



Real-time Character-driven Motion Effects with Particle-based Fluid Simulation

Tian-Chen Xu*, Wen Wu*, En-Hua Wu*†

*. Faculty of Science and Technology, University of Macau,
Macao, China

†. State Key Lab of CS, Institute of Software, Chinese
Academy of Sciences, Beijing, China

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Outline

- Introduction
- Related work
- Emitter Uniformization
- Motion Estimation
- SPH Simulation on GPU
- Rendering
- Examples
- Conclusions



Character-driven Fluid Effect



➤ Some screenshots of our work

- ◆ Character animation with fluid motion of splash simulated and rendered in real-time

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Character-driven Effects

➤ Effects with high motion coupling

◆ Special effects in games

- ✓ Magic effects
- ✓ Weapon effects
- ✓ Skill effects

◆ Artistic stage effects

- ✓ Dance
- ✓ Martial arts

➤ Motivation & contributions

- ◆ Pursuit of immersive effects
- ◆ Utilizing fluid dynamics
- ◆ Character coupling
- ◆ Fast real-time simulation and rendering

Game: Final Fantasy XIII
by Square Enix



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Related Work

➤ Motion effects

- ◆ Off-line rendering [Schmid *et al.* 2010]
- ◆ Geometric based motion blur [Sander *et al.* 2008]
- ◆ Smoke motion effect without illumination [Xu *et al.* 2011]

➤ Smoothed Particle Hydrodynamics

- ◆ SPH introduction to CG [Muller *et al.* 2003]
- ◆ GPU acceleration [Harada *et al.* 2007]
- ◆ Broad-phase collision detection (CUDA) [Le Grand. 2007]

➤ Rendering

- ◆ Marching cube [Lorensen *et al.* 1987]
- ◆ Studies of splatting [Van Kooten *et al.* 2007]
- ◆ Screen space [Van der Laan *et al.* 2009]



Emitter Uniformization

➤ 3D character mesh

◆ Vertices

- ✓ Nonuniform distribution
- ✓ Weak controllability

◆ Faces/surface

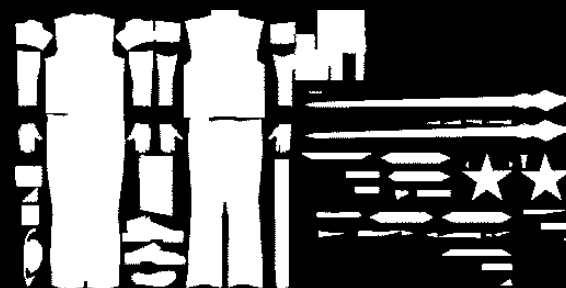
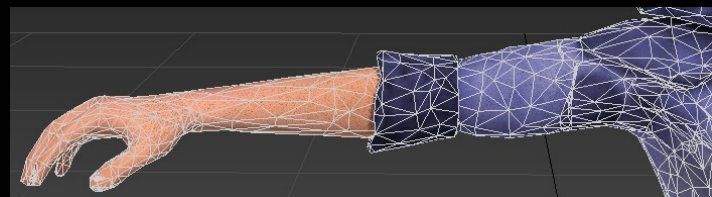
- ✓ Difficult to be processed
- ✓ Slow

◆ UV atlas (our choice)

- ✓ Commonly conformal
- ✓ Fast mapping (rasterizer)
- ✓ But overlaps exist

➤ Position buffer in UV space

- ◆ Render the mesh vertices to position buffer
- ◆ Select the valid area using a preset binary mask





Motion Estimation

➤ Current tangent

- ◆ $T_{t-n\Delta t} = (p_{t-n\Delta t} - p_{t-(n+1)\Delta t}) / 2$

- ◆ $T_t = T_{t-\Delta t} + (T_{t-\Delta t} - T_{t-2\Delta t})$

➤ Emitter position

- ◆ Catmull-Rom spline

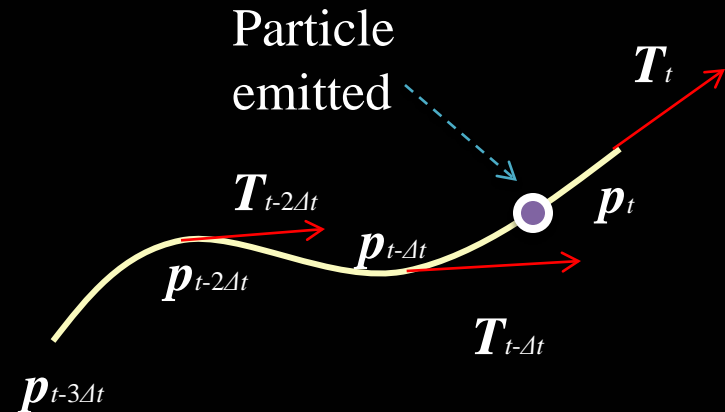
- ◆ $p_t(\tau) = h_{00}p_{t-\Delta t} + h_{10}T_{t-\Delta t} + h_{01}p_t + h_{11}T_t$

- ◆ $h_{00} \sim h_{11}$: Entries of Hermite Spline matrix

➤ Emitter velocity

- ◆ Direction: the normalized derivative of the spline

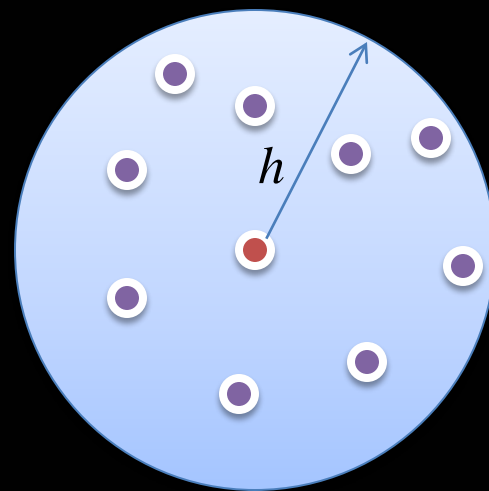
- ◆ Speed: $L / \Delta t$, L is the length of the spline





SPH Simulation on GPU

- **SPH distribution function [Muller *et al.* 2003]**
 - ◆ Quantities distributed in the local neighborhood of each particle
 - ◆ Character interaction as external force contribution
- **Neighbor search**
 - ◆ Acceleration bottleneck
 - ✓ searching within the smoothing radius h
 - ◆ Our technique
 - ✓ Fast (GPU based bucket sort)
 - ✓ Less space overhead





Neighbor Search Problem

➤ Steps in each time step

- ◆ Count number of particles for each grid cell
- ◆ Compute the start and end addresses

$$i_{end}^j = \begin{cases} a_j, & j = 0 \\ i_{end}^{j-1} + a_j, & j > 0 \end{cases}$$

- ◆ Arrangement

Index buffer.x: $N(\text{particles})$

3	7	0	3
2	4	6	1
0	10	0	9
5	8	4	2

(a)

Offset buffer: relative location

...	1	...	0
...			
...	0	...	3
...	...	2	...

(b)

Index buffer.x: start address

0	3	10	10
13	15	19	25
26	26	36	36
45	50	58	62

Index buffer.y: end address

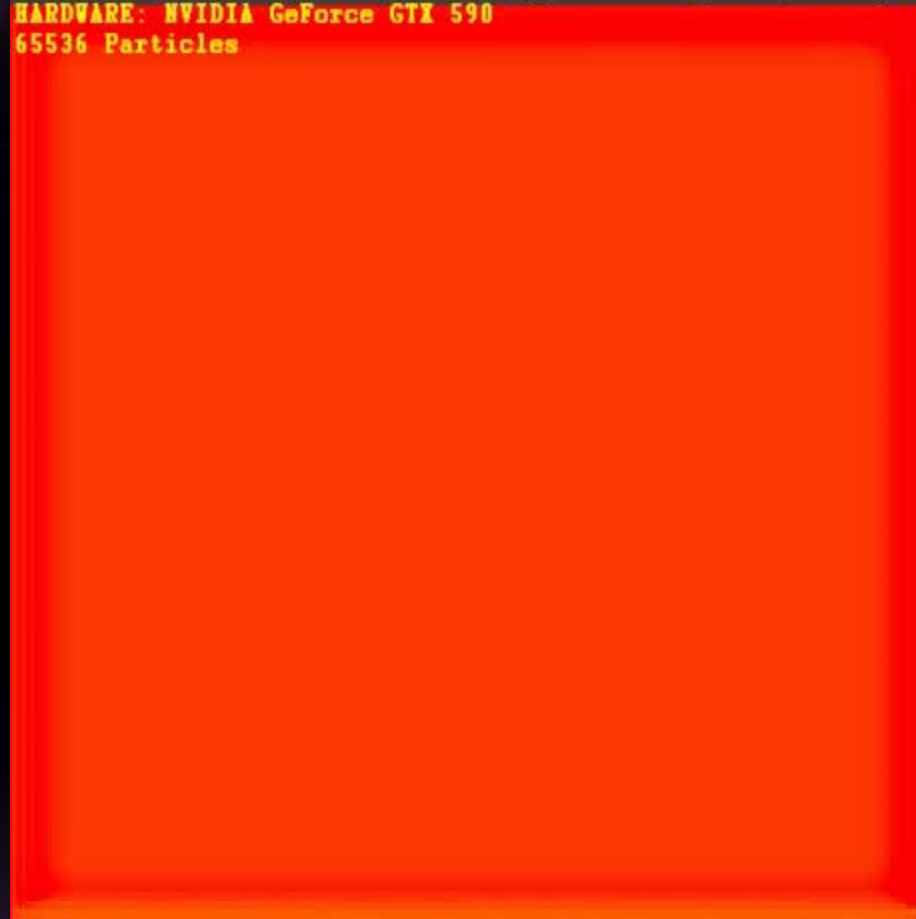
3	10	10	13
15	19	25	26
26	36	36	45
50	58	62	64

(c)



Near Neighbor Search Comparison

D3D11 19.84 fps Vsync off (640x480), R8G8B8A8_UNORM_SRGB (MS1, Q0)
HARDWARE: NVIDIA GeForce GTX 590
65536 Particles



- Reset Particles
- 64K Particles ▼
- Gravity Down ▼
- ☒ Grid without sort
- ☐ Grid + Sort



Rendering

➤ Screen space rendering [Van der Laan *et al.* 2009]

◆ Steps

- ✓ Render particles as billboards, record depth
- ✓ Depth buffer (z-buffer) blurring
- ✓ Normal computing based on z-buffer

◆ Advantages

- ✓ Fast (billboard-based, image processing)
- ✓ Illumination supported

➤ Our improvements

◆ Dynamic billboard size control

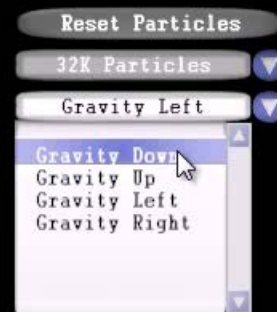
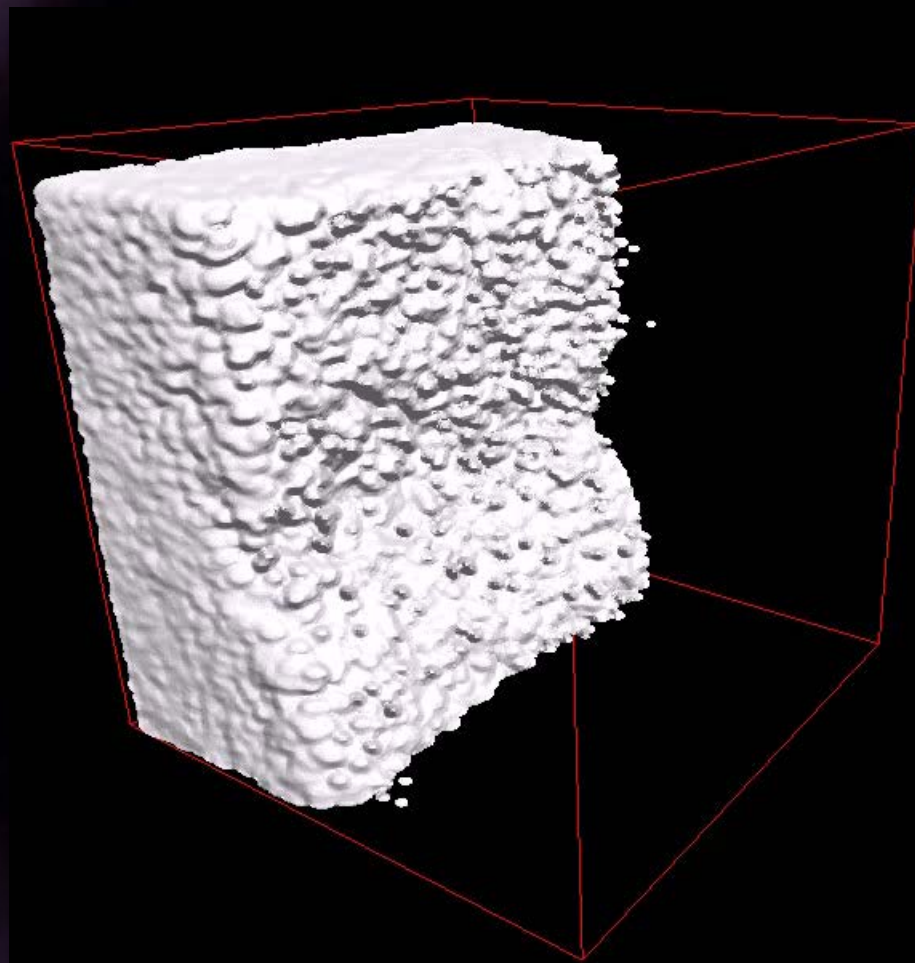
- ✓ Liquid surface or splash?
- ✓ Good quality for even fewer particles

◆ Dynamic blur control

- ✓ View independency(3D space blur)



Rendering Demo





Examples

➤ Testing machine

- ◆ Intel® Core (TM) i7-2600K CPU
- ◆ NVIDIA® GTX590 graphic card
- ◆ Able to use this machine for alive demo as well
 - ✓ Intel® Core (TM) 2 Duo CPU
 - ✓ NVIDIA® GT240M
 - ✓ Real-time for 8K particles

➤ Sword dance

- ◆ Real-time demo
- ◆ High quality character animation
- ◆ Immersive fluid coupling
- ◆ 3D environment



Character Only Example



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Sword Dance in 3D Environment



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Conclusions

- **Character-driven fluid motion effect**
 - ◆ Character motion estimation and interaction
 - ◆ Algorithmic acceleration of simulation on GPU
 - ◆ Real-time simulation and rendering
- **Future work**
 - ◆ More complex fluid interaction
 - ◆ Bidirectional interaction of character by fluid
 - ✓ Passive force impact
 - ✓ Reactions
 - ◆ Multiple characters
 - ◆ Multiple fluid blending



Thank you!
Q&A

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