## Write formulas

## Melania Barile

## June 2023

## **Definitions:**

- $x_{i,j}^{r}$ : raw counts of cells in cluster i at time j (obtained as in the usual single cell analysis pipelines, i.e., from per cell normalization after quality control, and clustering of the umap landscape).
- $T_j^{\text{o}}$ : measured real total number of cells at time j (cells in the dish, measured by FACS).
- $\widetilde{x}_{i,j}^{\text{o}}$ : measured fraction of cells in cluster i at time j. This can be obtained as:  $\widetilde{x}_{i,j}^{\text{o}} = \frac{x_{i,j}^{\text{r}}}{\sum\limits_{i=1,\dots,1}^{i}x_{i,j}^{\text{r}}}$ .
- $x_{i,j}^{o}$ : measured real number of cells in cluster i at time j. This can be obtained upon scaling the fractions by the total number of cells in a dish at time point j:  $x_{i,j}^{o} = \widetilde{x}_{i,j}^{o} T_{j}^{o}$ .
- $x_{i,j}$ : model prediction for the real number of cells in cluster i at time j (output of the ODE system).
- $T_j$ : model prediction for the real number of cells at time j.  $T_j = \sum_{i=1,..,11} x_{i,j}$ .
- $\widetilde{x}_{i,j}$ : model prediction for the fraction of cells in cluster i at time j. This can be obtained as:  $\widetilde{x}_{i,j} = \frac{x_{i,j}}{T_i}$ .

1

We can write the cost function L in two ways:

• 
$$L = \sum_{i=1}^{11} \sum_{j=1}^{3} \frac{(x_{i,j} - x_{i,j}^0)^2}{\sigma_i}$$
, or

• 
$$L = \sum_{i=1}^{11} \sum_{j=1}^{3} \frac{(\widetilde{x}_{i,j} - \widetilde{x}_{i,j}^{0})^{2}}{\sigma_{i}} + \sum_{j=1}^{3} \frac{(T_{j} - T_{j}^{0})^{2}}{\sigma_{j}}$$