```
2008-
                                                                        2008
               2
                    1
                          190
                                      1
                                                                    2
                                                                                      1
                                                 01-02
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               3
                    1
                          4100
                                     41
                                                                    3
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               4
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                          160
                                      1
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                                                                                2
                                                                                      1
                                                 01-03
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          133417
                    1
                         2000
                                     20
                                                             12
                                                                   19
                                                                        2008
                                                                                      1
                                                  12-19
                                                 2008-
          133418
                         2000
                                                                   22
                                                                        2008
                                     20
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                                                 2008-
          133419
                    1
                         2600
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                                                                   26
                                                                        2008
                                                                                      1
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          133420
                         2000
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                         8100
                                     81
                                                             12
          133421
                                                                   31
                                                                        2008
                                                                                      0
                                                  12-31
         133422 rows × 125 columns
          import numpy as np
          from sklearn.model selection import train test split
          #birthweight is what we want to predict - change this to single target
          birth_weight = data[['BPOUND', 'BOUNCE']]
          birth weight
                 BPOUND BOUNCE
               0
                       4
                                1
               1
                       8
                                3
               2
                       9
                                0
               3
                       7
                                6
               4
                       9
                                7
          133417
                       6
                                8
          133418
                                2
                                7
          133419
                       8
          133420
                       5
                               13
          133421
                       7
                                3
         133422 rows × 2 columns
                     be a good technique to select predictors
          #note that PCA performs best when data is normalized (range b/w 0 and 1)
          #It is possible to use categorical and continuous predictors
          #for a regression problem. My understanding is you need to make
          #dummy variables for the binary predictors.
          #Variables that we will need to deal with:
          # BDATE, HISPMOM, HISPDAD
 In [5]: #Attempting PCA on data
          #for now I drop the BDATE, HISPMOM AND HISPDAD
          data drop = data.drop(["BDATE", "HISPMOM", "HISPDAD", "BOUNCE", "BPOUND"], axis = 1)
          #get a list of columns in pandas object
          names of data = data drop.columns.tolist()
          #shuffle = false prevents data split being different everytime
          X train, X test, y train, y test = train test split(data drop, birth weight, test size
          #split test into validate and test, again making sure the data is always the same for
          #X_test, X_val, y_test, y_val = train_test_split(X_test, y_test, test_size=0.25, shuf.
          #Normalizing the data
          from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
          sc = StandardScaler()
          X_train = sc.fit_transform(X_train)
          X test = sc.transform(X test)
          #running the actual PCA
          from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
          pca = PCA()
          X_train = pca.fit_transform(X_train)
          X test = pca.transform(X test)
          #relief f algorithm - sorting features
 In [7]: explained variance = pca.explained variance ratio
          print(len(explained variance))
          print(explained variance)
          [3.89856404e-02 3.41089470e-02 3.05310536e-02 2.86690661e-02
          2.39828710e-02 2.07124228e-02 1.81565355e-02 1.70798239e-02
          1.68763289e-02 1.59961073e-02 1.56220702e-02 1.35585642e-02
          1.30251204e-02 1.13087563e-02 1.10457470e-02 1.09427186e-02
          1.06522571e-02 1.03091115e-02 1.02034145e-02 1.01603763e-02
          9.98586972e-03 9.86404012e-03 9.78778404e-03 9.61165628e-03
          9.46902421e-03 9.40630729e-03 9.25092446e-03 9.20797437e-03
          9.16882901e-03 9.11728971e-03 9.08471022e-03 9.05880935e-03
          8.91090184e-03 8.85632587e-03 8.83902308e-03 8.82366452e-03
          8.73228213e-03 8.70972804e-03 8.64475483e-03 8.63888132e-03
          8.60300393e-03 8.57402898e-03 8.54542908e-03 8.51710741e-03
          8.50298288e-03 8.46111398e-03 8.42122923e-03 8.39505222e-03
          8.37548109e-03 8.34046815e-03 8.29732609e-03 8.28947627e-03
          8.24895028e-03 8.22904830e-03 8.20238682e-03 8.12690154e-03
          8.11341630e-03 8.08291392e-03 8.07851589e-03 8.03763212e-03
          8.01473052e-03 7.96613523e-03 7.90999598e-03 7.89944166e-03
          7.83600377e-03 7.82191448e-03 7.78512254e-03 7.75691445e-03
          7.69956508e-03 7.66449230e-03 7.60968558e-03 7.58920895e-03
          7.51965207e-03 7.50072699e-03 7.41546041e-03 7.36057792e-03
          7.17224177e-03 7.11636014e-03 7.01568819e-03 6.99311496e-03
          6.88970752e-03 6.80287045e-03 6.71667348e-03 6.59331242e-03
          6.56011619e-03 6.39097514e-03 6.21038587e-03 6.13263995e-03
          6.02101475e-03 5.88755078e-03 5.62716616e-03 5.49427350e-03
          5.42691648e-03 5.30849077e-03 5.16759622e-03 4.77164460e-03
          4.64430993e-03 4.52817477e-03 4.35785968e-03 4.10170975e-03
          3.95902522e-03 3.70091254e-03 3.10259706e-03 2.89941030e-03
          2.48400831e-03 1.79876640e-03 1.72329185e-03 9.56485073e-04
          9.01290670e-04 6.15880756e-04 5.54770674e-04 2.94096489e-04
          1.90827613e-04 3.83559595e-08 7.68856188e-33 7.62231993e-33
          2.16597016e-33 1.43573650e-33 2.23811207e-34 1.98989560e-34]
          #Explained variance prints the variance each principal component contributes.
          #As we can see, the last 5 contribute very little (maybe we can get rid of?)
          #We also want to check for linearity between the input predictors and the output
          #If there is high colinearity, then we want to use ridge regression - A variant of li
          #Correlation indicates strength and direction of a linear relationship. let's use this
         # Output of Y into pounds by adding the pounds and ounces as pounds
          y train = y train['BPOUND'] + y train['BOUNCE']*0.0625
          y test = y test['BPOUND'] + y test['BOUNCE']*0.0625
         This will be multiple linear regression below
          #Setting up the linear regression and fitting the model
          regressFunc = linear model.LinearRegression(copy X = True, fit intercept = True, n jol
          regressFunc.fit(X_train, y_train)
          #Predict the values of the test set
          predicted val = regressFunc.predict(X test)
In [11]: #Comparing the results vs. expected
          y test, predicted val
Out[11]: (106737
                    7.8125
          106738
                   7.6875
          106739
                   5.1250
          106740
                    8.0000
          106741
                    6.3750
                   6.5000
          133417
                   9.1250
          133418
          133419
                   8.4375
          133420
                   5.8125
          133421
                    7.1875
```

Length: 26685, dtype: float64,

mean squared error(y test, predicted val)

5.00857935]))

Out[12]: 7.178357456009061e+23

array([8.23676507, 7.25996006, 5.0400839, ..., 6.08695081, 3.87761499,

import pandas as pd

1

1

0

1

from sklearn import linear model

6800

160

data = pd.read csv("2008 births.csv")

from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
from sklearn.metrics import mean squared error

INST RPLACE RCOUNTY PLURAL BDATE BMONTH BDAY

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01-01

2008-

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RACE ...

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BYEAR SEX

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