

Theorem 1.

$$\sum_{k=1}^n k = \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$$

Proof. Base Case ($n = 1$)

$$\sum_{k=1}^1 k = \frac{1(1+1)}{2} = 1$$

Inductive Step ($n \longrightarrow n + 1$)

$$\sum_{k=1}^{n+1} k = \sum_{k=1}^n k + (n+1) = \frac{n(n+1)}{2} + (n+1) = \frac{(n+1)((n+1)+1)}{2}$$

□