

HBase Read Path

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Abstract

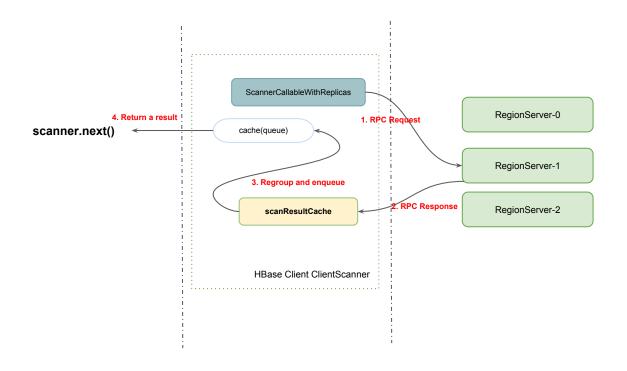
- Client Side
- □ Server Side
- ☐ Tuning



Part-1 Client Side



ClientScanner



Step.1 + Step.2 + Step.3 = loadCache



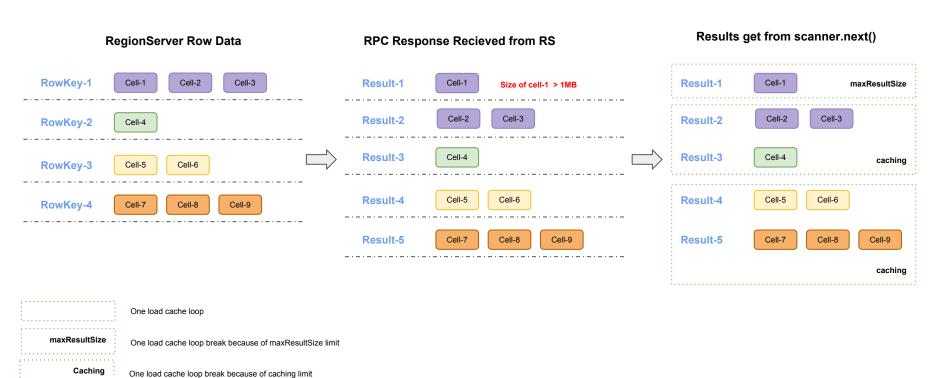
Concepts in Scan

- caching
- batch
- maxResultSize
- allowPartialResults
- limit
- maxVersion
- needCursorResult
- filter
- isolationLevel
- asyncPrefetch



AllowPartialScanResultCache

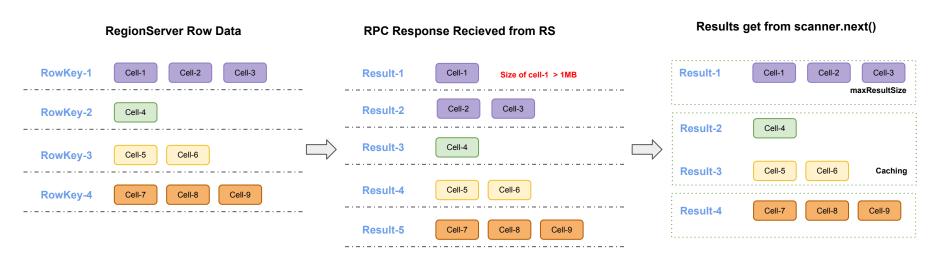
scan.setCaching(2).setAllowPartialResults(true).setMaxResultSize(1MB)





CompleteScanResultCache

scan.setCaching(2).setMaxResultSize(1MB)



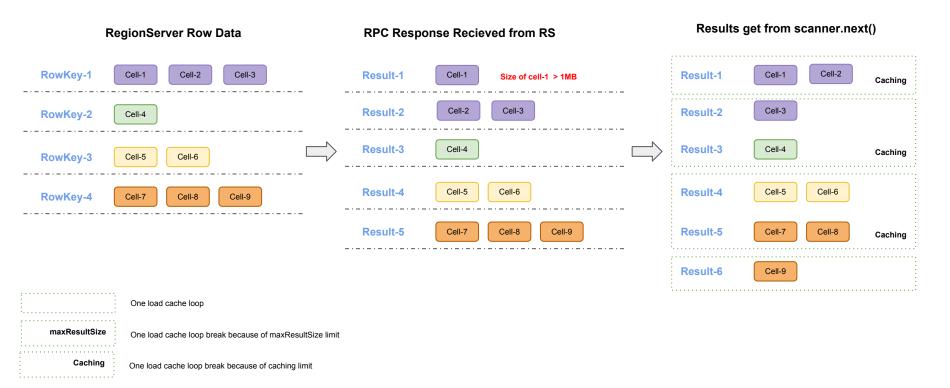
MaxResultSize
One load cache loop break because of maxResultSize limit

Caching
One load cache loop break because of caching limit



BatchScanResultCache

scan.setCaching(2).setBatch(2).setMaxResultSize(1MB)

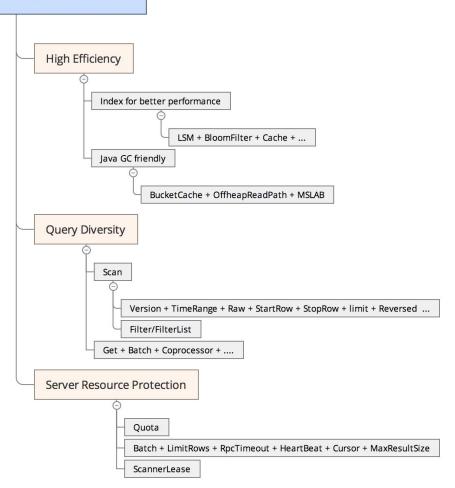




Part-2 Server Side

Read Path Design Purpose





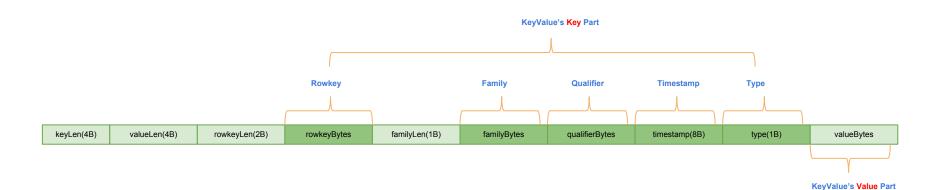


Abstract In Server Side

- ☐ High Efficiency
- Query Diversity
- Server Resource Protection

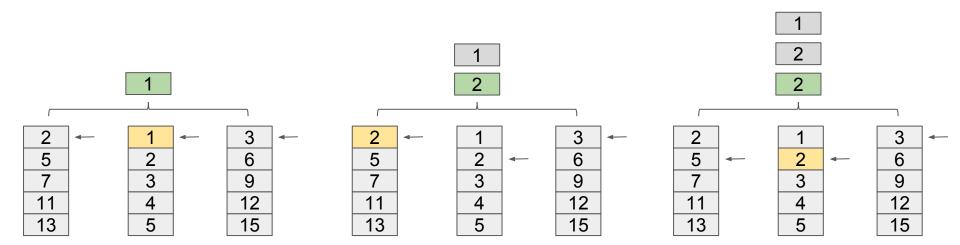


KeyValue / Cell





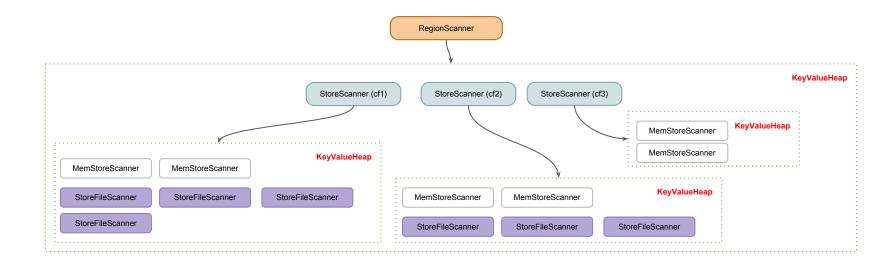
K-MergeSort



A={N1, N2, ..., Nk}, So the complexity is?

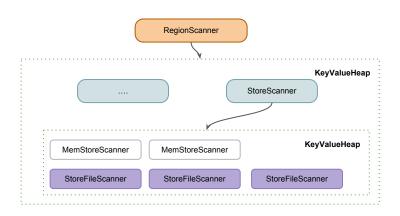


RegionScanner



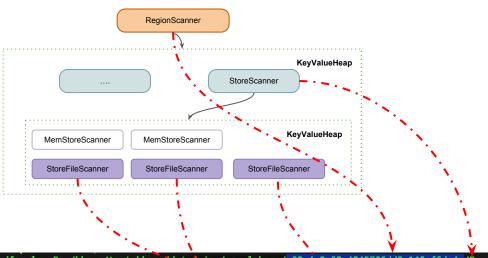


RegionScanner





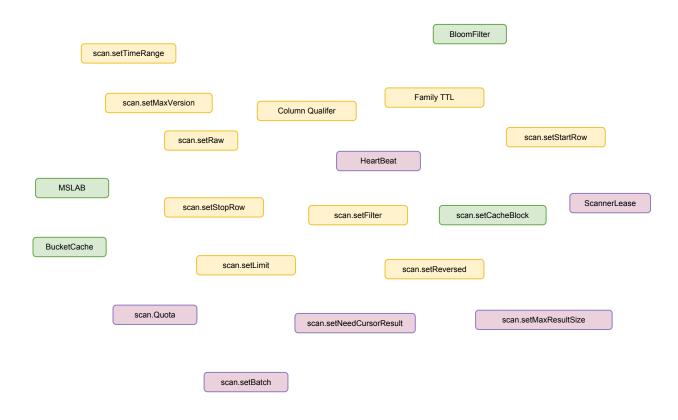
RegionScanner



```
$ ./bin/hdfs dfs -ls -R /hbase/test-hbase/dcta/mina/crawl_base/a09a4n9e68c4845766dd8c146ef6dc4e/B
-rw-r-x---+ 3 hbase_tst supergroup 6248 2018-07-20 09:3 /hbase/test-hbase/data/mina/crawl_base/a09a4a9e68c4845766dd8c146ef6dc4e/B/09a4a9e68c4845766dd8c146ef6dc4e/B/09a4a9e68c4845766dd8c146ef6dc4e/B/f938fbd8cbc745d58757ae79cf239644
-rw-r-x---+ 3 hbase_tst supergroup 1728 2018-07-20 11:20 /hbase/test-hbase/data/mina/crawl_base/a09a4a9e68c4845766dd8c146ef6dc4e/B/ee8fbd8tbc745d58757ae79cf239644a
```

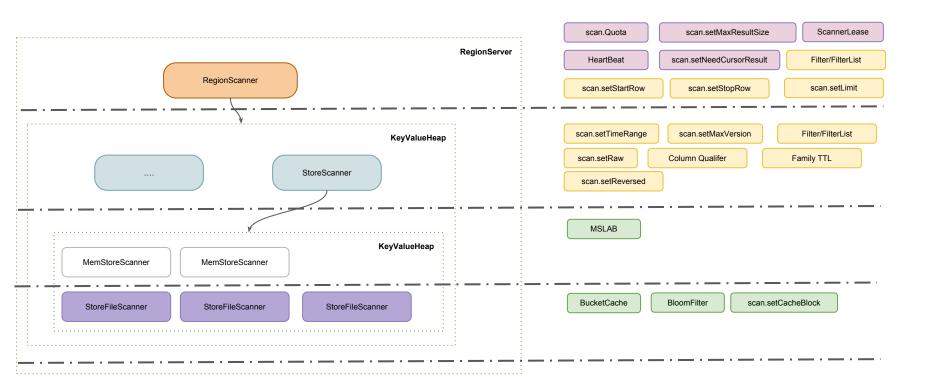


Revisit Concepts



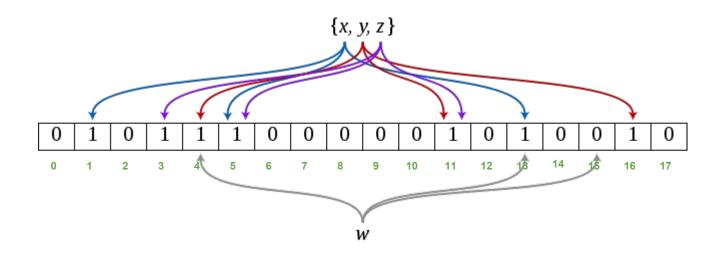


Revisit Concepts



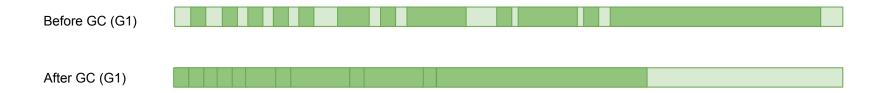


Bloom Filter





LruCache + onheap

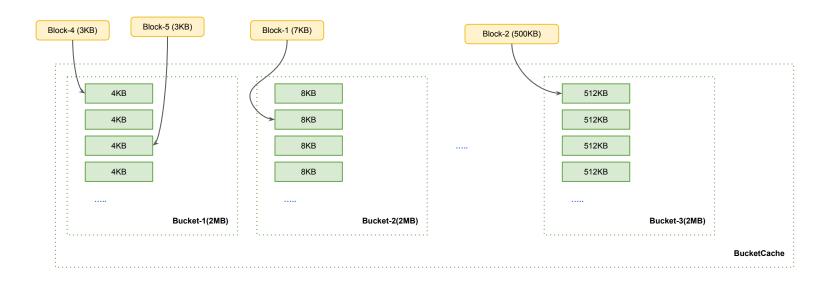


Memory allocated on Java heap

Free memory on Java heap

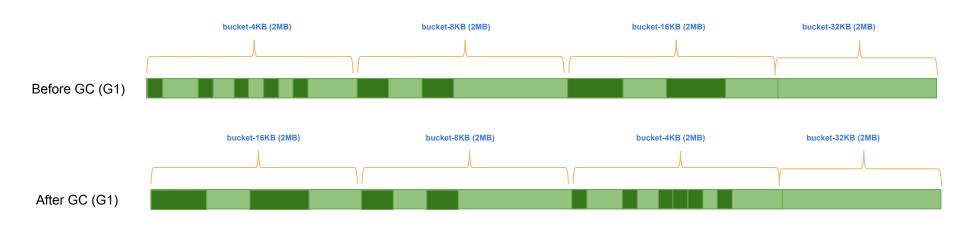


BucketCache





BucketCache + OnHeap

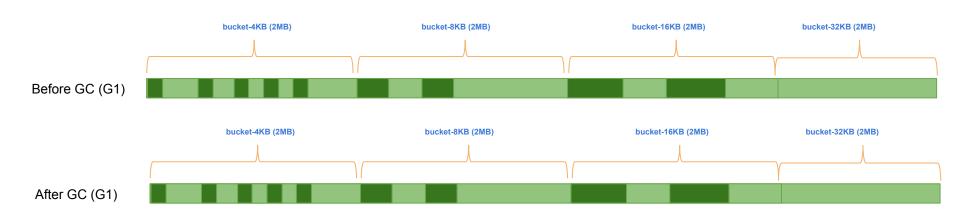


- Memory allocated on Java heap and occupied by cache block
 - Memory allocated on Java heap and with no data.

- <u>Less fragment(Allocate 2MB one time)</u>, <u>Less Mixed GC.</u>
- JVM will never free BucketCache's byte buffer.
- But JVM will still sweep the buffer and **compact** them. (old generation)



BucketCache + OffHeap

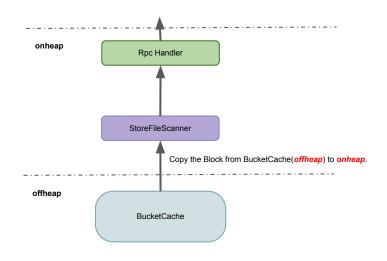


- Memory allocated on Java heap and occupied by cache block
- Memory allocated on Java heap and with no data.

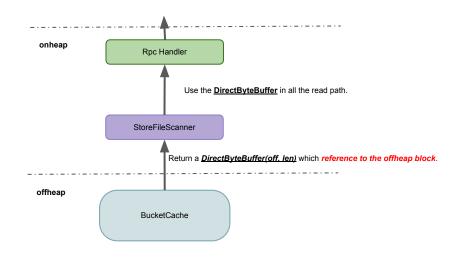
- JVM will **NOT** sweep the cache and compacting them (old generation)
- Less mixed GC(s) and shorter STW time.



End-to-end offheap on the read-path (HBASE-11425)



branch-1.5



branch-2

- No need to copy block from offheap to onheap.
- Less onheap occupied.
- Less mixed gc and shorter stw time.



Abstract In Server Side

- ☐ High Efficiency
- **□** Query Diversity TODO
- Server Resource Protection

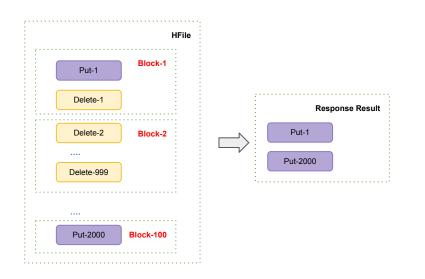


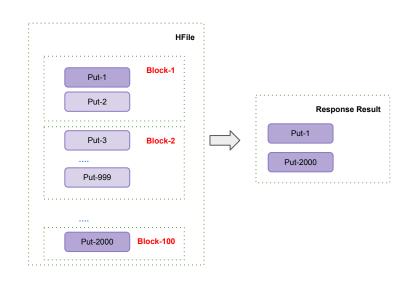
Abstract In Server Side

- ☐ High Efficiency
- Query Diversity
- **□** Server Resource Protection



Two Cases





Scan the HFile with so many deletes

scan.setFilter(new SingleColumnValueFilter(...))

Read too many block data into memory, which may cause GC or OOM



Server Side Limit

- Data Size / Heap Size
 - MaxResultSize
- Timeout
 - HeartBeat: abort this rpc once timeout and just return the current results to client.
 - Cursor: return a fake result with the current rowkey for next rpc once timeout.
- Batch
 - o RS will still accumulate multiple results until reach max result size even if reach batch limit
 - o Related issue: <u>HBASE-21206</u>
- BlockSize ?



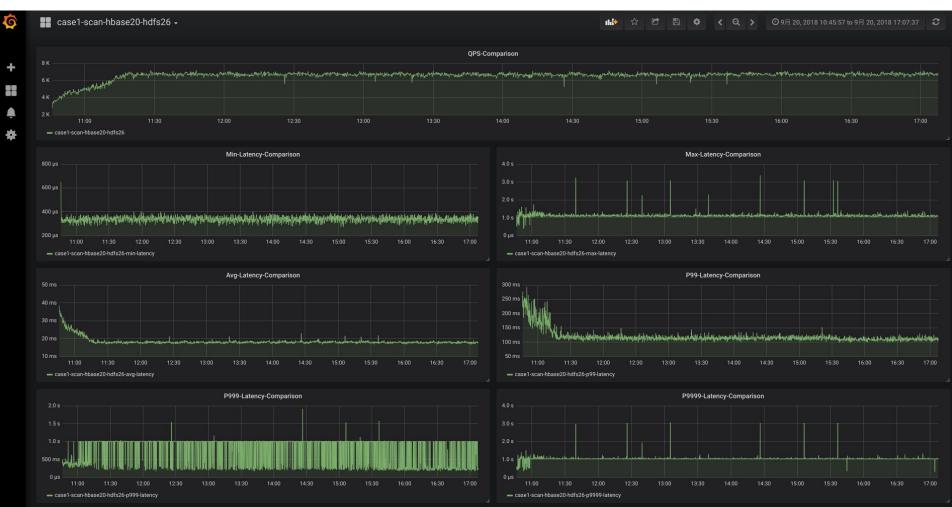
Part-3 Tuning



Tuning

- Read Distribution
- Locality
- Short Circuit Read
- CacheHitRatio
- StoreFileCount
- ReadRawCells / ResponseCells
- Java GC
- Scan Table OR Snapshot

Rows(10^11) + onheap(12g)/offHeap(12g) + Balanced + Locality(1.0) + MajorCompaction + disabledShortCircuitRead



Rows(10^11) + onheap(12g)/offHeap(12g) + Balanced + Locality(1.0) + MajorCompaction + enabledShortCircuitRead





Short Circuit Read

- Disable Short Circuit Read
 - P99~120ms, but P999~1s.
 - Serious impact on P999.
 - One DN has 128 socket backlog, easy to happen "slow tcp connection"
- Enable Short Circuit Read
 - P99~100ms, P999~250ms.
 - Both QPS and latency are more stable.



•	region server	memstore size (MB)	storefile size (MB)	read \(\phi\)	get 4 qps	write +	read capacity (units/sec)	write capacity (units/sec)	response + cells/sec	read raw cells/sec
•				3102	0	895	4651	1870	30077	398039155
•			-	2140	0	1083	4331	952	23563	294790225
•				4534	0	1769	8905	1935	42322	273242359
•				2335	0	571	4184	673	20559	257900269

398039155 / 30077 = 13234



```
"Scan": {
   "batch": -1,
    "cacheBlocks": true,
    "caching": 500,
    "families": {
       "C": [
            "ALL"
    "filter": "FilterList AND (1/1): [SingleColumnValueFilter (C, s, EQUAL, \\x00\\x00\\x00\\x02)]",
    "loadColumnFamiliesOnDemand": null,
    "maxResultSize": -1,
    "maxVersions": 1,
    "startRow": "...",
    "stopRow": "37880",
    "timeRange": [
        9223372036854775807
    "totalColumns": 1
"class": "HRegionServer",
"method": "Scan",
"processingtimems": 1281,
"queuetimems": 1444,
"region": "...c3c62ba257913dc81d41745b5dd09f70.",
"responsesize": 493,
"starttimems": 1538399143265
```



	region server	memstore size (MB)	storefile size (MB)	read +	get + qps	write 4	read capacity (units/sec)	write capacity (units/sec)	response + cells/sec	read raw cells/sec
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	region server	memstore size (MB)	storefile size (MB)	read \$	get qps	write qps	read capacity (units/sec)	write capacity (units/sec)	response cells/sec	read raw _ cells/sec
0				4210	0	1535	5036	1327	27692	4905492
0				4366	0	602	6134	1304	21177	3097303
0				3148	0	755	5912	767	16473	1911371
0				2765	0	509	7334	636	15366	1570779

4905492 / 27692 = 177



Solution

- Scan the offline cluster's snapshot directly.
- After the scan, we can get a rowkey <u>subset</u>.
- o For each rowkey in *subset*, checkAndPut the online cluster.



Thank You