;
}
11. check an element is present or not in one
                                                    11. check an element is present or not in one
1D array.
                                                    1D array.
#include <stdio.h>
                                                    n = int(input("Enter the number of elements: "))
int main() {
                                                    arr = []
  int n, key, found = 0;
                                                    print("Enter the elements:")
  printf("Enter the number of elements: ");
                                                    for in range(n):
  scanf("%d", &n);
                                                       arr.append(int(input()))
  int arr[n];
                                                    key = int(input("Enter the element to search: "))
  printf("Enter the elements:\n");
                                                    found = 0
  for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
                                                    for i in range(n):
  printf("Enter the element to search: ");
                                                       if arr[i] == key:
  scanf("%d", &key);
                                                         found = 1
  for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
                                                         break
    if(arr[i] == key) {
                                                    if found:
       found = 1;
                                                       print("Element is present.")
       break;
                                                    else:
    }
                                                       print("Element is not present.")
  if(found) printf("Element is present.\n");
  else printf("Element is not present.\n");
  return 0;
}
12. find the number of even and odd positions
                                                     12. find the number of even and odd positions
elements in 1D array.
                                                    elements in 1D array.
#include <stdio.h>
                                                    n = int(input("Enter the number of elements: "))
int main() {
                                                     arr = []
```

```
int n, evenCount = 0, oddCount = 0;
                                                   print("Enter the elements:")
  printf("Enter the number of elements: ");
                                                   for _ in range(n):
  scanf("%d", &n);
                                                     arr.append(int(input()))
  int arr[n];
                                                   even count = 0
  printf("Enter the elements:\n");
                                                   odd_count = 0
  for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
                                                   for i in range(n):
  for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
                                                     if (i + 1) % 2 == 0:
    if((i + 1) \% 2 == 0) evenCount++;
                                                        even_count += 1
    else oddCount++;
                                                     else:
                                                        odd_count += 1
  printf("Elements at even positions: %d\n",
                                                   print("Elements at even positions:",
evenCount);
                                                   even count)
  printf("Elements at odd positions: %d\n",
                                                   print("Elements at odd positions:", odd_count)
oddCount);
  return 0;
```