

PISA UNIVERSITY

DATA MINING AND MACHINE LEARNING MODULES

"PISAFLIX" PROJECT DOCUMENTATION

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Design Document: Description

DESIGN DOCUMENT

For sake of brevity only the information about the *Data Mining and Machine Learning* modules are described.

DESCRIPTION

Have you ever found yourself in a gloomy day? Everyone is at home, no one knows what to do and time seems to slow down. That's the perfect time for a movie!

PisaFlix is a platform in which users can find quality and updated **information** regarding movies. It provides a service of **suggestions** to help you to choose what film to watch, based on what you like. PisaFlix has a **comment** section that gives at the users the possibility to create a community around their favourite movies, exchanging opinions and news regarding them. It is also possible to add films to a **favourite** list in order to find them quicker ad receive suggestions. The possibility to see other users favourites it is essential to find new friends with the same cinematic tastes. Lastly it is possible to personalize the **safe search** level to avoid showing content not suitable for children.

PisaFlix offers services that will change the way users approach the world of the movie, providing them everything they need to enjoy at best their passions.

REQUIREMENTS

MAIN ACTORS

The application will interact only with the **users**, distinguished by their privilege level:

• Normal User: a normal user of the application with the possibility of basic inaction.

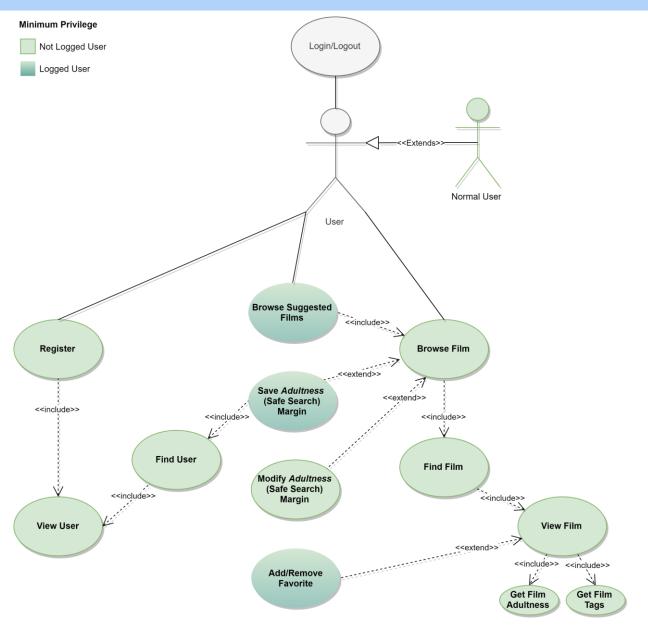
FUNCTIONAL

- 1. *Users* can **search** for the **movies** available on the platform.
- 2. Users can view the information about a specific Movie.
- 3. Users can register an account on the platform.
- 4. Users can log in as Normal users on the platform in order to do some specific operations:
 - a. If logged a Normal user can add/remove to favourite a Movie.
 - b. If logged a Normal user can view his suggested movies.
 - c. If logged a Normal user can **modify** his safe search level.

NON-FUNCTIONAL

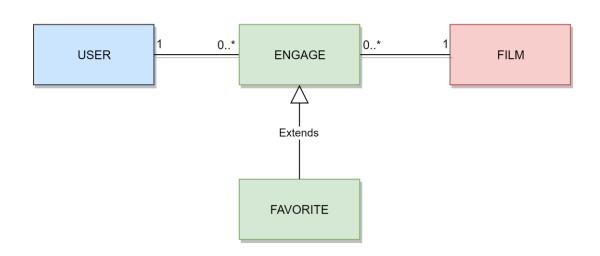
- 1. A way to **periodically** recalculate suggested movies must be supplied.
- 2. A way to **modularly** calculate movies *adultness* must be supplied.

USE CASES

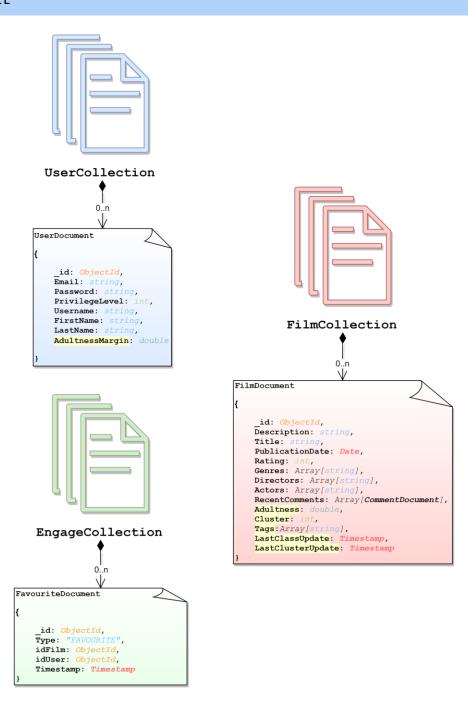


Note: "Get Adultness" and "Get Tags" have been added to the graph even if implicit in the view of the film to highlight that it contains new information compared to the previous version of the application.

ANALYSIS CLASSES



DATA MODEL



APPLICATION ARCHITECTURE

Users can use a java application with a **GUI** to take advantage of all the functionalities of the platform.

The client Application is made in *Java* using **JavaFX framework** for the *front-end* and the **MongoDB driver** to manage *back-end* functionalities. **Services** and **JavaBean objects** compose the *middleware* infrastructure that connect *front-end* and *back-end*.

INTERFACE DESIGN PATTERN

The graphic user interface was build following the software design pattern of **Model-View-Controller**.

MODEL

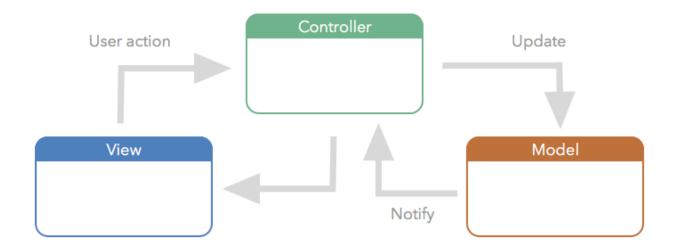
Services module represents the *model* and it's the central component of the pattern. It is the application's dynamic data structure, independent of the user interface. It directly manages logic and rules of the application receiving inputs from the controller. The model is also responsible for managing the application's data in form of JavaBean objects, exchanging them with the controller.

VIEW

The **fxml files** represents the *view* and are responsible for all the components visible in the user's interface.

CONTROLLER

The **page controllers** are the *controller* of the application. They receive inputs from the *view* and convert them into commands for the *model* or *view* itself. Controllers can also validate inputs and data without the intervention of the *model*. Data is exchanged between *model* and *controller* using JavaBean objects.



MACHINE LEARNING

PROGRAMMING LANGUAGE AND LIBRARIES

For the operations of machine learning **Python** language has been chosen as it allows easy manipulation of data due to its characteristics and thanks to the libraries that can be used with it.

In particular the libraries used are:

- Pandas library used to manipulate data in dataframe format
- Sklearn library containing various machine learning algorithms
- **Scipy** library containing the optimization algorithms

INSTALLATION

Before using the scripts is needed to install the following libraries in addition to Python 3.8:

Nltk, Numpy, Pandas, Scikit-learn, Scipy, Sklearn

it is also necessary to download the files containing the **stop words** and **names** for the vectorization of the film's description using the following code:

- nltk.download('punkt')
- nltk.download('stopwords')
- nltk.download('names')

MAIN CLASSES AND SCRIPTS

The whole code is commented in detail therefore only the main operations carried out and their results will be highlighted.

The project's code can be found within the path: Task2\PisaFlix\src\main

PYTHON SCRIPTS (RESOURCES\DATAMINING\SCRIPTS)

PREPROCESSING.PY

It contains the functions for the different **preprocessing** operations.

Its execution produces the file *preprocessedData.csv* which is used for classification, clustering and for the various comparisons.

DIFFERENTIAL EVOLUTION.PY

Contains the code for **optimizing** the *tf-idf* preprocessing parameters by means of a *differential evolution* algorithm

PARAMETER_OPTIMIZATION_CHI2.PY

Contains the code for *optimizing* the *chi2* preprocessing parameters by means of a **brute force** algorithm.

CLASSIFIERS_COMPARISON.PY

Uses *preprocessedData.csv* to calculate *AUC*, *accuracy* and *confusion matrix* statistics for the comparison of the various classifiers.

CLUSTERING_COMPARISON.PY

Uses *preprocessedData.csv* to calculate the clustering algorithms *elbow graph* of the *silhouette* and the max number of films in each cluster of each clustering algorithms.

CLASSIFIER_CHI2.PY

It **classifies** the films present in *to_be_classified.csv* using the **same vocabulary** as the films in *preprocessedData_chi2.csv* calculated with the *feature selection chi2*.

CLASSIFIER_TF-IDF.PY

It **classifies** the films present in *to_be_classified.csv* using the **same vocabulary** as the films in *preprocessedData_tf-idf.csv* calculated with the *feature selection* of *tf-idf*.

CLASSIFIER.PY

Is the script called by the class Classifier.java.

It **preprocess** the films present in *to_be_classified.csv* after merging them with *labelledDat.csv* (the labelled films used for training) to extract the combined features.

Labelled data is then used to **train** the **model** that is used to classify the films.

The result classes are then print in the **standard output** in the same order of the films in to be_classified.csv.

CLUSTERIZER.PY

Is the script called by the class Clusterizer.java.

It **preprocess** the films present in *to_be_clusterized.csv* and then calculate the *cluster* of membership of each film.

The **most important features** of each cluster are also calculated, and all the **results** are written in the file *clustering_results.txt*

JAVA CLASSES

CLASSIFIER.JAVA

Is the class that manages the classification of all the films in the database.

Cyclically take a **sample** of films not yet classified from the database, perform the **classification** by saving the films in *to_be_classified.csv* and calling the script *classifier.py*, **picks up** the results from the *standard output* of the script and then **update** the relative fields of the classified films in the database.

CLUSTERIZER.JAVA

Is the class that manages the clustering of all the films in the database.

It takes **all** the films (or a sample like the classifier) from the database, perform the **clustering** by saving the films in *to_be_clusterized.csv* and calling the script *clusterizer.py*, **picks up** the results from *clustering_results.txt* and then **update** the relative fields of the clustered films in the database.

FILMMANAGER.JAVA

Is the database manager for the film's collection

At the end of the file contains all the functions used by the *data mining* tasks to **interface** with the database, it also contains the functions used to collect data for the operation of the modules added to the application.

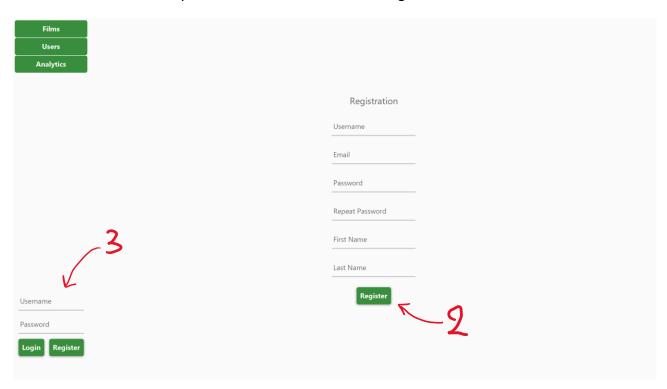
USER MANUAL

REGISTRATION AND LOGIN

1. To open the registration page click on the "Register" button



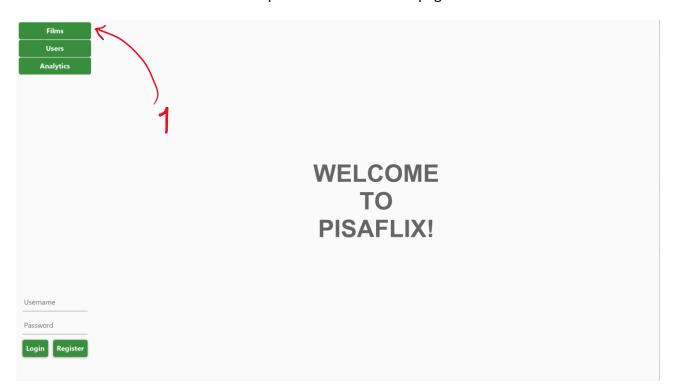
2. Fill the fields with your information and click on "Register"



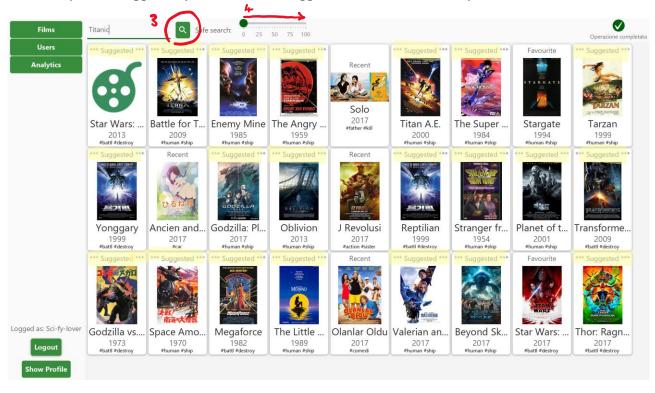
3. Fill the fields and click on "Login" button to login

SAFE SEARCH AND SUGGESTIONS

1. Click on the "Films" button to open the movies search page



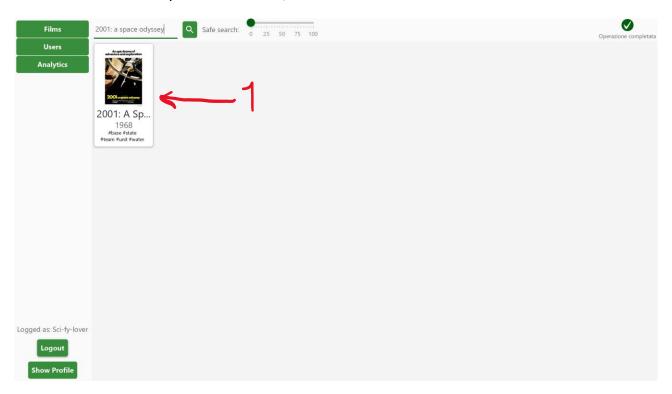
2. If you are logged in you should see suggested movies based on your favourite



- 3. To search for a film, type the title or associated tags in the apposite field, then click on the search button
- 4. To restrict the number of adult content to be displayed, move the slider to the right as desired

ADD FILM TO FAVOURITES

1. To add a film to your favourite list, search for it and then click on its card



2. Click on the "+ Favourite" button

