

### Systems and Methods for Big and Unstructured Data Project

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## Part I

Delivery 3

# 1 Import

For the import phase, we created five different json files using the same principle present in the MongoDB import. Through the json library, we opened the raw dataset file, we extracted the relevant information and finally we wrote them on the interested file.

The created files are:

- publications.json containing all the publications;
- venues.json with all the venues;
- **fos.json** for the fields of study;
- authors.json containing all the attributes of the authors;
- rel\_dw.json which represents the N-M relationship between the fields of study and the publications;

#### 1.1. Libraries used

To work on the raw dataset, in addition to those described in the MongoDB Import section, we added these libraries:

- hashlib to generate an id for the fields of study;
- re which permits to modify the output files in order to have a well-formatted json file.

#### 1.2. Publications

For the publications, we take the information already present in the raw dataset, like the id or the publisher, and we created the ones which are not.

One of the tricky cases we had, was for the venue id. As a matter or fact, some venues have not the id field, so the script provides one, using a random number between 4.000.000 and 9.999.999. We opted for this range, because plotting all the ids, they are all below the

4 1 Import

lower threshold we fixed (Figure 1.1). In this way, the probability of having two identical ids created through the random() method is very low.

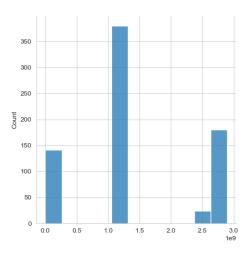


Figure 1.1: Plot of the ids

```
1 # Publisher part (authors[] filled in author part)
pub['id'] = data[i]['id']
3 pub['pages'] = random.randint(1, 20)
4 pub['abstract'] = "Abstract of " + \
      data[i]['title'] + ": " + lorem.words(5)
6 pub['title'] = data[i]['title']
7 if data[i]['publisher'] == "":
      data[i]['publisher'] = "PoliPrint, Milano"
9 pub['publisher'] = data[i]['publisher']
pub['year'] = data[i]['year']
if 'id' in data[i]['venue']:
      pub['venue'] = data[i]['venue']['id']
13 else:
      data[i]['venue']['id'] = random.randint(4_000_000_000, 9_999_999_999
14
      pub['venue'] = data[i]['venue']['id']
15
17 pub['references'] = []
  for j in range(random.randint(1, 6)):
      number = vect_id[random.randint(0, n_doc-1)]
19
      while number in pub['references']:
          number = vect_id[random.randint(0, n_doc-1)]
      pub["references"].append(number)
```

1 Import 5

#### 1.3. Venues

The venue part has the same methods viewed before. Notice that before performing the operations, we check if the venue was already present in the one inserted before.

This problem may arise because some publications can derive from the same venue, and if we did not check this, the venue would be inserted many times, creating replicates. This way of solving this issue will be used also for the *authors* and for the *fields of study*.

```
1 # Venue part
2 if data[i]['venue']['id'] not in vect_ven_ids:
     vect_ven_ids.append(data[i]['venue']['id'])
     ven['id'] = data[i]['venue']['id']
     ven['raw'] = data[i]['venue']['raw']
     ven['volume'] = random.randint(1, 3)
     ven['number'] = random.randint(1, 20)
     if 'type' in data[i]['venue']:
         ven['type'] = data[i]['venue']['type']
     else:
         data[i]['venue']['type'] = 'J'
         ven['type'] = data[i]['venue']['type']
     ven['date'] = date.fromordinal(random.randint(date(day=1, month=1,
    year=data[i]['year']).toordinal(
     ), date(day=31, month=12, year=data[i]['year']).toordinal())).
    isoformat()
```

#### 1.4. Fields of study and relation N-M

In this part of the script we cope with the issue of the id field. To avoid that two fields of study have the same id, we used the md5 hash method, which starting form a seed, which is the name of the fos (that is unique), generates an alphanumeric string.

```
# Relation Deals_With + Field Of Study (FOS) part

for f_o_s in data[i]['fos']:

obj = {}

obj['pub_id'] = data[i]['id']

obj['fos_id'] = hashlib.md5(f_o_s['name'].encode()).hexdigest()

obj['weight'] = f_o_s['w']

rel_dw.append(obj)

if f_o_s['name'] not in vect_fos_ids:

obj = {}

vect_fos_ids.append(f_o_s['name'])

obj['id'] = hashlib.md5(f_o_s['name'].encode()).hexdigest()

obj['name'] = f_o_s['name']
```

6 1 Import

```
fos.append(obj)
```

#### 1.5. Authors

This part has the same structure of the previous part and the same methods presented in the import of MongoDB.

Notice that the last line of the following code presents also the creation of the array of authors of the publication

```
1 # Author part
pub['authors'] = []
3 for author in data[i]['authors']:
      if author['id'] not in vect_aut_ids:
          obj = \{\}
          vect_aut_ids.append(author['id'])
          obj['id'] = author['id']
          obj['name'] = author['name']
          obj['email'] = author['name'].split()[0] + '.' + \
              author['name'].split()[len(
                  author['name'].split())-1] + '@mail.com'
          obj['bio'] = 'Bio of ' + author['name'] + ': ' + lorem.words(5)
12
          if 'org' in author.keys():
              obj['affiliation'] = author['org']
          else:
15
              obj['affiliation'] = vect_org[random.randint(
16
                  0, len(vect_org) - 1)]
          aut.append(obj)
18
      pub['authors'].append(author['id'])
19
```

## 2 Queries with Spark

#### 2.1. Data creation/update

Here are the five data creation/update commands.

#### 2.1.1. Query 1

Listing 2.1: Creation of a new row

#### 2.1.2. Query 2

```
publication_df.withColumn("references number", size(col("references
"))).show(truncate=False)
```

Listing 2.2: Creation of a new column that counts the number of references

abstract  authors	++   id page	+ es  publisher	+   references	title	+   venue year	++  references number
+	+	+	+	+	+	++
Abstract of Preli [2312688602, 2482	1091	9 Springer, Berlin,	[1304089, 819435,	Preliminary Desig	1127419992 2013	[ 6
Abstract of Furth  [2718958994]	1388	2  PoliPrint, Milano	[316117]	Further Results o	73158690 2000	1
Abstract of A met [2103626414, 2117	1674    1	15 Eurographics Asso	[1099225, 1838952	A methodology for	2754954274 2011	5
Abstract of Compa [2300589394, 2308	1688	17 Springer, Berlin,	[618979, 122273,	Comparison of GAR	1136274694 2009	5
Abstract of COMPA [2125293936, 2101	5411	6  PoliPrint, Milano	[1588621, 2228599	COMPARING GNG3D A	1136212596 2009	5
Abstract of Vecto [1237859792, 2208	5781 3	17  PoliPrint, Milano	[2122821, 348325,	Vectorial fast co	2764847869 2004	6
Abstract of Impro [2022192081, 2023	6522	7  Springer, London	[870555, 217368,	Improved Secret I	1125967516 2011	5
Abstract of A Sel [2142249029, 2113	6762	12  PoliPrint, Milano	[1482794, 2176252	A Self-Stabilizin	1196153040 2003	6
Abstract of Forma  [2611851107]	8373  3	13 Springer, Berlin,	[496663, 15883, 1	Formal agent-orie	1123338449 2012	4
Abstract of Fur V [2156900172, 2281	8763	9  Springer, Cham	[1487729, 359688,	Fur Visualisation	1196868077 2014	5
Abstract of Ident [2563642081, 2561	9415  2	20  Springer, Cham	[450079, 762797]	Identifying Psych	2755612976 2013	2
Abstract of Multi [2307482452, 2832	11068	18 Springer, Berlin,	[305562, 137649,	Multisymplectic S	2706111989 2002	3
Abstract of The R  [1251725090]	11796  1	15  PoliPrint, Milano	[1792135, 1055523]	The Role of the B	1171805742 2006	2
Abstract of Speec [2163873308, 1971	11895	8   Morgan Kaufmann P	[778541]	Speech training s	1203999783 1979	1
Abstract of Softw [1978340988, 1986	12993	6  PoliPrint, Milano	[359688, 1364731,	Software Evolutio	50368787 2003	[ 6
Abstract of Knowl [218416969, 81737	13070  3	14 IOS Press	[344196, 746710,	Knowledge Enginee	1153467564 2008	3
Abstract of Desig [2404438944, 2656	13205	3  PoliPrint, Milano	[274954, 1538985,	Design of an audi	1177287137 2002	4
Abstract of A Pla [2051773316, 2506	13407 :	17 Springer, Berlin,	[601863, 986644,	A Platform for Di	2755952065 2013	6
Abstract of A COM [192576500, 20750	14870	4  PoliPrint, Milano	[2192057]	A COMPUTATIONAL S	1198225011 2009	1
Abstract of Clean [2318310288, 2778	15548	13  PoliPrint, Milano	[929837]	Cleaneval: a Comp	1164963593 2008	1
+	+	+	+	+	+	++
only showing top 20 rows						

Figure 2.1: Result of query 9.1.2

#### 2.1.3. Query 3

Creation of a new column that represents the region of the university based on the vectors vectASIA, vectEU, vectAMERICA that we manually initialized in the python file

+	+	+	+	++	
affiliation	bio	email	id	name	Continent
Shinshu University	Bio of Makoto Sat	Makoto.Satoh@mail	+   2312688602	   Makoto Satoh	Asia
'	•	Ryo.Muramatsu@mai		'	
,		Mizue.Kayama@mail		' '	:
! /	!	Kazunori.Itoh@mai			:
'	•	Masami.Hashimoto@			:
,	•	Makoto.Otani@mail			
		Michio.Shimizu@ma	•		
		Masahiko.Sugimoto			!
				_	:
		Pranava.Jha@mail.com			1 1
	•	GBeale@mail.com			Rest of the world
	-	GEarl@mail.com			Rest of the world
! !		Altaf.Hossain@mai			Rest of the world
	'	Faisal.Zaman@mail		'	
Department of Sta	Bio of M. Nasser:	MNasser@mail.com	2126056503	M. Nasser	Rest of the world
Department of Com	Bio of M. Mufakhk	MIslam@mail.com	2425818370	M. Mufakhkharul I	Asia
The University of	Bio of Rafael Álv	Rafael.Álvarez@ma	2125293936	Rafael Álvarez	America
Department of Com	Bio of Leandro To	Leandro.Tortosa@m	2101693188	Leandro Tortosa	Asia
Department of Sta	Bio of José-Franc	José-Francisco.Vi	2159120860	José-Francisco Vi	Asia
Department of Sys	Bio of Antonio Za	Antonio.Zamora@ma	2146570697	Antonio Zamora	Asia
Nagano Prefectura	Bio of Jovan Dj	Jovan.Golic@mail.com	1237859792	Jovan Dj. Golic	Asia
+	+	+	+	++	+
only showing top 20 r	ows				
, , ,					

Figure 2.2: Result of query 9.1.3

#### 2.1.4. Query 4

Listing 2.3: Update of fos names with replacing

```
name
+----+
|ac6663816c9635e15de8053dbf92ec41|Telecommunications network
284fcfb183d1919532b3c7a6dba33873 | Computer science
|d17475f16d76e40529473c3afeff8fd1|Mind map
c2a5462d06dd702e2e6a87693479a635|Human-computer interaction
2f56b4f336dc97edf739bf79523fb9a6|Multimedia
|ff369ad079366681e0d102c1bdfe8f34|Empirical research
28e169980e17fc27c452e7580e186068 | Comprehension
2e74da7ce756356a026dadfc11039ae4 | Communications protocol
|4cdbd2bafa8193091ba09509cedf94fd|Graph
27ce971356df02c63cc695dffce88863|Discrete Math
6c2f06ae9649fffd101787ec6e3859e1|Combinatorics
|05df30932021c337626edb064998c7ac|Direct product
540b21ecdb276f5087ee585cedd6d5d0 | Math
f34b29e2dd11d27c2d3725ffc221c3aa|Statue
|e3df226c8bed8843867f4adb9b7eb7dc|Engineering drawing
|7c0d914a5aa9dc8f2162f3ef93824c79|Virtual reconstruction
ce09e3d68182639402e8fd2f50368167|Visualization
1e1b9006b2ad5f189dcbdd0599d29895|Polychrome
9d0996a44c6d51cf223e833dceecb286 AI
|b2a57f84041a796df2d1ff776a32db92|Autoregressive-moving-average model|
+-----
only showing top 20 rows
```

Figure 2.3: Result of query 9.1.4

#### 2.1.5. Query 5

publication\_df = publication\_df.where(publication\_df.pages < 10).show()</pre>

+	+	++		+	+	++
abstract	authors  id	pages	publisher	references	title	venue year
+	+	++		+	+	++
Abstract of Preli [231268	38602, 2482  1091	.  9	Springer, Berlin,	[1304089, 819435,	Preliminary Desig	1127419992 2013
Abstract of Furth	[2718958994]   1388	2	PoliPrint, Milano	[316117]	Further Results o	73158690 2000
Abstract of COMPA   [212529	93936, 2101  5411	.  6	PoliPrint, Milano	[1588621, 2228599	COMPARING GNG3D A	1136212596 2009
Abstract of Impro   [202219	92081, 2023  6522	7	Springer, London	[870555, 217368,	Improved Secret I	1125967516 2011
Abstract of Fur V [215690	00172 <b>, 2281</b>   8763	9	Springer, Cham	[1487729, 359688,	Fur Visualisation	1196868077 2014
Abstract of Speec [216387	73308, 1971 11895	8	Morgan Kaufmann P	[778541]	Speech training s	1203999783 1979
Abstract of Softw [197834	10988, 1986 12993	6	PoliPrint, Milano	[359688, 1364731,	Software Evolutio	50368787 2003
Abstract of Desig [240443	38944, 2656 13205	3	PoliPrint, Milano	[274954, 1538985,	Design of an audi	1177287137 2002
Abstract of A COM [192576	5500, 20750 14870	4	PoliPrint, Milano	[2192057]	A COMPUTATIONAL S	1198225011 2009
Abstract of Lever [135218	3249, 21208 15883	4	USENIX Association	[1506917, 899173,	Leveraging legacy	1185109434   2008
Abstract of A ped [278959	99552, 2935 15901	. 3	Springer, Berlin,	[1638427, 316117,	A pedestrian navi	1127419992 2013
Abstract of Extra [218249	98006, 2298 21951	. 4	PoliPrint, Milano	[1557874, 953868,	Extracted knowled	1130566378 2007
Abstract of Conte [206402	22781, 1576 24270	7	Fuji Technology P	[1448152]	Context Dependent	4511983   2007
Abstract of FTP M   [258158	38131, 2712 27301	.  8	USENIX Association	[440308, 937946,	FTP Mirror Tracke	1161835747 2000
Abstract of A Cla	[2110538291]   29332	8	Springer, Vienna	[1446963, 2235786	A Clausal Genetic	1131576334 1995
Abstract of Using [122084	17850, 2147 29521	. 5	IASTED	[188688, 1770742,	Using Classpects	2755873345 2006
Abstract of Autom	[2123350797]   29841	4	Springer, Berlin,	[2104602]	Automatic Detecti	1140961231 2013
Abstract of On th [268702	23189, 2650 37090	8	PoliPrint, Milano	[1309515, 2231236	On the Design of	2755927266   1977
Abstract of On th	[1968885353] 38130	2	PoliPrint, Milano	[309696, 295139,	On the Universali	1155899826 1986
Abstract of Autom [206814	16743, 2252 38917	4	Springer, Berlin,	[2165112, 942590,	Automated Object	1164975091 2008
+		++		+	+	++

only showing top 20 rows

Figure 2.4: Result of query 9.1.5

#### 2.2. Queries

#### 2.2.1. WHERE, JOIN

Return the papers that have as a field of study "Artificial Intelligence"

**Listing 2.4:** Query 9.2.1

```
|title
|A methodology for the physically accurate visualisation of roman polychrome statuary
|Comparison of GARCH, Neural Network and Support Vector Machine in Financial Time Series Prediction|
COMPARING GNG3D AND QUADRIC ERROR METRICS METHODS TO SIMPLIFY 3D MESHES
Vectorial fast correlation attacks.
|Improved Secret Image Sharing Method By Encoding Shared Values With Authentication Bits
|Identifying Psychological Theme Words from Emotion Annotated Interviews
IA COMPUTATIONAL SALIENCY MODEL INTEGRATING SACCADE PROGRAMMING
|Extracted knowledge interpretation in mining biological data: A survey
|Automated Object Identification and Position Estimation for Airport Lighting Quality Assessment
|Face Detection, Recognition in an Image Sequence Using Eigenedginess.
|Qualitative Spatial and Temporal Reasoning in Cardiac Electrophysiology
Speech recognition based on the integration of FSVQ and neural network.
|Auditory-based formant estimation in noise using a probabilistic framework.
A Study on the Development of High Precision Cam Profile CNC Grinding Machine with CAD/CAM System.
|Simple Synchrony Networks: Learning Generalisations across Syntactic Constituents.
|Multi-layer topology preserving mapping for K-means clustering
A general semantic analyser for data base access
|Kernel PLS variants for regression
|Two notes from experimental study on image steganalysis
|Near-synonym choice in natural language generation
only showing top 20 rows
```

Figure 2.5: Result of query 9.2.1

#### 2.2.2. WHERE, LIMIT, LIKE

Return the first 5 authors name of our database that have affiliation with a "Politecnico" and return also the titles of their publications.

```
1 # import expr
2 from pyspark.sql.functions import expr
3
4 authorsDF
5  # Rename the column of the author id for the join
6  .withColumnRenamed("id", "authorId")
```

```
# Affiliation with Politecnico in it .filter(col("affiliation").
like("%Politecnico%"))
# Limit the df got at 5 authors
limit(5)
# Join the publicationsDF to get these 5 authors publications
lipoin(publicationsDF, expr("array_contains(authors, authorId)"))
# Select what we want
lipointselect(col("title").alias("publicationTitle"), col("name").alias("authorName"), "affiliation")
lipointselect("show("affiliation"))
lipointselect("show("affiliation"))
lipointselect("show("affiliation"))
lipointselect("affiliation")
lipointselect("
```

**Listing 2.5:** Query 9.2.2

<b>+</b>	+	++
publicationTitle	authorName	affiliation
+	+	++
Further Results on Independence in Direct-Product Graphs.	Pranava K. Jha	Politecnico di Milano
Vectorial fast correlation attacks.	Guglielmo Morgari	Politecnico di Bari
Software Evolution through Transformations.	Reiko Heckel	Politecnico di Bari
Design of an audio-visual speech corpus for the czech audio-visual speech synthesis.	Petr Císar	Politecnico di Milano
Logical Derivation of a Prolog Interpreter.	Kazuhiro Fuchi	Politecnico di Milano
<u>+</u>	+	++

Figure 2.6: Result of query 9.2.2

Notice that the result contains only 5 elements because the authors to which we've limited the query published only one paper each (or, at least, we have one paper for each of them in our database).

#### 2.2.3. WHERE, IN, Nested Query

This query return the percentage of papers that have "Computer" in their fos, e.g. paper with "Computer Science" or "Computer Vision".

```
computerScience_fos = fos_df.filter(col("name").contains("Computer")
).select(col("id")).collect()
computerScience_fos = [csf[0] for csf in computerScience_fos]

count_cs_publications = rel_df.filter(col("fos_id").isin(
computerScience_fos)).select(col("pub_id")).distinct().count()
print("percentage of publications that have fos about Computer:" +
str(count_cs_publications/2500*100) + "%")
```

**Listing 2.6:** Query 9.2.3

Percentage of publications that have fos with Computer: 80.4%

Figure 2.7: Result of query 9.2.3

#### 2.2.4. GROUP BY, 1 JOIN, AS

The query counts for each name of the venue (that has different ID since it can have different editions or volumes) the number of papers that were presented there

```
venue_df.join(publication_df, venue_df.id == publication_df.venue, "
inner")\
cgroupby("raw")\
count()\
select(venue_df.raw, col("count").alias("Number of
papers for every raw")).orderBy(col("Number of papers for every raw")
.desc()).show()
```

**Listing 2.7:** Query 9.2.4

```
+-----+
               raw Number of papers for every raw
+-----+
|Conference of the...|
                                            111
|Applied Reconfigu...|
                                             57 l
Int. CMG Conference
                                             41
|International Con...|
                                             40
|International Con...|
                                             37 l
|International Con...|
                                             36
|Software Engineer...|
                                             36
|Medical Image Com...|
                                             35
          Computing |
                                             33 l
|Journal of Object...|
                                             32
|International Con...|
                                             30
|Parallel and Dist...|
                                             30 l
|International Con...|
                                             30
|International Con...|
                                             28
|Americas Conferen...|
                                             27
|International Con...|
                                             27
|International Joi...|
                                             25
|Developments in L...|
                                             24
|Database and Expe...|
                                             24
|Annales Des Téléc...|
                                             24
only showing top 20 rows
```

Figure 2.8: Result of query 9.2.4

#### 2.2.5. WHERE, GROUP BY

Filter the papers that have at least 3 authors, then it shows for every publisher the max number of pages between the papers he published, shown in descending order

**Listing 2.8:** Query 9.2.5

publisher 	Maxpage
Digital Government Society of North America	20
AAAI Press	20
International Foundation for Autonomous Agents and Multiagent Systems	20
Springer	20
Stud Health Technol Inform	20
L. Erlbaum Associates Inc.	20
Springer, London	20
Springer Berlin Heidelberg	20
Springer, Cham	20
NIST	20
Fuji Technology Press Ltd.	20
PoliPrint, Milano	20
Springer, Berlin, Heidelberg	20
Kluwer Academic Publishers	19
Springer, Dordrecht	19
Elsevier	19
IOS Press	19
Society for Computer Simulation International	19
Centre for Discrete Mathematics & Computing	19
International Speech and Communication Association	19

Figure 2.9: Result of query 9.2.5

#### 2.2.6. GROUP BY, HAVING, AS

The query groups the venues by affiliation, for each of them it counts the number of authors by id and collects the names of the authors in a list, then it filters (HAVING) the affiliations by the number of authors in the list that should be between 5 and 15. We

order the table by descending order for the number of authors, and in case of tie they show the affiliation name in alphabetic order

**Listing 2.9:** Query 9.2.6

affiliation Number o	f Authors	Authors list
CHINESE ACADEMY O	12	[Dengguo Feng, Ch
Stanford, University		[Edward H. Shortl
Harbin Institute		[Wangmeng Zuo, Ho
RWTH Aachen Unive		[Nicolas R. Gauge
Microsoft Researc	9	[John R. Douceur,
Northeastern, Uni	:	[Alireza Khalafi,
Regenstrief Insti	8	[Gunther Schadow,
Faculty of System		[Hirokazu Taki, F
Humboldt-Universi	7	[Mathias Nitzsche
Nanyang Technolog	7	[Yin-Leng Theng,
National Universi	7	[Qaiser Mehmood,
The University Of	7	[Michele Turitto,
UNIVERSITY OF AVEIRO	7	[Iouliia Skliarov
University of Hei	7	[Karl Rohr, Reinh
University of Okl	7	[Matthew L. Jense
University of Sal	7	[Manfred Tschelig
University of Wat	7	[Therese C. Biedl
VŠB-Technical uni	7	[Václav Snášel, J
#N##TAB##TAB##TAB	6	[Hiroki Arimura,
, Aalborg University	6	[Niels Nørgaard S
Aoyama Gakuin Univ.	6	[Takashi Kawashim
Centro Nacional d	6	[Núria Malats, Da
ETH Zürich	6	[Roger Gassert, O
Email: contact@sk	6	[Daniel Rodriguez
Hebei United Univ		[Huaiyong Nie, Mi
Hunan University	6	[Li Shutao, Yu Xi
Nippon Hoso Kyokai	6	[Kazuo Onoe, Shin
Otto von Guericke	6	[Gunter Saake, Cl
Polish Academy of		[Mieczysław A. Kł
School of Compute	6	[Zhanhuai Li, Zho
+ only showing top 30 rows	+	

Figure 2.10: Result of query 9.2.6

#### 2.2.7. WHERE, GROUP BY, HAVING, AS

This query lists the Publisher that have published at least 2 papers presented in a Conference, and shows the number of published paper, as well as the average number of pages of a paper published by them.

```
publication_df.filter(publication_df.type == "Conference").groupBy("
publisher").agg(
count("id").alias("number of published paper"),
avg("pages").alias("Pages average"),
).filter(
col("number of published paper") > 1
).orderBy(
col("number of published paper").desc(),
col("pages average").desc()
).show(truncate = False)
```

**Listing 2.10:** Query 9.2.7

+	+	++
publisher	number of published paper	Pages average
+	+	++
PoliPrint, Milano	1247	10.40176423416199
Springer, Berlin, Heidelberg	580	10.572413793103449
Springer, Cham	115	10.634782608695652
Morgan Kaufmann Publishers Inc.	32	8.15625
Springer	27	11.703703703703704
IOS Press	27	10.4444444444444
Springer Berlin Heidelberg	23	11.130434782608695
American Medical Informatics Association	22	10.954545454545455
AAAI Press	21	9.6666666666666666666666666666666666666
USENIX Association	18	9.6666666666666666666666666666666666666
Springer-Verlag	15	12.066666666666666
Springer, Boston, MA	15	8.06666666666666
Springer, London	12	7.75
Springer, Dordrecht	11	10.636363636363637
+	+	++

Figure 2.11: Result of query 9.2.7

## 2.2.8. WHERE, Nested Query (i.e., 2-step Queries), GROUP BY

Count the publications grouping by the type of the venue they are taken from ('C' for Conference, 'J' for Journal). The publications counted are only the ones with at least one author from the 'Politecnico di Bari'.

```
authors_from_bari = author_df.filter(col('affiliation') == 'Politecnico
    di Bari').select('id').collect()

authors_from_bari = [barese[0] for barese in authors_from_bari]

exploded_pub = publication_df.select(publication_df.id, publication_df.
    venue, explode(publication_df.authors))
```

```
5 exploded_pub = exploded_pub.withColumnRenamed("col", "author")
6 exploded_pub = exploded_pub.withColumnRenamed("id", "pub_id")
7
8 exploded_pub.filter(col('author').isin(authors_from_bari))\
9    .join(venue_df, exploded_pub.venue == venue_df.id, "inner")\
10    .groupBy('type').agg(countDistinct('pub_id').alias('n_doc')).show()
```

**Listing 2.11:** Query 9.2.8

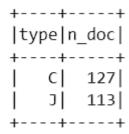


Figure 2.12: Result of Query 9.2.8

#### 2.2.9. WHERE, GROUP BY, HAVING, 1 JOIN

From all the publications wrote before the 2000s, compute the average weight of the weights of its Field of Studies and display the top five of them, having the average above 0.5.

```
publication_df.filter(col('year') < 2000) \
    .join(rel_df, publication_df.id == rel_df.pub_id, "inner") \
    .groupBy('id').agg(avg('weight').alias('avg_weight')).filter(col('avg_weight') > 0.5) \
    .orderBy(col('avg_weight').desc()) \
    .limit(5).show()
```

**Listing 2.12:** Query 9.2.9

+	
id	avg_weight
т	
1840116	0.7599
683650	0.744615
1787282	0.735108
1645932	
1546711	0.6944836363636363
++	+

Figure 2.13: Result of Query 9.2.9

#### 2.2.10. WHERE, GROUP BY, HAVING, 2 JOINS

Count the number of publications, grouping them by publisher, having the Field of Study dealing with Computers (its name must contain the word 'Computer').

```
1 fos_df.filter(col('name').contains('Computer'))\
2    .join(rel_df, fos_df.id == rel_df.fos_id, "inner")\
3    .join(publication_df, rel_df.pub_id == publication_df.id, "inner")\
4    .groupBy('publisher').agg(countDistinct('pub_id').alias('n_pub')).
5    .orderBy(col('n_pub').desc())\
6    .limit(5).show()
```

**Listing 2.13:** Query 9.2.10

Figure 2.14: Result of Query 9.2.10