

直接说结论：图例legend中data元素的数据类型要与series中的data 数据里name的数据类型保持一致  
如下：series中的data 数据里name数据的数据类型为 number, legend data的数据类型为string 数据类型不一致

```
1. <!DOCTYPE html>
2. <html lang="en">
3. <head>
4. <meta charset="UTF-8">
5. <title>Title</title>
6. </head>
7. <script type="text/javascript" src="user/jquery.js"></script>
8. <script type="text/javascript" src="user/echarts.min.js"></script>
9. <body>
10. <div id="chartmain" style="width:600px; height: 400px;"></div>
11. <script>
12. //模拟后台传入数据 name的数据类型为 number
13. var arr = [{value:500,name:1},{value:100,name:2},{value:1500,name:3},{value:500,name:4},
    {value:2000,name:5}];
14.
15. //var arr = [{value:500,name:"1"},{value:100,name:"2"},{value:1500,name:"3"},
    {value:500,name:"4"},{value:2000,name:"5"}];
16. var option = {
17. title : {
18. text: '薪水支出信息统计',
19. subtext: '报销统计',
20. x:'center'
21. },
22. tooltip : {
23. trigger: 'item',
24. formatter: "{a} <br/>{b} : {c} ({d}%)"
25. },
26. legend: {
27. orient: 'vertical',
28. left: 'left',
29. data: ['1','2','3','4','5']//此时 data中元素的数据类型为 string
30. },
31. series : [
32. {
```

```
33. name: '访问来源',
34. type: 'pie',
35. radius : '55%',
36. center: ['50%', '60%'],
37. data:arr,
38. itemStyle: {
39. emphasis: {
40. shadowBlur: 10,
41. shadowOffsetX: 0,
42. shadowColor: 'rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.5)'
43. }
44. }
45. }
46. ]
47. };
48. //初始化echarts实例
49. var myChart = echarts.init($('#chartmain')[0]);
50.
51. //使用制定的配置项和数据显示图表
52. myChart.setOption(option);
53.
54.
55.
56. </script>
57. </body>
58. </html>
```

数据保持一致后：

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15. var arr = [{value:500,name:"1"},{value:100,name:"2"},{value:1500,name:"3"},
    {value:500,name:"4"},{value:2000,name:"5"}];
16. var option = {
17. title : {
18. text: '薪水支出信息统计',
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图例正常显示:

