Sitao Cheng

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EDUCATION

Nanjing University 2021.09 - 2024.06

Computer Science Master - NLP, LLM, Knowledge Graph - Websoft Lab

- Avg Score 92.35/100 (Top 5% of department)
- Honors: 1st Class Scholarship, 2nd Class Scholarship *2

University of Electronic Science and Technology of China

2017.09 - 2021.06

Software Engineering Bachelor

- GPA 3.99 / 4.00 Avg Score 90.74 (top 3 of department)
- Honors: 2020 MCM/ICM H Prize, Outstanding Student of Sichuan Province, Outstanding Student of UESTC, MCM/ICM
 Campus Competition 2nd Prize, WeChat mini-Program Campus Competition 2nd Prize, 1st Class/Enterprise Scholarship*7

RESEARCH EXPERIENCE

Call me when necessary: LLMs can Efficiently and Faithfully Reason over Structured Environments

2023.09 - 2024.02

ACL24 1st Auther Microsof DKI Lab - Research Intern

- Innovation: Propose **Readi**, an efficient and faithful framework to call LLMs. LLMs initially **generate** a reasoning path, which is when **instantiatd** on structured environments. LLMs are called to **edit** the path if the instantiation goes wrong
 - Previous LLM-methods: Iterative interaction with the structural environments; Consuming limited information at each step; Error propagation
 - Previous Finetuned-methods: Relying on massive annotations; Not ensuring faithfulness; Costy for beam search
- Error Message Design: Reason of errors; Current instantiation progress; Possible candidate schemas
- Experiments: On three KBQA (Hit@1) and 2 TableQA (IR-based) tasks, Readi significantly outperforms other LLM-based
 methods and vanilla LLMs, and are competitive with sota finetuned methods. Analysis shows that Readi's initial reasoning path
 already surpasses finetuned methods in extensive aspects, with Editing further boosting the performance

QueryAgent: a Reliable and Efficient Reasoning Framework with Environmental Feedback based Self-Correction

2023.09 - 2024.02

ACL24 shared 1st Author Nanjing University with Microsoft DKI Lab

- Innovation: Propose QueryAgent, an Agent-based framework to build query by step-by-step invoking function tools over KB and conduct self-correction at each step for reliability.
 - Previous in-context learning methods: End-to-End query generation inducing many candidates; Hallucination of LLMs
 - Previous LLM agents: Environmental feedback consuming only part of entities and relations on KB; Function tools not stepwise executable; Hallucination of LLMs; Error propagation
- Innovation: Propose ERASER to detect error for executions, provide tailored guidelines and add directly to observations
 - · Previous correction methods: Relying on LLM to identify the error; Matching cases with few shot examples
- ERASER guidelines: Error types; Error reasons; Possible solutions. Directly adding to observation to generate new actions
- Experiments: On 4 KBQA(F1) tasks, QueryAgent significantly surpasses other LLM-methods; ERASER substantially boosts
 another agent-based method; QueryAgent also outperformances other LLM-methods on one TableQA(SP-based) task;
 QueryAgent imposses a lot fewer running time and less query engine calls.

MarkQA: A large scale KBQA dataset with numerical reasoning

2022.11 - 2023.06

EMNLP23 2nd Author - Nanjing University

- Innovation: Propose NR-KBQA to challenge both multi-hop reasoning and numerical reasoning ability over KB
 - Previous KBQA task: Only consider complexity of graph pattern(multi-hop reasoning), not computation structure
- Construct MarkQA (on Wikidata), scaling automatically to 32k from a small number of seeds
 - Provide both natural language and symbolic language forms of reasoning steps
- Design PyQL query, which can be converted into SPARQL, as the symbolic reasoning steps, alleviating labeling burden
- Experiments: MarkQA is challenging (especially in zero-shot), and reasoning steps significantly improves the results

Question Decomposition Tree for Answering Complex Questions over Knowledge Bases

2022.02 - 2022.11

AAAI23 2nd Author - Nanjing University

- Innovation: Propose a serializable Question Decomposition Tree (QDT) structure to represent natural language questions
 - Previous decomposition methods: Decompose the question insufficiently (just split into 2 parts)
- Innovation: Propose Clue-Decipher, a 2-staged method to ease the uncontrollable nature of LM to obrain QDT
- Experiments: Clue-Decipher outperforms other decomposition methods in two types of metrics. And QDT helps two types of

QA systems to achieve sota results

- Decomposition experiments: Compare the decomposition results (on QDTrees dataset) in the sequence-based (EM, BLEU, ROUGE) and tree-based (TDA, GED) metrics
- Seq2Seq QA experiments: With the help of QDT, a T5-base model achieves SOTA on CWQ dataset. Results drop significantly when replacing QDT with other decompositions

PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE

Microsoft 2023.10 - Present

Research Intern DKI(data, knowledge and intelligence) Lab

Beijing

- Research: Leading a research paper about reasoning over structured environments by LLMs submitted to ACL24
- Research: Cooperate with Nanjing University for a research paper about LLM-agents for KBQA submitted to ACL24
- Research: Cooperate with Nanjing University for a research paper about RAG by LLMs (on progress)
- Engineer: Adopting the idea of Readi (ACL24 paper) to Education and Medicine scenarios

Ant Group (Alipay) - Intelligent Office Assistant Project - QA System (Multi-hop Reasoning Module)

2023.06 - 2023.09

NLP Intern - Digitization Management - Department of Al Application

Hangzhou

- Framework: Based on MCR (extension of langchain), LLM iteratively decomposes and answers the question
- Goal: Introduce Knowledge Graph (KG structured representation) to impove MCR. "DENOISE" and "EXPAND" text
 information, guiding LLM to decompose and answer the question
- Motivation: MCR relies heavily on LLM (prompt) and the retrieval model, leading to error propagation
- Details: Construct KG "offline and online" according to texts. Retrieve KG subgraphs according to the questions as context
- Results: Question decomposition and multi-hop use cases acc improve significantly. Achieve SOTA on HotpotQA subset.

OTHERS

- Skills: Common NLP models (LLM application, Transformer, attention mechanism, etc.), Pytorch, C++, Python
- · Languages: Good English speaking and listening skills (TOEFL 106, CET-4 CET-6 excellent)
- Interests: Body building (over 6x body weight in the Big 3), Basketball (member of department basketball team)