

# Ethics

17-313 Fall 2023

Foundations of Software Engineering

<https://cmu-313.github.io>

Andrew Begel and Rohan Padhye and **Michael Hilton**

# Administrivia

- P5 checkpoint (<https://cmu-313.github.io/projects/P5/>) is due Tuesday evening at 11:59pm.
- Students should have chosen an open source project to contribute to for P5 and present it in recitation this week.
- That means you should go to recitation this week!

# Introduction – Michael Hilton



B.S. San Diego State University - 2002



Software Engineer at DoD - 2002 to 2011



M.S. Cal Poly San Luis Obispo - 2013



PhD at Oregon State - 2017



Internship at Microsoft Research - Summer 2017



Teaching Professor at CMU - Fall 2017

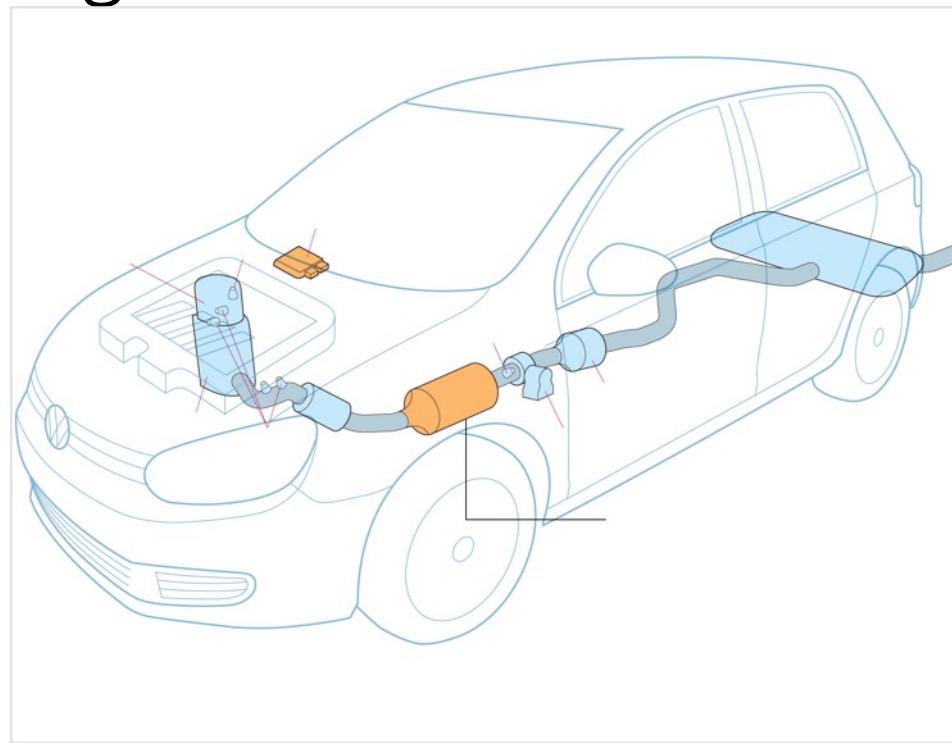


NOTE: I have taught 17-313 6 times since I started here at CMU

# Ethics

# Volkswagen Scandal

VW was caught cheating on emissions for Diesel engines



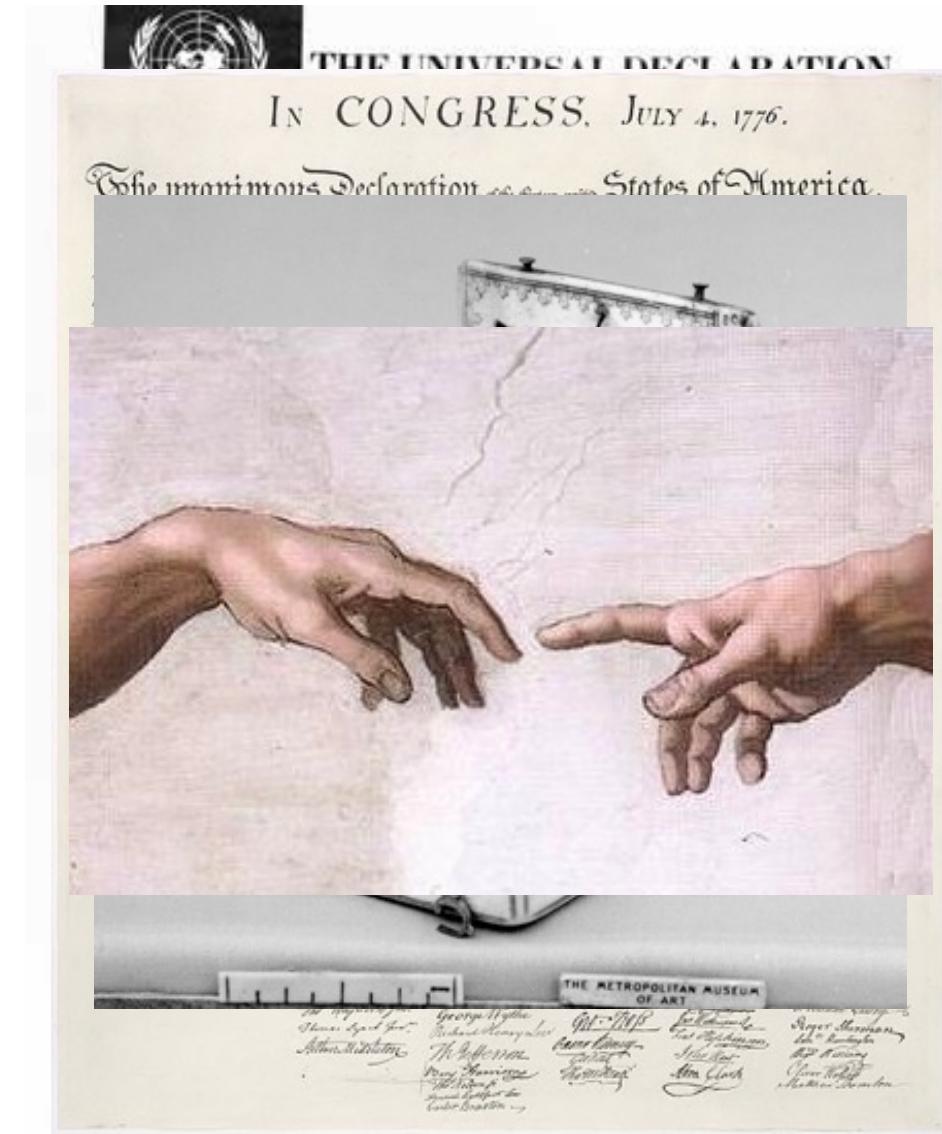
<https://www.nytimes.com/interactive/2015/business/international/vw-diesel-emissions-scandal-explained.html?mtrref=www.google.com&assetType=REGIWALL>

# What is Human Flourishing?

According to Harvard's Human flourishing program: Human flourishing is composed of five central domains: **happiness and life satisfaction, mental and physical health, meaning and purpose, character and virtue, and close social relationships.**

# Why Human Flourishing?

- Universal Declaration of Human Rights: “All human beings are born free and equal in dignity and rights.”
- Declaration of Independence: “We hold these truths to be self-evident...”
- Internal Compass
- Faith



UNITED NATIONS

# Activity: (Un)Ethical situations

80

# EA calls its loot boxes ‘surprise mechanics,’ says they’re used ethically

*‘People like surprises,’ executive tells UK Parliament*

By Ana Diaz | @AnaLikesPikachu | Jun 21, 2019, 9:10am EDT

f t  SHARE



# Domino's Would Rather Go to the Supreme Court Than Make Its Website Accessible to the Blind

Rather than developing technology to support users with disabilities, the pizza chain is taking its fight to the top

by Brenna Houck | [@EaterDetroit](#) | Jul 25, 2019, 6:00pm EDT

f   SHARE



# Some airlines may be using algorithms to split up families during flights

Your random airplane seat assignment might not be random at all.

By Aditi Shrikant | aditi@vox.com | Nov 27, 2018, 6:10pm EST

f   SHARE



Passengers boarding a Boeing aircraft of the low cost airline carrier Ryanair in Thessaloniki Macedonia Airport, Greece. | Nicolas Economou/NurPhoto/Getty Images



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[Def Con 2019](#)

# Lime halts scooter service in Switzerland after possible software glitch throws users off mid-ride



Ingrid Lunden @ingridlunden 9:51 am EST • January 12, 2019

Comment



Currently, the AI portrait generator has been trained mostly on portraits of people of European ethnicity. We're planning to expand our dataset and fix this in the future. At the time of conceptualizing this AI, authors were not certain it would turn out to work at all. This is close to state of the art in AI at the moment.

Sorry for the bias in the meanwhile. Have fun!

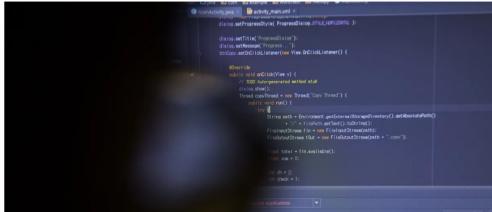
324 Retweets 65 Quote Tweets 1,243 Likes

# Open Intellectual Property Concerns

- Was the data used to train these LLMs obtained illegally?
- Who owns the IP associated with LLM outputs?
- Should sensitive information be provided as inputs to LLMs?

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE / TECH / LAW

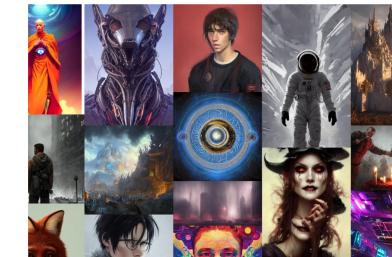
## The lawsuit that could rewrite the rules of AI copyright



Microsoft, GitHub, and OpenAI are being sued for allegedly violating copyright law by reproducing open-source code using AI. But the suit could have a huge impact on the wider world of artificial intelligence.

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE / TECH / CREATORS

## AI art tools Stable Diffusion and Midjourney targeted with copyright lawsuit



A collage of AI-generated images created using Stable Diffusion. Image: [The Verge via Lexico](#)

The suit claims generative AI art tools violate copyright law by scraping artists' work from the web without their consent.

By James Vincent, a senior reporter who has covered AI robotics, and more for eight years at The Verge.  
Jan 16, 2023, 6:28 AM EST | □ 27 Comments / 27 New



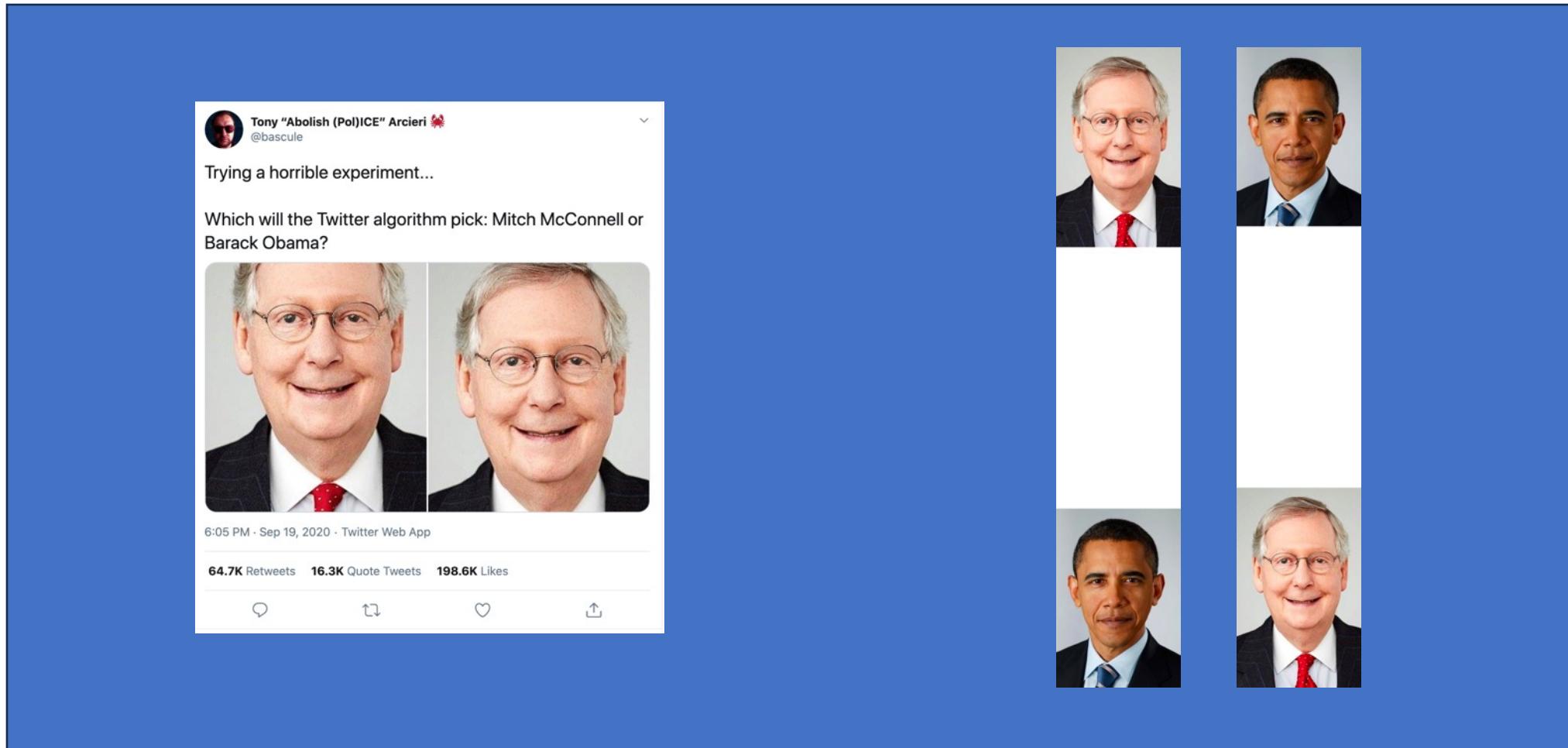
## Whoops, Samsung workers accidentally leaked trade secrets via ChatGPT

ChatGPT doesn't keep secrets.

By [Cecily Mauran](#) on April 6, 2023



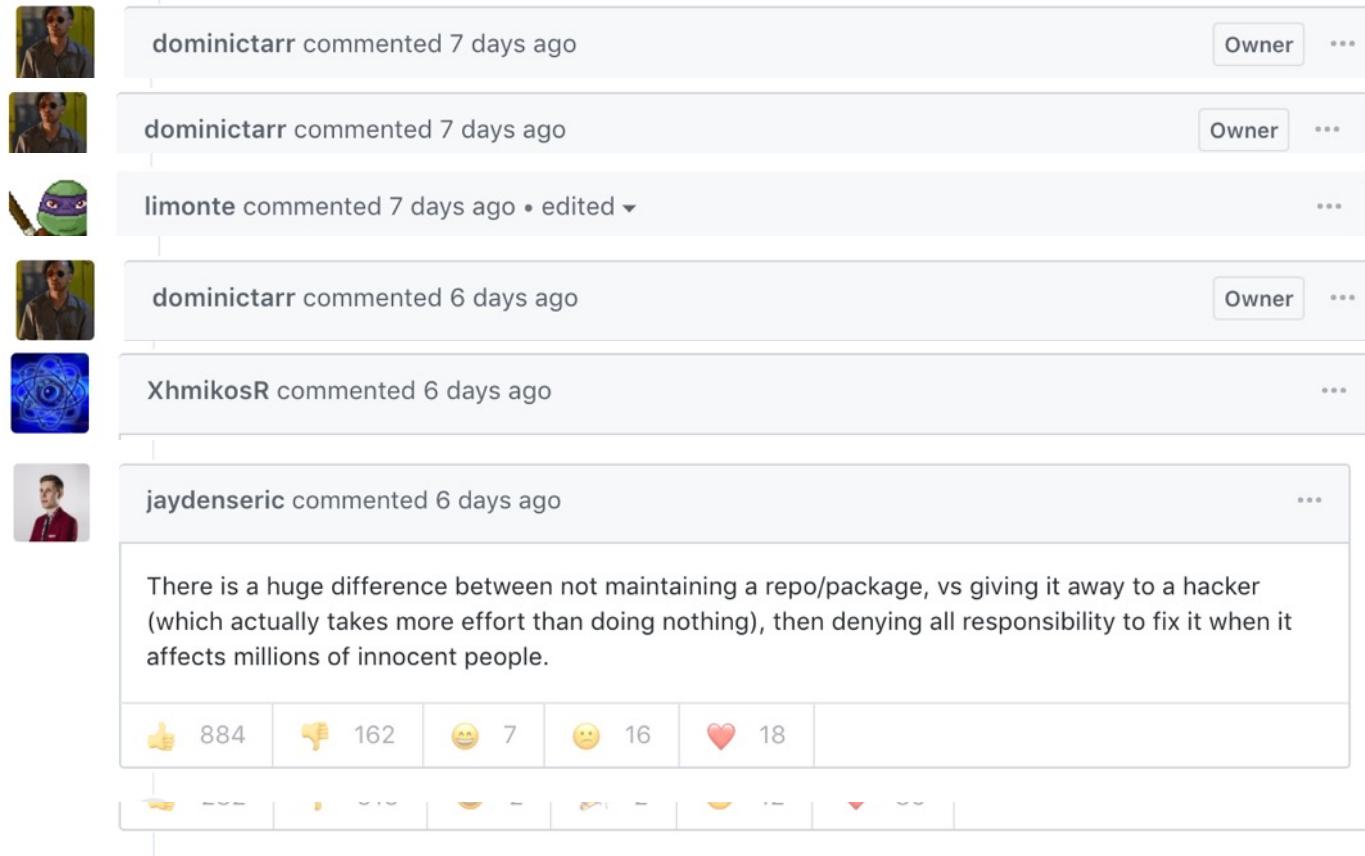
# Twitter cropping photos



# Twitter cropping photos



# Open Source Maintainers



# Uber self-driving car involved in fatal crash couldn't detect jaywalkers

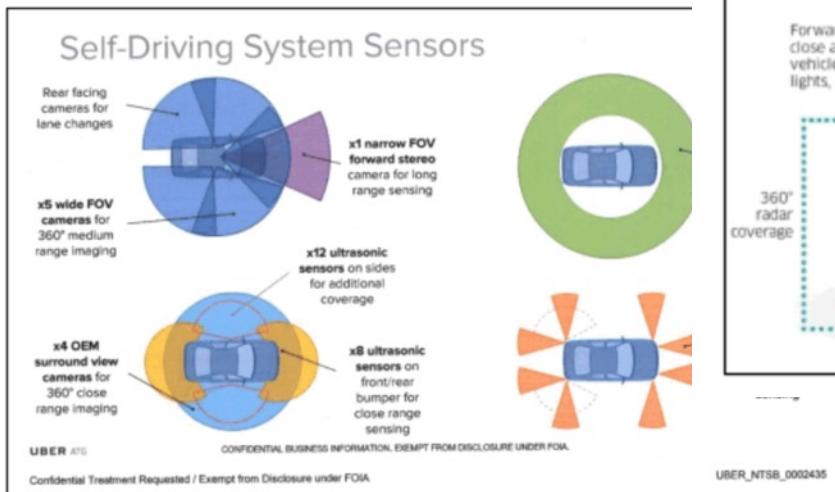
The system had several serious software flaws, the NTSB said.



Steve Dent, @stevetdent  
11.06.19 in [Transportation](#)

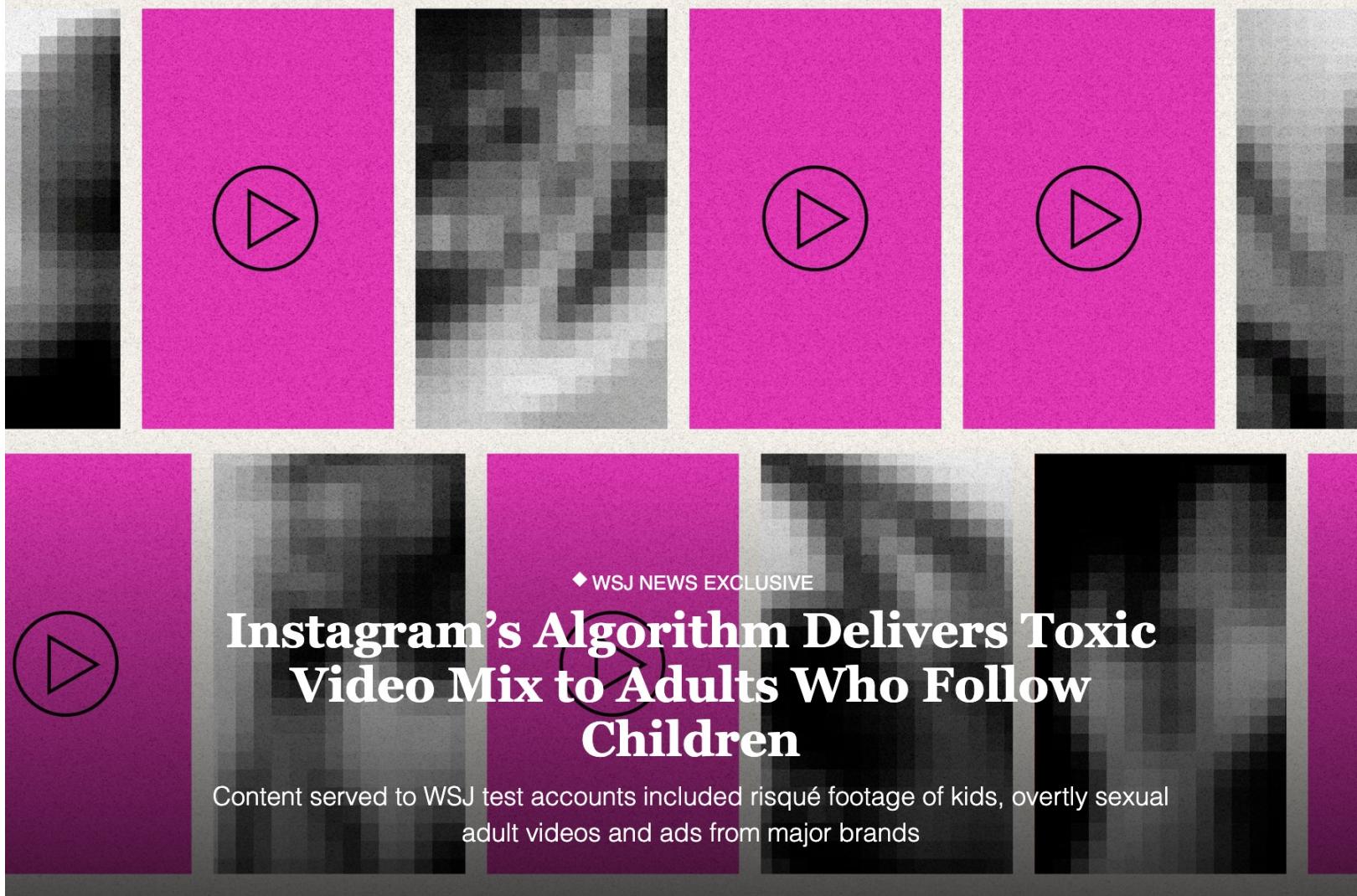
25  
Comments

1131  
Shares





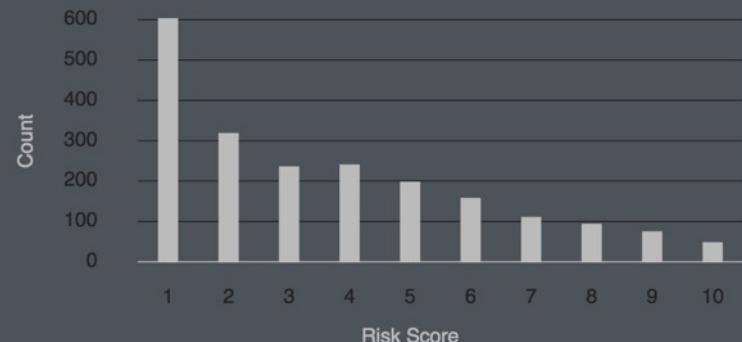
THE WALL STREET JOURNAL.



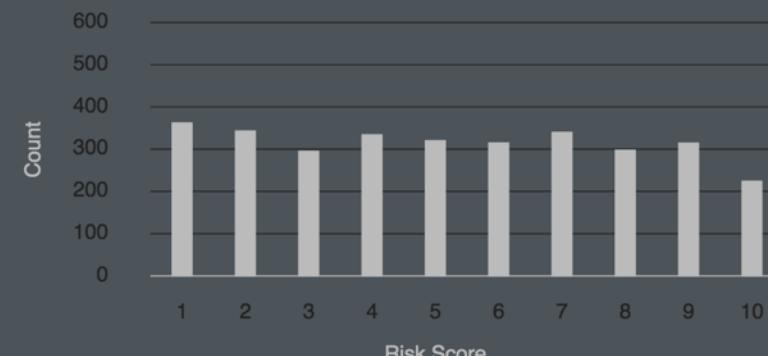
DAISY KORPICS FOR THE WALL STREET JOURNAL



### White Defendants' Risk Scores



### Black Defendants' Risk Scores



*These charts show that scores for white defendants were skewed toward lower-risk categories. Scores for black defendants were not. (Source: ProPublica analysis of data from Broward County, Fla.)*

## Prediction Fails Differently for Black Defendants

	WHITE	AFRICAN AMERICAN
Labeled Higher Risk, But Didn't Re-Offend	23.5%	44.9%
Labeled Lower Risk, Yet Did Re-Offend	47.7%	28.0%

# Algorithmic Bias

Algorithms affect:

Where we go to school

Access to money

Access to health care

Receiving parole

Possibility of Bail

Risk Scores



# Therac-25

Bug (race-condition) in software lead to at least 6 deaths

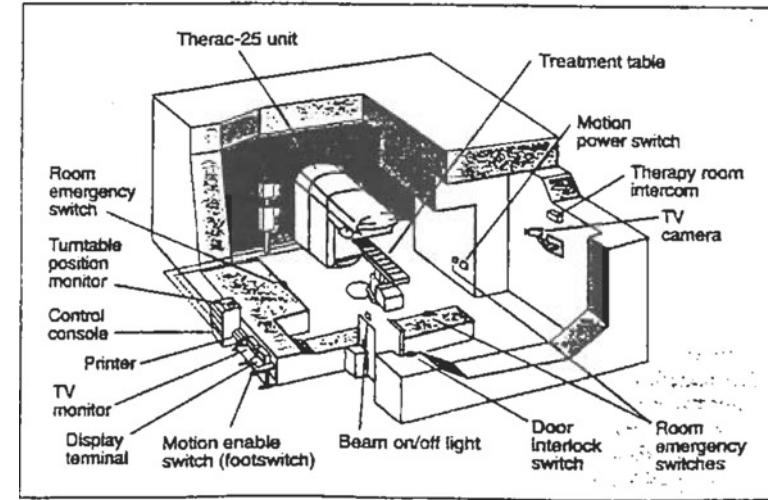
Traced to:

Lack of reporting bugs

Lack of proper due diligence

Engineers were overconfident, removed hardware locks

Race condition of 8 seconds could lead to problems



PATIENT NAME: John	TREATMENT MODE: FIX	BEAM TYPE: E	ENERGY (KEV): 10
ACTUAL	PREScribed		
UNIT RATE/MINUTE	0.000000	0.000000	
MONITOR UNITS	200.000000	200.000000	
TIME(MIN)	0.270000	0.270000	
GANTRY ROTATION (DEG)	0.000000	0.000000	VERIFIED
COLLIMATOR ROTATION (DEG)	359.000000	359.000000	VERIFIED
COLLIMATOR X (CM)	14.000000	14.000000	VERIFIED
COLLIMATOR Y (CM)	27.000000	27.000000	VERIFIED
WEDGE NUMBER	1.000000	1.000000	VERIFIED
ACCESSORY NUMBER	0.000000	0.000000	VERIFIED
DATE: 2012-04-16	SYSTEM: BEAM READY	OP.MODE: TREAT	AUTO
TIME: 11:48:58	TREAT: TREAT PAUSE	X-RAY	179777
OPR ID: 033-tfs3p	REASON: OPERATOR	COMMAND:	█

The New York Times

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BUSINESS DAY

4,331 views | Oct 17, 2018, 06:13pm

# We Need To Work Harder To Make Software Engineering More Ethical

Jessica Baron Contributor @ Consumer Tech  
*I write about the ethics of science and technology.*



patch the software, but you can't patch a person if you, you know, damage someone's reputation." Sam Hodgson for The New York Times

US edition ▾

n

nt ethics

ST READ

to fool AI with magic

# Code of Ethics



Association for  
Computing Machinery

- As an ACM member I will ....
- Contribute to society and human well-being.
- Avoid harm to others.
- Be honest and trustworthy.
- Be fair and take action not to discriminate.
- Honor property rights including copyrights and patent.
- Give proper credit for intellectual property.
- Respect the privacy of others.
- Honor confidentiality.

# Code of Ethics

Research shows that the code of ethics does not appear to affect the decisions made by software developers.

## Does ACM's Code of Ethics Change Ethical Decision Making in Software Development?

Andrew McNamara  
North Carolina State University  
Raleigh, North Carolina, USA  
[ajmcnama@ncsu.edu](mailto:ajmcnama@ncsu.edu)

Justin Smith  
North Carolina State University  
Raleigh, North Carolina, USA  
[jssmit11@ncsu.edu](mailto:jssmit11@ncsu.edu)

Emerson Murphy-Hill  
North Carolina State University  
Raleigh, North Carolina, USA  
[emerson@csc.ncsu.edu](mailto:emerson@csc.ncsu.edu)

### ABSTRACT

Ethical decisions in software development can substantially impact end-users, organizations, and our environment, as is evidenced by recent ethics scandals in the news. Organizations, like the ACM, publish codes of ethics to guide software-related ethical decisions. In fact, the ACM has recently demonstrated renewed interest in its code of ethics and made updates for the first time since 1992. To better understand how the ACM code of ethics changes software-

The first example is the Uber versus Waymo dispute [26], in which a software engineer at Waymo took self-driving car code to his home. Shortly thereafter, the engineer left Waymo to work for a competing company with a self-driving car business, Uber. When Waymo realized that their own code had been taken by their former employee, Waymo sued Uber. Even though the code was not apparently used for Uber's competitive advantage, the two companies settled the lawsuit for \$245 million dollars.

# Challenge:

How do we apply ethics to a field (Software Engineering) that changes so often?

Remember the Dominos case? The ADA law was written before the first website (1990)

To handle this uncertainty about the future, let's focus on three questions we can ask to remind ourselves to focus on promoting human flourishing.

# Three questions to promote human flourishing

1. Does my software respect the **humanity** of the **users**?
2. Does my software **amplify positive** behavior, or **negative** behavior for users and society at large?
3. Will my software's **quality** impact the **humanity** of others?

**1.Does my software respect  
the humanity of the users?**

# Humane Design Guide

<http://humanetech.com>

## Humane Design Guide (Alpha Version)

Use this worksheet to identify opportunities for Humane Technology.			What are Human Sensitivities?	
Product or feature:	Value proposition:	Measure of success:	<i>Human Sensitivities</i> are instincts that are often vulnerable to new technologies.	
Human Sensitivity	We are inhibited when	What inhibits	We are supported when	Opportunity to improve
<b>Emotional</b> What we feel in our body and in our physical health.	We are stressed, low on sleep, afraid or emotionally exhausted.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Artificial scarcity</li><li>Urgency signaling</li><li>Constant monitoring</li><li>Optimizing for screentime</li></ul>	Design engenders calm, balance, safety, pauses and supports circadian rhythms.	<input type="radio"/> High <input type="radio"/> Low
<b>Attention</b> How and where we focus our attention.	Attention is physiologically drawn, overwhelmed or fragmented.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Constant context switching</li><li>Many undifferentiated choices</li><li>Fearful information</li><li>No stopping cues (e.g. infinite scroll)</li><li>Unnecessary movement</li></ul>	Enabled to bring more focus and mindfulness.	<input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/>
<b>Sensemaking</b> How we integrate what we sense with what we know.	Information is fear-based, out of context, confusing, or manipulative.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Facts out of context</li><li>Over-personalized filters</li><li>Equating virality with credibility</li><li>Deceptive authority (ads vs. content)</li></ul>	Enabled to consider, learn, express and feel grounded.	<input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/>
<b>Decisionmaking</b> How we align our actions with our intentions.	Intentions and agency are not solicited nor supported.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Avatars to convey authority</li><li>Stalking ads and messages</li><li>Push content models</li><li>Serving preference over intent</li></ul>	Enabled to gain agency, purpose, and mobilization of intent.	<input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/>
<b>Social Reasoning</b> How we understand and navigate our personal relationships.	Status, relationships or self-image are manipulated.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Quantified social status</li><li>Viral sharing</li><li>Implied obligation</li><li>Enabling impersonation</li></ul>	Enabled to connect more safely and authentically with others.	<input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/>
<b>Group Dynamics</b> How we navigate larger groups, status, and shared understanding.	Excluded, divided or mobilized through fear.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Suppressing views and nuance</li><li>Enabling ad hominem or hate speech</li><li>Enabling viral outrage</li><li>Lack of agreed-upon norms</li></ul>	Enabled to develop a sense of belonging and cooperation.	<input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/>

[ Center for Humane Technology ] [www.humanetech.com](http://www.humanetech.com)

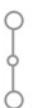
Now rank the sensitivities 1-6 based on what you now see as the largest opportunities for Humane Design. Then use the second sheet to develop an action statement. ↑

# Humane Design Guide

<http://humanetech.com>

Provides a template for considering a piece of software, and asking questions to help us arrive at a “humane design”

Consider 6 human sensitivities: Emotional, Attention, Sense making, Decision making, Social Reasoning, and Group Dynamics

Human Sensitivity	We are inhibited when	What inhibits	We are supported when	Opportunity to improve
<b>Attention</b> How and where we focus our attention.	Attention is physiologically drawn, overwhelmed or fragmented.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Constant context switching</li><li>• Many undifferentiated choices</li><li>• Fearful information</li><li>• No stopping cues (e.g. infinite scroll)</li><li>• Unnecessary movement</li></ul>	Enabled to bring more focus and mindfulness.	

Identify Opportunities to improve

# Humane Design Guide

<http://humanetech.com>

After analysis step, develop plan of action:

1. In what ways does your product/feature currently engage Human Sensitivities?
2. How might your product/feature support or elevate human sensitivities?
3. Action Statement

# GenderMag

<https://gendermag.org>

Abby Jones<sup>1</sup>



You can edit anything in blue print

- 28 years old
- Employed as an Accountant
- Lives in Cardiff, Wales

Abby has always liked music. When she is on her way to work in the morning, she listens to music that spans a wide variety of styles. But when she arrives at work, she turns it off, and begins her day by scanning all her emails first to get an overall picture before answering any of them. (This extra pass takes time but seems worth it.) Some nights she exercises or stretches, and sometimes she likes to play computer puzzle games like Sudoku

Background and skills

Abby works as an accountant. She is comfortable with the technologies she uses regularly, but she just moved to this employer 1 week ago, and their software systems are new to her.

Abby says she's a "numbers person", but she has never taken any computer programming or IT systems classes. She likes Math and knows how to think with numbers. She writes and edits spreadsheet formulas in her work.

In her free time, she also enjoys working with numbers and logic. She especially likes working out puzzles and puzzle games, either on paper or on the computer

Motivations and Attitudes

- **Motivations:** Abby uses technologies to accomplish her tasks. She learns new technologies if and when she needs to, but prefers to use methods she is already familiar and comfortable with, to keep her focus on the tasks she cares about.

- **Computer Self-Efficacy:** Abby has low confidence about doing unfamiliar computing tasks. If problems arise with her technology, she often blames herself for these problems. This affects whether and how she will persevere with a task if technology problems have arisen.
- **Attitude toward Risk:** Abby's life is a little complicated and she rarely has spare time. So she is risk averse about using unfamiliar technologies that might need her to spend extra time on them, even if the new features might be relevant. She instead performs tasks using familiar features, because they're more predictable about what she will get from them and how much time they will take.

How Abby Works with Information and Learns:

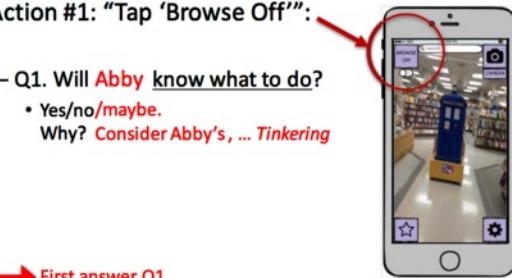
- **Information Processing Style:** Abby tends towards a comprehensive information processing style when she needs to more information. So, instead of acting upon the first option that seems promising, she gathers information comprehensively to try to form a complete understanding of the problem before trying to solve it. Thus, her style is "burst-y"; first she reads a lot, then she acts on it in a batch of activity.

- **Learning: by Process vs. by Tinkering:** When learning new technology, Abby leans toward process-oriented learning, e.g., tutorials, step-by-step processes, wizards, online how-to videos, etc. She doesn't particularly like learning by tinkering with software (i.e., just trying out new features or commands to see what they do), but when she does tinker, it has positive effects on her understanding of the software.

<sup>1</sup> Abby represents users with motivations/attitudes and information/learning styles similar to hers. For data on females and males similar to and different from Abby, see <http://eusesconsortium.org/gender/gender.php>

# GenderMag

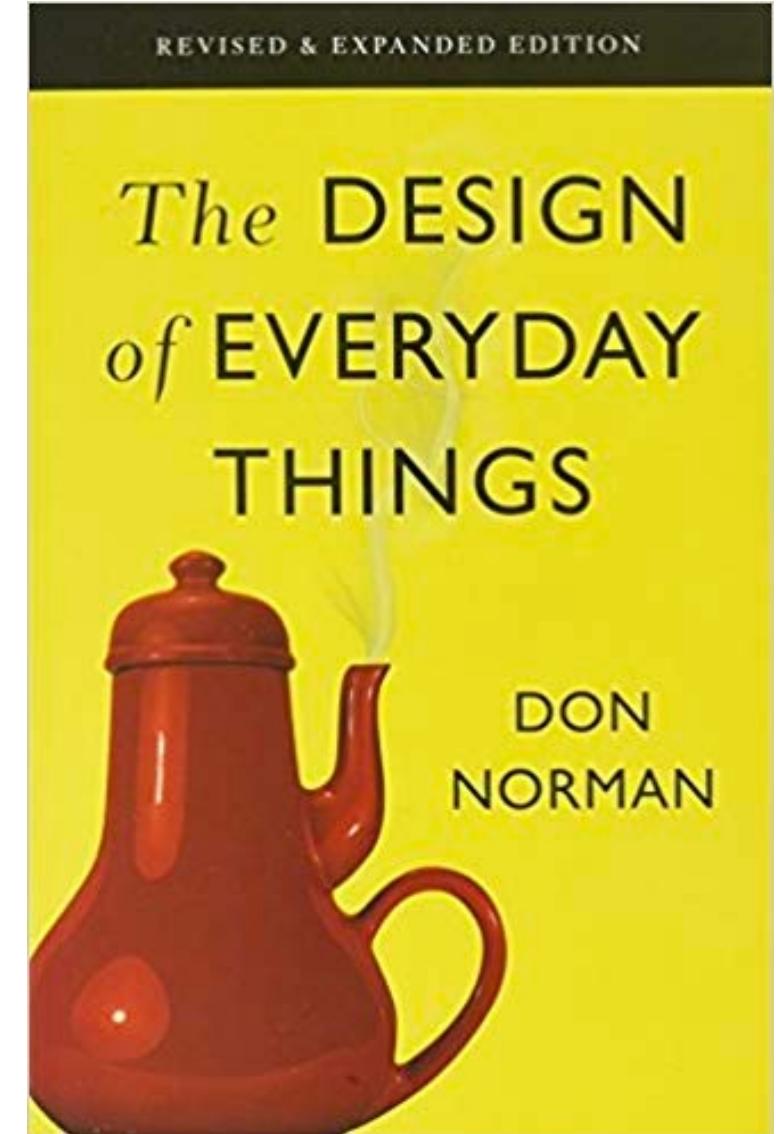
<https://gendermag.org>

<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 1. Pick a persona. eg: Abby</li><li>• 2. Pick a use case/scenario in your tool, eg:<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>– in Book Store Navigator app...</li><li>– “Find science fiction books”</li></ul></li></ul> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 3a-b. Pick a Subgoal for that scenario. eg:</li></ul> <p>Subgoal #1: “See bookstore map”.</p> <p>Q: Will <b>Abby</b> have formed this sub-goal...?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Yes/no/maybe.</li></ul> <p>Why? Consider <b>Abby's Motivations...</b></p> 
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 3c-d. Pick an Action for that subgoal.</li></ul> <p>Action #1: “Tap ‘Browse Off’”:</p> <p>– Q1. Will <b>Abby</b> know what to do?<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Yes/no/maybe.</li></ul><p>Why? Consider <b>Abby's, ... Tinkering</b></p><p>First answer Q1. After answering it, then perform the action.</p></p>	<p>– 3e. Q2. If she performs the action, producing</p>  <p>will <b>Abby</b> see progress toward the subgoal?<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Yes/no/maybe. Why? Consider <b>Abby's Self-Efficacy &amp; ...</b></li></ul></p>

# User Centered Design

User-centered design tries to optimize the product around how **users can, want, or need to use the product**, rather than forcing the users to change their behavior to **accommodate the product**.

-Wikipedia



# Agile

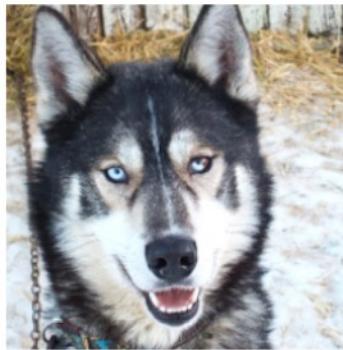
User Centered

Agile custom

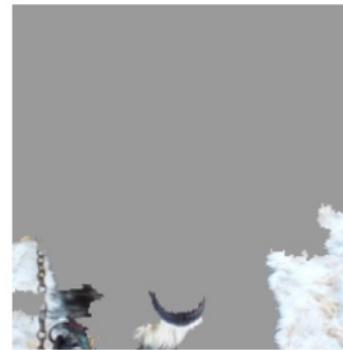


2. Does my software amplify positive or negative behavior for users and society at large?

# Dog vs Wolf



(a) Husky classified as wolf



(b) Explanation

**Figure 11: Raw data and explanation of a bad model’s prediction in the “Husky vs Wolf” task.**

	Before	After
Trusted the bad model	10 out of 27	3 out of 27
Snow as a potential feature	12 out of 27	25 out of 27

# Local Interpretable Model-Agnostic Explanations LIME)

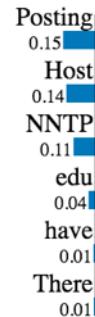
<https://github.com/marcotcr/lime>

Prediction probabilities



atheism

christian



## Text with highlighted words

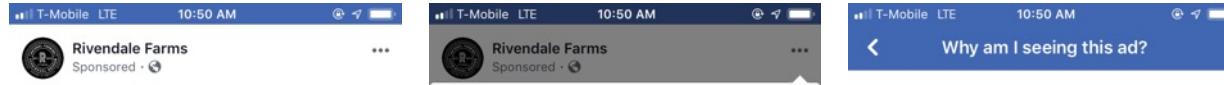
From: johnchad@triton.unm.edu (jchadwic)  
Subject: Another request for Darwin Fish  
Organization: University of New Mexico, Albuquerque  
Lines: 11

NNTP-Posting-Host: triton.unm.edu

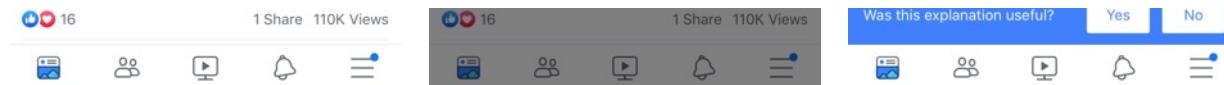
Hello Gang,

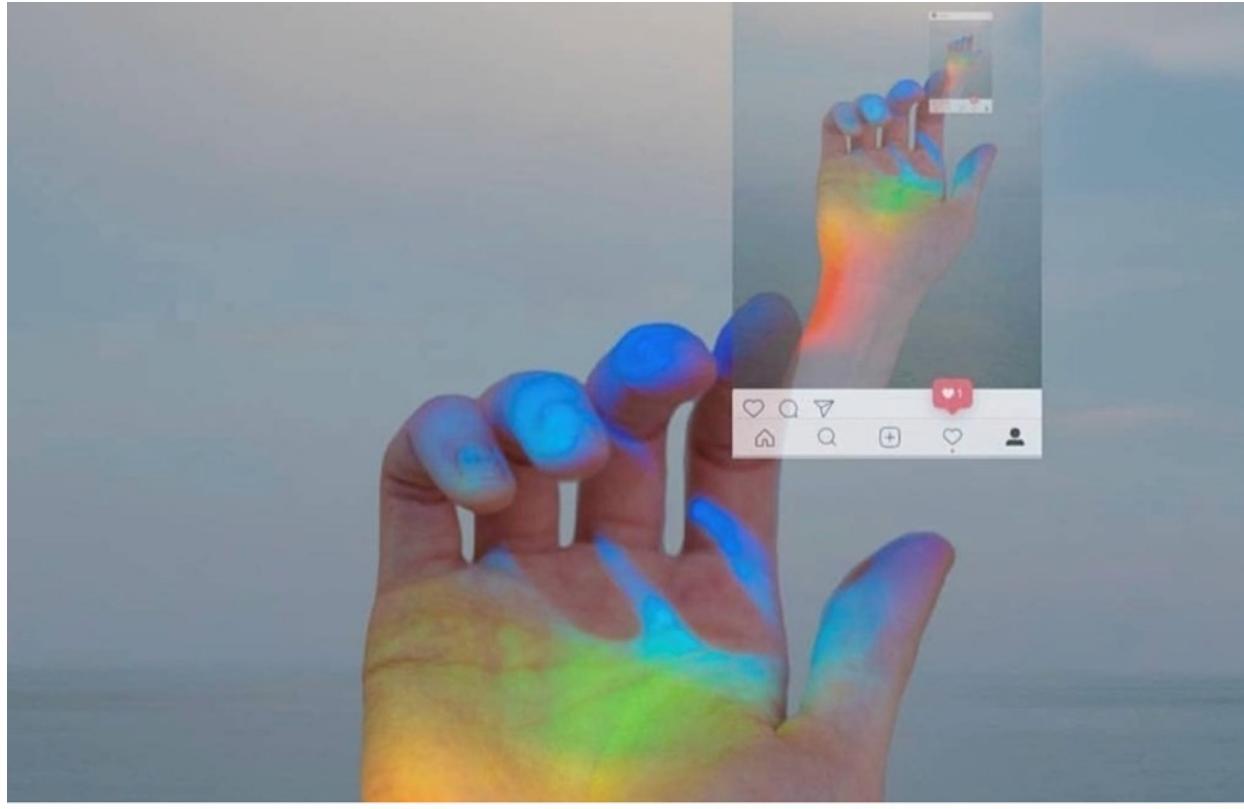
There have been some notes recently asking where to obtain the DARWIN fish.  
This is the same question I have and I have not seen an answer on the net. If anyone has a contact please post on the net or email me.

# Explain “why” to customers



There may be other reasons you're seeing this ad, including that Rivendale Farms wants to reach **people ages 22 to 64 who live or were recently near Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania**. This is information based on your Facebook profile and where you've connected to the internet.





@dovneon

## What Instagram removing likes may mean for influencers and our self-esteem

SCIENCE & TECH - FEATURE

The decision could have a positive impact on the way people use the platform, but harm those trying to use it professionally

# Anil Dash on how to prevent abuse

[http://anildash.com/2011/07/20/if\\_your\\_websites\\_full\\_of\\_assholes\\_its\\_your\\_fault-2/](http://anildash.com/2011/07/20/if_your_websites_full_of_assholes_its_your_fault-2/)

You should have real humans dedicated to monitoring and responding to your community.

You should have community policies about what is and isn't acceptable behavior.

Your site should have accountable identities.

You should have the technology to easily identify and stop bad behaviors.

You should make a budget that supports having a good community, or you should find another line of work.

# Deon <https://github.com/drivendataorg/deon>



tests passing codecov 97% pypi v0.2.2 conda-forge v0.2.2

| Read more about `deon` on the project homepage

## An ethics checklist for data scientists

`deon` is a command line tool that allows you to easily add an ethics checklist to your data science projects. We support creating a new, standalone checklist file or appending a checklist to an existing analysis in [many common formats](#).

δέον • (déon) [n.] (Ancient Greek) [wikitionary](#)

| Duty; that which is binding, needful, right, proper.

# AI Incident Database

The screenshot shows a web browser window displaying the AI Incident Database (AIID) website. The URL in the address bar is `incidentdatabase.ai`. The page has a dark blue header with the AIID logo and the text "INCIDENT DATABASE". Below the header, there are two main navigation buttons: "Discover" and "Submit". On the left side, there is a sidebar with a vertical list of links: "Welcome to the AIID", "Database Roadmap", "Researcher Guide", "Data Summaries", "Database Apps", "Discover App", "Incident Report Submission", "Your App Here", "About Us", "Contact and Follow", and "Partnership on AI Home". The main content area features a large heading "Welcome to the AIID" and a section titled "Why 'AI Incidents'?". This section contains text explaining that intelligent systems are prone to failures and require a repository of real-world problems. Below this is another section titled "What is an Incident?", which states that the initial set of reports is broad in nature. To the right of the main content, there is a "CONTENTS" sidebar with links to "Why 'AI Incidents'?", "What is an Incident?", "Current and Future Users", and "When Should You Report an Incident?".

3. Will my software's quality  
impact the humanity of  
others?

# Quality has long been considered

## Quality attributes [edit]

Notable quality attributes include:

- accessibility
- accountability
- accuracy
- adaptability
- administrability
- affordability
- agility [Toll] (see Common Subsets below)
- auditability
- autonomy [Erl]
- availability
- compatibility
- compositability [Erl]
- configurability
- correctness
- credibility
- customizability
- debugability
- degradability
- determinability
- demonstrability
- dependability
- deployability
- discoverability [Erl]
- distributability
- durability
- effectiveness
- efficiency
- evolvability
- extensibility
- failure transparency
- fault-tolerance
- fidelity
- flexibility
- inspectability
- installability
- integrity
- interchangeability
- interoperability [Erl]
- learnability
- localizability
- maintainability
- manageability
- mobility
- modifiability
- modularity
- observability
- operability
- orthogonality
- portability
- precision
- predictability
- process capabilities
- producibility
- provability
- recoverability
- relevance
- reliability
- repeatability
- reproducibility
- resilience
- responsiveness
- reusability [Erl]
- robustness
- safety
- scalability
- seamlessness
- self-sustainability
- serviceability (a.k.a. supportability)
- securability
- simplicity
- stability
- standards compliance
- survivability
- sustainability
- tailorability
- testability
- timeliness
- traceability
- transparency
- ubiquity
- understandability
- upgradability
- vulnerability
- usability

# Engineering ethics.

Ethics applies and is formalized in many professional fields: medical, legal, business, and engineering.

The first codes of engineering ethics were formally adopted by American engineering societies in 1912-1914. In 1946 the National Society of Professional Engineers (NSPE) adopted their first formal Canons of Ethics.

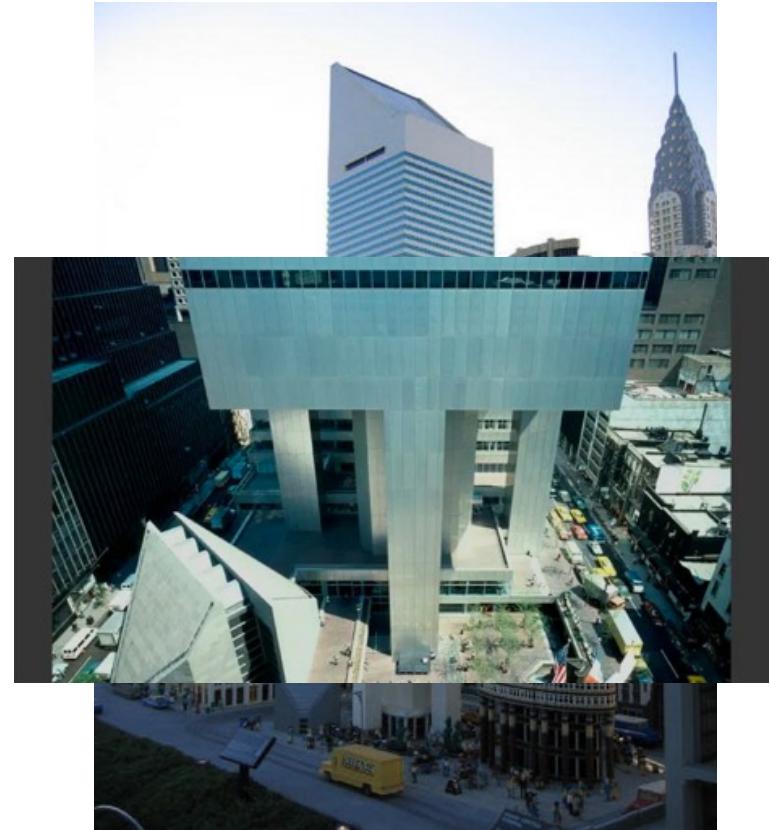
# “hold paramount safety, health and welfare of the public”

Citigroup Center, Designed by Structural engineer William LeMessurier

Followed calculations required by building codes

Civil Engineering student Diane Hartley realized there was a problem

Tests showed that winds needed to bring it down would happen every 55 years



# Professional Ethics

Professional ethics encompass the personal, and corporate standards of behavior expected by professionals.

First three “professions”

- Divinity,

- Law

- Medicine

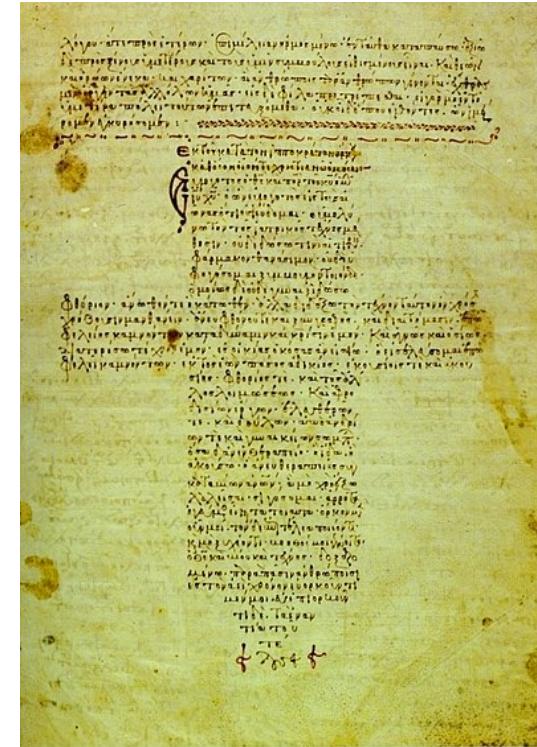


# Medicine - Intrinsic

## Hippocratic Oath

~450BC

## “Do no Harm”



# Law -Extrinsic

Bar regulates behavior

Oath to follow rules

Malpractice



# Legal Malpractice

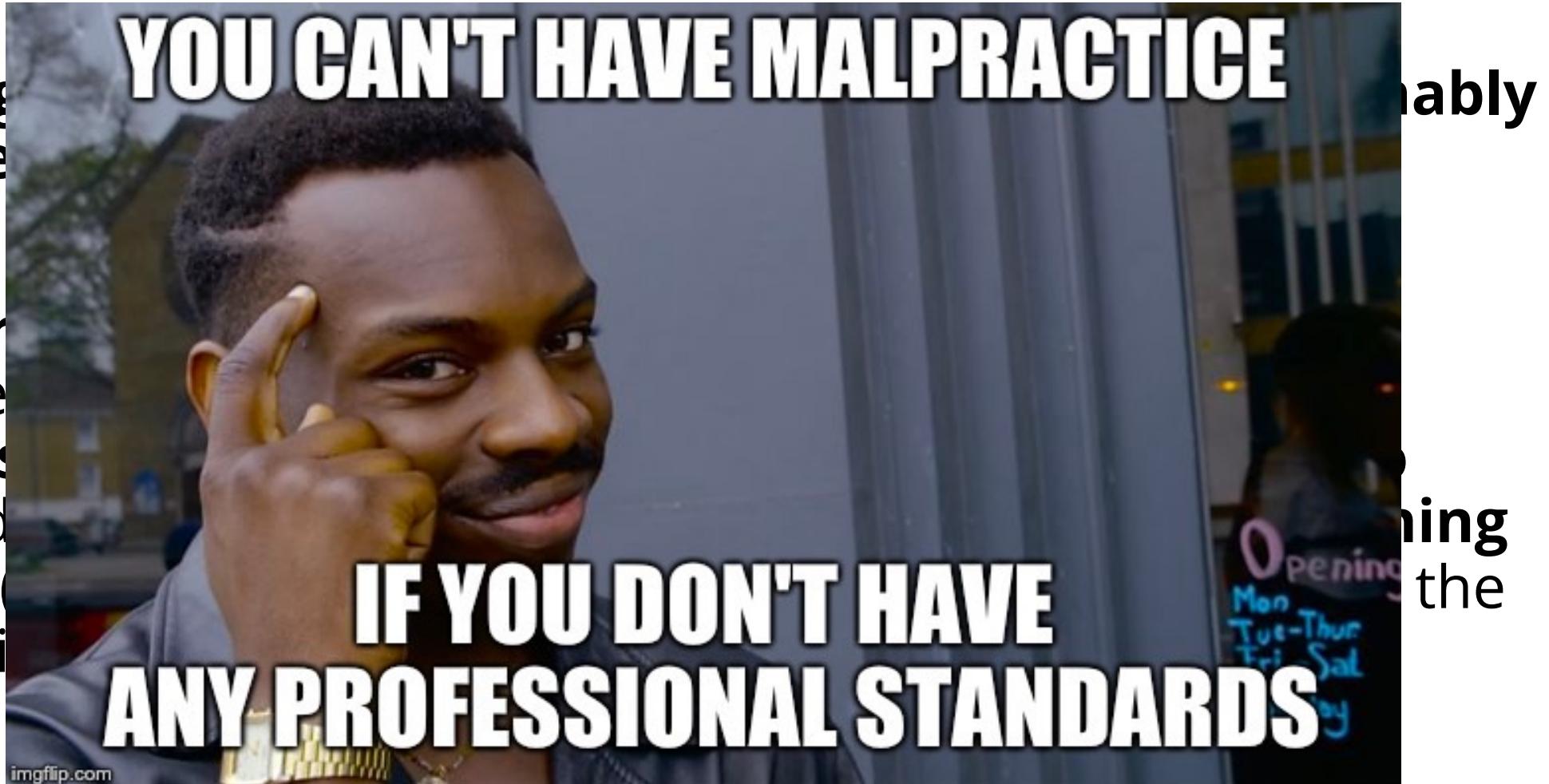
Not every mistake is legal malpractice. For malpractice to exist:

Attorney must handle a case inappropriately due to negligence or with intent to harm  
And cause damages to a client

# Malpractice vs. Negligence

Negligent  
prudent

Malpractice  
"professional  
professionals  
provided  
body  
plaintiffs



imgflip.com

# DISCUSSION: What should we do going forward?

# Bioengineering Ethics:

- Respect for Autonomy
- Beneficence
- Nonmaleficence
- Justice

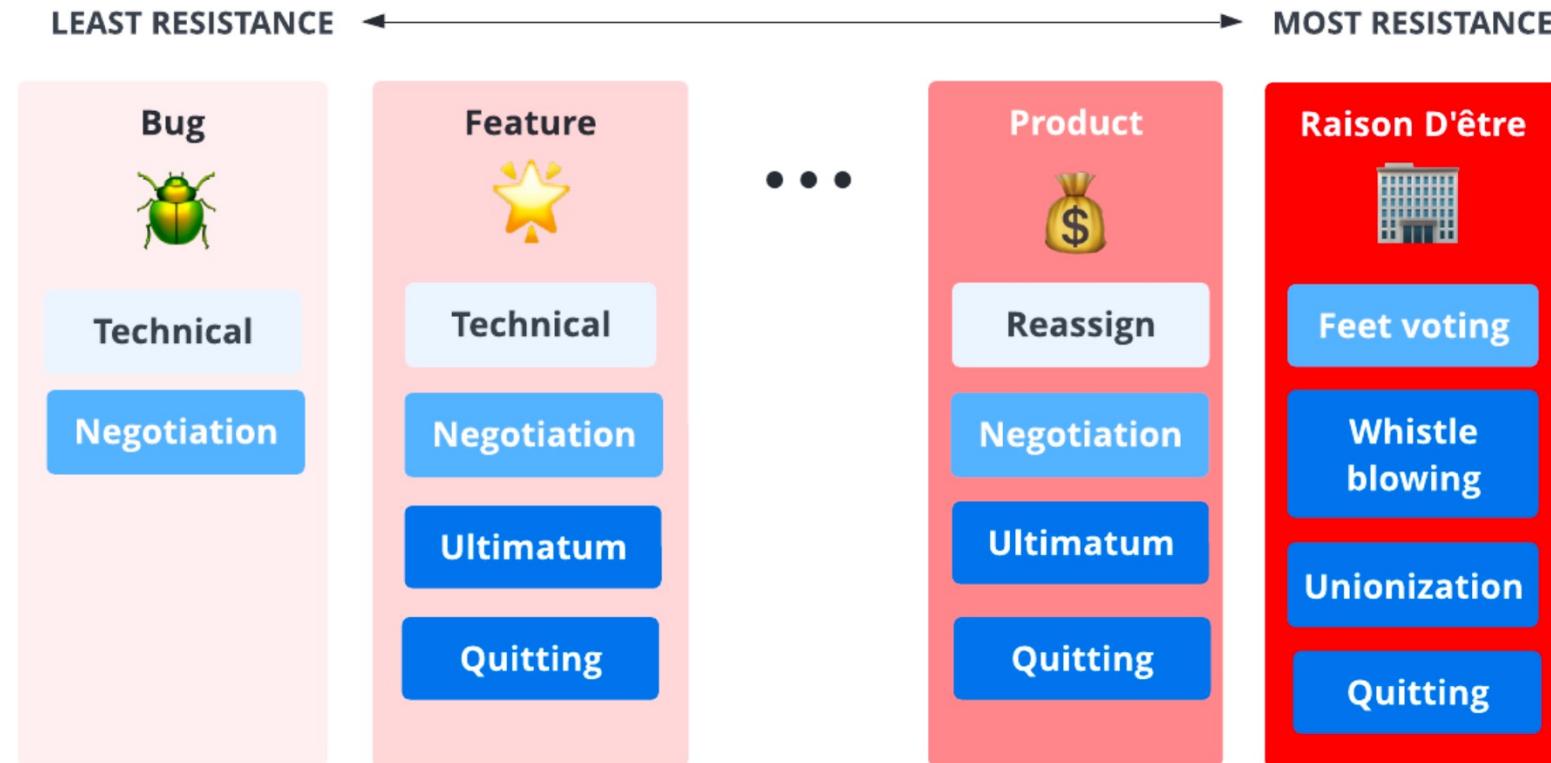
# Professional Engineers

What {is / could be} the role of **professional engineers** in software?



By ----PCStuff 03:47, 31 July 2006 (UTC), CC BY-SA 2.5,  
<https://commons.wikimedia.org/w/index.php?curid=10340855>

# Different scope of concerns addressed differently



# Will software quality impact human flourishing?

Most traditional emphasis of “engineering ethics”

What can we learn from other professions?

Should software have “Professional Engineers”?

How do we define “safety critical systems”?

How much testing is enough? How can we convince others to do that much testing?

These questions are the **start** of the **conversation**, but as technology evolves, we must be **vigilant** to ensure we are promoting human flourishing

# Three questions to promote human flourishing

1. Does my software respect the **humanity** of the **users**?
2. Does my software **amplify positive** behavior, or **negative** behavior for users and society at large?
3. Will my software's **quality** impact the **humanity** of others?