



acontis technologies GmbH

SOFTWARE

EC-Monitor

User Manual

Version 3.2

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1 Introduction

1.1 What is EtherCAT®?

EtherCAT® (Ethernet for Control Automation Technology) is a high-performance Ethernet Fieldbus technology that provides a reliable, efficient, and cost-effective communication solution for a wide variety of industrial automation applications. Originally developed as an open technology by Beckhoff Automation in 2003, and subsequently turned over to an independent organization known as the EtherCAT® Technology Group, EtherCAT® has since become one of the most widely used industrial Ethernet protocols in the world.

See also:

A comprehensive introduction to EtherCAT® technology can be found at <https://www.acontis.com/en/what-is-EtherCAT-communication-protocol.html>.

1.2 The EC-Monitor - Features

1.3 Protected version

The EC-Monitor software is available in different protected versions:

Protected

Binary with MAC protection

Unrestricted

Binary without MAC protection

Source

Source code

The protected version will automatically stop after about 30 minutes of continuous operation. In order to remove this restriction a valid runtime license key is required. The runtime license protection is based on the MAC address of the Ethernet controller used for the EtherCAT® protocol. With a valid License Key the protected version will automatically become an unrestricted version.

1.3.1 Licensing procedure for Development Licenses

1. Installation of EC-Monitor protected version
2. Determine the MAC Address by calling `emonGetSrcMacAddress()` or from a sticker applied on the hardware near the Ethernet controller
3. Send an Email with the subject “**Development License Key Request, Commission your commission number**” with the MAC address to sales@acontis.com
4. Acontis will create the license keys and return them in a **License Key Text File (CSV format)**.

```
Number;MAC Address;License Key
1;00-00-5A-11-77-FE;DA1099F2-15C249E9-54327FBC
2;64-31-50-80-20-4E;1B7C1F86-D08E40A8-4F96F2BA
```

5. Activate the License Key by calling `emonSetLicenseKey()` with the license key that corresponds to the MAC address on the hardware and check the return code. The license key is 26 characters long.

```
dwRes = emonSetLicenseKey(0, "DA1099F2-15C249E9-54327FBC");
```

1.3.2 Licensing procedure for Runtime Licenses

1. Installation of EC-Monitor protected version
2. Determine the MAC Address by calling `emonGetSrcMacAddress()` or from a sticker applied on the hardware near the Ethernet controller
3. Provide the MAC Addresses and numbers from **previously ordered and unused runtime license stickers** in a text file to acontis as described in the example below. Please use a separate line for each runtime license sticker number and MAC Address.

```
S/N; MAC Address  
100-105-1-1/1603310001;00-00-5A-11-77-FE  
100-105-1-1/1603310002;64-31-50-80-20-4E
```

4. Send an Email with the subject "**Runtime License Key Request, Commission your commission number**" with the MAC address to sales@icontis.com
5. Acontis will create the license keys and return them in a **License Key Text File (CSV format)**.

```
Number;MAC Address;License Key  
1;00-00-5A-11-77-FE;DA1099F2-15C249E9-54327FBC  
2;64-31-50-80-20-4E;1B7C1F86-D08E40A8-4F96F2BA
```

6. Activate the License Key by calling `emonSetLicenseKey()` with the license key that corresponds to the MAC address on the hardware and check the return code.

```
dwRes = emonSetLicenseKey(0, "DA1099F2-15C249E9-54327FBC");
```

1.4 License

1.4.1 EC-Monitor license

According to EC-Monitor Software License Agreement (SLA).

1.4.2 Free Open Source Software contained in EC-Monitor

1.4.2.1 Expat XML parser license V2.6.0

```
Copyright (c) 1997-2000 Thai Open Source Software Center Ltd  
Copyright (c) 2000 Clark Cooper <coopercc@users.sourceforge.net>  
Copyright (c) 2000-2005 Fred L. Drake, Jr. <fdrake@users.sourceforge.net>  
Copyright (c) 2001-2002 Greg Stein <gstein@users.sourceforge.net>  
Copyright (c) 2002-2016 Karl Wacławek <karl@waclawek.net>  
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Copyright (c) 2016 Cristian Rodríguez <crrrodriguez@opensuse.org>  
Copyright (c) 2016 Thomas Beutlich <tc@tbeu.de>  
Copyright (c) 2017 Rhodri James <rhodri@wildebeest.org.uk>  
Copyright (c) 2022 Thijs Schreijer <thijs@thijsschreijer.nl>  
Copyright (c) 2023 Hanno Böck <hanno@gentoo.org>  
Copyright (c) 2023 Sony Corporation / Snild Dolkow <snild@sony.com>  
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```

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1.4.3 Free Open Source Software supported by EC-Monitor

The following components are not part of EC-Monitor, but relate to it:

1.4.3.1 acontis atemsyst Linux kernel module

The acontis atemsyst is licensed under the GPL:

Copyright (c) 2009 - 2020 acontis technologies GmbH, Ravensburg, Germany
All rights reserved.

This program is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by the Free Software Foundation; either version 2 of the License, or (at your option) any later version.

1.4.3.2 WinPCap

The WinPCap library is supported, but not shipped with EC-Monitor.

1.4.3.3 Npcap

The Npcap library is supported, but not shipped with EC-Monitor.

1.5 Versioning

EC-Monitor follows the following versioning scheme: **VMAJOR. MINOR. SERVICEPACK. BUILD** (e.g. V3.2.1.04).

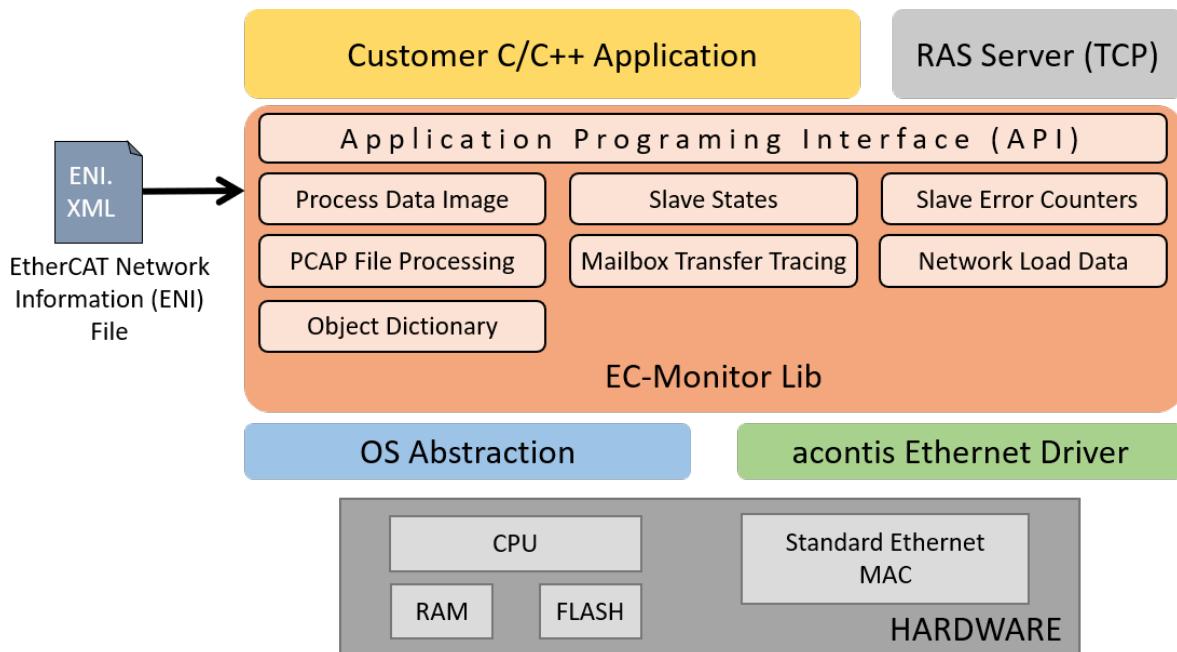
The libraries are binary compatible by unchanged *MAJOR* and *MINOR* digits. If *SERVICEPACK* increments, *BUILD* restarts with 01. *BUILD* 99 is reserved for test builds that have not been officially released for productive usage.

2 Architecture

The EC-Monitor Software Development Kit (SDK) offers the possibility for Data Tracing / Listening / Sniffing / Logging Diagnosis and Monitoring of EtherCAT® Networks. It's suitable for new (Greenfield) and existing (Brownfield) installations. Also it's independent from EtherCAT® Master Controller Software and Hardware.

EC-Monitor is implemented in C++ and can be easily ported to any embedded OS platforms using an appropriate C++ compiler. The API interfaces are C language interfaces, thus the EC-Monitor can be used in ANSI-C as well as in C++ environments.

The EC-Monitor is divided into modules, see diagram and descriptions below:



EC-Monitor Library:

In the core module cyclic (process data update) and acyclic (mailbox) EtherCAT® commands are received and processed.

Configuration Layer:

The EC-Monitor is configured using a XML file whose format is fixed in the EtherCAT® specification ETG.2100. EC-Monitor contains an OS independent XML parser.

OS Abstraction Layer:

All OS dependent system calls are encapsulated in a small OS layer. Most functions are that easy that they can be implemented using simple C macros.

Real-time Ethernet Driver Layer:

This driver receives Ethernet frames from the TAP devices.

2.1 EtherCAT® Network Configuration (ENI)

The EC-Monitor has to know about the EtherCAT® bus topology and the cyclic/acyclic frames which are exchanged by the third party EtherCAT® master with the slaves. This configuration is determined in a configuration file which has to be available in the EtherCAT® Network Information Format (ENI). This format is completely independent from EtherCAT® slave vendors, from EtherCAT® master vendors and from EtherCAT® configuration tools. Thus inter-operability between those vendors is guaranteed.

2.2 Operating system configuration

The main task is to setup the operating system to support the appropriate network adapter for EtherCAT® usage and for some systems real-time configuration may be needed.

The operating system-specific settings and configurations are described in *Platform and Operating Systems (OS)*.

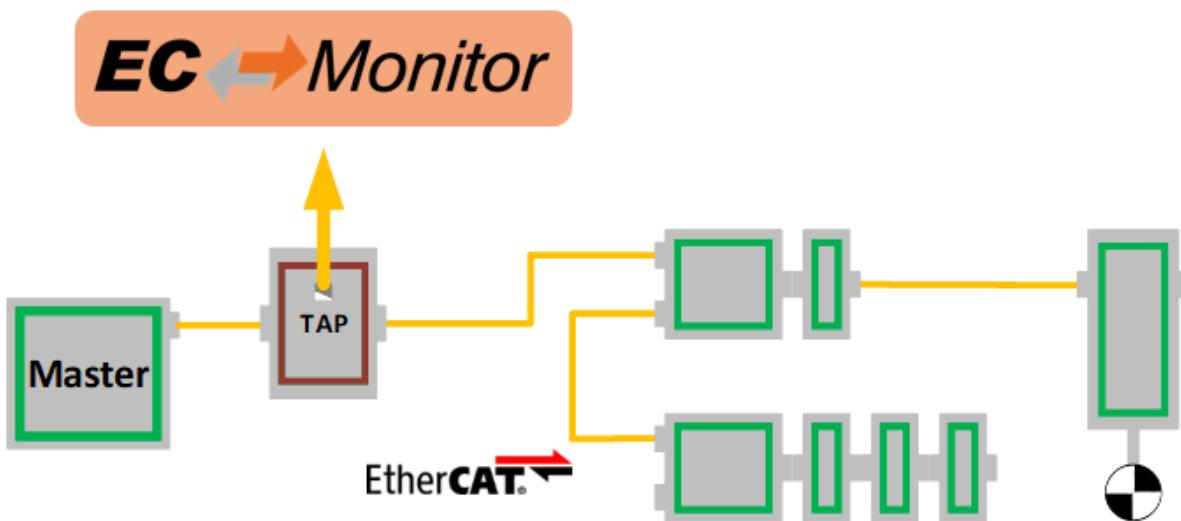
3 Ethernet TAP

To capture the EtherCAT® traffic, EC-Monitor supports a variety of different Ethernet Test Access Points (TAP). These can be special real-time optimized TAPs with minimal propagation delay and extended diagnostic options, or simple 100MBit/s Ethernet switches. The only requirement is that the input (RX) and output (TX) traffic is forwarded to the EC-Monitor via a common up-link port.

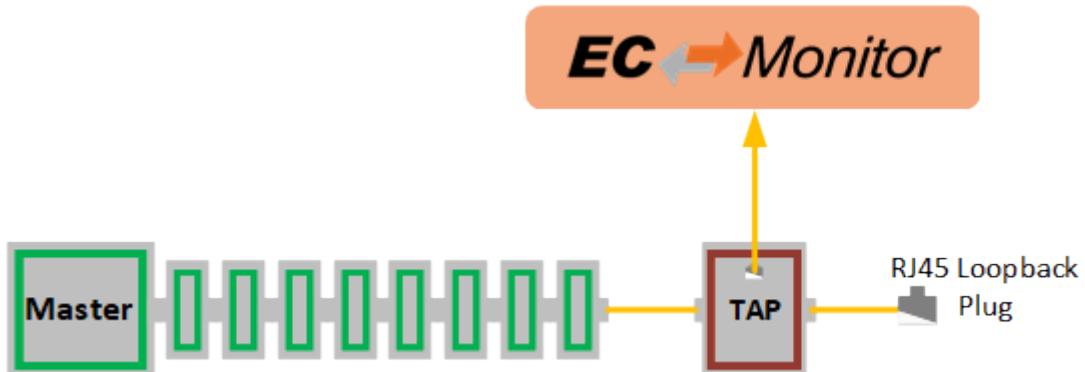
The various Ethernet TAP devices can be automatically detected by the EC-Monitor via `EC_T_MONITOR_INIT_PARMS::eEthTapType` set to `EC_T_ETHERNET_TAP_TYPE::eEthTap_AutoDetect`.

3.1 TAP positioning

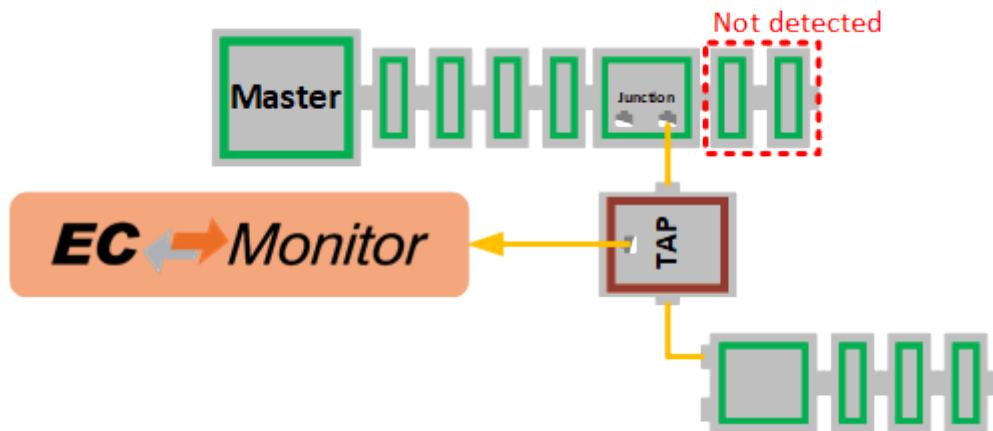
The Ethernet TAP device should be inserted in the network between the EtherCAT® master and slaves or, if this is not possible, between two slaves. The position of the Ethernet TAP is detected automatically and the EtherCAT® traffic is processed accordingly.



For configurations where the EtherCAT® master has a direct interface to the slaves without an RJ45 cable, e.g. Beckhoff IPCs. Is it possible to connect the input port of the Ethernet TAP device to the RJ45 port of the topologically last slave. The output port of the Ethernet TAP device must be bridged using an RJ45 loopback plug so that the EtherCAT® frames are forwarded back to the master.



In configurations where the TAP can only be inserted at an EtherCAT® Junction Slave, the port closest to the end of the topology should be used. Any slaves connected to the subsequent port will no longer be detected.



Warning: Positioning the TAP within the topology can lead to inconsistencies in the process data image. This affects the outputs of the slaves preceding the TAP and that are read by an Logical Read-Write (LRW) command. The affected outputs are set to 0 by the EC-Monitor.

3.2 Generic 100MBit/s Ethernet Switch

A generic 100MBit/s Ethernet switch with at least 3 ports can be used with EC-Monitor. The propagation delay can be up to several hundred μ s per port and should therefore only be used for slower cycle times.

To manually select this device set `EC_T_MONITOR_INIT_PARMS::eEthTapType` to `EC_T_ETHERNET_TAP_TYPE::eEthTap_Generic`.

3.3 Beckhoff ET2000

The Beckhoff ET2000 comes with propagation delay below 1 μ s, a high-precision timestamp and extended frame error detection capabilities. The TAP offers the possibility to determine on which port the frame was received. The EC-Monitor uses this to evaluate whether it is a TX or RX frame. Therefore, the outgoing connection from the EtherCAT master should be connected to either port X1.0, X2.0, X3.0 or X4.0.

To manually select this device set `EC_T_MONITOR_INIT_PARMS::eEthTapType` to `EC_T_ETHERNET_TAP_TYPE::eEthTap_Beckhoff_ET2000`.

3.4 Dualcomm ETAP-1000

The Dualcomm ETAP-1000 has a propagation delay below 1 μ s. Since it has no other extended capabilities it can be used as generic Ethernet TAP `EC_T_ETHERNET_TAP_TYPE::eEthTap_Generic`.

3.5 Kunbus TAP Curious

The Kunbus TAP Curious comes with propagation delay below 1 µs, a high-precision timestamp and extended frame error detection capabilities. The TAP offers the possibility to determine on which port the frame was received. The EC-Monitor uses this to evaluate whether it is a TX or RX frame. Therefore, the outgoing connection from the EtherCAT master should be connected to either port A or C.

To manually select this device set `EC_T_MONITOR_INIT_PARMS::eEthTapType` to `EC_T_ETHERNET_TAP_TYPE::eEthTap_Kunbus_TapCurious`.

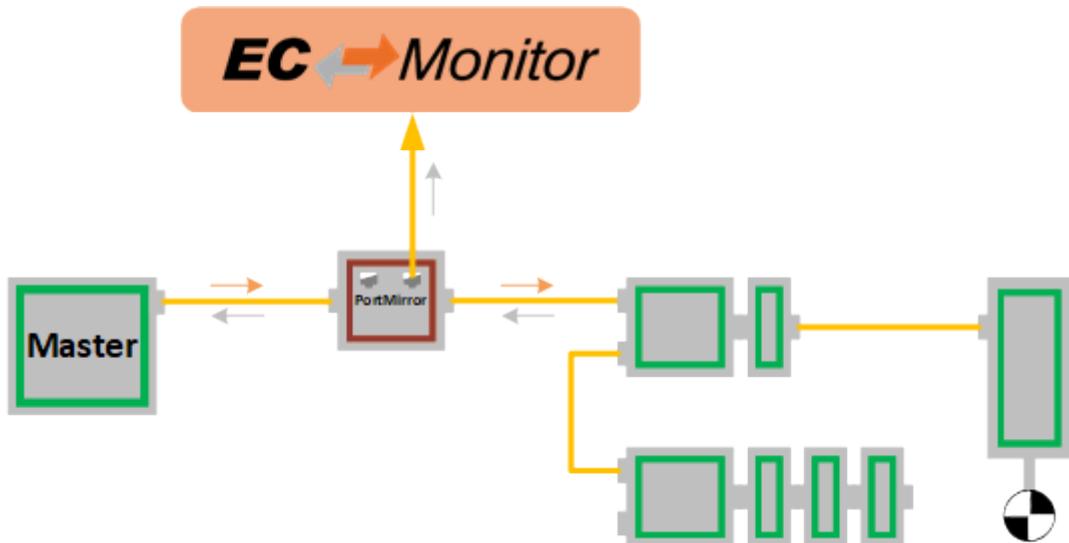
3.6 ProfiTAP ProfiShark

The ProfiTap ProfiShark devices are USB3.0 based Ethernet TAPs with a propagation delay below 1 µs. Since the devices appear as a virtual Ethernet interface in the operating system they can be used as a generic Ethernet TAP `EC_T_ETHERNET_TAP_TYPE::eEthTap_Generic`.

3.7 Port Mirror

A TAP or switch with port mirroring functionality can also be used with EC-Monitor. Typically, a port mirroring device has four Ethernet ports, two input ports for the network and two mirroring output ports. Incoming traffic on the respective network port is mirrored to the corresponding mirror port.

In the EtherCAT® use case, this means that the Ethernet frames outgoing from the EtherCAT® master are mirrored on one port and the Ethernet frames returning from the EtherCAT® slaves are output on another port. Since EC-Monitor currently only supports one port for connecting to the TAP, the mirror port with the returning Ethernet frames must be connected.



This device must be selected manually by setting `EC_T_MONITOR_INIT_PARMS::eEthTapType` to `EC_T_ETHERNET_TAP_TYPE::eEthTap_PortMirror`.

Warning: Since only the returning frames are processed, inconsistencies occur in the process data image of the outputs for EtherCAT® frames with LRW commands.

4 EtherCAT® Masters

In principle, all EtherCAT® masters with ENI are supported. EtherCAT® masters without ENI are currently not supported.

All tested EtherCAT® masters are listed below, as well as special EC-Monitor parameters that are necessary for operation.

4.1 Acontis EC-Master

Fully supported without any special parameter settings.

4.2 Beckhoff TwinCAT®

Fully supported without any special parameter settings.

4.3 CODESYS®

Supported starting from version V3.5 SP17 and above, with the CODESYS EtherCAT Module requiring version 4.2.0.0 or later. In some topologies, the actual number of cyclical commands on the bus differs from the configuration in the ENI. To fix this discrepancy, the EC-Monitor parameter `EC_T_MONITOR_INIT_PARMS::bProcessRestructuredCyclicCmds` must be set to `EC_TRUE`.

4.4 KPA EtherCAT® Master

Supported.

5 Getting Started

To enable a quick and easy start, every EC-Monitor package comes with a pre-compiled EcMonitorDemo executable. This example application handles the following tasks:

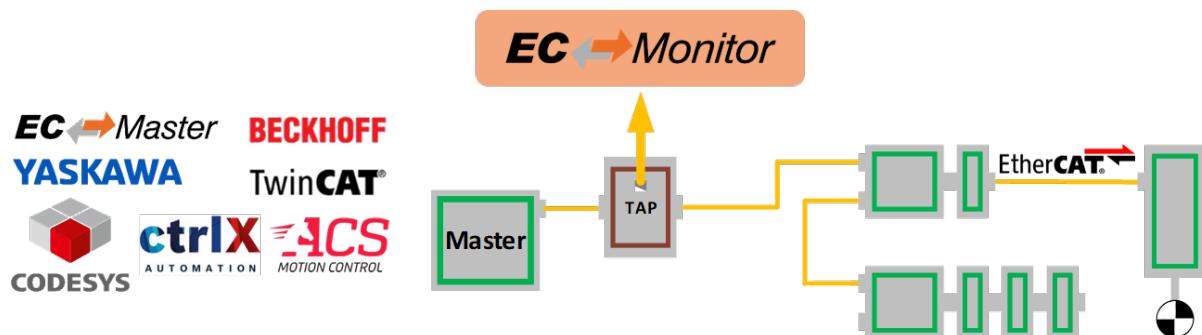
- EC-Monitor initialization
- Process Data acquisition with EC-DAQ
- Periodic Job Task in polling or interrupt mode
- Record and replay wireshark traces
- Logging

See also:

[Example application](#) for detailed explanation

5.1 Running EcMonitorDemo

To capture the EtherCAT® traffic insert a TAP device after the Master Controller.



Start the EcMonitorDemo from the command line to process the captured EtherCAT® frames. At least a Real-time Ethernet Driver and a ENI file must be specified.

```
> EcMonitorDemo -ndis 192.168.157.2 1 -f eni.xml -t 0 -v 3
```

See also:

[Platform and Operating Systems \(OS\)](#) for OS specific additional instructions to run the demo application

5.1.1 Command line parameters

```
EcMonitorDemo <LinkLayer> [-f ENI-FileName] [-t time] [-b cycle time] [-a affinity] [-v level] [-perf] [-log prefix [msg cnt]] [-lic key] [-sp [port]] [-rec [prefix]] [-play pcap-FileName] [-daqrec file name]
```

The parameters are as follows:

-f <ENI-FileName>
Path to ENI file

-t <time>
Running duration in msec. When the time expires the demo application exits completely.

<time>
Time in msec, 0 = forever (default = 120000)

-b <cycle time>
Specifies the bus cycle time. Defaults to 1000 µs (1 ms).

<cycle time>
Bus cycle time in µsec

-a <affinity>
The CPU affinity specifies which CPU the demo application ought to use.

<affinity>
0 = first CPU, 1 = second, ...

-v <level>
The verbosity level specifies how much console output messages will be generated by the demo application. A high verbosity level leads to more messages.

<level>
Verbosity level: 0=off (default), 1..n=more messages

-perf [<level>]
Enable max. and average time measurement in µs for all EtherCAT jobs (e.g. ProcessAllRxFrames).

<level>
Depending on level the performance histogram can be activated as well.

-log <prefix> [<msg cnt>]
Use given file name prefix for log files.

<prefix>

<msg cnt>
Messages count for log buffer allocation

-lic <key>
Set License key.

<key>
License key string

-oem <key>
Use OEM key

<key>
64 bit OEM key.

-sp [<port>]
If platform has support for IP Sockets, this command-line option enables the Remote API Server to be started. The Remote API Server is going to listen on TCP Port 6000 (or port parameter if given) and is available for connecting Remote API Clients.

<port>
RAS server port

-rec [<prefix>]
Packet capture file recording

<prefix>
File name prefix

-play <fileName>
Packet capture file processing

<FileName>
File name (*.pcap|*.pcapng)

-genebi <fileName>
Export ENI Builder config on demo stop

<FileName>
File name (*.xml)

-mqtt <BrokerAddress>
Publish process data to MQTT broker. EcMonitorDemoMqtt only

<BrokerAddress>
MQTT broker address

-mqttCycTime <Msec>
Minimum time between cyclic messages for a variable. EcMonitorDemoMqtt only

<Msec>
Time in milliseconds

-mqttChgTime <Msec>
Minimum time between change-detection based messages for a variable. EcMonitorDemoMqtt only

<Msec>
Time in milliseconds

-daqrec <FileName>
<FileName>
Configuration file

5.1.1.1 Link Layer

Using one of the following demo application Link Layer options, the EC-Monitor will dynamically load the network driver for the specified network adapter card and use the appropriate network driver to access the Ethernet adapter for EtherCAT®. ShowSyntaxLinkLayer() in Common/EcSelectLinkLayer.cpp is called automatically if the Demo application is started without parameters and lists the possibilities.

Note: Not all link layers are available on all operating systems or architectures. A detailed view in the form of a matrix can be found in the [developer center](#).

-intelgbe <instance> <mode> [tts <SendOffset>|tmr] [--nophyctrlonconnect]

Hardware: Intel Pro/1000 network adapter card

<instance>
Device instance 1 = first, 2 = second, ...

<mode>
0 = Interrupt mode | 1 = Polling mode

Optional:

tts Enables Real-time Ethernet Driver Time Triggered Send (TTS)

<SendOffset>
TTS cyclic frame send offset from cycle start (usec)

Optional:

tmr
Enables Real-time Ethernet Driver Timer

Optional:

--nophyctrlonconnect

Disable PHY control (e.g. PHY reset, PHY PM settings, Gbits Ctrl) on link connection detected

-ndis <IpAddress> <mode> [--name <AdapterName>] [DisablePromiscuousMode] [DisableForceBroadcast]

Hardware: Hardware independent, only available for Windows.

<IpAddress>

IP address of network adapter card, e.g. 192.168.157.2 or 0.0.0.0 if name given

<mode>

0 = Interrupt mode | 1 = Polling mode

Optional:

--name

Select network adapter by name

<AdapterName>

Service name from HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\NetworkCards

Optional:

DisablePromiscuousMode

Disable promiscuous mode

Optional:

DisableForceBroadcast

-snarf <adapterName>

Hardware: Hardware independent, only available for VxWorks

<adapterName>

Adapter name, e.g. fei0

-sockraw <device> [<mode>] [--nommaprx] [--promiscuousmode]

Hardware: Hardware independent, only available for Linux.

<device>

Network device, e.g. eth1

Optional:

<mode>

0 = Interrupt mode | 1 = Polling mode

Optional:

--nommaprx

Disable PACKET_MMAP for receive

Optional:

```
--promiscuousmode
    Enable promiscuous mode

-winpcap <ipAddress> <mode>

Hardware: Hardware independent, only available for Windows.

<ipAddress>
    IP address of network adapter card, e.g. 192.168.157.2

<mode>
    0 = Interrupt mode | 1 = Polling mode
```

5.2 Running EcMonitorDemoMqtt

The EcMonitorDemoMqtt includes additional functionality to publish process data to a MQTT broker, for example Eclipse Mosquitto (<https://mosquitto.org>). It additionally requires at least the MQTT broker address.

```
> EcMonitorDemoMqtt -ndis 192.168.157.2 1 -f eni.xml -mqtt localhost -t 0 -v 3
```

The Eclipse Paho MQTT C client library is also required. The EcMonitorDemoMqtt has been developed and tested with version 1.3.10.

A dynamic library file is required in the directory <InstallPath>/Bin/<OS>/<Arch>.

- Eclipse Paho MQTT C 1.3.10 download: <https://github.com/eclipse-paho/paho.mqtt.c/releases/tag/v1.3.10>
- For Linux, the file paho-mqtt3c.so.1 is included in the binary release.
- For Windows, the file paho-mqtt3c.dll must be built from source, see the file README.md section “Building with CMake” in the source code.

The EcMonitorDemoMqtt publishes process data cyclically and on change detection. The frequency of these messages can be configured, see *Command line parameters*. Each slave variable is assigned a separate MQTT topic:

```
/EtherCAT/Monitor<instance ID>/slavebyname/<slave name>/variable/[output/input]/
  ↳<variable name>
```

The payload is a raw byte buffer beginning with a 4-byte unsigned integer payload version. The structure of the following bytes is version-specific.

5.2.1 Payload version 0

The payload contains the process image data of the variable. Because the size differs for each variable, this data is also of variable size, but is always rounded up to full bytes. E.g. a 1-bit variable will be sent as a BYTE.

Variable type	Offset	Description	Hint
UINT32	0 bytes	Payload version (0)	Little-endian
UINT64	4 bytes	Data timestamp in nanoseconds	Little-endian
Variable data	12 bytes	Process image data of the variable	Variable size rounded up to full bytes

5.3 Compiling the EcMonitorDemo

The following main rules can be used to generate the example applications for all operating systems.

- <OS> is a placeholder for the operating system used.
- <ARCH> for the architecture. If different architectures are supported.

5.3.1 Software Development Kit (SDK)

The EC-Monitor development kit is needed to write applications based on the EC-Monitor core. The EC-Monitor core is shipped as a library which is linked together with the application.

The following components are supplied together with an SDK:

- /Bin: Executables containing the EC-Monitor core
- /Doc: Documentation
- /Examples: Example applications as source code
- /SDK: EtherCAT® Software Development Kit containing libraries and header files to build C/C++-applications
- /SDK/INC: Header files to be included with the application
- /SDK/LIB: Libraries to be linked with the application
- /SDK/FILES: Additional files for platform integration
- /Sources/Common: Shared source code

5.3.2 Include search path

The header files are located in the following directories:

```
<InstallPath>/SDK/INC/<OS>/<ARCH>
<InstallPath>/SDK/INC
<InstallPath>/Sources/Common
```

5.3.3 Libraries

The libraries are delivered as static, dynamic or both. This is depending on the operating system. They are located in the following directories:

Static libraries

```
<InstallPath>/SDK/LIB/<OS>/<ARCH>
```

EC-Monitor core

```
libEcMonitor.a
```

EC-Monitor RAS server (optional)

```
libEcMonitorRasServer.a
```

Dynamic libraries

```
<InstallPath>/Bin/<OS>/<ARCH>
```

EC-Monitor core

```
libEcMonitor.so
```

EC-Monitor RAS server (optional)

```
libEcMonitorRasServer.so
```

Whether it is a Shared Object *.so or a Dynamic Link Library *.dll depends on the operating system.

5.3.4 Preprocessor definitions

The following preprocessor directives must be set in the build environment or project:

```
EC_MONITOR
```

Exclude the EC-DAQ support in the demo:

```
EXCLUDE_DAQ_SUPPORT
```

6 Software Integration

For the integration of the EC-Monitor, the EcMonitorDemo can be seen as an application framework, serve as a template and be expanded accordingly.

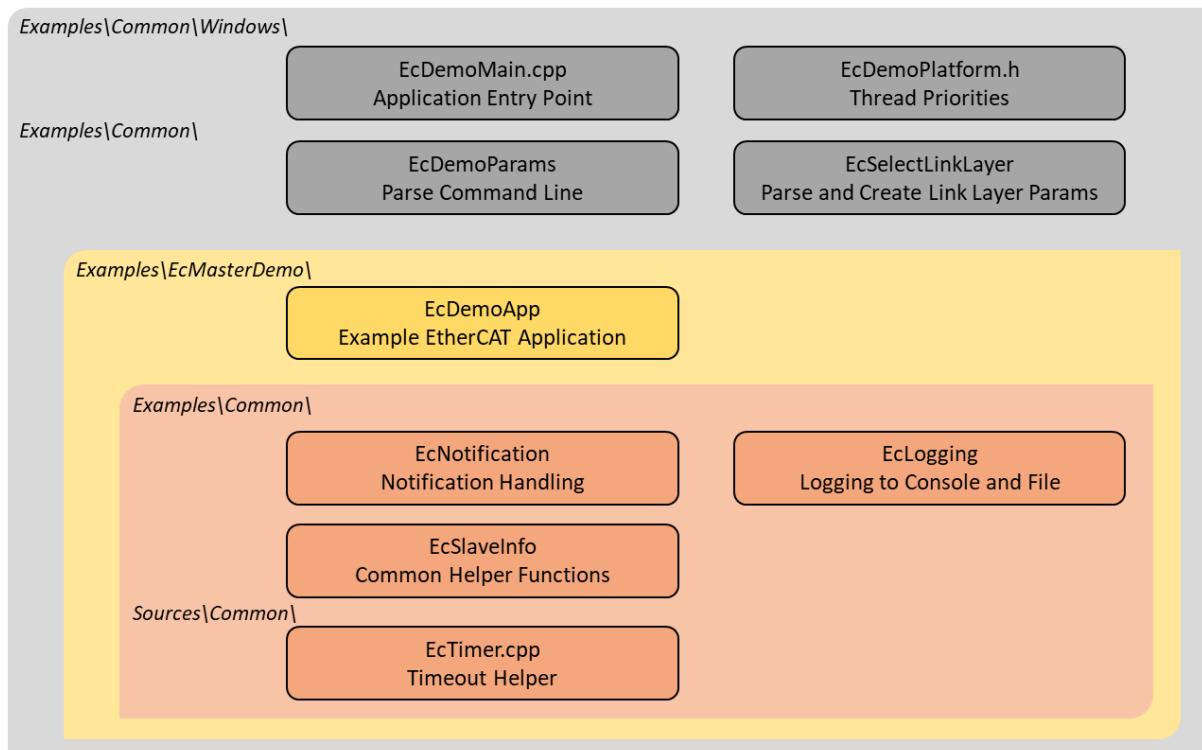
6.1 Example application

The example application will handle the following tasks:

- EC-Monitor initialization
- Process Data acquisition with EC-DAQ
- Periodic Job Task in polling or interrupt mode
- Thread with periodic tasks and application thread already implemented
- Record and replay wireshark traces
- Logging. The output messages of the demo application will be printed on the console as well as in some files.
- “Out of the box” solution for different operating systems: Windows, Linux ...

6.1.1 File reference

The EcMonitorDemo application consists of the following files:



EcDemoMain.cpp	Entry point for the different operating systems
EcDemoPlatform.h	Operating system specific settings (task priorities, timer settings)
EcDemoApp.cpp	Initialize, start and terminate EC-Monitor
EcDemoApp.h	Application specific settings for EcDemoApp
EcDemoParms.cpp	Parsing of command line parameters
EcDemoParms.h	Basic configuration parameters
EcSelectLin-kLayer.cpp	Common Functions which abstract the command line parsing into Real-time Ethernet Driver parameter
EcNotification.cpp	Slave monitoring and error detection (function <code>ecatNotify()</code>)
EcSlaveInfo.cpp	Slave information services
EcLogging.cpp	Message logging functions
EcTimer.cpp	Start and monitor timeouts

6.1.2 EC-Monitor life cycle

Basically the operation of the EC-Monitor is wrapped between the functions

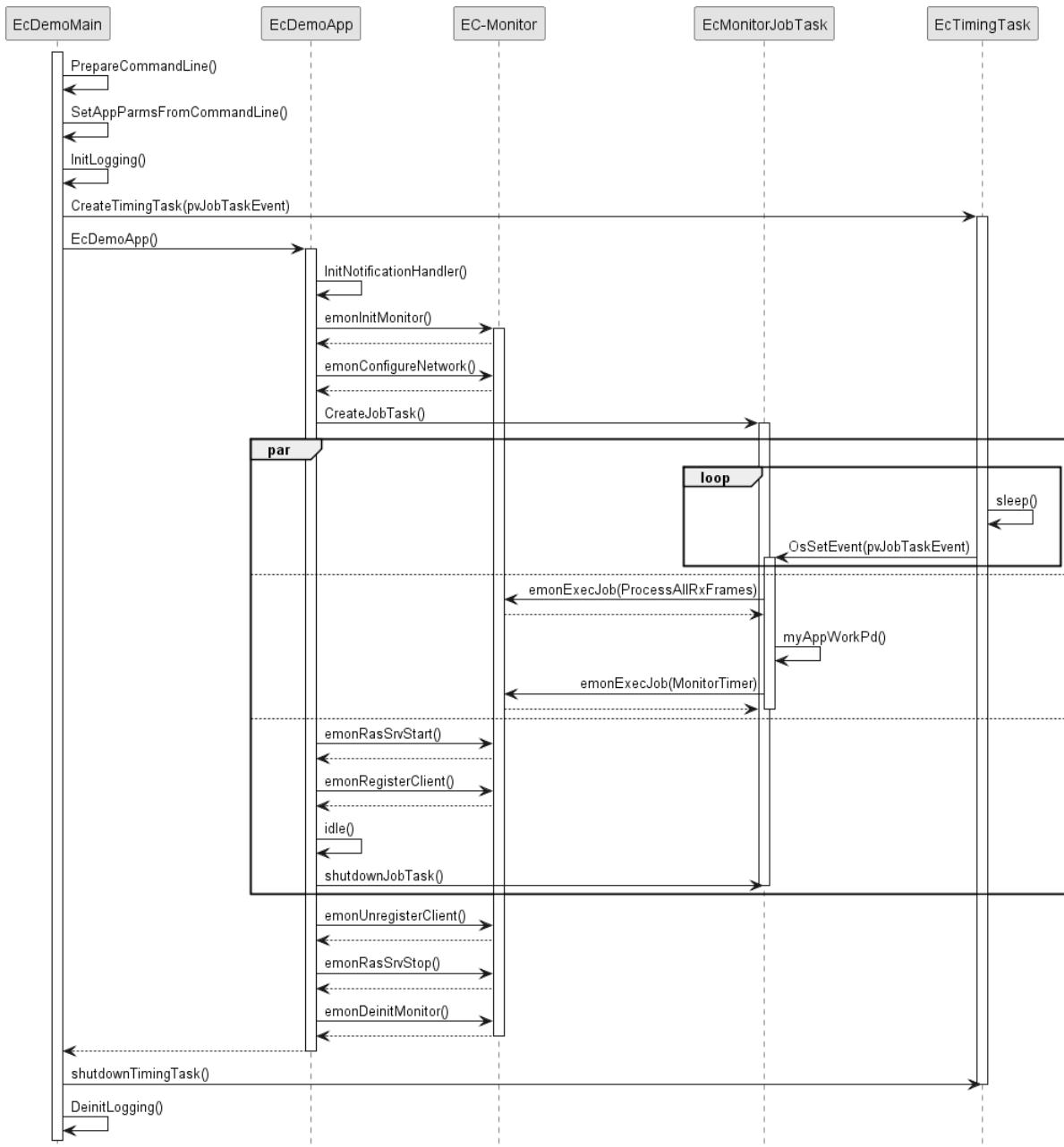
- `emonInitMonitor()`
- `emonConfigureNetwork()`

and

- `emonDeinitMonitor()`

The EC-Monitor is made ready for operation and started with the first two functions mentioned. During this preparation, a thread is set up and started that handles all the cyclic tasks of the EC-Monitor. The last function stops the EC-Monitor and clears the memory.

An overview of the complete life cycle as a sequence diagram:



A more detailed description of the functions:

EcDemoMain()

A wrapper to start the demo from the respective operating system. In addition to initializing the operating system, parsing command line parameters and initializing logging it also starts the timing task.

EcDemoApp()

Demo application. The function takes care of starting and stopping the EC-Monitor and all related tasks. In between, the function runs idle, while all relevant work is done by the EcMonitorJobTask().

EcMonitorJobTask()

Thread that does the necessary periodic work. Very important here is `myAppWorkPd()` between `eUsrJob_ProcessAllRxFrames` and `eUsrJob_MonitorTimer`. Application-specific access to the process data image can be made here, which is synchronous with the bus cycle.

EcTimingTask()

Timing Thread. This thread sets the timing event that triggers the EcMonitorJobTask for the next cycle.

`emonInitMonitor()`

Prepare the EC-Monitor for operation and set operational parameters, e.g. used Real-time Ethernet Driver, buffer sizes, maximum number of slaves,

`emonConfigureNetwork()`

Loads the configuration from the ENI (XML file).

`emonRegisterClient()`

Register the application as a client at the EC-Monitor to receive event notifications.

`emonDeinitMonitor()`

Clean up.

6.2 Event notification

The EC-Monitor provides event notification for a great number of events. These events are for example:

- Bus state change
- Link state change
- Working counter errors
- ...

Any thread can register for these events to be notified. This is achieved by calling the API function

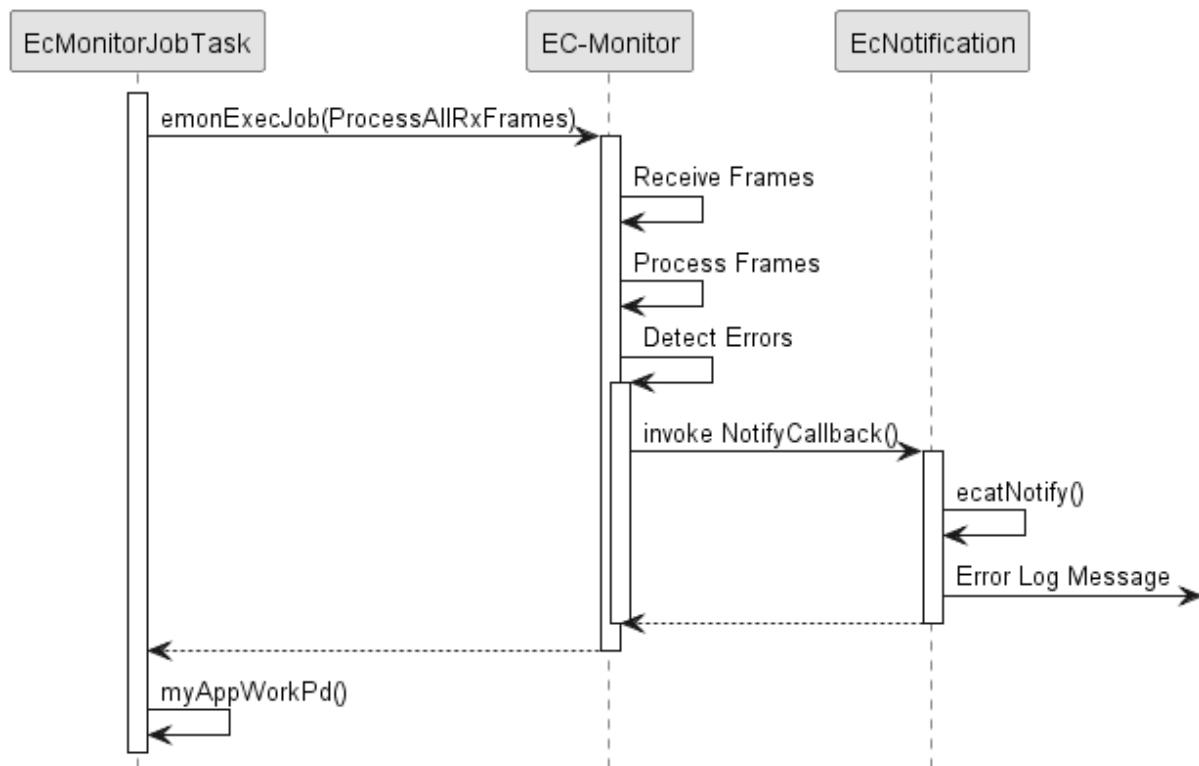
```
EC_T_DWORD emonRegisterClient(EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID, EC_PF_NOTIFY pfnNotify, EC_T_VOID
*pCallerData, EC_T_REGISTERRESULTS *pRegResults)
```

An example implementation for processing notifications is contained in the class CEmNotification of the Ec-MonitorDemo example, see Examples/Common/EcNotification.cpp.. It implements the full framework to catch and process the EC-Monitor notifications. The class is instantiated once and registered at the EC-Monitor with the call `emonRegisterClient()`. It contains the method `ecatNotify()` as major entry point (or callback function) for every event notification.

There are two different ways events can be handled. The method of handling an event is primarily determined by the time required to handle the event and the processing context in which the event is to be handled.

6.2.1 Direct event notification handling

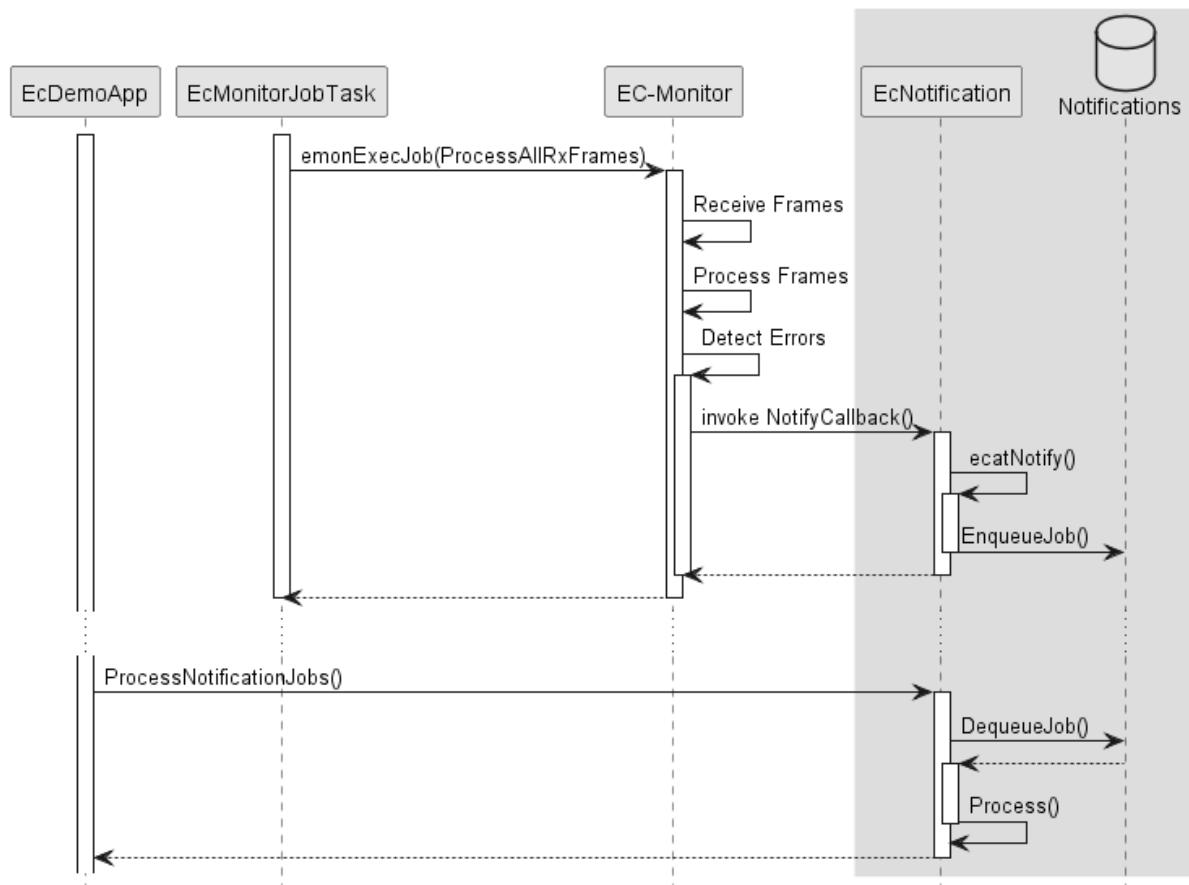
Minor events that take a very short time to process can be handled directly in the context in which they are recognized. A possible example of such an event is the detection of a false working counter (WKC).



The event handling is reduced to simply issuing a log message, which is not time critical. The event is handled directly within the context of the `emonExecJob()` function.

6.2.2 Postponed notification handling

Events that require more time-consuming processing cannot be handled directly in the context in which they are detected. The handling or processing of the event must be postponed. This is accomplished through a queue, which is also readily implemented using the `CEmNotification` class.



By calling periodically `CEmNotification::ProcessNotificationJobs()`, the application checks and handles all queued notifications.

Important: The call of `CEmNotification::ProcessNotificationJobs()` shall NOT be executed in the context of `EcMonitorJobTask()`. As the CPU time consumption may be high, this would have a high impact to the real-time behavior of the cyclic operation.

6.3 Logging

The EC-Monitor offers a logging interface for a more detailed analysis of application errors, problems in the EtherCAT® network and for diagnosing internal processes. The log messages are passed from the EC-Monitor to the application via the callback `EC_T_LOG_PARMS::pfLogMsg` given at `EC_T_MONITOR_INIT_PARMS::LogParms`.

```
typedef EC_T_DWORD (*EC_PF_LOGMSGHK)(EC_T_LOG_CONTEXT *pContext, EC_T_DWORD dwLogMsgSeverity, const EC_T_CHAR *szFormat, ...)
```

The level of detail of the logging output can be set via `EC_T_LOG_PARMS::dwLogLevel`. The log levels are firmly defined:

`EC_LOG_LEVELS`

aggregatedright

- `EC_LOG_LEVEL_SILENT`
- `EC_LOG_LEVEL_ANY`
- `EC_LOG_LEVEL_CRITICAL`
- `EC_LOG_LEVEL_ERROR`
- `EC_LOG_LEVEL_WARNING`
- `EC_LOG_LEVEL_INFO`
- `EC_LOG_LEVEL_INFO_API`
- `EC_LOG_LEVEL_VERBOSE`
- `EC_LOG_LEVEL_VERBOSE_ACYC`
- `EC_LOG_LEVEL_VERBOSE_CYC`
- `EC_LOG_LEVEL_UNDEFINED`

For performance reasons, the log messages are automatically filtered based on the log level and then passed to the callback.

Example

The EcMonitorDemo examples demonstrate how log messages can be processed by the application, see Examples/Common/EcLogging.cpp. The messages processed by EcLogging.cpp are of different types, e.g. EC-Monitor log messages and application messages are logged to the console and/or files. Identical messages are skipped automatically by default.

Note: With some operating systems, logging in files is deactivated, e.g. because a file system is not available.

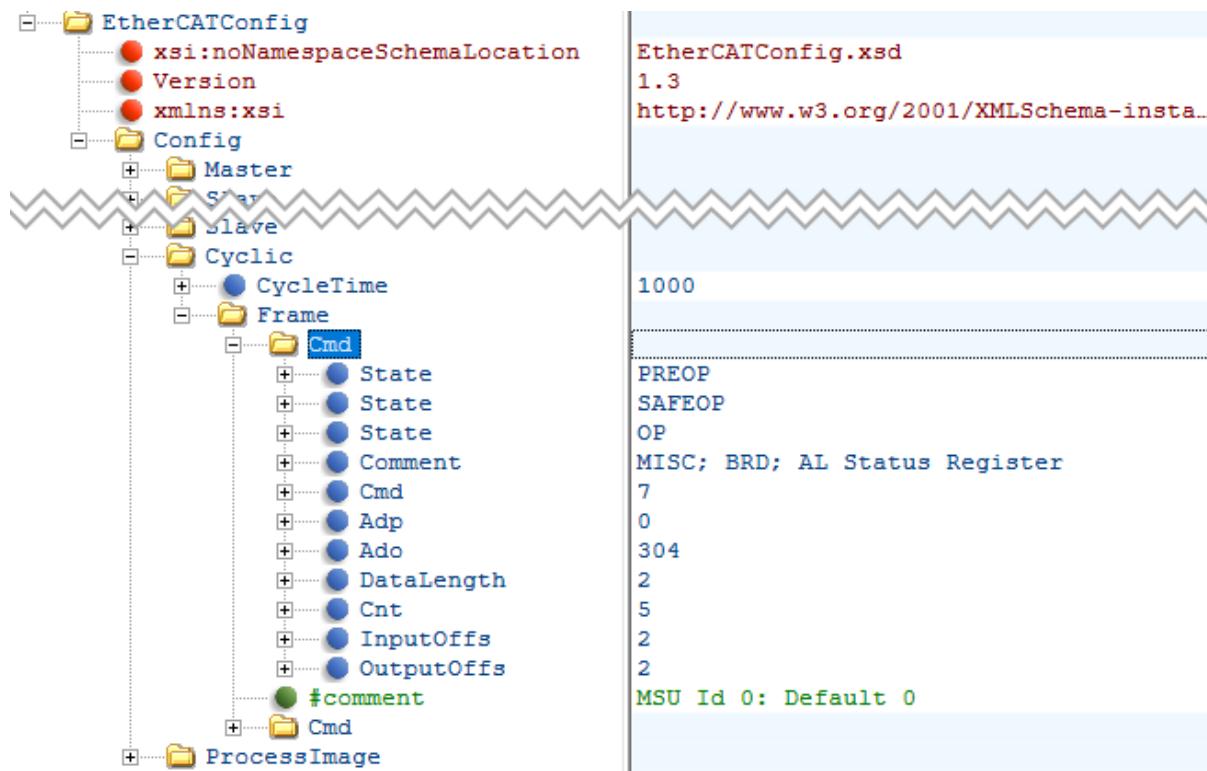
The verbosity of the EcMonitorDemo is specified as a -v command line parameter. It is used to determine the log level of the application, see EcDemoMain.cpp. EcLogging.cpp has various parameters beside the log level, like Roll Over setting, log task priority, CPU affinity, log buffer size and etc.

6.4 EtherCAT® Network Configuration ENI

The EtherCAT® configuration file ENI contains one or more *Cyclic* entries for reading new input data values and output data values (process data update). These entries contain one or more frames, so-called cyclic frames, which are to be sent cyclically by the EtherCAT® master. Within the cyclic frames are one or more EtherCAT® datagrams that contain logical read/write commands for accessing the process data values.

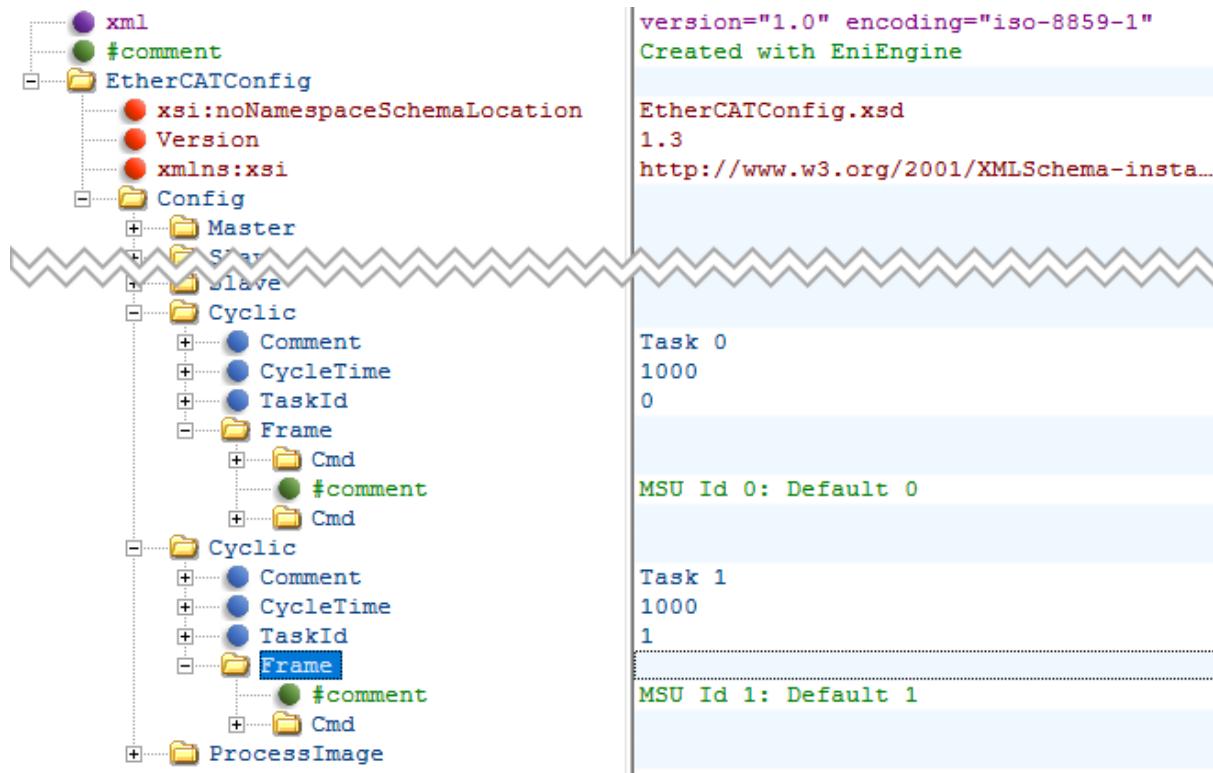
6.4.1 Single cyclic entry configuration

In the simplest case, there is only a single cyclic entry with one or more cyclic frames.



6.4.2 Multiple cyclic entries configuration

For more complex scenarios it is possible to configure the system using multiple cyclic entries with one or more cyclic frames for each cyclic entry.



6.5 Process Data Access

The process data that is exchanged between an EtherCAT® master and the slaves in each cycle is stored in the process data image. There are two separate memory areas, one for the input data and one for the output data. The base addresses of these areas are provided by calling the functions `emonGetProcessImageInputPtr()` and `emonGetProcessImageOutputPtr()`. The size of the process data input image is defined in the ENI file under EtherCATConfig/Config/ProcessImage/Inputs/ByteSize and EtherCATConfig/Config/ProcessImage/Outputs/ByteSize and is returned by `emonRegisterClient()` at `EC_T_REGISTERRESULTS::dwPDOOutSize` and `EC_T_REGISTERRESULTS::dwPDInSize`.

6.5.1 Process Data Access Functions

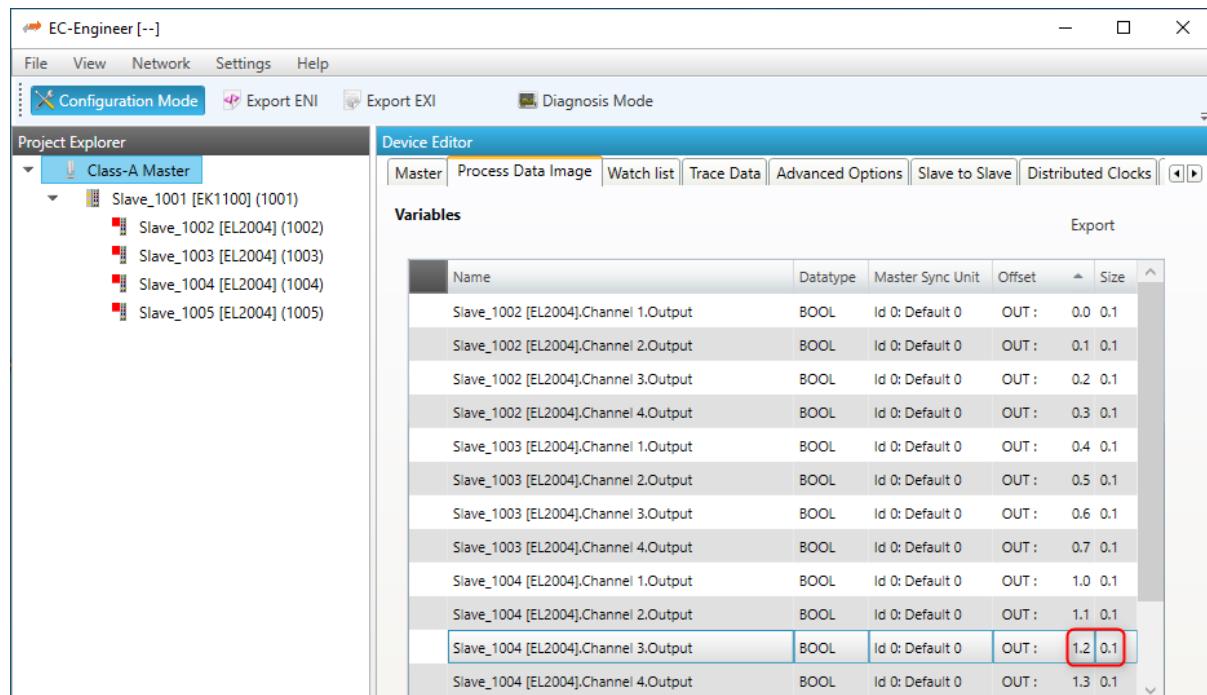
Process data variables that are packed as array of bits are bit aligned and not byte aligned in process data. Accessing bits that are bit aligned and not byte aligned should be done using `EC_GETBITS`. See `EC_COPYBITS` for how to copy data areas with bit offsets that are not byte aligned. Access to corresponding aligned variables, e.g. of the types `EC_T_BYTE`, `EC_T_WORD`, `EC_T_DWORD`, `EC_T_UINT64`, can be accessed more efficiently using the appropriate macros according to the following table.

Note: Process data is typically transmitted as little endian and must therefore be swapped on big endian systems in order to be correctly interpreted.

Variable type	Bit size	Macro	Hint
Bit	1	<i>EC_GETBITS</i>	Contains swap for big endian systems
<i>EC_T_BYTE</i>	8	N/A	Bytes can be directly addressed at pby-Buffer[BitOffset/8]
<i>EC_T_WORD</i>	16	<i>EC_GET_FRM_WORD</i>	Contains swap for big endian systems
<i>EC_T_DWORD</i>	32	<i>EC_GET_FRM_DWORD</i>	Contains swap for big endian systems
<i>EC_T_UINT64</i>	64	<i>EC_GET_FRM_QWORD</i>	Contains swap for big endian systems

6.5.2 Process variables' offset and size

The following screenshot shows variables' offset and size within the Process Data Image:



Accessing the process data of a specific slave always works by adding an offset to the base address. All offsets are given as bit offsets!

There are different ways possible to get this offset. The offset values will not change until a new configuration is provided, therefore it is sufficient to load them once right after `emonConfigureNetwork()`, it is not needed every cycle.

6.5.3 Process variable access via hard coded offsets

The offset value can be determined from an EtherCAT® configuration tool. It is not recommended to use fixed values as the offsets will change as slaves are added/removed from the configuration.

As shown in the screenshot above, *Slave_1004 [EL2004].Channel 3.Output* is at offset 1.2 with size 0.1 in the example.

The numbering is Byte.Bit so the offset in the example is Byte 1, Bit 2, Bit offset:

$$8 * 1 + 2 = 10$$

Bit size

$$0 * 8 + 1 = 1$$

```

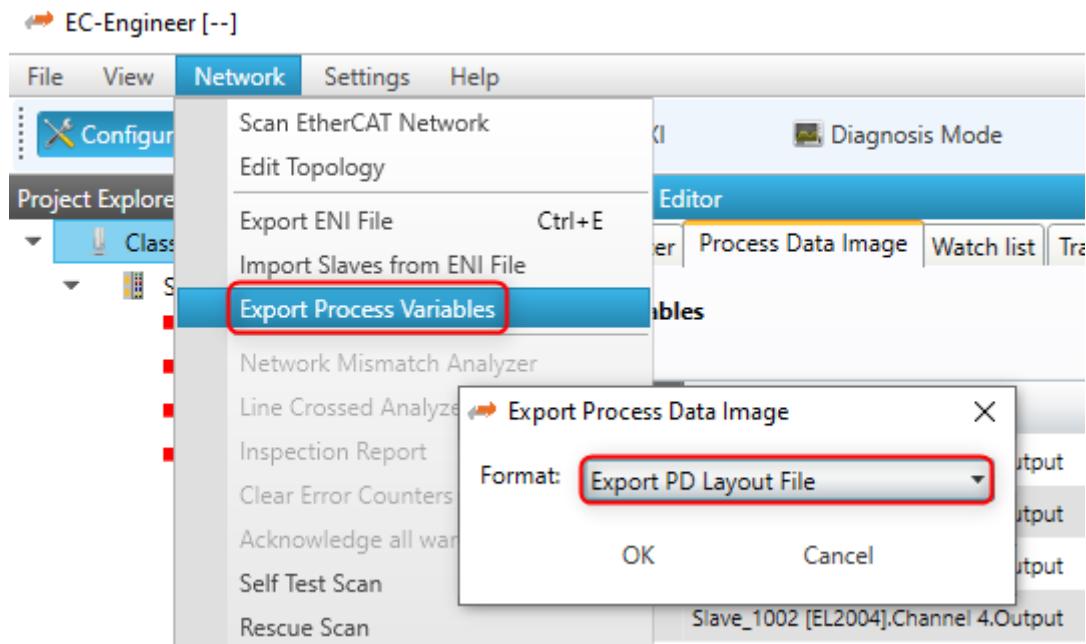
EC_T_BYTE* pbyPdOut = emonGetProcessImageInputPtr(dwInstanceId);
EC_T_BYTE byValue = 0x00;
EC_T_DWORD dwBitOffset = 10;
EC_T_DWORD dwBitSize = 1;

/* get variable in process data */
EC_GETBITS(pbyPdOut, &byValue, dwBitOffset, dwBitSize);

```

6.5.4 Process variable access via generated PD Layout

The EC-Engineer / EC-Inspector can export the process variables to a PD-Layout C-Header via the menu item *Network > Export Process Variables* as shown in the following screenshot:



This will generate a header file containing the slaves' variables as follows:

```

#include EC_PACKED_INCLUDESTART(1)
#define PDLAYOUT_OUT_OFFSET_SLAVE_2002 22
typedef struct _T_PDLAYOUT_OUT_SLAVE_2002
{
    EC_T_SWORD    swChannel_1_Output; // Slave_2002 [EL4132].Channel 1.Output ...
    EC_T_SWORD    swChannel_2_Output; // Slave_2002 [EL4132].Channel 2.Output ...
} EC_PACKED(1) T_PDLAYOUT_OUT_SLAVE_2002;
#include EC_PACKED_INCLUDESTOP

```

Example how a value can be accessed:

```

EC_T_BYTE* pbyPdOut = emonGetProcessImageOutputPtr(dwInstanceId);
T_PDLAYOUT_OUT_SLAVE_2002* pPdOutSlave2002 = (T_PDLAYOUT_OUT_SLAVE_2002*) (pbyPdOut_
    ↪+ PDLAYOUT_OUT_OFFSET_SLAVE_2002);

EC_T_WORD wChannel1Out = EC_GET_FRM_WORD (&pPdOutSlave2002->swChannel_1_Output);

```

6.5.5 Process variable access dynamically from ENI

6.5.5.1 emonGetCfgSlaveInfo

The slave offsets can be determined dynamically with the function `emonGetCfgSlaveInfo()`. The offsets are stored in `EC_T_CFG_SLAVE_INFO::dwPdOffsIn` and `EC_T_CFG_SLAVE_INFO::dwPdOffsOut`.

Example of how *Slave_1004 [EL2004].Channel 3.Output* can be accessed:

```
EC_T_CFG_SLAVE_INFO SlaveInfo;
dwRes = emonGetCfgSlaveInfo(dwInstanceId, EC_TRUE, 1004, &SlaveInfo);

EC_T_BYTE* pbyPdOut = emonGetProcessImageOutputPtr(dwInstanceId);
EC_T_BYTE byValue = 0x00;
EC_T_DWORD dwBitOffset = SlaveInfo.dwPdOffsOut + 2;
EC_T_DWORD dwBitSize = 1;

/* get variable in process data */
EC_GETBITS(pbyPdOut, &byValue, dwBitOffset, dwBitSize);
```

6.5.5.2 emonGetSlaveOutpVarInfo

All variables of a specific slave can be determined dynamically with the functions `emonGetSlaveInpVarInfoEx()` or `emonGetSlaveOutpVarInfoEx()`. The offset is stored in `EC_T_PROCESS_VAR_INFO_EX::nBitOffs`.

Example of how *Slave_1004 [EL2004].Channel 3.Output* can be accessed:

```
EC_T_WORD wNumSlaveVars = 0;
EC_T_WORD wNumVarsRead = 0;
EC_T_PROCESS_VAR_INFO_EX* aProcVarInfo = EC_NULL;

/* get number of output variables */
dwRes = emonGetSlaveOutpVarInfoNumOf(dwInstanceId, EC_TRUE, 1004, &wNumSlaveVars);

/* allocate buffer for the variable info structs */
aProcVarInfo = (EC_T_PROCESS_VAR_INFO_EX*)OsMalloc(sizeof(EC_T_PROCESS_VAR_INFO_EX) * wNumSlaveVars);
OsMemset(aProcVarInfo, 0, sizeof(EC_T_PROCESS_VAR_INFO_EX) * wNumSlaveVars);

/* read all variables of the slave at once */
dwRes = emonGetSlaveOutpVarInfoEx(dwInstanceId, EC_TRUE, 1004, wNumSlaveVars, aProcVarInfo, &wNumVarsRead);

EC_T_BYTE* pbyPdOut = emonGetProcessImageOutputPtr(dwInstanceId);
EC_T_BYTE byValue = 0x00;

/* get variable in process data */
EC_GETBITS(pbyPdOut, &byValue, aProcVarInfo[0].nBitOffs, aProcVarInfo[0].nBitSize);
```

6.5.5.3 emonFindOutpVarByName

The variable offsets can be determined dynamically using the names with the functions `emonFindInpVarByNameEx()` or `emonFindOutpVarByNameEx()`. Each input or output has a unique variable name, all variables names are stored in the ENI file under EtherCATConfig/Config/ProcessImage/[Inputs|Outputs]/Variable. The offset is stored in `EC_T_PROCESS_VAR_INFO_EX::nBitOffs`.

Example of how `Slave_1004 [EL2004].Channel 3.Output` can be accessed:

```
EC_T_PROCESS_VAR_INFO_EX ProcVarInfo;
dwRes = emonFindOutpVarByNameEx(dwInstanceId, "Slave_1004 [EL2004].Channel 3.Output", &ProcVarInfo);

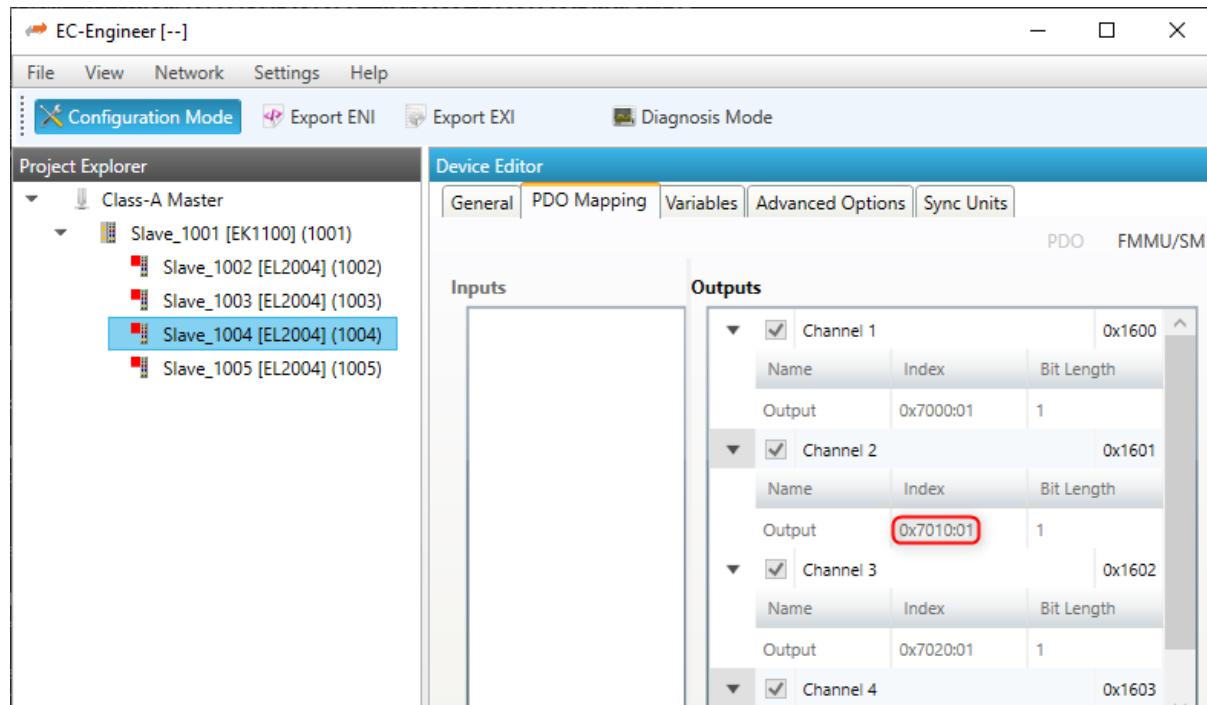
EC_T_BYTE* pbyPdOut = emonGetProcessImageOutputPtr(dwInstanceId);
EC_T_BYTE byValue = 0x00;

/* get variable in process data */
EC_GETBITS(pbyPdOut, &byValue, ProcVarInfo.nBitOffs, ProcVarInfo.nBitSize);
```

6.5.5.4 emonGetSlaveOutpVarByObjectEx

The variable offsets can be determined dynamically using the object index and subindex with the functions `emonGetSlaveInpVarByObjectEx()` or `emonGetSlaveOutpVarByObjectEx()`.

The object index and subindex can be get with the EC-Engineer:



Example of how `Slave_1004 [EL2004].Channel 3.Output` can be accessed:

```
EC_T_PROCESS_VAR_INFO_EX ProcVarInfo;
dwRes = emonGetSlaveOutpVarByObjectEx(dwInstanceId, EC_TRUE, 1004, 0x7010, 0x01, &ProcVarInfo);

EC_T_BYTE* pbyPdOut = emonGetProcessImageOutputPtr(dwInstanceId);
EC_T_BYTE byValue = 0x00;
```

(continues on next page)

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```
/* get variable in process data */
EC_GETBITS(pbyPdOut, &byValue, ProcVarInfo.nBitOffs, ProcVarInfo.nBitSize);
```

6.6 Diagnosis

EtherCAT offers comprehensive diagnostic capabilities at both hardware and software levels. Errors that can impact a network can be classified into two main categories:

Hardware errors

1. Interruptions in the physical medium or unexpected changes in network topology, resulting in frames not reaching all network slaves or failing to return to the master. Examples include damaged cables, loose contacts, or slave resets during operation.
2. All slaves are reached by frames, but the correct bit sequence is corrupted. Caused by factors such as electromagnetic disturbances or faulty devices.

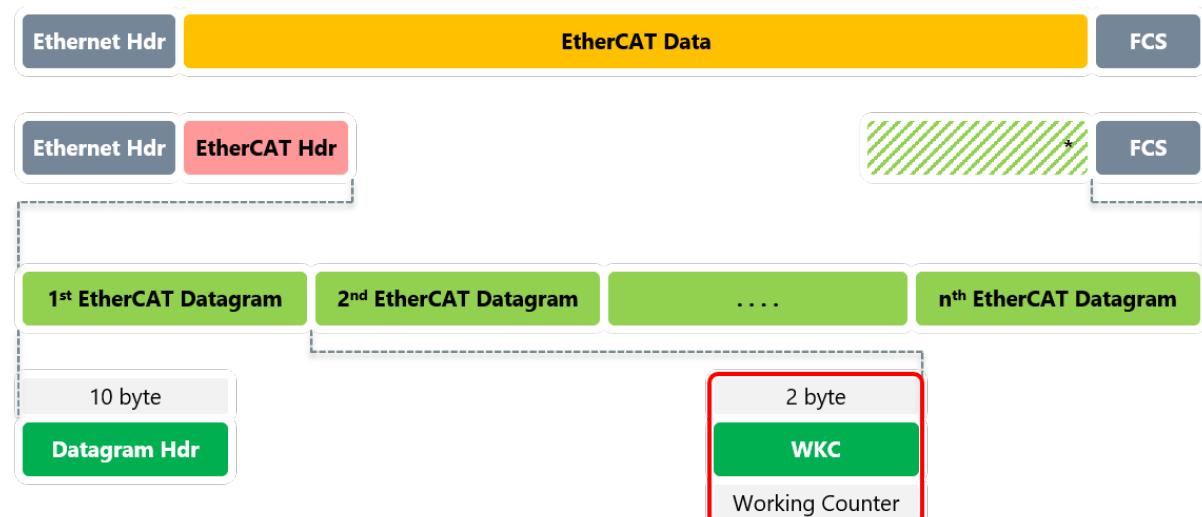
Software errors

1. Incorrect or mismatched parameters sent by the master during the start-up phase, failing to meet slave expectations. This may include errors in process data size/configuration or unsupported cycle times.
2. Previously error-free slaves detecting issues during operation, such as synchronization loss or watchdog expiration.

These errors can be diagnosed cyclically or acyclically.

6.6.1 Working Counter

Every datagram within an EtherCAT frame ends with a 16-bit Working Counter (WKC), which increments for each slave that the datagram addresses.



The Working Counter is always received by the EC-Monitor together with the corresponding datagram, and enables therefore an immediate reaction in case of invalid or inconsistent data. The information regarding the Working Counter is essentially digital (*WKC correct* vs. *WKC invalid*), and does not differentiate between various error causes. An invalid WKC can result from several situations:

- One or more slaves are not physically connected to the network, or they are not reached by the frames.

- One or more slaves have been reset.
- One or more slaves are not in the Operational state.

If a datagram returns to the EC-Monitor with an unexpected WKC, the EC-Monitor discards the input data carried by that datagram. The application will be informed by an *emonNotify - EC_NOTIFY_CYCCMD_WKC_ERROR* notification.

In addition to notification, it is also possible to evaluate the WKC states of the individual slaves and their process data sections. The following example demonstrates how to evaluate the WKC state of the slave inputs:

```
EC_T_BYTE* pbyDiagnosisImage = emonGetDiagnosisImagePtr(dwInstanceId);
EC_T_CFG_SLAVE_INFO CfgSlaveInfo;

dwRes = emonGetCfgSlaveInfo(dwInstanceId, EC_TRUE, 1002, &CfgSlaveInfo);

for (EC_T_DWORD i = 0; i < EC_CFG_SLAVE_PD_SECTIONS; i++)
{
    if (0xFFFF == CfgSlaveInfo.wWkcStateDiagOffsIn[i])
    {
        /* offset not available */
        break;
    }

    if (EC_TESTBIT(pbyDiagnosisImage, CfgSlaveInfo.wWkcStateDiagOffsIn[i]))
    {
        /* ... error ... */
    }
}
```

See also:

emonGetDiagnosisImagePtr(), *emonGetCfgSlaveInfo()*

6.6.2 Master Sync Units

EtherCAT configurators can optionally group network slaves into disjoint subsets called Master Sync Units. Slaves in different Master Sync Units are served by separate datagrams and are thus independent from each other in terms of Working Counter diagnostics.

The following example demonstrates how to evaluate the WKC state of the Master Sync Unit 0:

```
EC_T_BYTE* pbyDiagnosisImage = emonGetDiagnosisImagePtr(dwInstanceId);
EC_T_MSU_INFO MsuInfo;

dwRes = emonGetMasterSyncUnitInfo(dwInstanceId, 0, &MsuInfo);

if (EC_TESTBIT(pbyDiagnosisImage, MsuInfo.wWkcStateDiagOffsIn))
{
    /* ... error ... */
}
```

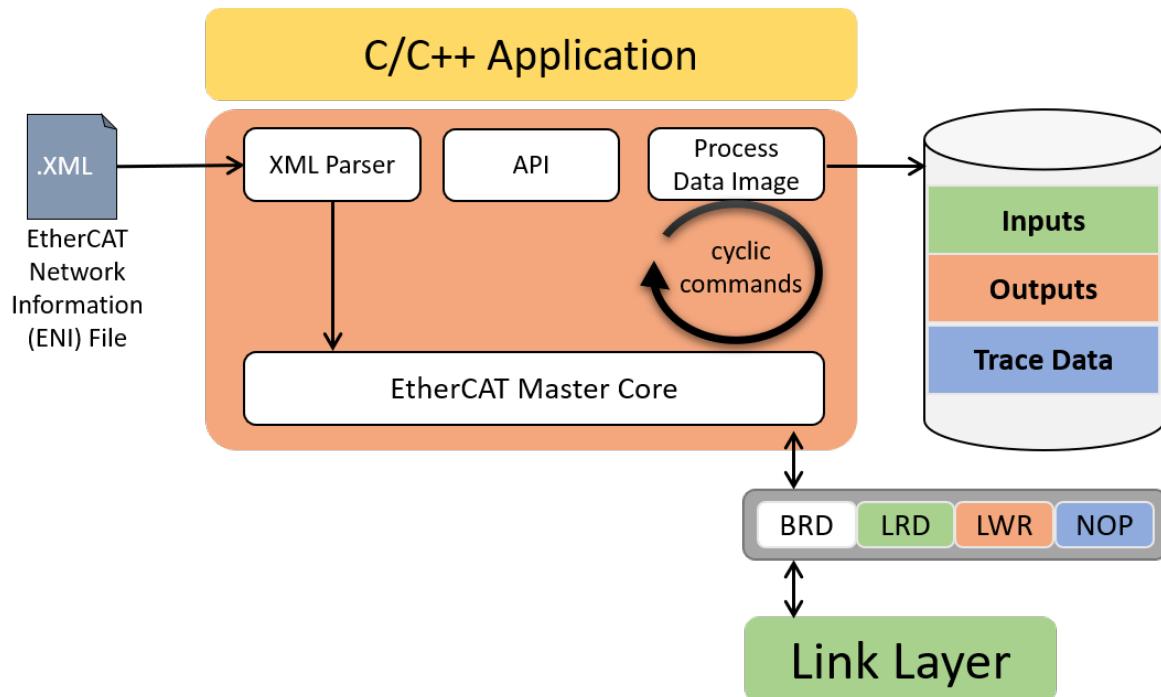
See also:

emonGetDiagnosisImagePtr(), *emonGetMasterSyncUnitInfo()*

6.7 Master Variables

Master variables are a EC-Master extension that allows applications to trace data in real time on the network. To ensure real-time transmission, it is implemented as part of the cyclic process data. They are placed behind the slave output data in the output area of the process data image of the EtherCAT application. The Master variables can be configured via the ENI with the help of the EC-Engineer.

Master variables can be captured with a network monitoring tool like Wireshark.



To transfer the data, an additional NOP command is appended to the end of the cyclic EtherCAT frame. The NOP command has ADP 0 and ADO 0x4154. The EC-Master automatically fills the data area of the NOP command with the current master variables when sending cyclic frames. Since the master variables are transferred to the network as NOP command, they are not evaluated by any ESC. Therefore, the WKC of the master variables remains 0 and the application cannot validate the data.

The easiest and most comfortable way to create master variables is with the help of the EC-Engineer. The necessary NOP command and the process data variables are automatically created and exported to the ENI. The process variables can be accessed as usual using the `emonFindOutpVarByNameEx()` function.

6.8 Operation without ENI

The EC-Monitor can operate on a reduced feature set without an ENI file. This is particularly useful in cases where an ENI file is unavailable or inaccessible. To operate the EC-Monitor in this mode, configure the network using the `eCnfType_GenEBI` configuration type.

In this mode, the EC-Monitor is able to observe basic information on the bus such as the network topology, slave descriptions and registers. The application can retrieve this information using `emonGetBusSlaveInfo` and `emonReadSlaveRegister` respectively. Because the EC-Monitor does not store or access EtherCAT® Slave Information (ESI) files, it does not have a process data image, and APIs which depend on configuration data will be limited or non-functional.

The EC-Monitor supports exporting an ENI Builder (*.ebi) configuration file. This file contains the observed network topology and slave descriptions and can be imported in the acontis EC-Engineer, which can export an ENI file in turn. This ENI file can then be used to operate the EC-Monitor on its full feature set.

See also:

- [*emonConfigureNetwork*](#)
- [*emonExportEniBuilderConfig*](#)

6.9 EC-Monitor Source Code

In a source code delivery the EC-Monitor sources are divided into 4 parts:

- SDK Header files
- Real-time Ethernet Driver files (multiple Real-time Ethernet Drivers may be shipped)
- Link OS layer files (only valid for the Real-time Ethernet Drivers)
- EC-Monitor files (configuration, core and interface layer)
- OS layer files

The EC-Monitor can be ported to several different operating systems and CPU architectures with different compilers and development environments. Typically no supported build environment files like IDE projects are shipped with the source code.

To build the EC-Monitor the appropriate build environment for the target operating system has to be used. If an integrated development environment (IDE) exists (Visual Studio, Eclipse, etc.) several projects containing all necessary files are needed to build the artefacts. If no integrated development environment is available makefiles and dependency rules may have to be created which contain the necessary EC-Monitor source and header files.

For most platforms three separate independent binaries will have to be generated:

1. Real-time Ethernet Driver Binary. The Real-time Ethernet Driver binary will be dynamically bound to the application at runtime.
2. EC-Monitor Library
3. Remote API Server Library

6.9.1 Real-time Ethernet Driver Binaries

The following files have to be included into an IDE project or makefile:

- Real-time Ethernet Driver files. Only one single Real-time Ethernet Driver must be selected even if multiple Real-time Ethernet Driver are shipped. For each Real-time Ethernet Driver a separate binary has to be created.
- Link OS layer files
- Windows: a dynamic link library (.dll) has to be created. The name of the DLL has to be emllXxxx.dll where Xxxx shall be replaced by the Link Layer type (e.g. emllI8255x.dll for the I8255x Link Layer).

6.9.2 EC-Monitor Binaries

The following files have to be included into an IDE project or makefile:

- EC-Monitor files
- OS layer files
- For all platforms a static library has to be created. This library will have to be linked together with the application.

6.9.3 Remote API Server Binaries:

The following files have to be included into an IDE project or makefile:

- Remote API server files.
- For all platforms a static library has to be created. This library will have to be linked together with the application.

See also:

Platform and Operating Systems (OS) for required tool chain settings

7 Platform and Operating Systems (OS)

7.1 Linux

7.1.1 OS optimizations

Linux itself is not real-time capable, so it is recommended to use it with the additional *PREEMPT_RT* patch.

The power management can disrupt cyclical processing, it is advisable to disable the *CPUIDLE sub-system* and *CPUFREQ sub-system*. The sub-systems can be disabled by changing the kernel command line parameters in the boot loader. On x86, x86_64 systems this is usually *GRUB*, on embedded devices with ARM, ARM64 is usually *u-boot*. It is also possible to build a custom kernel without these sub-systems.

Running a EC-Monitor application on a dedicated CPU core that is isolated from the Linux scheduler (*ISOLCPUS*) can provide additional stability.

7.1.1.1 CPUIDLE sub-system

Check if CPUFREQ sub-system is enabled:

```
$ ls /sys/devices/system/cpu/
```

If cpuidle appears in the list, it is enabled.

Disable CPUIDLE via the kernel command-line in GRUB:

```
linux /boot/vmlinuz-4.19.0-16-rt-amd64 cpuidle.off=1
```

7.1.1.2 CPUFREQ sub-system

Check if CPUFREQ sub-system is enabled:

```
$ ls /sys/devices/system/cpu/
```

If cpufreq appears in the list, it is enabled.

Disable CPUFREQ sub-system via the kernel command-line GRUB:

```
linux /boot/vmlinuz-4.19.0-16-rt-amd64 cpufreq.off=1
```

If CPUFREQ is not to be deactivated, the governor should be set to performance.

The currently active governor can be determined as follows:

```
$ cat /sys/devices/system/cpu/cpu*/cpufreq/scaling_governor
```

The available governors with:

```
$ cat /sys/devices/system/cpu/cpu*/cpufreq/scaling_available_governors
```

To change governor use:

```
$ echo performance > /sys/devices/system/cpu/cpu0/cpufreq/scaling_governor
```

7.1.1.3 ISOLCPUS

Isolate CPU core number 4 of a quad-core processor via the kernel command-line GRUB:

```
linux /boot/vmlinuz-4.19.0-16-rt-amd64 isolcpus=3
```

`isolcpus` alone removes scheduler tasks from selected CPUs, but does not prevent timer interrupts, RCU callbacks, or device IRQs. To fully isolate a CPU for real-time workloads, `nohz_full`, `rcu_nocbs`, and `irqaffinity` should be used together to eliminate kernel noise and ensure deterministic execution.

Enhanced isolation of CPU core 4 via the kernel command-line GRUB:

```
linux /boot/vmlinuz-4.19.0-16-rt-amd64 isolcpus=3 nohz_full=3 rcu_nocbs=3 rcu_
↪nobc_poll irqaffinity=0-2
```

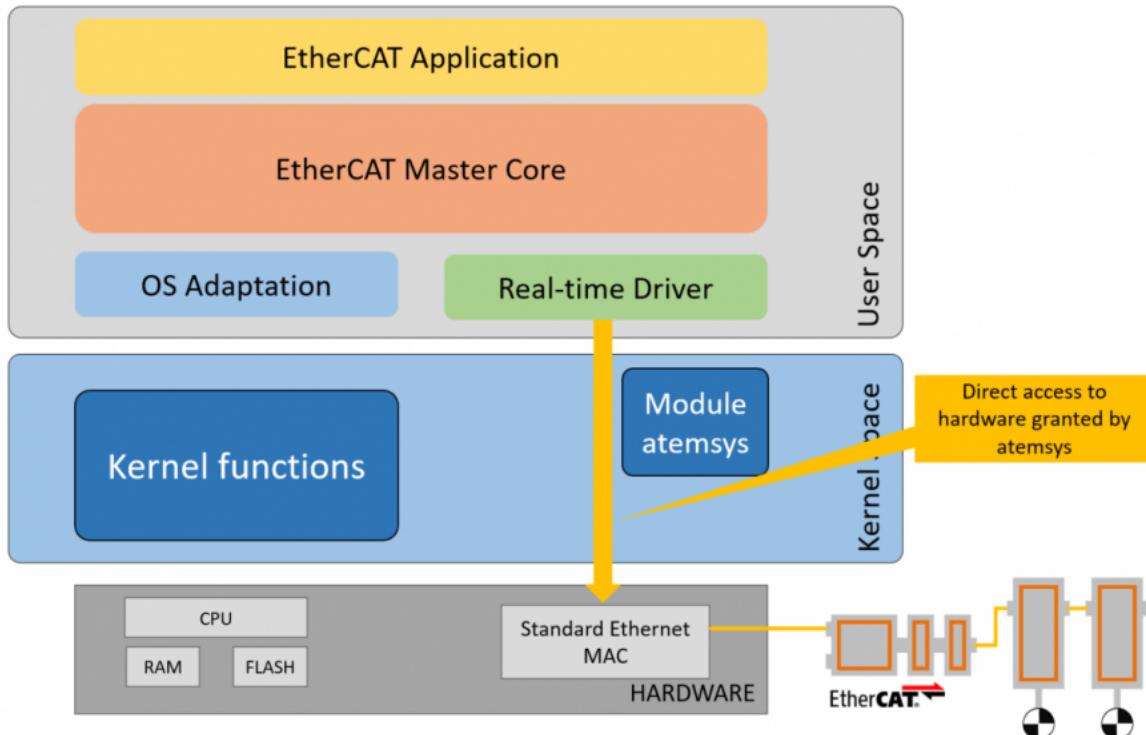
Running EcMonitorDemo on the isolated CPU core by setting the CPU affinity -a:

```
$ ./EcMonitorDemo -a 3
```

7.1.2 atemsys kernel module

To use Real-time Ethernet Driver under Linux, the atemsys kernel module must be compiled and loaded. atemsys grants direct access to hardware to improve the performance.

All necessary scripts, source code and a detailed description of the installation can be found on <https://github.com/acontis/atemsys>. A ready-to-use Yocto recipe is also available on <https://github.com/acontis/meta-acontis>



7.1.2.1 atemsys as Device Tree Ethernet Driver

atemsys can also be used as a device tree driver to avoid certain conflicts between the Real-time Ethernet Driver and the Linux kernel, e.g. power management, shared MDIO bus, etc..

A detailed guide on how to customize the device tree accordingly can also be found on <https://github.com/acontis/atemsys>. Example device tree modifications for different Real-time Ethernet Drivers/SoC can be found in <https://github.com/acontis/atemsys/wiki>.

Note: This is the preferred solution on all embedded devices with device tree support.

7.1.2.2 atemsys and PHY OS Driver

To use the PHY OS Driver, the acontis kernel module atemsys has to be included in the kernel device tree as an official driver for the Ethernet controller and doesn't required any additional configuration at the application level. As a result atemsys can interact with Linux drivers.

7.1.3 Unbind Ethernet Driver instance

Ethernet Driver instances used by Real-time Ethernet Drivers may not be bound by kernel drivers modules! Unbind can be done by unloading the kernel driver module, via the unbind interface of the driver or by modifying the device tree.

7.1.3.1 Unbind from kernel driver

The following command unbinds an instance without unloading the kernel driver module:

PCI

```
$ echo "<Instance-ID>" > /sys/bus/pci/drivers/<driver-name>/unbind
```

Example:

```
$ echo "0000:00:19.0" > /sys/bus/pci/drivers/e1000e/unbind
```

This call requires the PCI bus, device, function codes (in the above example it is 0000:00:19.0). The codes can be found using Linux commands like, for example:

```
$ ls /sys/bus/pci/drivers/e1000e
```

SOC

```
$ echo "<Instance-ID>" > /sys/bus/platform/drivers/<driver-name>/unbind
```

Example:

```
$ echo "2188000.ethernet" > /sys/bus/platform/drivers/fec/unbind
```

7.1.3.2 Unload kernel driver

Not all drivers allow unbinding of network adapters. If unbinding is not supported the corresponding Linux kernel driver must not be loaded.

The following command lists the loaded kernel modules that may conflict with Real-time Ethernet Driver:

```
$ lsmod | egrep "<module-name>"
```

Example:

```
$ lsmod | egrep "e1000|e1000e|igb"
```

PCI/PCIe: The command *lspci -v* shows which driver is assigned to which network card, e.g.:

```
$ lspci -v
```

```
...
11:0a.0 Ethernet controller: Intel Corporation 82541PI Gigabit Ethernet Controller
  ↳(rev 05)
...
Kernel driver in use: e1000e
```

Modules can be prevented from loading with the following commands:

```
$ echo blacklist <module-name> | sudo tee -a /etc/modprobe.d/blacklist.conf
$ update-initramfs -k all -u
$ sudo reboot
```

The following table shows the Kernel modules related to the Real-time Ethernet Driver:

Chip	Real-time Ethernet Driver	Kernel driver(s)	Remarks
Broadcom Genet	emllBcmGenet	genet	Unbind not supported
Beckhoff CCAT	emllCCAT	ec_bhf	
CPSW	emllCPSW	ti_cpsw	
Generic	emllDpdk		
DesignWare 3504	emllDW3504	stmmac	
	emllEG20T		
Freescale TSEC/eTSEC v1/2	emllETSEC	gianfar_driver	
Freescale FEC and ENET controller	emllFslFec	fec, fec_ptp	
Cadence GEM/MACB	emllGEM	gem, macb	
Intel Pro/1000	emlli8254x	igb, e1000, e1000e	
Intel Pro/1000	emlliIntelGbe	igb, e1000, e1000e	
Intel Pro/100	emlli8255x	e100	
ICSS	emlliICSS	prueth,pruss	Unbind not supported
RDC R6040	emllR6040		
Realtek RTL8139	emllRTL8139	8139too, 8139cp	
Realtek RTL8169 / RTL8111 / RTL8168	emllRTL8169	r8169	Unbind not supported
SuperH	emllSHEth	sh_eth	Unbind not supported
Generic	emllSockRaw		
Generic	emllSockXdp		

7.1.4 Docker

It is possible to operate EC-Monitor within a Docker container with realtime priority. The atemsys kernel module should be installed on the host in order to operate the container with the lowest possible capabilities and privileges.

The following additional settings, permissions for `docker run` are required:

Add atemsys device to container

```
--device=/dev/atemsys:/dev/atemsys
```

Allow max realtime priority

```
--ulimit rtprio=99
```

Add capability to set priority an lock memory

```
--cap-add=sys_nice  
--cap-add=ipc_lock
```

Publish RAS server port 6000

```
-p 6000:6000
```

7.1.5 Setting up and running EcMonitorDemo

1. Unbind Ethernet Driver instance, e.g.

```
$ echo 0000:00:19.0 > /sys/bus/pci/drivers/e1000e/unbind
```

2. Load atemsys kernel module

```
$ insmod atemsys.ko
```

3. Copy files from EC-Monitor package /bin and a eni.xml to directory e.g. /tmp.

4. Adjust LD_LIBRARY_PATH search locations for Real-time Ethernet Driver if necessary, e.g.

```
$ export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=/tmp:$LD_LIBRARY_PATH
```

5. Run EcMonitorDemo

```
$ cd /tmp  
$ ./EcMonitorDemo -intelgbe 1 1 -f eni.xml -perf
```

See also:

[Running EcMonitorDemo](#)

7.1.5.1 Run in Docker container

1. Unbind Ethernet Driver instance and load atemsys on the host.
2. Create a directory on the host (e.g. ~/docker) and copy files from EC-Monitor package /bin and eni.xml into this directory.

3. Start bash console in container

```
$ sudo docker run -it --name atem_container  
→ --device=/dev/atemsy:/dev/atemsy --ulimit rtprio=99  
→ --cap-add=sys_nice --cap-add=ipc_lock -v ~/docker:/home/docker  
→ -p 6000:6000 ubuntu bash
```

Command line arguments:

- -it Allocate a pseudo-TTY and run container
- --name atem_container Container name
- --device=/dev/atemsy:/dev/atemsy Add atemsy device to container
- --ulimit rtprio=99 Allow max realtime priority
- --cap-add=sys_nice Add Linux capability to set priority
- --cap-add=ipc_lock Add Linux capability to lock memory

- `-v ~/docker:/home/docker` Mount previously created directory to container
- `-p 6000:6000` Publish RAS server port *6000*
- `ubuntu bash` Use Docker image *ubuntu* and start bash

4. Run EcMonitorDemo in container

```
# cd /home/docker
# export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=.
# ./EcMonitorDemo -intelgbe 2 1 -f eni.xml -perf
```

7.1.6 OS Compiler settings

Besides the general settings from *Compiling the EcMonitorDemo* the following settings are necessary to build the example application for Linux

Possible ARCHs (see ATECAT_ARCHSTR in **SDK/INC/Linux/EcOsPlatform.h):**

- aarch64 (ARM 64Bit)
- armv4t-eabi (ARM 32Bit)
- armv6-vfp-eabihf (ARM 32Bit)
- armv7-vfp-eabihf (ARM 32Bit)
- PPC (PPC 32Bit with “-te500v2”)
- riscv64 (RISC-V 64Bit)
- x64 (x86 64Bit)
- x86 (x86 32Bit)

The ARM 32Bit architectures *armv4t-eabi* and *armv6-vfp-eabihf/armv7-vfp-eabihf* are incompatible with each other. An ARM VFP system returns success on

```
$ readelf -A /proc/self/exe | grep Tag_ABI_VFP_args
```

Extra include paths

<InstallPath>/Examples/Common/Linux
<InstallPath>/SDK/INC/Linux

Extra source paths

<InstallPath>/Examples/Common/Linux
<InstallPath>/Sources/OsLayer/Linux

Extra library paths to the main EtherCAT components

<InstallPath>/SDK/LIB/Linux/<Arch>

Extra libraries (in this order)

EcMonitor pthread dl rt

7.1.7 Build using cmake on Linux

Example usage to build Linux x64 Debug with cmake:

```
$ cmake -DEC_OS=Linux -DEC_ARCH=x64  
$ cmake --build .
```

7.1.8 Cross-platform development under Windows

The following steps describe how to develop Linux cross-platform developing on Windows for Linux , you can follow :

```
-DEC_OS=Windows -DEC_ARCH=x64
```

1. Install MinGW

- Download the latest version of MinGW from the MinGW official website <https://osdn.net/projects/mingw/>
- Install the mingw-get-setup.exe tool to C:\MinGW
- Select the “Basic Setup”
- Apply changes

2. Install a cross platform toolchain

- Download a cross-platform toolchain from e.g. the Linaro release storage server <https://releases.linaro.org/components/toolchain/gcc-linaro/>
- Unpack it to C:\MinGW\opt

3. Build using cmake on Linux

Example usage to build for Linux x64 Debug on Windows with cmake and ninja:

```
$ cmake -DEC_OS=Linux -DEC_ARCH=x64 -DCMAKE_BUILD_TYPE=Debug .  
$ cmake --build .
```

4. Build for LxWin using cmake on Linux

Example usage to build EcMasterDemo for Linux x64 Debug on Windows with cmake and ninja:

```
Workspace/LxWin/cmake/x64/Debug> cmake.exe -G Ninja ../../../../..  
↳ -DCMAKE_TOOLCHAIN_FILE=../../../../Linux/Toolchain.cmake -DEC_OS=LxWin  
↳ -DEC_ARCH=x64 -DCMAKE_BUILD_TYPE=Debug  
Workspace/LxWin/cmake/x64/Debug> ninja.exe EcMasterDemo
```

5. Cross build using cmake for Linux on Windows

Example usage to build EcMasterDemo for Linux x64 Debug on Windows with cmake and ninja:

```
Workspace/Linux/cmake/x64/Debug> cmake.exe -G Ninja ../../../../..  
↳ -DCMAKE_TOOLCHAIN_FILE=../../../../Toolchain.cmake -DEC_OS=Linux -DEC_ARCH=x64  
↳ -DCMAKE_BUILD_TYPE=Debug  
Workspace/Linux/cmake/x64/Debug> ninja.exe EcMasterDemo
```

6. Cross build using Eclipse CDT on Windows

- Download and install the latest version of Eclipse CDT from the Eclipse official website <https://projects.eclipse.org/projects/tools.cdt>
- Create a start batch file for eclipse

```

set PATH=C:\MinGW\bin;C:\MinGW\msys\1.0\bin;%LINUX_CROSS_GCC_ARM_PATH%;
set LINUX_CROSS_GCC_ARM_PATH=C:\MinGW\opt\gcc-linaro-7.3.1-2018.05-i686-
mingw32_aarch64-linux-gnu\bin
set CFLAGS=-IC:\MinGW\opt\gcc-linaro-7.3.1-2018.05-i686-mingw32_aarch64-
linux-gnu\aarch64-linux-gnu\libc\usr\include
set CROSS_COMPILE=aarch64-linux-gnu-
set ARCH=aarch64
eclipse.exe

```

7.2 QNX Neutrino

7.2.1 Thread priority

QNX supports a total of 256 scheduling priority levels. A non-root thread can set its priority to a level from 1 to 63 (the highest priority).

Using priorities higher than 63 is only possible if the allowed priority range is changed for non-root processes:

```
$ procnto -P priority
```

For more information's about changing the priority range refer to the QNX documentation.

Attention: Don't changing the priority range leads to bad timing performance!

7.2.2 Unbind Ethernet Driver instance

The network interface must be unloaded if it is used by an operating system driver. Depending on the QNX version, a corresponding command must be executed in the QNX Shell or the QNX Build Script.

QNX >= 6.5

```
ifconfig en1 destroy
```

QNX >= 7.1

```
umount /dev/io-sock/devs-em.so/em1
```

7.2.3 IOMMU/SMMU support

For systems that have to use an IOMMU/SMMU for security reasons, it is possible to create predefined typed memory region that is used by the Real-time Ethernet Driver. The definition has to be done in the QNX BSP build file and the name must match following pattern:

smm_LinkLayerName - InstanceNumber(32Bit Hex)

Example: Real-time Ethernet Driver eml1IntelGbe with instance number 1

```
smm_eml1IntelGbe-0x00000001
```

A separate typed memory region must be defined for each Real-time Ethernet Driver instance. The typed memory is automatically used by the Real-time Ethernet Driver if it matches the pattern, otherwise the default memory is used.

7.2.4 Setting up and running EcMonitorDemo

1. QNX Neutrino OS configuration

In order to get real-time priority (e.g. 250), see [Thread priority](#) and also set JOBS_PRIORITY. The applications needs root privileges to increase the priority above 63.

2. Unbind Ethernet Driver instance, e.g.

```
$ ifconfig en1 destroy
```

3. Copy files from EC-Monitor package /bin and eni.xml to directory, e.g. /tmp.

4. Adjust LD_LIBRARY_PATH search locations for Real-time Ethernet Driver if necessary, e.g.

```
$ export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=/tmp:$LD_LIBRARY_PATH
```

5. Run EcMonitorDemo

```
$ cd /tmp  
$ ./EcMonitorDemo -intelgbe 1 1 -f eni.xml -perf
```

See also:

[Running EcMonitorDemo](#)

7.2.5 OS Compiler settings

Besides the general settings from [Compiling the EcMonitorDemo](#) the following settings are necessary to build the example application for QNX Neutrino.

Extra include paths

```
<InstallPath>/SDK/INC/QNX  
<InstallPath>/Examples/Common/QNX
```

Extra source paths

```
<InstallPath>/Examples/Common/QNX  
<InstallPath>/Sources/OsLayer/QNX
```

Extra library paths to the main EtherCAT components

```
<InstallPath>/SDK/LIB/QNX/<Arch>
```

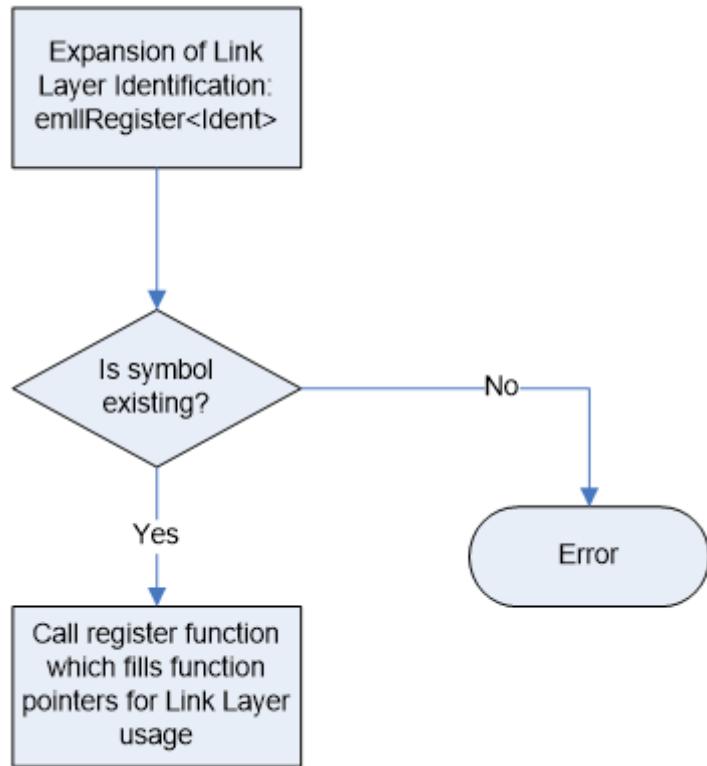
Extra libraries (in this order)

```
EcMonitor socket
```

7.3 Windriver VxWorks

Real-time Ethernet Driver for VxWorks are available. If none of the Real-time Ethernet Driver can be used, the SNARF Ethernet Driver must be selected.

The identification of the Real-time Ethernet Driver is done like this:



7.3.1 VxWorks native

The BSP has to be prepared to support Real-time Ethernet Driver:

1. To use a Real-time Ethernet Driver the adapter memory has to be mapped into VxWorks memory space (VxWorks 5.x only). I.e. for the Intel Pro/100 Ethernet Driver this can be achieved by setting the INCLUDE_FEI_END macro in the BSP configuration file config.h.
2. To avoid conflicts with the VxWorks network driver which normally will be loaded when INCLUDE_FEI_END is set the file configNet.h has to be adjusted in a way that the network driver is not loaded. The network driver entry has to be removed from the endDevTbl[]:

```

END_TBL_ENTRY endDevTbl [] =
{
    :       :       :
    :       :       :
    :       :       :
/*
#ifndef INCLUDE_FEI_END
    {0, FEI82557_LOAD_FUNC, FEI82557_LOAD_STRING, FEI82557_BUFF_LOAN,
     NULL, FALSE},
#endif /* INCLUDE_FEI_END */
*/
    :       :       :
    :       :       :

```

Warning: Do not call `muxDevUnload()` for a device managed by a VxBus driver. VxBus drivers expect to call `muxDevUnload()` themselves in their `{vxbDrvUnlink}()` methods, and instability may result if `muxDevUnload()` is called for a VxBus network device instance by other code.

See also:

The VxWorks Device Driver Developer's Guide for more information about unloading VxBus network devices

7.3.2 SNARF Ethernet Driver

The SNARF Ethernet Driver is only needed if none of the Real-time Ethernet Driver can be used. The appropriate network adapter drivers have to be added to the VxWorks image.

7.3.3 Setting up and running EcMonitorDemo

1. VxWorks OS configuration

See sections above.

2. Determine the network interface

Using the command line option the network interface card and Real-time Ethernet Driver to be used in the example application can be determined.

3. Connection of the EtherCAT® slaves

The slaves have to be connected with the VxWorks system using an Ethernet switch or a patch cable. Local IT infrastructure should not be mixed with EtherCAT® modules at the same switch as the EC-Monitor will send many broadcast packets! EtherCAT® requires a 100Mbit/s connection. If the VxWorks network adapter card does not support this speed an 100Mbit/s (!) Ethernet switch has to be used.

4. Download an Real-time Ethernet Driver module

The Real-time Ethernet Driver library (e.g. `eml1IntelGbe.out`) which contains hardware support for the corresponding NIC must be downloaded. By default the Ethernet Driver `eml1SnarfGpp` are contained with the binary delivery.

5. Download the example application

The target has to be started and a target-server connection will have to be established. After this the example application can be downloaded into the target.

6. Set up a FTP server connection on host

The demo application needs to load a XML file (`eni.xml`) for the configuration of the EC-Monitor. This file can be accessed using a FTP server. The screen shot below show, how to configure the FTP server. The directory contents can be checked via FTP using the `ls` command. The file `eni.xml` will have to be accessed using the default directory.

7. Check for exclusive hardware access

Be sure that the network adapter instance dedicated to EtherCAT® is not controlled by a VxWorks driver, this can be verified using:

```
-> muxShow
```

If it is needed, first unload the driver using: (e.g. first instance of the Intel Pro/100):

```
-> muxDevUnload "fei", 1
```

(e.g. second instance of the Intel Pro/1000):

```
-> muxDevUnload "gei", 2
```

(e.g. first instance of the Realtek 8139):

```
-> muxDevUnload "rtl", 1
```

(e.g. first instance of the Realtek 8169):

```
-> muxDevUnload "rtg", 1
(e.g. first instance of the FEC on Freescale iMX platform):
-> muxDevUnload "motfec", 1
(e.g. first instance of the ETSEC on Freescale PPC platform):
-> muxDevUnload "motetsec", 1
```

8. Run the example application

The downloadable module `EcMonitorDemo.out` has to be executed. The configuration file `eni.xml` will be used and thus has to be accessible in the current working directory. The appropriate Real-time Ethernet Driver and network adapter card have to be selected. If the log files shall be written the global variable `bLogFileEnb` has to be set to 1 prior to starting the demo.

Loading and running the demo:

```
-> ld<EcMonitorDemo.out
-> sp EcMasterAppMain, "-intelgbe 1 1 -f eni.xml"
```

See also:

[Running EcMonitorDemo](#)

7.3.4 OS Compiler settings

Besides the general settings from [Compiling the EcMonitorDemo](#) the following settings are necessary to build the example application for VxWorks.

Extra include paths

```
<InstallPath>/SDK/INC/VxWorks
<InstallPath>/Examples/Common/VxWorks
```

Extra source paths

```
<InstallPath>/Examples/Common/VxWorks
<InstallPath>/Sources/OsLayer/VxWorks
```

Extra library paths to the main EtherCAT components

```
<InstallPath>/SDK/LIB/VxWorks/<ARCH>
```

GNU/PowerPC

`-mlongcall` compiler option may be needed to avoid relocation offset errors when downloading `.out` files.

7.4 Microsoft Windows

7.4.1 EcMonitorDemo

1. Install EC-Monitor

Run `setup.exe` from EC-Monitor package, which will guide you through the installation process.

2. Determine the network interface

For example the option `-ndis 192.168.1.1 1` will be using the network adapter card with the IP address 192.168.1.1.

3. Insert a TAP device after the Master Controller to capture the EtherCAT traffic and start the EtherCAT master

4. Run the example application

Execute EcMonitorDemo.exe from <InstallPath>/Bin/Windows/<Arch>/. At least an Ethernet Driver option has to be given.

```
C:  
> EcMonitorDemo -ndis 192.168.1.1 1 -f D:/eni.xml -sp
```

See also:

Running EcMonitorDemo for a detailed description of the demo application.

7.4.2 EcMonitorDemoGuiDotNet (.NET) - Microsoft Windows

1. Prerequisites

To run the EcMonitorDemoGuiDotNet.exe, the libraries EcMonitor.dll, EcWrapperDotNet.dll, EcWrapper.dll and emllNdis.dll from Bin/Windows/x64 are needed in Bin/Windows/x64/Release, Bin/Windows/x64/Debug

2. Visual Studio C#-project

The C#-project for VS2015 or higher is located at Workspace/WindowsVS2015/EcMonitorDemoGuiDotNet/EcMonitorDemoGuiDotNet.csproj

3. If the reference EcWrapperDotNet is missing, it must be re-added from Bin/Windows/x64/EcWrapperDotNet.dll
4. EcMonitorDemoGuiDotNet is now prepared for Run/Debug

7.4.3 OS Compiler settings

Besides the general settings from *Compiling the EcMonitorDemo* the following settings are necessary to build the example application for Windows.

Extra include paths

```
<InstallPath>\SDK\INC\Windows  
<InstallPath>\Examples\Common\Windows
```

Extra source paths

```
<InstallPath>\Examples\Common\Windows  
<InstallPath>\Sources\OsLayer\Windows
```

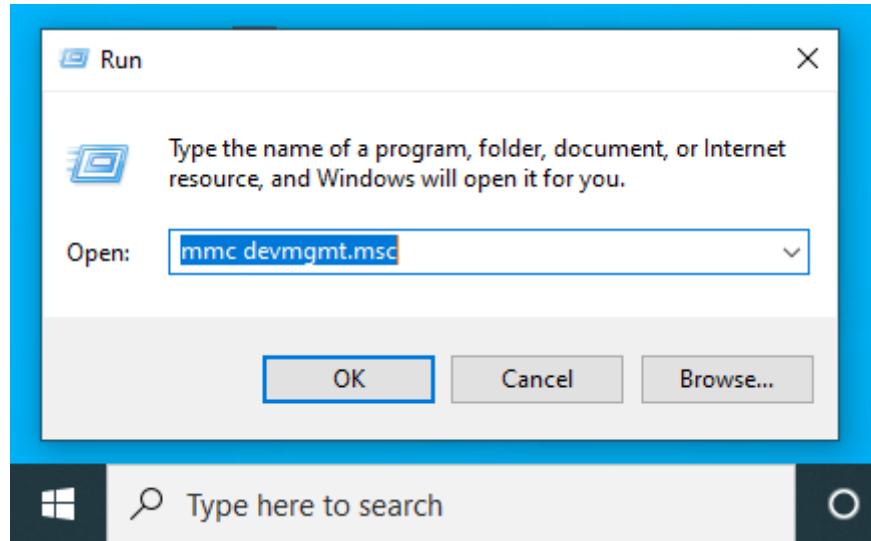
Extra library paths to the main EtherCAT components

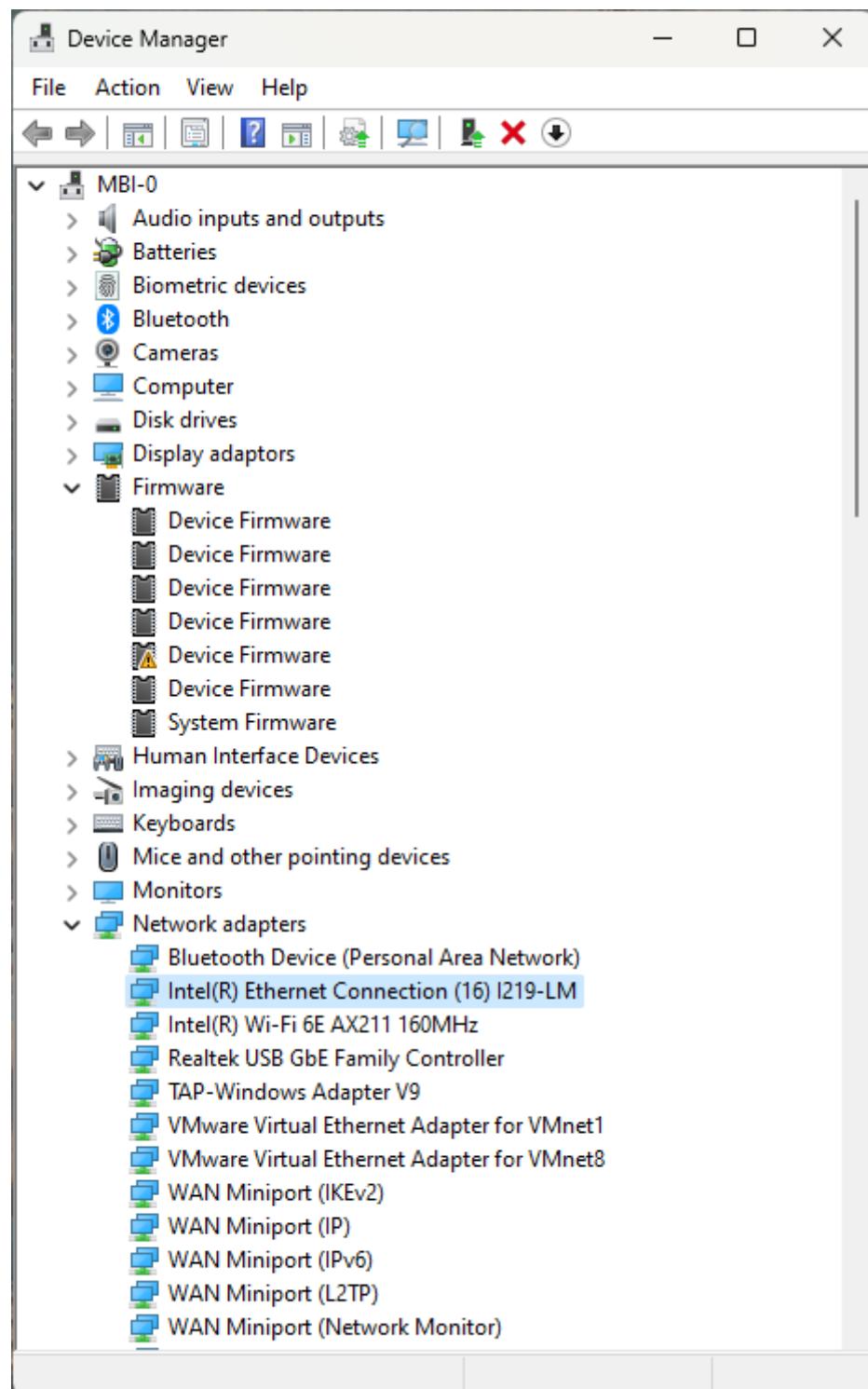
```
<InstallPath>\SDK\LIB\Windows
```

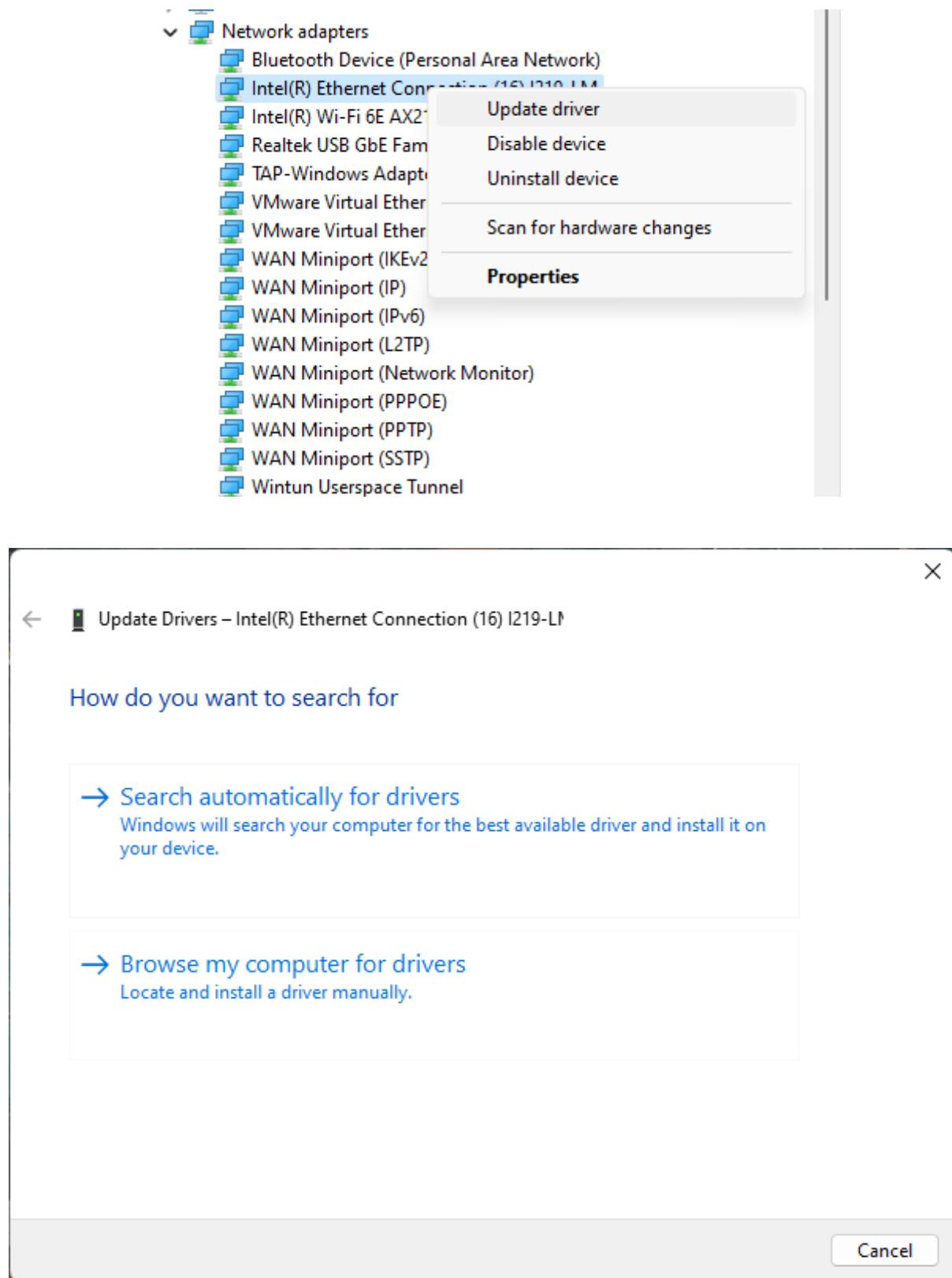
7.4.4 RtaccDevice for Real-time Ethernet Driver

As alternative to the NDIS based or Pcap based Ethernet Driver, an optional Real-time Ethernet Driver on Windows can be installed. The Real-time Ethernet Driver replaces the original Windows driver and also requires an extra license.

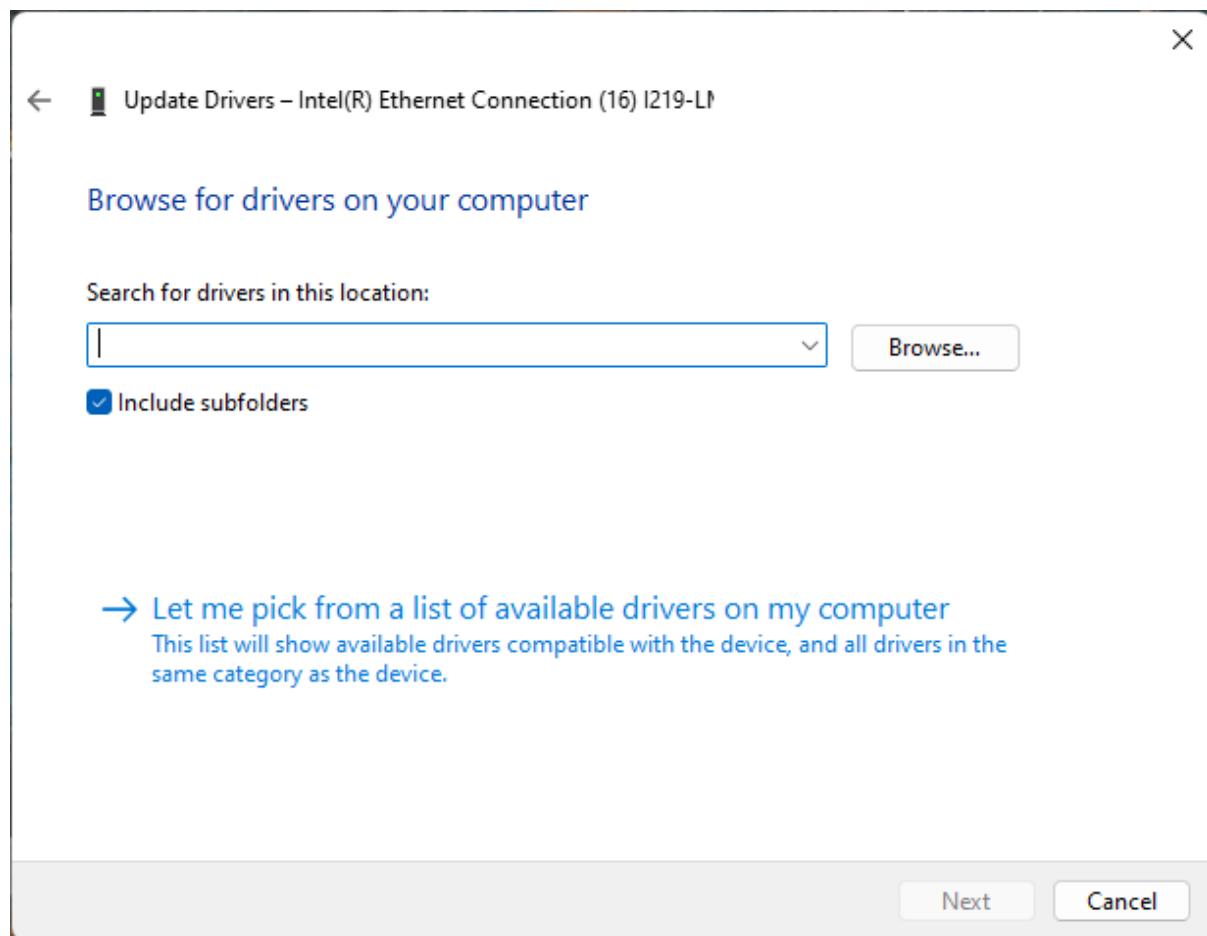
To use the Real-time Ethernet Driver under Windows, it is necessary to install the RtaccDevice driver included in the Real-time Ethernet Driver delivery:

1. Start the “Device Manager”**2. Assign RtaccDevice to the network adapter**

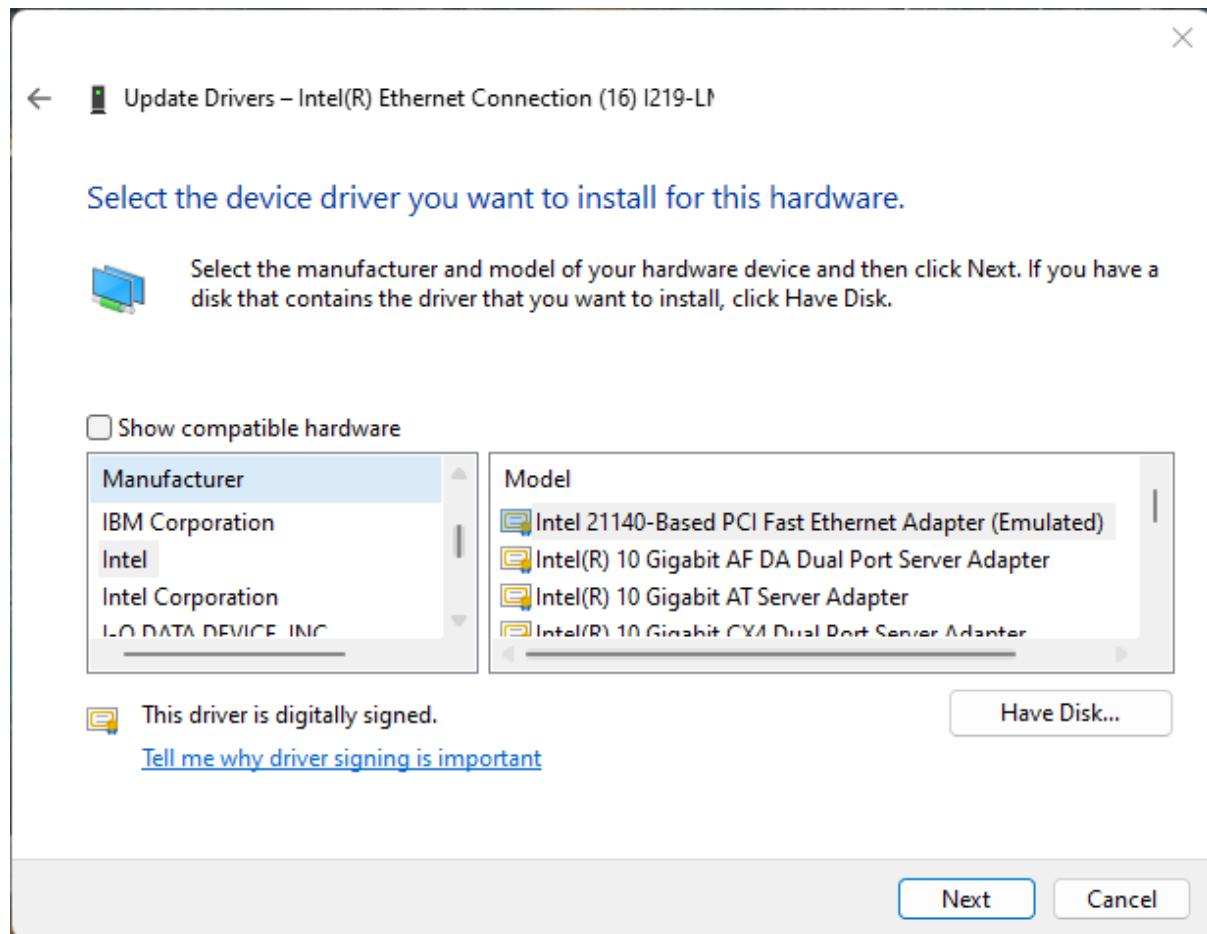




Click on “Browse my computer for driver”



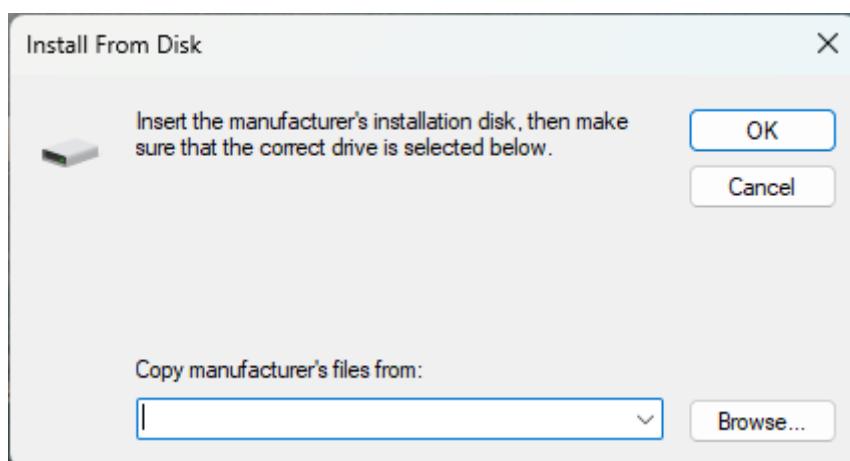
Click on “Let me pick...”



Click on “Have Disk...”

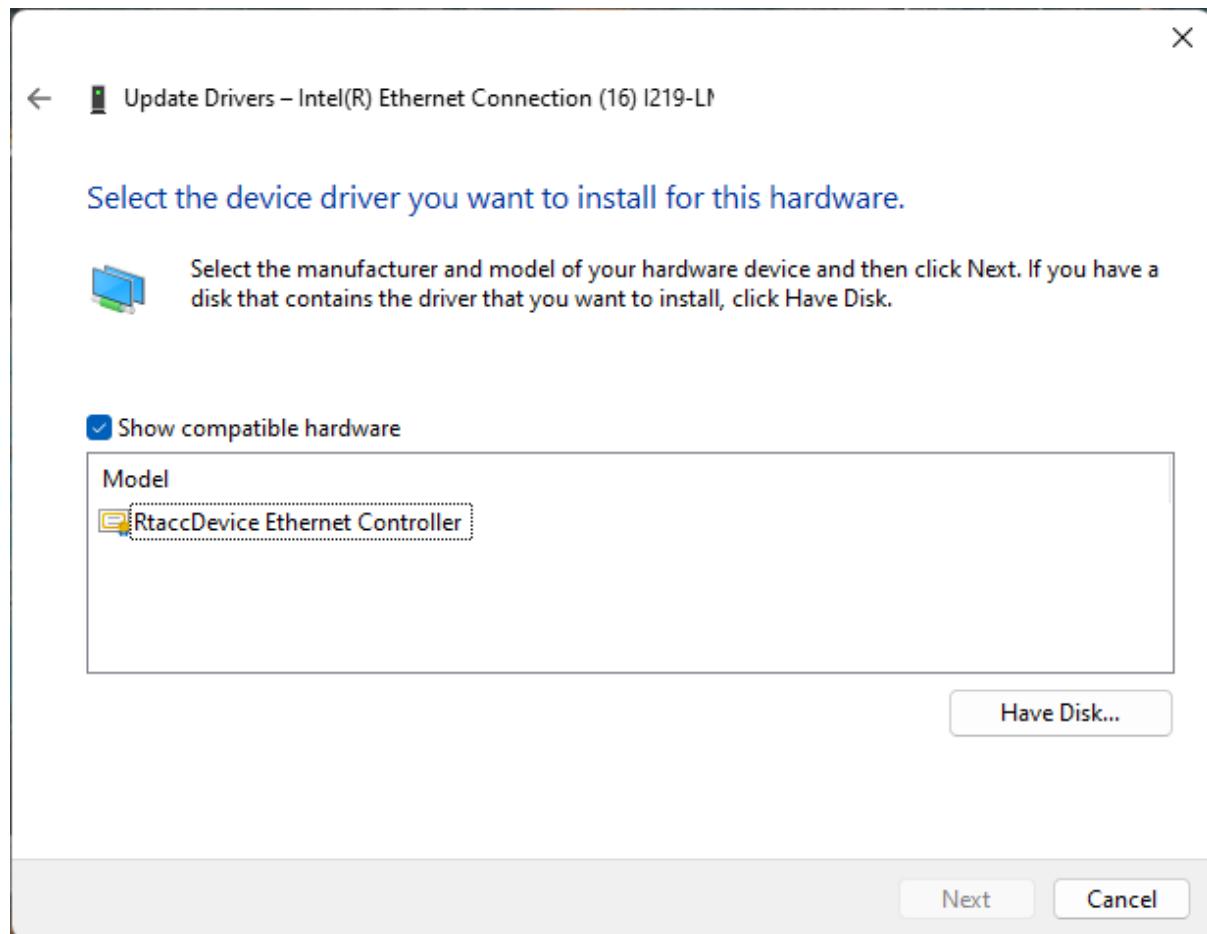
3. Enter the directory of RtaccDevice Driver

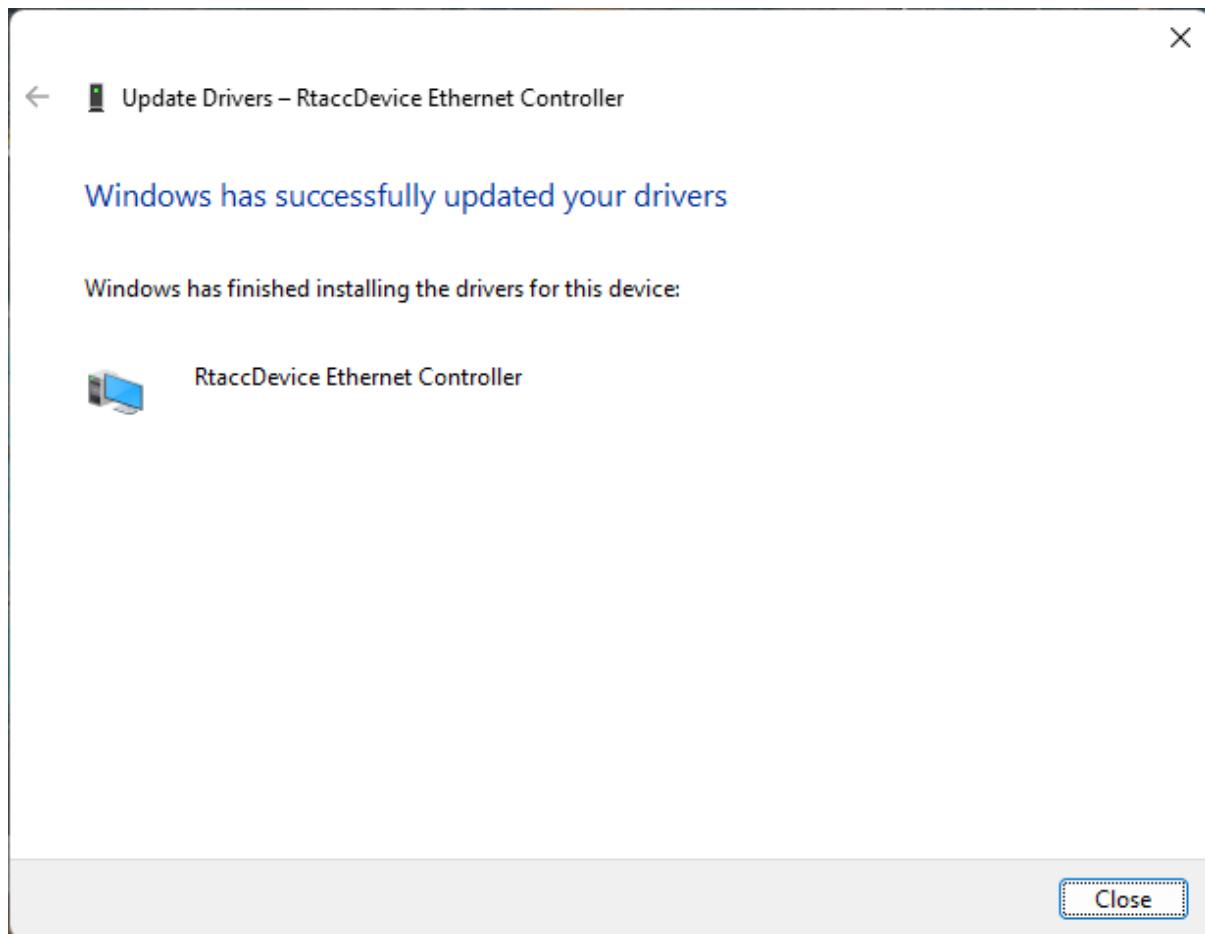
The default folder if not changed is <InstallPath>\Bin\Windows\x64



Enter the correct directory at the input box and press OK to proceed.

4. Choose the RtaccDevice Driver and click “Next” and confirm the installation





Optionally modify search location Real-time Ethernet Driver

Search locations for Real-time Ethernet Driver can be adjusted using the PATH environment variable.

8 Real-time Ethernet Driver

8.1 Real-time Ethernet Driver selection

The EC-Monitor currently supports a variety of different Real-time Ethernet Driver modules, each of which contained in a single library file, which is loaded by the core library dynamically. The EC-Monitor shipment consist of a core library and one (or more) libraries each containing support for one specific Real-time Ethernet Driver module (type of hardware card). Which library actually is loaded, is depending on the Real-time Ethernet Driver parameters at runtime.

Real-time means operating directly on the network device's register set instead of using the operating system's native driver.

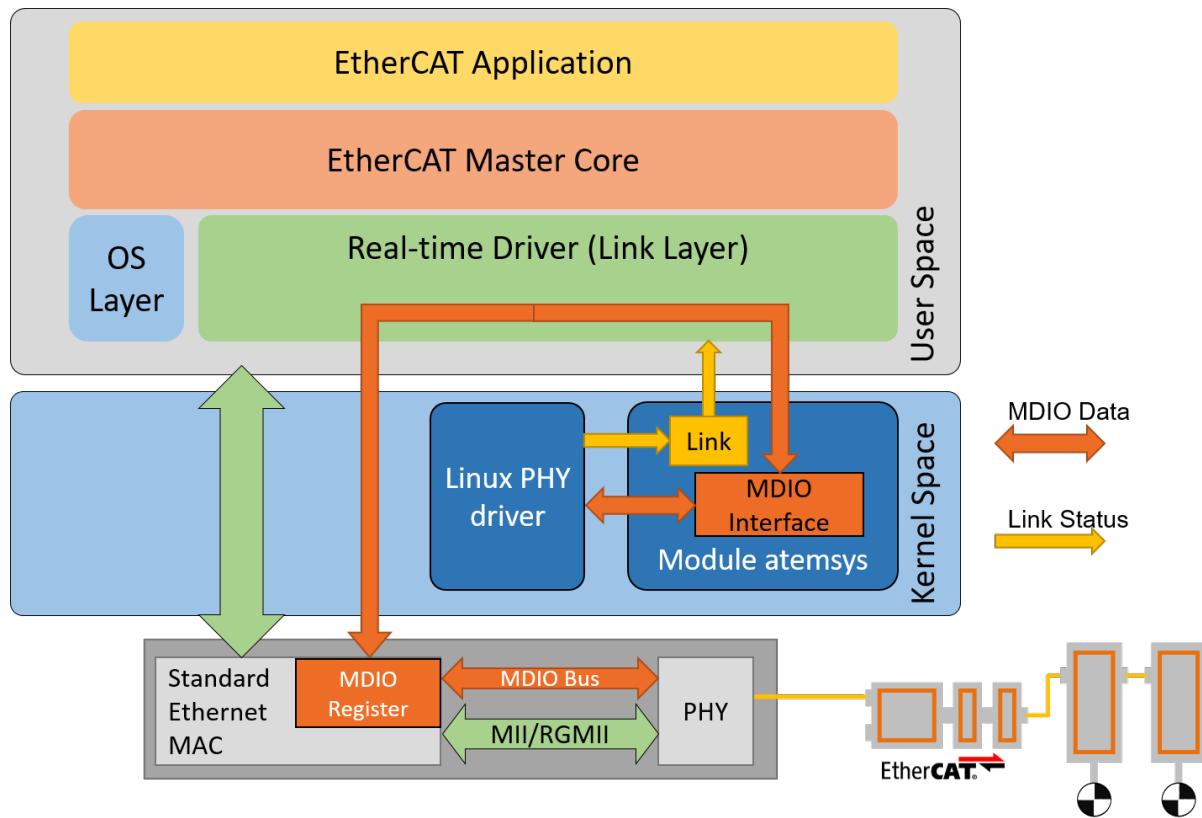
The principle of Real-time Ethernet Driver selection is that the name of the Real-time Ethernet Driver (Real-time Ethernet Driver Identification) is used to determine the location and name of a registration function, which is called by the EC-Monitor and registers function pointers which allow access to the Real-time Ethernet Driver functional entries.

The EtherCAT® Real-time Ethernet Driver will be initialized using a Real-time Ethernet Driver specific configuration parameter set. A pointer to this parameter set is part of the EC-Monitor initialization settings.

The EC-Monitor supports two Real-time Ethernet Driver operating modes: - Interrupt mode all received Ethernet frames will be processed immediately in the context of the Real-time Ethernet Driver receiver task. - Polling mode the EC-Monitor will call the Real-time Ethernet Driver receiver polling function prior to processing received frames.

8.1.1 Real-time Ethernet Driver and PHY OS Driver

Some operating systems, e.g. Linux and Xenomai, provide drivers for most common Ethernet controllers and their related physical transceivers (PHY). The manufacturer specific PHY circuits can be handled by a dedicated driver. Using the PHY OS Driver interface it is possible to use the manufacturer's dedicated PHY driver without modification of the Real-time Ethernet Driver driver. Depending on the hardware architecture, an additional module from acontis, e.g. atemsys for Linux, grants access to the MDIO bus to the OS drivers, or request MDIO operations from the OS drivers.



Note: Real-time Ethernet Driver modules not listed here may be available if purchased additionally

8.1.2 Real-time Ethernet Driver selection and initialization

The different Real-time Ethernet Driver modules are selected and parameterized by a common structure `EC_T_LINK_PARMS` shared by all Real-time Ethernet Driver and a Real-time Ethernet Driver specific structure, pointed to by an element within the common structure. This parameter set is given to `EC_T_MONITOR_INIT_PARMS::pLinkParms` with the call of `emonInitMonitor()`.

```
struct EC_T_LINK_PARMS
```

Public Members

`EC_T_DWORD dwSignature`

[in] Signature of the adapter specific structure containing the `EC_T_LINK_PARMS` structure

`EC_T_DWORD dwSize`

[in] Size of the adapter specific structure containing the `EC_T_LINK_PARMS` structure

`EC_T_LOG_PARMS LogParms`

[in] Logging parameters

`EC_T_CHAR szDriverIdent[EC_DRIVER_IDENT_NAMESIZE]`

[in] Name of Link Layer module (driver identification) for Link Layer Selection

EC_T_DWORD dwInstance

[in] Instance of the adapter. if EC_LINKUNIT_PCILOCATION is set: contains PCI address

EC_T_LINKMODE eLinkMode

[in] Mode of operation

EC_T_CPUSET cpuIstCpuAffinityMask

[in] Interrupt service thread CPU affinity mask

EC_T_DWORD dwIstPriority

[in] Task priority of the interrupt service task (not used in polling mode)

EC_T_DWORD dwIstStackSize

[in] Task stack size

EC_T_DWORD dwLinkSpeed

[in] 10, 100, 1000 Mbit\s

EC_T_LINKLAYER_TIMINGTASK oLinkLayerTimingTask

[in] LinkLayer timimg task parameters

EC_T_CHAR szLoadPath[EC_DRIVER_PATH_MAXLEN]

[in] path from which the libraries should be loaded

struct ***EC_T_LINKLAYER_TIMINGTASK***

Public Members***EC_T_LINKLAYER_TIMING eLinkLayerTiming***

[in] LinkLayer timing task mode

EC_T_DWORD dwCycleTimeUsec

[in] Cycle time between 2 pfnStartCycle calls in us. Will be set by the master stack for the linklayer.

EC_T_LINK_STARTCYCLE_CALLBACK pfnStartCycle

[in] Callback function called cyclically according dwCycleTimeUsec

EC_T_VOID *pvStartCycleContext

[in] Context passed to each pfnStartCycle call

EC_T_DWORD dwTtsSendOffsetUsec

[in] Time between pfnStartCycle call and TTS frame transmission

EC_T_UINT64 nSystemTime

[in] System

8.1.3 Real-time Ethernet Driver instance selection via PCI location

For some operating systems it is possible to address the Real-time Ethernet Driver instance using its PCI address as an alternative. To do this, EC_LINKUNIT_PCILOCATION (0x01000000) and the PCI location must be set as `EC_T_LINK_PARMS::dwInstance`.

On Linux the PCI address can be shown using e.g.:

```
$ lspci | grep Ethernet
$ 00:19.0 Ethernet controller: Intel Corporation Ethernet Connection I217-LM (rev 04)
$ 04:00.0 Ethernet controller: Intel Corporation 82574L Gigabit Network Connection
$ 05:00.0 Ethernet controller: Intel Corporation 82574L Gigabit Network Connection
```

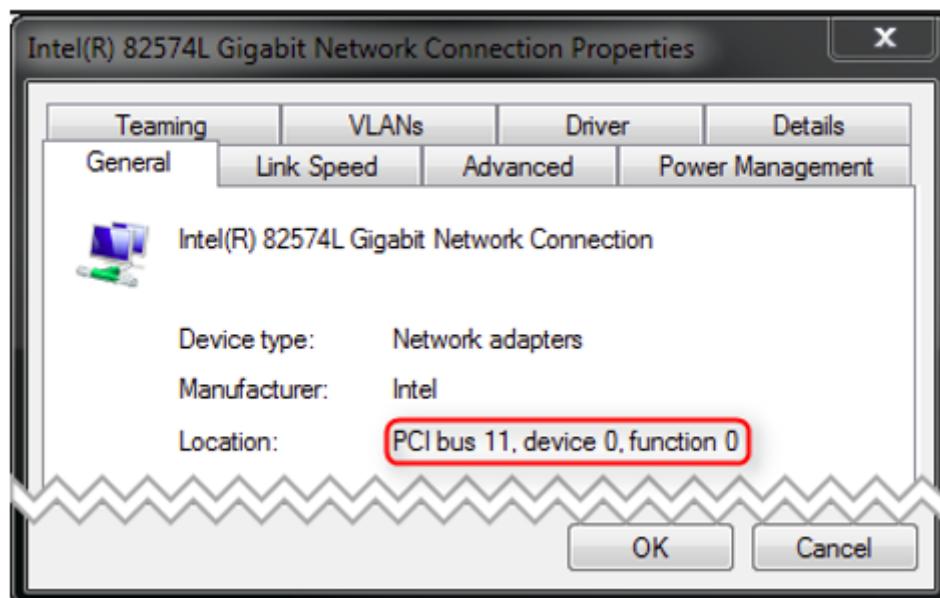
The format of `EC_T_LINK_PARMS::dwInstance` using PCI bus address is:

`0x01bbddff`

- *bb* Bus Number
- *dd* Device Number
- *ff* Function Number

`EC_T_LINK_PARMS::dwInstance = 0x01001900; // "0000:00:19.0"`

On Windows the integer value displayed in properties dialog must be converted to HEX. E.g the number from the following dialog (*PCI bus 11, device 0, function 0*) corresponds to `0x010B0000` (bus `0x0B`).



8.2 Windows NDIS - emlINdis

As default EC-Monitor for Windows contains emlINdis.dll to use a native Windows driver for EtherCAT®.

The acontis ECAT Protocol Driver is needed to use the Ethernet Driver NDIS and can be installed from

- Bin/Windows/x64/EcatNdisSetup-x86_64Bit.msi or
- Bin/Windows/x86/EcatNdisSetup-x86_32Bit.msi

respectively depend on the Windows Operating System Type of 64 Bit or 32 Bit.

IPv4 must be installed for the network adapter as the Ethernet Driver NDIS uses the IP address to identify the network adapter.

The parameters to the Ethernet Driver NDIS are setup-specific. The function `CreateLinkParmsFromCmdLineNDIS()` in `EcSelectLinkLayer.cpp` demonstrates how to initialize the Ethernet Driver instance.

```
struct EC_T_LINK_PARMS_NDIS
```

Public Members

`EC_T_LINK_PARMS linkParms`

Common link parameters. Signature must be set to `EC_LINK_PARMS_SIGNATURE_NDIS`

`EC_T_CHAR szAdapterName[EC_NDIS_ADAPTER_NAME_SIZE]`

ServiceName of network adapter, see `HKLM\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\NetworkCards` in registry (zero terminated)

`EC_T_BYTE abyIpAddress[4]`

IP address of network adapter

`EC_T_BOOL bDisablePromiscuousMode`

Disable adapter promiscuous mode

`EC_T_BOOL bDisableForceBroadcast`

Don't change target MAC address to FF:FF:FF:FF:FF:FF

In case of problems while using the Ethernet Driver, it is advised to set the windows registry entry `DontSetPromiscuousMode` of the ECAT NDIS Protocol driver. This option is available since V3.1.3.02 of the driver. This can be done through the following steps:

- Install ECAT NDIS Protocol driver (V3.1.3.02 or newer version)
- Open the registry editor
- Switch to `Computer\HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Services\Ecatndis`, or just look for `Ecatndis` in the editor
- Create a new DWORD entry named `DontSetPromiscuousMode`
- Set the value of `DontSetPromiscuousMode` to 1
- Close the registry editor and restart your computer

8.3 Windows WinPcap - emlIPcap

An Ethernet Driver based on the WinPcap library is shipped with the EC-Monitor. This Ethernet Driver is implemented using a network filter driver that enables the software to send and receive raw Ethernet frames. Using this Ethernet Driver any Windows standard network drivers can be used. The Windows network adapter card has to be assigned a unique IP address (private IP address range). This IP address is used by the EtherCAT® WinPcap Ethernet Driver driver to select the appropriate adapter.

It is recommended to use a separate network adapter to connect EtherCAT® devices. If the main network adapter is used for both EtherCAT® devices and the local area network there may be a main impact on the local area network operation. The network adapter card used by EtherCAT® has to be set to a fixed private IP address, e.g. 192.168.x.y.

The parameters to the Ethernet Driver WinPcap are setup-specific. The function `CreateLinkParmsFromCmdLineWinPcap()` in `EcSelectLinkLayer.cpp` demonstrates how to initialize the Ethernet Driver instance.

struct **EC_T_LINK_PARMS_WINPCAP**

Public Members

EC_T_LINK_PARMS linkParms

Common link parameters. Signature must be set to EC_LINK_PARMS_SIGNATURE_WINPCAP

EC_T_BYTE abyIpAddress[4]

IP address

EC_T_CHAR szAdapterId[MAX_LEN_WINPCAP_ADAPTER_ID]

Adapter ID, format: {XXXXXXXX-XXXX-XXXX-XXXX-XXXXXXXXXXXX}

EC_T_BOOL bFilterInput

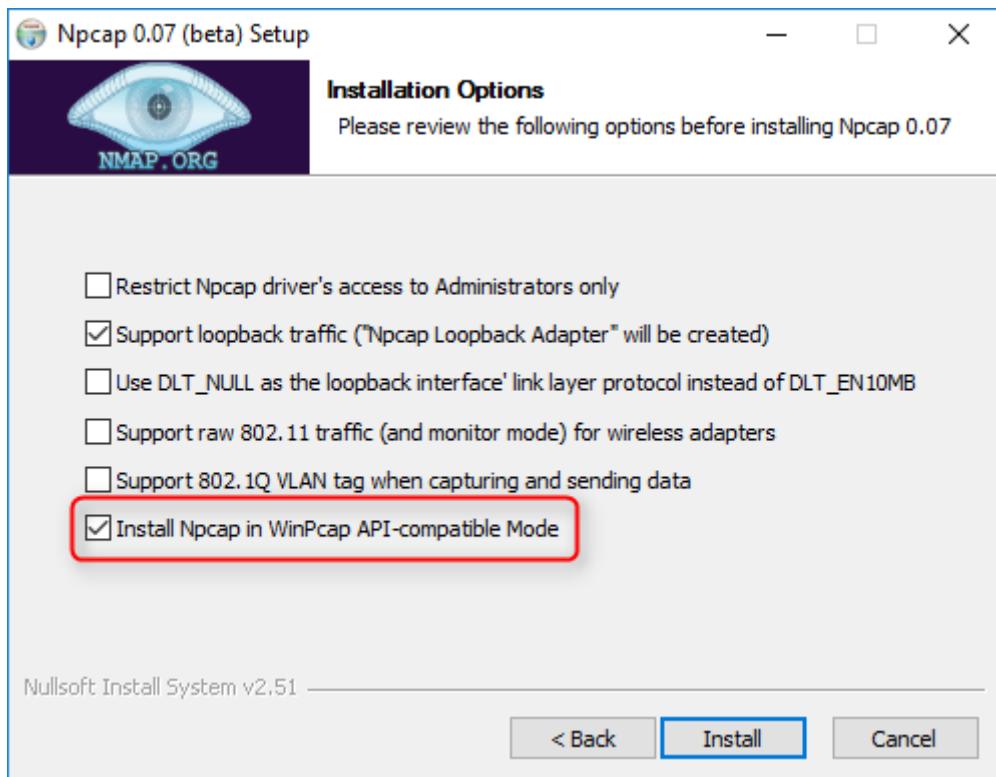
Filter input if EC_TRUE. This is needed on some system if the winpcap library notify the sent frames to the network adapter

8.3.1 WinPcap, Npcap support

At least WinPcap version 4.1.2 or Npcap 0.07 r17 must be used. WinPcap version 4.1.2 is the preferred library.

The EC-Monitor installer installs WinPcap by default.

If using Npcap 0.07 r17, the WinPcap API-compatible mode must be chosen:



9 Application programming interface, reference

Function prototypes, definitions etc. of the API can be found in the header file `EcMonitor.h` which is the main header file to include when using EC-Monitor.

Fundamental types

`typedef void *EC_T_PVOID`
Pointer of type void

`typedef int EC_T_BOOL`
Boolean

`typedef char EC_T_CHAR`
Character, 8 bit

`typedef unsigned short EC_T_WCHAR`
Wide-character, 16 bit

`typedef unsigned char EC_T_BYTE`
Byte, unsigned integer 8 bit

`typedef unsigned char *EC_T_PBYTE`
Pointer of type EC_T_BYTE

`typedef unsigned short EC_T_WORD`
Word, unsigned integer 16 bit

`typedef unsigned int EC_T_DWORD`
Double word, unsigned integer 32 bit

`typedef signed char EC_T_SBYTE`
Signed-Byte, signed integer 8 bit

`typedef signed short EC_T_SWORD`
Signed-Word, signed integer 16 bit

`typedef signed int EC_T_SDWORD`
Signed-Double-Word, signed integer 32 bit

`typedef int EC_T_INT`
Integer

`typedef unsigned int EC_T_UINT`
Unsigned-Integer

`typedef short EC_T_SHORT`
Short

`typedef unsigned short EC_T USHORT`
Unsigned-Short

typedef float EC_T_REAL
Real, floating point

typedef double EC_T_LREAL
long Real, floating point

typedef unsigned long long EC_T_UINT64
Unsigned integer 64 bits

typedef signed long long EC_T_INT64
Signed integer 64 bits

EC_T_VOID
Void type

Macros

EC_TRUE
Boolean value: True

EC_FALSE
Boolean value: False

EC_NULL
Null pointer constant

9.1 General functions

9.1.1 emonInitMonitor

```
EC_T_DWORD emonInitMonitor(  
    EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceId,  
    EC_T_MONITOR_INIT_PARMS *pParms  
)
```

Initialize EC-Monitor.

This function has to be called prior to calling any other function of EC-Monitor.

Parameters

- **dwInstanceId** – [in] Instance ID
- **pParms** – [in] Monitor initialization parameters

Returns

EC_E_NOERROR or error code

struct **EC_T_MONITOR_INIT_PARMS**

Public Members

EC_T_DWORD dwSignature

[in] Set to MONITOR_SIGNATURE

EC_T_DWORD dwSize

[in] Set to sizeof(EC_T_MONITOR_INIT_PARMS)

EC_T_LOG_PARMS LogParms

[in] Logging parameters

EC_T_OS_PARMS *pOsParms

[in] Operation system layer parameters

EC_T_LINK_PARMS *pLinkParms

[in] Link layer parameters

EC_T_ETHERNET_TAP_TYPE eEthTapType

[in] Type of Ethernet TAP

EC_T_DWORD dwBusCycleTimeUsec

[in] Bus cycle time [usec]

EC_T_DWORD dwMaxBusslaves

[in] Maximum pre-allocated bus slave objects

EC_T_DWORD dwBacktraceFrames

[in] Number of frames held in backtrace buffer. Total memory requirements of the buffer: $2 \times dwBacktraceFrames \times 1536\text{bytes}$

EC_T_PERF_MEAS_INTERNAL_PARMS PerfMeasInternalParms

[in] Internal performance measurement parameters

EC_T_WORKER_THREAD_PARMS WorkerThreadParms

[in] Internal worker thread parameters

EC_T_DWORD dwCommunicationTimeoutMsec

[in] Timeout [msec] for communication on the Ethernet TAP. 0: defaults to 3 sec, EC_WAITINFINITE: disables monitoring

EC_T_BOOL bApiLockByApp

[in] Lock pending API against emonDeinitMonitor(). EC_FALSE (default): locked internally. EC_TRUE: application is responsible for locking.

EC_T_CHAR szFileStoragePath[EC_FILESTORAGE_PATH_SIZE]

[in] Path used to store records and files, e.g. FoE transfers. EC_NULL: defaults to ""

EC_T_MBX_PARMS MbxParms

[in] Mailbox monitoring parameters

EC_T_BOOL bProcessRestructuredCyclicCmds

[in] Support processing of restructured cyclic command layout. All cyclic commands are processed as long as they are within the process data boundary of the ENI.

enum **EC_T_ETHERNET_TAP_TYPE**
Values:

enumerator **eEthTap_Unknown**
 Unknown type

enumerator **eEthTap_AutoDetect**
 Auto detect TAP type. If no suitable type is detected, eEthTap_Generic is used

enumerator **eEthTap_Generic**
 Generic Ethernet switch

enumerator **eEthTap_Beckhoff_ET2000**
 Beckhoff ET2000 Ethernet probe

enumerator **eEthTap_Kunbus_TapCurious**
 Kunbus TAP Curious Ethernet probe

enumerator **eEthTap_PortMirror**
 Port mirror Ethernet probe with separate monitoring ports for TX and RX. Only RX port supported.

enumerator **eEthTap_Dummy**

struct **EC_T_OS_PARMS**

Public Members

EC_T_DWORD dwSignature
 [in] Set to EC_OS_PARMS_SIGNATURE

EC_T_DWORD dwSize
 [in] Set to sizeof(EC_T_OS_PARMS)

EC_T_LOG_PARMS *pLogParms
 [in] Pointer to logging parameters

EC_PF_SYSTIME pfSystemTimeGet
 [in] Function to get host time in nanoseconds since 1st January 2000. Used as time base for DC Initialization.

EC_T_DWORD dwSupportedFeatures
 [in/out] reserved

EC_PF_QUERY_MSEC_COUNT pfSystemQueryMsecCount
 [in] Function to get system's msec count

struct **EC_T_LOG_PARMS**

Public Members

EC_T_DWORD dwLogLevel
 [in] Log level. See [*EC_LOG_LEVEL_...*](#)

EC_PF_LOGMSGHK pfLogMsg
 [in] Log callback function called on every message

EC_T_LOG_CONTEXT *pLogContext
 [in] Log context to be passed to log callback

EC_LOG_LEVEL_SILENT

EC_LOG_LEVEL_ANY

EC_LOG_LEVEL_CRITICAL

EC_LOG_LEVEL_ERROR

EC_LOG_LEVEL_WARNING

EC_LOG_LEVEL_INFO

EC_LOG_LEVEL_INFO_API

EC_LOG_LEVEL_VERBOSE

EC_LOG_LEVEL_VERBOSE_ACYC

EC_LOG_LEVEL_VERBOSE_CYC

EC_LOG_LEVEL_UNDEFINED

typedef ***EC_T_DWORD (*EC_PF_LOGMSGHK)(EC_T_LOG_CONTEXT *pContext, EC_T_DWORD dwLogMsgSeverity, const EC_T_CHAR *szFormat, ...)***

Parameters

- **pContext** – [in] Context pointer. This pointer is used as parameter when the callback function is called
- **dwLogMsgSeverity** – [in] Log message severity, [*EC_LOG_LEVEL_...*](#)
- **szFormat** – [in] String that contains the text to be written. It can optionally contain embedded format specifiers that are replaced by the values specified in subsequent additional arguments and formatted as requested.

Returns

EC_E_NOERROR or error code

struct ***EC_T_PERF_MEAS_INTERNAL_PARMS***

Public Members

EC_T_BOOL bEnabled
 [in] enable/disable internal performance counters.

EC_T_PERF_MEAS_COUNTER_PARMS CounterParms
 [in] Timer function settings. When not provided OsMeasGetCounterTicks is used

EC_T_PERF_MEAS_HISTOGRAM_PARMS HistogramParms
 [in] Histogram settings. When not provided the histogram is disabled.

struct **EC_T_PERF_MEAS_COUNTER_PARMS**

Public Members

EC_PF_PERF_MEAS_GETCOUNTERTICKS **pfGetCounterTicks**

[in] Function returning the current counter ticks

EC_T_VOID ***pvGetCounterTicksContext**

[in] Context passed into GetCounterTicks

EC_T_UINT64 **qwFrequency**

[in] Frequency in Hz used by the timer in GetCounterTicks

typedef **EC_T_UINT64** (***EC_PF_PERF_MEAS_GETCOUNTERTICKS**)(**EC_T_VOID** ***pvContext**)

Parameters

pvContext – [in] Arbitrarily application-defined parameter passed to callback

struct **EC_T_PERF_MEAS_HISTOGRAM_PARMS**

Public Members

EC_T_DWORD **dwBinCount**

[in] amount of bins to use for the histogram.

EC_T_UINT64 **qwMinTicks**

[in] results below qwMinTicks are stored in the first bin

EC_T_UINT64 **qwMaxTicks**

[in] results above qwMaxTicks are stored in the last bin

struct **EC_T_WORKER_THREAD_PARMS**

Public Members

EC_T_DWORD **dwPrio**

[in] Priority to use for the worker thread

EC_T_CPUSET **cpuAffinityMask**

[in] CPU affinity to use for the worker thread

struct **EC_T_MBX_PARMS**

Public Members

EC_T_DWORD dwMemoryPoolSize

[in] Memory for each slave supporting mailbox communication to record e.g. the CoE dictionary. The memory is asynchronously increased by dwBufferSize by the WorkerThread when it is over 80% full. 0: defaults to 1kb

EC_T_MBX_PARMS_COE Coe

[in] CoE parameters

EC_T_MBX_PARMS_FOE Foe

[in] FoE parameters

```
struct EC_T_MBX_PARMS_COE
```

Public Members

EC_T_BOOL bDisableNotifications

[in] Disable all CoE related EC_NOTIFY_MBOXRCV notifications

EC_T_BOOL bDisableODStorage

[in] Disable storage of CoE objects in the internal object dictionary

```
struct EC_T_MBX_PARMS_FOE
```

Public Members

EC_T_BOOL bDisableNotifications

[in] Disable all FoE related EC_NOTIFY_MBOXRCV notifications

EC_T_BOOL bDisableFileStorage

[in] Disable storage of FoE transfers as a file on the file system

EC_T_DWORD dwMaxQueuedMbxTransfers

[in] Maximum number of queued single FoE mailbox transfers that be used as a file write buffer. 0: defaults to 32

9.1.2 emonDeinitMonitor

EC_T_DWORD emonDeinitMonitor(EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceId)

Deinitialize EC-Monitor.

Waits for pending API calls if *emonInitMonitor()* was called with *EC_T_MONITOR_INIT_PARMS::bApiLockByApp = EC_FALSE* (default).

Parameters

dwInstanceId – [in] Instance ID

Returns

EC_E_NOERROR or error code

9.1.3 emonConfigureNetwork

```
EC_T_DWORD emonConfigureNetwork (
    EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID,
    EC_T_CNF_TYPE eCnfType,
    EC_T_PBYTE pbyCnfData,
    EC_T_DWORD dwCnfDataLen
)
```

Configure the Network.

This function must be called after the initialization. Among others the EtherCAT topology defined in the given XML configuration file will be stored internally.

Note: A client must not be registered prior to calling this function. Existing client registrations will be dropped.

Parameters

- **dwInstanceID** – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)
- **eCnfType** – [in] Type of configuration data provided
- **pbyCnfData** – [in] Filename / configuration data, or EC_NULL if eCnfType is eCnfType_GenEBI
- **dwCnfDataLen** – [in] Length of configuration data in byte, or zero if eCnfType is eCnfType_GenEBI

Returns

- **EC_E_NOERROR** if successful
- **EC_E_INVALIDSTATE** if master isn't initialized or eCnfType is eCnfType_GenPreopENI or eCnfType_GenOpENI and link is disconnected
- **EC_E_INVALIDPARAM** if dwInstanceID is out of range or pParms is EC_NULL contains some values out of range
- **EC_E_LINK_DISCONNECTED** if link is disconnected
- **EC_E_FEATURE_DISABLED** if a configured feature is not included in the license key
- **EC_E_NOTSUPPORTED** if a configured feature is not supported (e.g not compiled in the library)
- **EC_E_CFGFILENOTFOUND** if the ENI file cannot be found
- **EC_E_WRONG_FORMAT** if some format error have been detected in the ENI or EEPROM in case of eCnfType_GenPreopENI or eCnfType_GenOpENI
- **EC_E_OEM_SIGNATURE_MISMATCH** if the OEM signature in the ENI file doesn't match the used OEM key
- **EC_E_ENI_ENCRYPTION_WRONG_VERSION** if the ENI encryption version is not supported (e.g. the library is too old)
- **EC_E_ENI_ENCRYPTED** if the ENI is encrypted and no OEM key has been set
- **EC_E_XML_CYCCMDS_MISSING** if the ENI doesn't contain cyclic commands
- **EC_E_XML_ALSTATUS_READ_MISSING** if the ENI doesn't contain any read AL status command

- *EC_E_XML_CYCCMDS_SIZEISMATCH* if the size of the cyclic commands in the ENI mismatch
- *EC_E_XML_INVALID_INP_OFF* if some input offset in the ENI are invalid
- *EC_E_XML_INVALID_OUT_OFF* if some output offset in the ENI are invalid
- *EC_E_XML_INVALID_CMD_WITH_RED* if the ENI contains LRW commands and cable redundancy is configured
- *EC_E_XML_PREV_PORT_MISSING* if some previous port information are missing in the ENI
- *EC_E_XML_DC_CYCCMDS_MISSING* if the DC related cyclic commands are missing in the ENI
- *EC_E_XML_AOE_NETID_INVALID* if the ENI contains some invalid NetID

enum **EC_T_CNF_TYPE**

Values:

enumerator **eCnfType_Unknown**

enumerator **eCnfType_Filename**
pbyCnfData: ENI filename to read

enumerator **eCnfType_Data**

pbyCnfData: ENI data

enumerator **eCnfType_Datadiag**

pbyCnfData: ENI data for diagnosis

enumerator **eCnfType_GenPreopENI**

Generate ENI based on bus-scan result to get into PREOP state

enumerator **eCnfType_GenPreopENIWithCRC**

Same as eCnfType_GenPreopENI with CRC protection

enumerator **eCnfType_GenOpENI**

Generate ENI based on bus-scan result to get into OP state. The default PDO mapping read from the slaves is activated. See ETG2010 “SII Specification”, Table 14 “Structure Category TXPDO and RXPDO for each PDO”

enumerator **eCnfType_None**

Reset configuration

enumerator **eCnfType_ConfigData**

pbyCnfData: Binary structured configuration

enumerator **eCnfType_GenOpENINoStrings**

Generate ENI based on bus-scan result to get into OP state , does not read strings from EEPROM

enumerator **eCnfType_FileByApp**

File access provided by user application, See EC_T_CNF_FILEBYAPP_DESC

enumerator **eCnfType_GenEBI**

Generate EBI based on bus-scan result

9.1.4 emonGetMonitorStatus

```
EC_T_DWORD emonGetMonitorStatus (
    EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID,
    EC_T_MONITOR_STATUS *pStatus
)
```

) Get current Monitor status.

Information about the current status of the EtherCAT frame / cycle processing

Parameters

- **dwInstanceID** – [in] Instance ID
- **pStatus** – [out] Monitor status descriptor

Returns

- **EC_E_NOERROR** on success
- **EC_E_INVALIDSTATE** if Monitor isn't initialized
- **EC_E_INVALIDPARM** if pStatus invalid

struct **EC_T_MONITOR_STATUS**

Public Members

EC_T_BOOL bNextFramesReceived

[out] Indicates whether further unprocessed frames from the next EtherCAT cycle were received

EC_T_DWORD dwCyclesProcessed

[out] Number of EtherCAT cycles processed

EC_T_WORD wEthTapPositionAutoIncAddr

[out] Ethernet tap position as auto increment address

EC_T_BOOL bNextCyclicEntryReceived

[out] Indicates whether all frames from the next EtherCAT cycle have been received and have not yet been processed

EC_T_ETHERNET_TAP_TYPE eEthTapType

[out] Type of Ethernet TAP. Detected TAP if **EC_T_MONITOR_INIT_PARMS::eEthTapType** = **eEth-Tap_AutoDetect** is set

9.1.5 emonSetLicenseKey

```
EC_T_DWORD emonSetLicenseKey (
    EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID,
    const EC_T_CHAR *szLicenseKey
)
```

) Sets the license key for the protected version of EC-Master.

Must be called after initialization and before configuration. This function may not be called if a non protected version is used.

Parameters

- **dwInstanceID** – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)
- **szLicenseKey** – [in] License key as zero terminated string with 26, 53 or 56 characters.

Returns

- *EC_E_NOERROR* if successful
- *EC_E_INVALIDSTATE* if master isn't initialized
- *EC_E_INVALIDPARAM* if dwInstanceID is out of range
- *EC_E_INVALIDSIZE* the format of the license key is wrong. The correct length is 26, 53 or 56 characters
- *EC_E_LICENSE_MISSING* the license key doesn't match the MAC Address

Example

```
dwRes = emonSetLicenseKey(dwInstanceId, "DA1099F2-15C249E9-54327FBC");
if (dwRes != EC_E_NOERROR)
{
    EcLogMsg(EC_LOG_LEVEL_ERROR, (pEcLogContext, EC_LOG_LEVEL_ERROR, "ERROR: Cannot set license key: %s (0x%lx)\n",
→Cannot set license key: %s (0x%lx)\n",
    ecatGetText(dwRes), dwRes));
}
```

See also:

- *emonInitMonitor()*
- *emonConfigureNetwork()*

9.1.6 emonRegisterClient

```
EC_T_DWORD emonRegisterClient (
    EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceId,
    EC_PFN_NOTIFY pfnNotify,
    EC_T_VOID *pCallerData,
    EC_T_REGISTERRESULTS *pRegResults
)
```

Register the application as a client with the EtherCAT stack for notifications (EC_NOTIFY_...)

It must be called after configuration, otherwise the registration handle is lost. This function may not be called from within the JobTask's context.

Parameters

- **dwInstanceID** – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)
- **pfnNotify** – [in] Notification callback function. This function will be called every time a state change occurs, an error occurs or a mailbox transfer terminates.
- **pCallerData** – [in] Parameter passed to the application when the notification callback is called. The parameter can be arbitrarily defined by the application.
- **pRegResults** – [out] Registration results

Returns

- *EC_E_NOERROR* if successful
- *EC_E_INVALIDSTATE* if master isn't initialized
- *EC_E_INVALIDPARM* if dwInstanceID is out of range or the output pointer is EC_NULL
- *EC_E_NOMEMORY* if some memory cannot be allocated

typedef *EC_T_DWORD* (**EC_PF_NOTIFY*)(*EC_T_DWORD* dwCode, *EC_T_NOTIFYPARMS* *pParms)

Parameters

- **dwCode** – [in] Notification code, see *EC_NOTIFY_...*
- **pParms** – [in] Notification code depending data.

struct **EC_T_REGISTERRESULTS**

Public Members

EC_T_DWORD **dwClntId**
[out] Client ID

EC_T_BYTE ***pbyPDIn**
[out] Pointer to process data input memory

EC_T_DWORD **dwPDIInSize**
[out] Size of process data input memory (in bytes)

EC_T_BYTE ***pbyPDOOut**
[out] Pointer to process data output memory

EC_T_DWORD **dwPDOOutSize**
[out] Size of process data output memory (in bytes)

9.1.7 emonUnregisterClient

EC_T_DWORD **emonUnregisterClient** (*EC_T_DWORD* dwInstanceID, *EC_T_DWORD* dwClntId)
Deregister a client from the EtherCAT stack.

This function may not be called from within the JobTask's context.

Parameters

- **dwInstanceID** – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)
- **dwClntId** – [in] Client ID from registration with the EtherCAT stack

Returns

EC_E_NOERROR or error code

9.1.8 emonGetSrcMacAddress

```
EC_T_DWORD emonGetSrcMacAddress (
    EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID,
    ETHERNET_ADDRESS *pMacSrc
)
```

) Gets the source MAC address.

Parameters

- **dwInstanceID** – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)
- **pMacSrc** – [out] 6-byte buffer to write source MAC address to.

Returns

EC_E_NOERROR or error code

struct **ETHERNET_ADDRESS**

Public Members

EC_T_BYTE b[6]
MAC address

See also:

EC_T_MONITOR_INIT_PARMS::*pLinkParms*

9.1.9 emonExecJob

```
EC_T_DWORD emonExecJob (
    EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID,
    EC_T_USER_JOB eUserJob,
    EC_T_USER_JOB_PARMS *pUserJobParms
)
```

) Execute or initiate the requested master job.

To achieve maximum speed, this function is implemented non re-entrant. It is highly recommended that only one single task is calling all required jobs to run the stack. If multiple tasks are calling this function, the calls have to be synchronized externally. Calling it in a context that doesn't support operating system calls can lead to unpredictable behavior.

Parameters

- **dwInstanceID** – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)
- **eUserJob** – [in] user requested job
- **pUserJobParms** – [in] optional user job parameters

Returns

- *EC_E_NOERROR* if successful
- *EC_E_INVALIDSTATE* if master isn't initialized
- *EC_E_INVALIDPARAM* if dwInstanceID is out of range or the output pointer is EC_NULL
- *EC_E_LINK_DISCONNECTED* if the link is disconnected

- *EC_E_FEATURE_DISABLED* for eUsrJob_SwitchEoeFrames if EC_IOCTL_SET_EOE_DEFERRED_SWITCHING_ENABLED hasn't be called before
- *EC_E_ADS_IS_RUNNING* if ADS server is running

Brief job overview:

enum **EC_T_USER_JOB**

Values:

```
enumerator eUsrJob_Undefined
enumerator eUsrJob_ProcessAllRxFrames
enumerator eUsrJob_SendAllCycFrames
enumerator eUsrJob_MasterTimer
enumerator eUsrJob_SendAcycFrames
enumerator eUsrJob_SendCycFramesByTaskId
enumerator eUsrJob_MasterTimerMinimal
enumerator eUsrJob_ProcessRxFramesByTaskId
enumerator eUsrJob_ProcessAcycRxFrames
enumerator eUsrJob_SwitchEoeFrames
enumerator eUsrJob_StartTask
enumerator eUsrJob_StopTask
enumerator eUsrJob_StampSendAllCycFrames
enumerator eUsrJob_StampSendCycFramesByTaskId
enumerator eUsrJob_SimulatorTimer
enumerator eUsrJob_MonitorTimer
```

union **EC_T_USER_JOB_PARMS**

Public Members

```
EC_T_BOOL bAllCycFramesProcessed
EC_T_DWORD dwNumFramesSent
EC_T_DWORD dwTaskIdToSend
struct EC_T_USER_JOB_PARMS::_SEND_CYCFRAME_BY_TASKID SendCycFramesByTaskId
struct EC_T_USER_JOB_PARMS::_PROCESS_RXFRAME_BY_TASKID ProcessRxFramesByTaskId
struct EC_T_USER_JOB_PARMS::_SWITCH_EOE_FRAMES SwitchEoeFrames
struct EC_T_USER_JOB_PARMS::_START_TASK StartTask
struct EC_T_USER_JOB_PARMS::_STOP_TASK StopTask
struct _PROCESS_RXFRAME_BY_TASKID
```

Public Members

```
EC_T_BOOL bCycFramesProcessed  
EC_T_DWORD dwTaskId  
struct _SEND_CYCFRAME_BY_TASKID
```

Public Members

```
EC_T_DWORD dwTaskId  
struct _START_TASK
```

Public Members

```
EC_T_DWORD dwTaskId  
struct _STOP_TASK
```

Public Members

```
EC_T_DWORD dwTaskId  
struct _SWITCH_EOE_FRAMES
```

Public Members

```
EC_T_DWORD dwMaxPortsToProcess  
EC_T_DWORD dwNumFramesProcessed
```

Detailed job description:

1. eUsrJob_ProcessAllRxFrames

When the Real-time Ethernet Driver operates in polling mode this call will process all currently received frames, when the Real-time Ethernet Driver operates in interrupt mode all received frames are processed immediately and this call just returns with nothing done.

```
pUserJobParms->bAllCycFramesProcessed
```

This flag is set to a value of `EC_TRUE` it indicates that all previously initiated cyclic frames (`eUsrJob_SendAllCycFrames`) are received and processed within this call. Not used if pUserJobParms set to `EC_NULL`.

Return: EC_E_NOERROR if successful, error code in case of failures.

2. eUsrJob_MonitorTimer

To trigger the monitor and slave state machines as well as the mailbox handling this call has to be executed cyclically. The monitor cycle time is determined by the period between calling `emonExecJob()` (`eUsrJob_MonitorTimer`). The state-machines are handling the EtherCAT® state change transfers.

Return: EC_E_NOERROR if successful, error code in case of failures.

9.1.10 emonGetMonitorParms

```
EC_T_DWORD emonGetMonitorParms (
    EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID,
    EC_T_MONITOR_INIT_PARMS *pParms,
    EC_T_DWORD dwParmsBufSize
)
```

Gets current Monitor Init Parameters.

If the given buffer is larger than the actual size of struct *EC_T_MONITOR_INIT_PARMS*, the parameters of *EC_T_MONITOR_INIT_PARMS.pOsParms*, *EC_T_MONITOR_INIT_PARMS.pLinkParms* are appended.

Parameters

- **dwInstanceID** – [in] Instance ID
- **pParms** – [out] Buffer to store parameters
- **dwParmsBufSize** – [in] Size of buffer in bytes

Returns

- *EC_E_NOERROR* on success
- *EC_E_INVALIDSTATE* if Monitor isn't initialized
- *EC_E_INVALIDPARM* if buffer pParms is too small

Example

```
/* Read all monitor init parameters, including OS and Link parameters */
EC_T_BYTE abyBuffer[sizeof(EC_T_MONITOR_INIT_PARMS) + sizeof(EC_T_OS_PARMS) + 512 /
    ↪* LinkLayer parameters *];
EC_T_MONITOR_INIT_PARMS* pParms = (EC_T_MONITOR_INIT_PARMS*)abyBuffer;
OsMemset(abyBuffer, 0, sizeof(abyBuffer));

dwRes = emonGetMonitorParms(dwInstanceId, pParms, sizeof(abyBuffer));
if (EC_E_NOERROR != dwRes)
{
    EcLogMsg(EC_LOG_LEVEL_ERROR, (pEcLogContext, EC_LOG_LEVEL_ERROR, "Cannot get_
    ↪monitor parameters: %s (0x%lx)\n",
        ecatGetText(dwRes), dwRes));
}
```

See also:

emonInitMonitor()

9.1.11 emonSetMonitorParms

```
EC_T_DWORD emonSetMonitorParms (
    EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceId,
    EC_T_MONITOR_INIT_PARMS *pParms
)
```

Change Monitor Init Parameters.

OS parms, Main Link parms cannot be changed.

Parameters

- **dwInstanceID** – [in] Instance ID
- **pParams** – [in] New Monitor init parameters

Returns

- *EC_E_NOERROR* on success
- *EC_E_INVALIDSTATE* if Monitor isn't initialized

See also:

`emonInitMonitor()`

9.1.12 emonGetVersion

```
EC_T_DWORD emonGetVersion(
    EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID,
    EC_T_DWORD *pdwVersion,
    EC_T_DWORD *pdwVersionType
)
```

Gets the version information.

Parameters

- **dwInstanceID** – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)
- **pdwVersion** – [out] Pointer to *EC_T_DWORD* to carry out version number as a 32-bit value
- **pdwVersionType** – [out] Pointer to *EC_T_DWORD* to carry out version type. See *EC_VERSION_TYPE*

Returns

- *EC_E_NOERROR* if successful
- *EC_E_INVALIDSTATE* if master isn't initialized
- *EC_E_INVALIDPARAM* if dwInstanceID is out of range or the output pointer is EC_NULL

9.1.13 emonGetText

```
const EC_T_CHAR *emonGetText (EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID, EC_T_DWORD dwTextId)
```

Return text tokens by ID.

Parameters

dwInstanceID – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)

Returns

Textual description of the given ID

9.1.14 emonGetMemoryUsage

```
EC_T_DWORD emonGetMemoryUsage (
    EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID,
    EC_T_DWORD *pdwCurrentUsage,
    EC_T_DWORD *pdwMaxUsage
)
```

Returns information about memory usage.

All calls to malloc/free and new/delete are monitored.

Parameters

- **dwInstanceID** – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)
- **pdwCurrentUsage** – [out] Current memory usage in Bytes at the time where this function is called
- **pdwMaxUsage** – [out] Maximum memory usage in Bytes since initialization at the time where this function is called

Returns

`EC_E_NOERROR` or error code

9.1.15 emonGetMasterState

```
EC_T_STATE emonGetMasterState (EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID)
```

Get the EtherCAT master current state.

Parameters

dwInstanceID – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)

Returns

EtherCAT master state

enum `EC_T_STATE`

Values:

```
enumerator eEcatState_UNKNOWN
enumerator eEcatState_INIT
enumerator eEcatState_PREOP
enumerator eEcatState_SAFEOP
enumerator eEcatState_OP
enumerator eEcatState_BOOTSTRAP
```

9.1.16 emonGetMasterStateEx

```
EC_T_DWORD emonGetMasterStateEx (
    EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID,
    EC_T_WORD *pwCurrState,
    EC_T_WORD *pwReqState
)
```

) Get the EtherCAT master current and requested state. Possible return values for current and requested state:

- DEVICE_STATE_UNKNOWN
- DEVICE_STATE_INIT
- DEVICE_STATE_PREOP
- DEVICE_STATE_SAFEOP
- DEVICE_STATE_OP

Parameters

- **dwInstanceID** – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)
- **pwCurrState** – [out] Current master state.
- **pwReqState** – [out] Requested master state

Returns

- **EC_E_NOERROR** if successful
- **EC_E_INVALIDSTATE** if master isn't initialized
- **EC_E_INVALIDPARAM** if dwInstanceID is out of range or the output pointers are EC_NULL

Limitation

Since it is not possible to determine the actual requested master state, the highest slave state of all slaves is assumed to be the requested master state.

9.1.17 emonFindInpVarByName - “Inputs.DevicesState”

The device status of all slaves (OR-linked) is part of the process data with name “Inputs.DevicesState”.

*EC_T_DWORD emonFindInpVarByName(EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID, const EC_T_CHAR *szVariableName,
EC_T_PROCESS_VAR_INFO *pProcessVarInfoEntry)*

9.1.18 emonFindInpVarByName - “Inputs.BusTime”

The DC system time (written to ESC register 0x0910) is part of the process data with name “Inputs.BusTime”.

*EC_T_DWORD emonFindInpVarByName(EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID, const EC_T_CHAR *szVariableName,
EC_T_PROCESS_VAR_INFO *pProcessVarInfoEntry)*

9.1.19 emonExportEniBuilderConfig

```
EC_T_DWORD emonExportEniBuilderConfig (  
    EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID,  
    const EC_T_CHAR *szFileName  
)  
    Export an EniBuilder file describing the observed network topology.
```

Parameters

- **dwInstanceID** – [in] Instance ID

- **szFileName** – [in] null-terminated export file path

Returns

- *EC_E_NOERROR* on success
- *EC_E_INVALIDPARM* if parameter file name invalid
- *EC_E_OPENFAILED* if file could not be opened
- *EC_E_NOMEMORY* if not enough memory available

See also:

Operation without ENI

9.1.20 emonIoControl

With `emonIoControl` a generic control interface exists between the application and the EC-Monitor and its Real-time Ethernet Drivers.

struct **EC_T_IOCTLPARGS**

Public Members

***EC_T_BYTE* *pbyInBuf**

[in] Pointer to control input parameter.

***EC_T_DWORD* dwInBufSize**

[in] Size of the input buffer provided at pbyInBuf in bytes

***EC_T_BYTE* *pbyOutBuf**

[out] Pointer to control output buffer where the results will be copied into

***EC_T_DWORD* dwOutBufSize**

[in] Size of the output buffer provided at pbyOutBuf in bytes

***EC_T_DWORD* *pdwNumOutData**

[out] Pointer to `EC_T_DWORD`. Amount of bytes written to the output buffer

9.1.21 emonIoControl - EC_IOCTL_REGISTER_CYCFRAME_RX_CB

This function call registers an callback function which is called after the cyclic frame is received. Typically this is used when the Real-time Ethernet Driver operates interrupt mode to get an event when the new input data (cyclic frame) is available. The callback function has to be registered after calling `emonInitMonitor()` before starting the job task.

emonIoControl - EC_IOCTL_REGISTER_CYCFRAME_RX_CB

Parameter

- pbyInBuf: [in] Cyclic frame received callback descriptor (`EC_T_CYCFRAME_RX_CBDESC`)
- dwInBufSize: [in] Size of the input buffer provided at pbyInBuf in bytes.
- pbyOutBuf: [out] Should be set to `EC_NULL`

- dwOutBufSize: [in] Should be set to 0
- pdwNumOutData: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL

struct **EC_T_CYCFRAME_RX_CBDESC**

Public Members

EC_T_VOID *pCallbackContext

[in] Context pointer. This pointer is used as parameter every time when the callback function is called

EC_PF_CYCFRAME_RECV pfnCallback

[in] This function will be called after the cyclic frame is received, if there is more than one cyclic frame after the last frame. The application has to assure that these functions will not block.

typedef EC_T_VOID (***EC_PF_CYCFRAME_RECV**)(**EC_T_DWORD** dwTaskId, EC_T_VOID *pvContext)

Parameters

- **dwTaskId** – [in] Task ID of the received cyclic frame (ENI: Cyclic/TaskId)
- **pvContext** – [in] Arbitrarily application-defined parameter passed to callback

9.1.22 emonIoControl - EC_IOCTL_GET_CYCLIC_CONFIG_INFO

Get cyclic configuration details from ENI configuration file.

emonIoControl - EC_IOCTL_GET_CYCLIC_CONFIG_INFO

Parameter

- pbyInBuf: [in] Pointer to dwCycEntryIndex: cyclic entry index for which to get information
- dwInBufSize: [in] Size of the input buffer provided at pbyInBuf in bytes.
- pbyOutBuf: [out] Pointer to EC_T_CYC_CONFIG_DESC data type
- dwOutBufSize: [in] Size of the output buffer provided at pbyOutBuf in bytes.
- pdwNumOutData: [out] Pointer to EC_T_DWORD. Amount of bytes written to the output buffer.

struct **EC_T_CYC_CONFIG_DESC**

Public Members

EC_T_DWORD dwNumCycEntries

[out] Total number of cyclic entries

EC_T_DWORD dwTaskID

[out] Task ID of selected cyclic entry (ENI: Cyclic/TaskId)

EC_T_DWORD dwPriority

[out] Priority of selected cyclic entry

EC_T_DWORD dwCycleTime
 [out] Cycle time of selected cyclic entry

9.1.23 emonIoControl - EC_IOCTL_IS_SLAVETOSLAVE_COMM_CONFIGURED

Determine if any slave-to-slave communication is configured.

emonIoControl - EC_IOCTL_IS_SLAVETOSLAVE_COMM_CONFIGURED

Parameter

- pbyInBuf: [in] Should be set to EC_NULL
- dwInBufSize: [in] Should be set to 0
- pbyOutBuf: [out] Pointer to EC_T_DWORD. If value is EC_TRUE slave-to-slave communication is configured, if EC_FALSE it is not.
- dwOutBufSize: [in] Size of the output buffer in bytes.
- pdwNumOutData: [out] Pointer to EC_T_DWORD. Amount of bytes written to the output buffer.

9.2 Packet Capture

9.2.1 emonOpenPacketCapture

```
EC_T_DWORD emonOpenPacketCapture (
  EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID,
  EC_T_PACKETCAPTURE_PARMS *pParms
)
```

Open packet capture file (PCAP).

Opens a PCAP trace for further processing within the JobTask. No LinkLayer must have been loaded.

Parameters

- ***dwInstanceId*** – [in] Instance ID
- ***pParams*** – [in] Packet capture parameter

Returns

- ***EC_E_NOERROR*** on success
- ***EC_E_INVALIDSTATE*** if Monitor isn't initialized or link layer loaded
- ***EC_E_INVALIDPARM*** if parameter file name invalid
- ***EC_E_OPENFAILED*** if file could not be opened
- ***EC_E_NOMEMORY*** if not enough memory available

```
struct EC_T_PACKETCAPTURE_PARMS
```

Public Members

EC_T_CHAR szFileName[EC_PACKETCAPTURE_FILE_NAME_SIZE]
 [in] File name. Supported formats are *.pcap or *.pcapng

EC_T_BOOL bReadMultipleFiles

[in] Read multiple contiguous files. File name format must be “fileName.nnnnn.pcap[ng]”, e.g. wire-shark.00000.pcap

EC_T_DWORD dwMaxFrameCnt

[in] Creates a new file every time the number of frames written exceeds this limit. Disabled with a value set to 0.

EC_T_DWORD dwMaxFileSize

[in] Creates a new file every time the number of bytes written exceeds this limit. Disabled with a value set to 0.

EC_T_DWORD dwRingBufferFileCnt

[in] Form a ring buffer of the capture files with the given number of files. Only if *EC_T_PACKETCAPTURE_PARMS::dwMaxFrameCnt* or *EC_T_PACKETCAPTURE_PARMS::dwMaxFileSize* are set. Disabled with a value set to 0.

Example

```
EC_T_PACKETCAPTURE_PARMS PacketCaptureParms;
OsMemset(&PacketCaptureParms, dwInstanceId, sizeof(EC_T_PACKETCAPTURE_PARMS));
OsStrcpy(PacketCaptureParms.szFileName, "C:\\\\ecat.pcap");
dwRes = emonOpenPacketCapture(0, &PacketCaptureParms);
if (EC_E_NOERROR != dwRes)
{
    EcLogMsg(EC_LOG_LEVEL_ERROR, (pEcLogContext, EC_LOG_LEVEL_ERROR, "Cannot open_
→packet capture: %s (0x%lx) \\n",
        ecatGetText(dwRes), dwRes));
}
```

9.2.2 emonClosePacketCapture

EC_T_DWORD emonClosePacketCapture (EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceId)
 Close packet capture file (PCAP).

Parameters

dwInstanceId – [in] Instance ID

Returns

- *EC_E_NOERROR* on success
- *EC_E_INVALIDSTATE* if Monitor isn't initialized or link layer loaded

9.2.3 emonGetPacketCaptureInfo

```
EC_T_DWORD emonGetPacketCaptureInfo (
    EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID,
    EC_T_PACKETCAPTURE_INFO *pInfo
)
    Get packet capture file processing status information.
```

Parameters

- **dwInstanceID** – [in] Instance ID
- **pInfo** – [out] Packet capture info descriptor

Returns

- **EC_E_NOERROR** on success
- **EC_E_INVALIDSTATE** if Monitor isn't initialized or link layer loaded

struct **EC_T_PACKETCAPTURE_INFO**

Public Members

EC_T_PACKETCAPTURE_STATUS eStatus

[out] Status of packet capture processing

EC_T_CHAR szFileName[EC_PACKETCAPTURE_FILE_NAME_SIZE]

[out] File name of current processed capture

EC_T_UINT64 qwFrameNumberTotal

[out] Total number of processed frames from all capture files

EC_T_UINT64 qwFrameNumberCur

[out] Last processed frame number from the current packet capture file

EC_T_UINT64 qwBytesProcessed

[out] Number of processed bytes from the current packet capture file

EC_T_UINT64 qwFileSize

[out] File size[bytes] of the current packet capture

EC_T_UINT64 qwTimeStamp

[out] Time stamp[ns] of the last processed frame from the current packet capture file

EC_T_DWORD dwCyclesProcessed

[out] Number of EtherCAT cycles processed

enum **EC_T_PACKETCAPTURE_STATUS**

Values:

enumerator **ePcapStatus_Unknown**

Unknown packet capture status

enumerator **ePcapStatus_NotLoaded**
No packet capture loaded

enumerator **ePcapStatus_Running**
Packet capture processing running

enumerator **ePcapStatus_Finished**
Packet capture processing finished

enumerator **ePcapStatus_Dummy**

9.2.4 emonStartLivePacketCapture

```
EC_T_DWORD emonStartLivePacketCapture (
    EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID,
    EC_T_PACKETCAPTURE_PARMS *pParms
)
```

Start live packet capture (PCAP).

Starts a live recording of the EtherCAT frames in a specified PCAP file.

Note: Only the PCAP file format is currently supported.

Parameters

- **dwInstanceID** – [in] Instance ID
- **pParms** – [in] Packet capture parameter

Returns

- *EC_E_NOERROR* on success
- *EC_E_INVALIDPARM* if parameter file name invalid
- *EC_E_OPENFAILED* if file could not be opened
- *EC_E_NOMEMORY* if not enough memory available

9.2.5 emonStopLivePacketCapture

```
EC_T_DWORD emonStopLivePacketCapture (EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID)
Stop live packet capture (PCAP).
```

Stops a previously started live recording of the EtherCAT frames.

Parameters

dwInstanceID – [in] Instance ID

Returns

- *EC_E_NOERROR* on success
- *EC_E_INVALIDSTATE* if Monitor isn't initialized or no recording is in progress

9.2.6 emonBacktracePacketCapture

```
EC_T_DWORD emonBacktracePacketCapture (
    EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID,
    EC_T_PACKETCAPTURE_PARMS *pParms
)
```

Dump packet capture (PCAP) from backtrace buffer.

Writes a backtrace of the received frames in a specified PCAP file. The number of frames in the backtrace buffer is parameterized via `EC_T_MONITOR_INIT_PARMS::dwBacktraceFrames`.

Note: Only the PCAP file format is currently supported.

Parameters

- `dwInstanceID` – [in] Instance ID
- `pParms` – [in] Packet capture parameter

Returns

- `EC_E_NOERROR` on success
- `EC_E_BUSY` if another dump is in progress
- `EC_E_INVALIDSTATE` if backtrace buffer is not initialized
- `EC_E_INVALIDPARM` if parameter file name invalid
- `EC_E_OPENFAILED` if file could not be opened
- `EC_E_NOMEMORY` if not enough memory available

See also:

`emonInitMonitor()`

9.3 Process Data functions

9.3.1 emonGetProcessData

```
EC_T_DWORD emonGetProcessData (
    EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID,
    EC_T_BOOL bOutputData,
    EC_T_DWORD dwOffset,
    EC_T_BYTE *pbyData,
    EC_T_DWORD dwDataLen,
    EC_T_DWORD dwTimeout
)
```

Retrieve Process data synchronized.

If process data are required outside the cyclic master job task (which is calling `ecatExecJob`), direct access to the process data is not recommended as data consistency cannot be guaranteed. A call to this function will send a data read request to the master stack and then check every millisecond whether new data are provided. The master stack will provide new data after calling `ecatExecJob(eUsrJob_MasterTimer)` within the job task. This function is usually only called remotely (using the Remote API).

Note: This function may not be called from within the JobTask's context.

Parameters

- **dwInstanceID** – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)
- **bOutputData** – [in] EC_TRUE: read output data, EC_FALSE: read input data.
- **dwOffset** – [in] Byte offset in Process data to read from.
- **pbyData** – [out] Buffer receiving transferred data
- **dwDataLen** – [in] Buffer length in bytes
- **dwTimeout** – [in] Timeout [ms]

Returns

EC_E_NOERROR or error code

9.3.2 emonGetProcessDataBits

```
EC_T_DWORD emonGetProcessDataBits (
    EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID,
    EC_T_BOOL bOutputData,
    EC_T_DWORD dwBitOffsetPd,
    EC_T_BYTEx *pbyData,
    EC_T_DWORD dwDataBitLen,
    EC_T_DWORD dwTimeout
)
```

) Reads a specific number of bits from the process image to the given buffer with a bit offset (synchronized).

This function may not be called from within the JobTask's context.

Parameters

- **dwInstanceID** – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)
- **bOutputData** – [in] EC_TRUE: read output data, EC_FALSE: write input data.
- **dwBitOffsetPd** – [in] Bit offset in Process data image.
- **pbyData** – [out] Buffer receiving transferred data
- **dwDataBitLen** – [in] Buffer length [bit]
- **dwTimeout** – [in] Timeout [ms]. The timeout value must not be set to EC_NOWAIT.

Returns

EC_E_NOERROR or error code

See also:

emonGetProcessData()

9.3.3 emonGetProcessImageInputPtr

EC_T_BYTE *emonGetProcessImageInputPtr (*EC_T_DWORD* dwInstanceID)

Gets the process data input image pointer.

Parameters

dwInstanceID – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)

Returns

Process data input image pointer

9.3.4 emonGetProcessImageOutputPtr

EC_T_BYTE *emonGetProcessImageOutputPtr (*EC_T_DWORD* dwInstanceID)

Gets the process data output image pointer.

Parameters

dwInstanceID – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)

Returns

Process data output image pointer

9.3.5 emonFindInpVarByName

```
EC_T_DWORD emonFindInpVarByName (
    EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID,
    const EC_T_CHAR *szVariableName,
    EC_T_PROCESS_VAR_INFO *pProcessVarInfoEntry
)
```

Finds an input process variable information entry by the variable name.

Parameters

- **dwInstanceID** – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)
- **szVariableName** – [in] Variable name
- **pProcessVarInfoEntry** – [out] Process variable information entry

Returns

EC_E_NOERROR or error code

See also:

EC_T_PROCESS_VAR_INFO

9.3.6 emonFindInpVarByNameEx

```
EC_T_DWORD emonFindInpVarByNameEx (
    EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID,
    const EC_T_CHAR *szVariableName,
    EC_T_PROCESS_VAR_INFO_EX *pProcessVarInfoEntry
)
```

Finds an input process variable extended information entry by the variable name.

Parameters

- **dwInstanceID** – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)

- **szVariableName** – [in] Variable name
- **pProcessVarInfoEntry** – [out] Process variable extended information entry

Returns*EC_E_NOERROR* or error code**See also:**[*EC_T_PROCESS_VAR_INFO_EX*](#)

9.3.7 emonFindOutpVarByName

```
EC_T_DWORD emonFindOutpVarByName (
    EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID,
    const EC_T_CHAR *szVariableName,
    EC_T_PROCESS_VAR_INFO *pProcessVarInfoEntry
)
```

Finds an output process variable information entry by the variable name.

Parameters

- **dwInstanceID** – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)
- **szVariableName** – [in] Variable name
- **pProcessVarInfoEntry** – [out] Process variable information entry

Returns*EC_E_NOERROR* or error code**See also:**[*EC_T_PROCESS_VAR_INFO*](#)

9.3.8 emonFindOutpVarByNameEx

```
EC_T_DWORD emonFindOutpVarByNameEx (
    EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID,
    const EC_T_CHAR *szVariableName,
    EC_T_PROCESS_VAR_INFO_EX *pProcessVarInfoEntry
)
```

Finds an output process variable extended information entry by the variable name.

Parameters

- **dwInstanceID** – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)
- **szVariableName** – [in] Variable name
- **pProcessVarInfoEntry** – [out] Process variable extended information entry

Returns*EC_E_NOERROR* or error code**See also:**[*EC_T_PROCESS_VAR_INFO_EX*](#)

9.3.9 emonIoControl - EC_IOCTL_GET_PDMEMORYSIZE

Get the process data image size. This information may be used to provide process data image storage from outside the EC-Monitor core. This IOCTL is to be called after `emonConfigureNetwork()`.

emonIoControl - EC_IOCTL_GET_PDMEMORYSIZE

Parameter

- `pbyInBuf`: [in] Should be set to `EC_NULL`
- `dwInBufSize`: [in] Should be set to 0
- `pbyOutBuf`: [out] Pointer to memory where the memory size information will be stored (type: `EC_T_MEMREQ_DESC`).
- `dwOutBufSize`: [in] Size of the output buffer in bytes.
- `pdwNumOutData`: [out] Pointer to `EC_T_DWORD`. Amount of bytes written to the output buffer.

struct `EC_T_MEMREQ_DESC`

Public Members

`EC_T_DWORD dwPdOutSize`

Size of the output process data image

`EC_T_DWORD dwPdInSize`

Size of the input process data image

9.3.10 Process Data access functions

9.3.10.1 EC_COPYBITS

`EC_COPYBITS` (`pbyDst`, `nDstBitOffs`, `pbySrc`, `nSrcBitOffs`, `nBitSize`)

Copies a block of bits from a source buffer to a destination buffer.

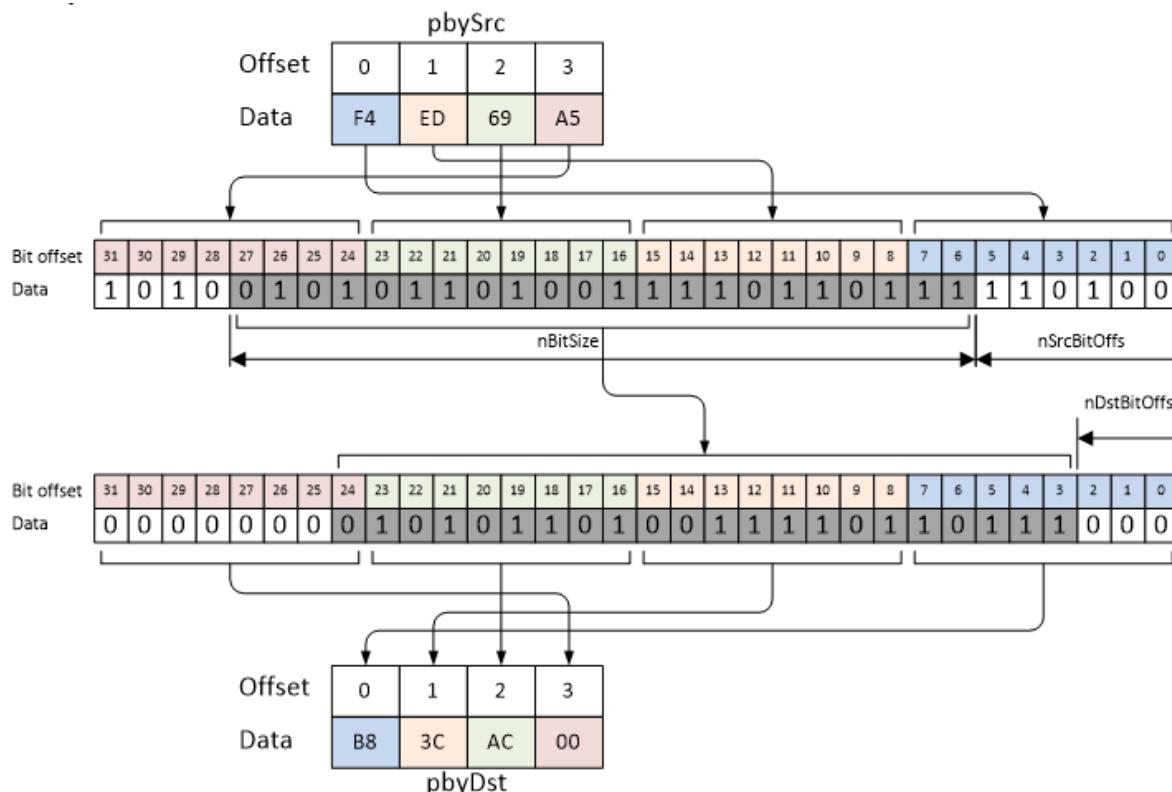
Note: The memory buffers must be allocated before. The buffers must be big enough to hold the block starting at the given offsets! The buffers are not checked for overrun.

Parameters

- `pbyDst` – [out] Destination buffer
- `nDstBitOffs` – [in] Bit offset within destination buffer
- `pbySrc` – [in] Source buffer
- `nSrcBitOffs` – [in] Bit offset within source buffer
- `nBitSize` – [in] Block size in bits

See also:

- `EC_SETBITS`
- `EC_GETBITS`



```

EC_T_BYTE pbySrc[] = {0xF4, 0xED, 0x69, 0xA5};
EC_T_BYTE pbyDst[] = {0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00};
EC_COPYBITS(pbyDst, 3, pbySrc, 6, 22);

/* pbyDst now contains 0xB8 0x3C 0xAC 0x00 */

```

9.3.10.2 EC_GET_FRM_WORD

EC_GET_FRM_WORD (ptr)

Reads a value of type EC_T_WORD (16 bit) at given pointer. The value is swapped on big endian systems.

Parameters

- **ptr** – [in] Source buffer

Returns

EC_T_WORD value (16 bit) from buffer.

```

EC_T_BYTE byFrame[] = {0x01, 0xF4, 0xDD, 0x85, 0x03, 0x00, 0x60, 0xC1, 0x00};
EC_T_WORD wResult = 0;

wResult = EC_GET_FRM_WORD(byFrame);
/* wResult is 0xF401 on little endian systems */

wResult = EC_GET_FRM_WORD(byFrame + 5);
/* wResult is 0x6000 on little endian systems */

wResult = EC_GET_FRM_WORD(byFrame + 2);
/* wResult is 0x85DD on little endian systems */

```

9.3.10.3 EC_GET_FRM_DWORD

EC_GET_FRM_DWORD (ptr)

Reads a value of type EC_T_DWORD (32 bit) at given pointer. The value is swapped on big endian systems.

Parameters

- **ptr** – [in] Source buffer

Returns

EC_T_DWORD value (32 bit) from buffer.

```
EC_T_BYTE byFrame[] = {0x01, 0xF4, 0xDD, 0x85, 0x03, 0x00, 0x60, 0xC1, 0x00};
EC_T_DWORD dwResult = 0;

dwResult = EC_GET_FRM_DWORD(byFrame);
/* dwResult is 0x85DDF401 on little endian systems */

dwResult = EC_GET_FRM_DWORD(byFrame + 5);
/* dwResult is 0x00C16000 on little endian systems */

dwResult = EC_GET_FRM_DWORD(byFrame + 2);
/* dwResult is 0x000385DD on little endian systems */
```

9.3.10.4 EC_GET_FRM_QWORD

EC_GET_FRM_QWORD (ptr)

Reads a value of type EC_T_QWORD (64 bit) at given pointer. The value is swapped on big endian systems.

Parameters

- **ptr** – [in] Source buffer

Returns

EC_T_QWORD value (64 bit) from buffer.

```
EC_T_BYTE byFrame[] = {0x01, 0xF4, 0xDD, 0x85, 0x03, 0x00, 0x60, 0xC1, 0x00};
EC_T_UINT64 ui64Result = 0;

ui64Result = EC_GET_FRM_QWORD(byFrame + 1);
/* wResult is 0x00C160000385DDF4 on little endian systems */
```

9.3.10.5 EC_GETBITS

EC_GETBITS (pbySrcBuf, pbyDstData, nSrcBitOffs, nBitSize)

Reads a given number of bits from source buffer starting at given bit offset to destination buffer.

Note: This function should be only used to get bit-aligned data. For byte-aligned data the corresponding functions should be used.

Parameters

- **pbySrcBuf** – [in] Source buffer to be copied
- **pbyDstData** – [out] Destination buffer where data is copied to
- **nSrcBitOffs** – [in] Source bit offset where data is copied from

- **nBitSize** - [in] Bit count to be copied

See also:

- [EC_GET_FRM_WORD](#)
- [EC_GET_FRM_DWORD](#)
- [EC_GET_FRM_QWORD](#)

9.3.11 emonIoControl - EC_IOCTL_SET_IGNORE_INPUTS_ON_WKC_ERROR

Set ignore inputs on WKC error

emonIoControl - EC_IOCTL_SET_IGNORE_INPUTS_ON_WKC_ERROR

Parameter

- pbyInBuf: [in] Pointer to value of EC_T_BOOL. EC_TRUE: inputs are ignored on WKC error.
- dwInBufSize: [in] Size of the input buffer provided at pbyInBuf in bytes.
- pbyOutBuf: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL
- dwOutBufSize: [in] Should be set to 0
- pdwNumOutData: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL

Calling this IOCTL with [EC_TRUE](#) as parameter will ignore the inputs data of cyclic commands on WKC error. The default behavior will copy the input data if WKC is non zero and below the expected value. If WKC is not matching the expected value a notification [emonNotify - EC_NOTIFY_CYCCMD_WKC_ERROR](#) is generated and the application must consider this status for the current cycle.

9.3.12 emonIoControl - EC_IOCTL_SET_ZERO_INPUTS_ON_WKC_ERROR

Set zero inputs on WKC error

emonIoControl - EC_IOCTL_SET_ZERO_INPUTS_ON_WKC_ERROR

Parameter

- pbyInBuf: [in] Pointer to value of EC_T_BOOL. EC_TRUE: inputs are set to zero on WKC error.
- dwInBufSize: [in] Size of the input buffer provided at pbyInBuf in bytes.
- pbyOutBuf: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL
- dwOutBufSize: [in] Should be set to 0
- pdwNumOutData: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL

Calling this IOCTL with [EC_TRUE](#) as parameter will set the inputs data of cyclic commands to zero on WKC error. The default behavior will copy the input data if WKC is non zero and below the expected value. If WKC is not matching the expected value a notification [emonNotify - EC_NOTIFY_CYCCMD_WKC_ERROR](#) is generated and the application must consider this status for the current cycle.

9.3.13 emonIoControl - EC_IOCTL_SET_ZERO_INPUTS_ON_WKC_ZERO

Set zero inputs on WKC is zero

emonIoControl - EC_IOCTL_SET_ZERO_INPUTS_ON_WKC_ZERO

Parameter

- pbyInBuf: [in] Pointer to value of EC_T_BOOL. EC_TRUE: inputs are set to zero on WKC is zero.
- dwInBufSize: [in] Size of the input buffer provided at pbyInBuf in bytes.
- pbyOutBuf: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL
- dwOutBufSize: [in] Should be set to 0
- pdwNumOutData: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL

Calling this IOCTL with `EC_TRUE` as parameter will ignore the inputs data of cyclic commands on WKC error. At default behavior it will ignore the input data if WKC is zero, and keep the previous state.

9.4 Slave status functions

9.4.1 emonGetNumConfiguredSlaves

`EC_T_DWORD` **emonGetNumConfiguredSlaves** (`EC_T_DWORD` dwInstanceID)

Returns number of slaves which are configured in the ENI.

Parameters

`dwInstanceID` – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)

Returns

Number of slaves

9.4.2 emonGetNumConnectedSlaves

`EC_T_DWORD` **emonGetNumConnectedSlaves** (`EC_T_DWORD` dwInstanceID)

Get amount of currently connected slaves.

Parameters

`dwInstanceID` – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)

Returns

Number of connected slaves

9.4.3 emonGetSlaveId

`EC_T_DWORD` **emonGetSlaveId** (`EC_T_DWORD` dwInstanceID, `EC_T_WORD` wStationAddress)

Determines the slave ID using the slave station address.

Parameters

- `dwInstanceID` – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)
- `wStationAddress` – [in] Station address of the slave

Returns

Slave ID or INVALID_SLAVE_ID if the slave could not be found or stack is not initialized

9.4.4 emonGetSlaveIdAtPosition

```
EC_T_DWORD emonGetSlaveIdAtPosition (
    EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID,
    EC_T_WORD wAutoIncAddress
)
```

Determines the slave ID using the slave auto increment address.

Parameters

- **dwInstanceID** – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)
- **wAutoIncAddress** – [in] Auto increment address of the slave

Returns

Slave ID or INVALID_SLAVE_ID if no slave matching wAutoIncAddress can be found

9.4.5 emonGetSlaveState

```
EC_T_DWORD emonGetSlaveState (
    EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID,
    EC_T_DWORD dwSlaveId,
    EC_T_WORD *pwCurrDevState,
    EC_T_WORD *pwReqDevState
)
```

Get the slave state.

The slave state is always read automatically from the AL_STATUS register whenever necessary. It is not forced by calling this function. This function may be called from within the JobTask's context.

Parameters

- **dwInstanceID** – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)
- **dwSlaveId** – [in] Slave ID
- **pwCurrDevState** – [out] Current slave state.
- **pwReqDevState** – [out] Requested slave state

Returns

- **EC_E_NOERROR** if successful.
- **EC_E_INVALIDSTATE** if master isn't initialized
- **EC_E_INVALIDPARAM** if dwInstanceID is out of range or the output pointers are EC_NULL
- **EC_E_SLAVE_NOT_PRESENT** if slave not present.
- **EC_E_NOTFOUND** if no slave matching dwSlaveId can be found

Limitation

Since it is not possible to determine the actual requested slave state from the master, the highest slave state of all slaves is assumed to be the requested state.

See also:

- [emonGetSlaveId\(\)](#)

- *emonNotify - EC_NOTIFY_SLAVE_STATECHANGED*

9.4.6 emonIsSlavePresent

```
EC_T_DWORD emonIsSlavePresent (
    EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID,
    EC_T_DWORD dwSlaveId,
    EC_T_BOOL *pbPresence
)
```

Returns whether a specific slave is currently connected to the Bus.

This function may be called from within the JobTask.

Parameters

- **dwInstanceID** – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)
- **dwSlaveId** – [in] Slave ID
- **pbPresence** – [out] EC_TRUE if slave is currently connected to the bus, EC_FALSE if not.

Returns

- *EC_E_NOERROR* if successful
- *EC_E_INVALIDSTATE* if master isn't initialized
- *EC_E_INVALIDPARM* if dwInstanceID is out of range
- *EC_E_NOTFOUND* if no slave matching dwSlaveId can be found

See also:

- *emonGetSlaveId ()*
- *emonNotify - EC_NOTIFY_SLAVE_PRESENCE*

9.4.7 emonGetSlaveProp

```
EC_T_BOOL emonGetSlaveProp (
    EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID,
    EC_T_DWORD dwSlaveId,
    EC_T_SLAVE_PROP *pSlaveProp
)
```

Determines the properties of the slave device.

Deprecated:

Use emGetCfgSlaveInfo instead

Parameters

- **dwInstanceID** – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)
- **dwSlaveId** – [in] Slave ID
- **pSlaveProp** – [out] Slave properties

Returns

EC_TRUE if the slave exists, EC_FALSE if no slave matching dwSlaveId can be found

struct **EC_T_SLAVE_PROP**

Public Members

EC_T_WORD wStationAddress

Configured station address or INVALID_FIXED_ADDR

EC_T_WORD wAutoIncAddr

Configured auto increment address or INVALID_AUTO_INC_ADDR

EC_T_CHAR achName[MAX_STD_STRLEN]

Configured name of the slave device (NULL terminated string)

See also:

[emonGetSlaveId\(\)](#)

9.4.8 emonGetSlaveInpVarInfoNumOf

EC_T_DWORD emonGetSlaveInpVarInfoNumOf (

EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID,

EC_T_BOOL bFixedAddressing,

EC_T_WORD wSlaveAddress,

EC_T_WORD *pwSlaveInpVarInfoNumOf

)

Gets the number of input variables of a specific slave.

Parameters

- **dwInstanceID** – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)
- **bFixedAddressing** – [in] EC_TRUE: use station address, EC_FALSE: use AutoInc address
- **wSlaveAddress** – [in] Slave address according bFixedAddressing
- **pwSlaveInpVarInfoNumOf** – [out] Number of found process variable entries

Returns

- **EC_E_NOERROR** if successful
- **EC_E_INVALIDSTATE** if master isn't initialized
- **EC_E_INVALIDPARM** if dwInstanceID is out of range or the output pointer is EC_NULL
- **EC_E_NOTFOUND** if no slave matching bFixedAddressing / wSlaveAddress can be found

See also:

- [emonGetSlaveInpVarInfo\(\)](#)
- [emonGetSlaveInpVarInfoEx\(\)](#)

9.4.9 emonGetSlaveInpVarInfo

```
EC_T_DWORD emonGetSlaveInpVarInfo (
    EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID,
    EC_T_BOOL bFixedAddressing,
    EC_T_WORD wSlaveAddress,
    EC_T_WORD wNumOfVarsToRead,
    EC_T_PROCESS_VAR_INFO *pSlaveProcVarInfoEntries,
    EC_T_WORD *pwReadEntries
)
```

) Gets the process variable information entries of an specific slave.

Parameters

- **dwInstanceID** – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)
- **bFixedAddressing** – [in] EC_TRUE: use station address, EC_FALSE: use AutoInc address
- **wSlaveAddress** – [in] Slave address according bFixedAddressing
- **wNumOfVarsToRead** – [in] Number process variable entries that have been stored in pSlaveProcVarInfoEntries
- **pSlaveProcVarInfoEntries** – [out] The read process variable information entries
- **pwReadEntries** – [out] The number of read process variable information entries

Returns

EC_E_NOERROR or error code

struct **EC_T_PROCESS_VAR_INFO**

Public Members

EC_T_CHAR szName[MAX_PROCESS_VAR_NAME_LEN]
 [out] Name of the found process variable

EC_T_WORD wDataType
 [out] Data type of the found process variable (according to ETG.1000, section 5). See also EcCommon.h, DEFTYPE_BOOLEAN

EC_T_WORD wFixedAddr
 [out] Station address of the slave that is owner of this variable

EC_T_INT nBitSize
 [out] Size in bit of the found process variable

EC_T_INT nBitOffs
 [out] Bit offset in the process data image

EC_T_BOOL bIsInputData
 [out] Determines whether the found process variable is an input variable or an output variable

MAX_PROCESS_VAR_NAME_LEN

Maximum length of a process variable name: 71 characters

9.4.10 emonGetSlaveInpVarInfoEx

```
EC_T_DWORD emonGetSlaveInpVarInfoEx (
    EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID,
    EC_T_BOOL bFixedAddressing,
    EC_T_WORD wSlaveAddress,
    EC_T_WORD wNumOfVarsToRead,
    EC_T_PROCESS_VAR_INFO_EX *pSlaveProcVarInfoEntriesEx,
    EC_T_WORD *pwReadEntries
)
```

) Gets the input process variable extended information entries of a specific slave.

Parameters

- **dwInstanceID** – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)
- **bFixedAddressing** – [in] EC_TRUE: use station address, EC_FALSE: use AutoInc address
- **wSlaveAddress** – [in] Slave address according bFixedAddressing
- **wNumOfVarsToRead** – [in] Number process variable entries that have been stored in pSlaveProcVarInfoEntries
- **pSlaveProcVarInfoEntriesEx** – [out] The read process variable extended information entries
- **pwReadEntries** – [out] The number of read process variable information entries

Returns

- **EC_E_NOERROR** if successful
- **EC_E_INVALIDSTATE** if master isn't initialized
- **EC_E_INVALIDPARAM** if dwInstanceID is out of range or the output pointer is EC_NULL
- **EC_E_NOTFOUND** if no slave matching bFixedAddressing / wSlaveAddress can be found

struct **EC_T_PROCESS_VAR_INFO_EX**

Public Members

EC_T_CHAR szName[MAX_PROCESS_VAR_NAME_LEN_EX]
[out] Name of the found process variable

EC_T_WORD wDataType
[out] Data type of the found process variable (according to ETG.1000, section 5). See also EcCommon.h, DEFTYPE_BOOLEAN

EC_T_WORD wFixedAddr
[out] Station address of the slave that is owner of this variable

EC_T_INT nBitSize
[out] Size in bit of the found process variable

EC_T_INT nBitOffs
[out] Bit offset in the process data image

EC_T_BOOL bIsInputData

[out] Determines whether the found process variable is an input variable or an output variable

EC_T_WORD wIndex

[out] Object index

EC_T_WORD wSubIndex

[out] Object sub index

EC_T_WORD wPdoIndex

[out] Index of PDO (process data object)

EC_T_WORD wWkcStateDiagOffs

[out] Bit offset in the diagnostic image (emGetDiagnosisImagePtr)

EC_T_WORD wMasterSyncUnit

[out] Master Sync Unit ID (ENI: Slave/ProcessData/RxPdo[1..4]@Su, Slave/ProcessData/TxPdo[1..4]@Su, comment at Cyclic/Frame/Cmd)

EC_T_CYC_COPY_INFO CopyInfo

[out] Copy Info if applied to the variable

MAX_PROCESS_VAR_NAME_LEN_EX

Maximum length of a extended process variable name: 127 characters

9.4.11 emonGetSlaveOutpVarInfoNumOf

EC_T_DWORD emonGetSlaveOutpVarInfoNumOf (

EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID,
EC_T_BOOL bFixedAddressing,
EC_T_WORD wSlaveAddress,
EC_T_WORD *pwSlaveOutpVarInfoNumOf

)

Gets the number of output variables of a specific slave.

Parameters

- ***dwInstanceID*** – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)
- ***bFixedAddressing*** – [in] EC_TRUE: use station address, EC_FALSE: use AutoInc address
- ***wSlaveAddress*** – [in] Slave address according bFixedAddressing
- ***pwSlaveOutpVarInfoNumOf*** – [out] Number of found process variables

Returns

EC_E_NOERROR or error code

See also:

- [*emonGetSlaveOutpVarInfo \(\)*](#)
- [*emonGetSlaveOutpVarInfoEx \(\)*](#)

9.4.12 emonGetSlaveOutpVarInfo

```
EC_T_DWORD emonGetSlaveOutpVarInfo (
    EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID,
    EC_T_BOOL bFixedAddressing,
    EC_T_WORD wSlaveAddress,
    EC_T_WORD wNumOfVarsToRead,
    EC_T_PROCESS_VAR_INFO *pSlaveProcVarInfoEntries,
    EC_T_WORD *pwReadEntries
)
```

) Gets the output process variable information entries of a specific slave.

Parameters

- **dwInstanceID** – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)
- **bFixedAddressing** – [in] EC_TRUE: use station address, EC_FALSE: use AutoInc address
- **wSlaveAddress** – [in] Slave address according bFixedAddressing
- **wNumOfVarsToRead** – [in] Number of found process variable entries
- **pSlaveProcVarInfoEntries** – [out] The read process variable information entries
- **pwReadEntries** – [out] The number of read process variable information entries

Returns

EC_E_NOERROR or error code

See also:

EC_T_PROCESS_VAR_INFO

9.4.13 emonGetSlaveOutpVarInfoEx

```
EC_T_DWORD emonGetSlaveOutpVarInfoEx (
    EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID,
    EC_T_BOOL bFixedAddressing,
    EC_T_WORD wSlaveAddress,
    EC_T_WORD wNumOfVarsToRead,
    EC_T_PROCESS_VAR_INFO_EX *pSlaveProcVarInfoEntriesEx,
    EC_T_WORD *pwReadEntries
)
```

) Gets the output process variable extended information entries of a specific slave.

Parameters

- **dwInstanceID** – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)
- **bFixedAddressing** – [in] EC_TRUE: use station address, EC_FALSE: use AutoInc address
- **wSlaveAddress** – [in] Slave address according bFixedAddressing
- **wNumOfVarsToRead** – [in] Number of process variable information entries
- **pSlaveProcVarInfoEntriesEx** – [out] The read process extended variable entries
- **pwReadEntries** – [out] The number of read process variable information entries

Returns

EC_E_NOERROR or error code

See also:

[EC_T_PROCESS_VAR_INFO_EX](#)

9.4.14 emonGetSlaveInpVarByObjectEx

```
EC_T_DWORD emonGetSlaveInpVarByObjectEx (
    EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID,
    EC_T_BOOL bFixedAddressing,
    EC_T_WORD wSlaveAddress,
    EC_T_WORD wIndex,
    EC_T_WORD wSubIndex,
    EC_T_PROCESS_VAR_INFO_EX *pProcessVarInfoEntry
)
```

) Gets the input process variable extended information entry by object index, subindex of a specific slave.

Parameters

- **dwInstanceID** – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)
- **bFixedAddressing** – [in] EC_TRUE: use station address, EC_FALSE: use AutoInc address
- **wSlaveAddress** – [in] Slave address according bFixedAddressing
- **wIndex** – [in] Object Index
- **wSubIndex** – [in] Object SubIndex
- **pProcessVarInfoEntry** – [out] Process variable extended information entry

Returns

[EC_E_NOERROR](#) or error code

See also:

[EC_T_PROCESS_VAR_INFO_EX](#)

9.4.15 emonGetSlaveOutpVarByObjectEx

```
EC_T_DWORD emonGetSlaveOutpVarByObjectEx (
    EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID,
    EC_T_BOOL bFixedAddressing,
    EC_T_WORD wSlaveAddress,
    EC_T_WORD wIndex,
    EC_T_WORD wSubIndex,
    EC_T_PROCESS_VAR_INFO_EX *pProcessVarInfoEntry
)
```

) Gets the input process variable extended information entry by object index, subindex of a specific slave.

Parameters

- **dwInstanceID** – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)
- **bFixedAddressing** – [in] EC_TRUE: use station address, EC_FALSE: use AutoInc address
- **wSlaveAddress** – [in] Slave address according bFixedAddressing
- **wIndex** – [in] Object Index
- **wSubIndex** – [in] Object SubIndex

- **pProcessVarInfoEntry** – [out] Process variable extended information entry

Returns

EC_E_NOERROR or error code

See also:

[EC_T_PROCESS_VAR_INFO_EX](#)

9.4.16 emonReadSlaveRegister

```
EC_T_DWORD emonReadSlaveRegister (
    EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID,
    EC_T_BOOL bFixedAddressing,
    EC_T_WORD wSlaveAddress,
    EC_T_WORD wRegisterOffset,
    EC_T_BYTE *pbyData,
    EC_T_WORD wLen,
    EC_T_DWORD dwTimeout
)
```

) Reads data from the ESC memory that have so far been transferred to a slave and received by the EC-Monitor.

Parameters

- **dwInstanceID** – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)
- **bFixedAddressing** – [in] EC_TRUE: use station address, EC_FALSE: use AutoInc address
- **wSlaveAddress** – [in] Slave address according bFixedAddressing
- **wRegisterOffset** – [in] Register offset. I.e. use 0x0130 to read the AL Status register.
- **pbyData** – [out] Buffer receiving transferred data
- **wLen** – [in] Number of bytes to receive
- **dwTimeout** – [in] Timeout [ms]

Returns

- *EC_E_NOERROR* if successful
- *EC_E_INVALIDSTATE* if master isn't initialized
- *EC_E_INVALIDPARAM* if dwInstanceID is out of range or the command is not supported or the timeout value is set to EC_NOWAIT
- *EC_E_SLAVE_NOT_PRESENT* if slave not present
- *EC_E_NOTFOUND* if no slave matching bFixedAddressing / wSlaveAddress can be found
- *EC_E_TIMEOUT* if dwTimeout elapsed during the API call
- *EC_E_BUSY* another transfer request is already pending or the master or the corresponding slave is currently changing its operational state
- *EC_E_NOTREADY* if the working counter was not set when sending the command (slave may not be connected or did not respond)
- *EC_E_INVALIDSIZE* if the size of the complete command does not fit into a single Ethernet frame. The maximum amount of data to transfer must not exceed 1486 bytes

9.4.17 emonGetCfgSlaveInfo

```
EC_T_DWORD emonGetCfgSlaveInfo (
    EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID,
    EC_T_BOOL bFixedAddressing,
    EC_T_WORD wSlaveAddress,
    EC_T_CFG_SLAVE_INFO *pSlaveInfo
)
```

) Return information about a configured slave from the ENI file.

Parameters

- **dwInstanceID** – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)
- **bFixedAddressing** – [in] EC_TRUE: use station address, EC_FALSE: use AutoInc address
- **wSlaveAddress** – [in] Slave address according bFixedAddressing
- **pSlaveInfo** – [out] Information about the slave.

Returns

EC_E_NOERROR or error code

```
struct EC_T_CFG_SLAVE_INFO
```

Public Members

EC_T_DWORD dwSlaveId
[out] Slave's ID to bind bus slave and config slave information

EC_T_CHAR abyDeviceName[ECAT_DEVICE_NAME_SIZE]
[out] Slave's configured name (80 Byte) (from ENI file)

EC_T_DWORD dwHCGroupIdx
[out] Index of Hot Connect group, 0 for mandatory

EC_T_BOOL bIsPresent
[out] Slave present on bus

EC_T_BOOL bIsHCGroupPresent
[out] Slave's Hot Connect group present on bus

EC_T_DWORD dwVendorId
[out] Vendor identification (from ENI file)

EC_T_DWORD dwProductCode
[out] Product code (from ENI file)

EC_T_DWORD dwRevisionNumber
[out] Revision number (from ENI file)

EC_T_DWORD dwSerialNumber
[out] Serial number (from ENI file)

EC_T_WORD wStationAddress

[out] Slave's configured station address (from ENI file)

EC_T_WORD wAutoIncAddress

[out] Slave's auto increment address (may differ from ENI file)

EC_T_DWORD dwPdOffsIn

[out] Process input data bit offset (from ENI file)

EC_T_DWORD dwPdSizeIn

[out] Process input data bit size (from ENI file)

EC_T_DWORD dwPdOffsOut

[out] Process output data bit offset (from ENI file)

EC_T_DWORD dwPdSizeOut

[out] Process output data bit size (from ENI file)

EC_T_DWORD dwPdOffsIn2

[out] 2nd sync unit process input data bit offset (from ENI file)

EC_T_DWORD dwPdSizeIn2

[out] 2nd sync unit process input data bit size (from ENI file)

EC_T_DWORD dwPdOffsOut2

[out] 2nd sync unit process output data bit offset (from ENI file)

EC_T_DWORD dwPdSizeOut2

[out] 2nd sync unit process output data bit size (from ENI file)

EC_T_DWORD dwPdOffsIn3

[out] 3rd sync unit process input data bit offset (from ENI file)

EC_T_DWORD dwPdSizeIn3

[out] 3rd sync unit process input data bit size (from ENI file)

EC_T_DWORD dwPdOffsOut3

[out] 3rd sync unit process output data bit offset (from ENI file)

EC_T_DWORD dwPdSizeOut3

[out] 3rd sync unit process output data bit size (from ENI file)

EC_T_DWORD dwPdOffsIn4

[out] 4th sync unit process input data bit offset (from ENI file)

EC_T_DWORD dwPdSizeIn4

[out] 4th sync unit process input data bit size (from ENI file)

EC_T_DWORD dwPdOffsOut4

[out] 4th sync unit process output data bit offset (from ENI file)

EC_T_DWORD dwPdSizeOut4

[out] 4th sync unit process output data bit size (from ENI file)

EC_T_DWORD dwMbxSupportedProtocols

[out] Mailbox protocols supported by the slave (from ENI file). Combination of *Supported mailbox protocols* flags

EC_T_DWORD dwMbxOutSize

[out] Mailbox output byte size (from ENI file)

EC_T_DWORD dwMbxInSize

[out] Mailbox input byte size (from ENI file)

EC_T_DWORD dwMbxOutSize2

[out] Bootstrap mailbox output byte size (from ENI file)

EC_T_DWORD dwMbxInSize2

[out] Bootstrap mailbox input byte size (from ENI file)

EC_T_BOOL bDcSupport

[out] Slave supports DC (from ENI file)

EC_T_WORD wNumProcessVarsInp

[out] Number of input process data variables (from ENI file)

EC_T_WORD wNumProcessVarsOutp

[out] Number of output process data variables (from ENI file)

EC_T_WORD wPrevStationAddress

[out] Station address of the previous slave (from ENI file)

EC_T_WORD wPrevPort

[out] Connected port of the previous slave (from ENI file)

EC_T_WORD wIdentifyAdo

[out] ADO used for identification command (from ENI file)

EC_T_WORD wIdentifyData

[out] Identification value to be validated (from ENI file)

EC_T_BYTE byPortDescriptor

[out] Port descriptor (ESC register 0x0007) (from ENI file)

EC_T_WORD wWkcStateDiagOffsIn[EC_CFG_SLAVE_PD_SECTIONS]

[out] Offset of WkcState bit in diagnosis image (ENI: ProcessData/Recv[1..4]/BitStart): 0xFFFFFFFF = offset not available. WkcState bit values: 0 = Data valid, 1 = Data invalid

EC_T_WORD wWkcStateDiagOffsOut[EC_CFG_SLAVE_PD_SECTIONS]

[out] Offset of WkcState bit in diagnosis image (ENI: ProcessData/Send[1..4]/BitStart): 0xFFFFFFFF = offset not available. WkcState bit values: 0 = Data valid, 1 = Data invalid

EC_T_WORD awMasterSyncUnitIn[EC_CFG_SLAVE_PD_SECTIONS]

[out] Sync Unit (ENI: ProcessData/TxPdo[1..4]@Su)

EC_T_WORD awMasterSyncUnitOut[EC_CFG_SLAVE_PD_SECTIONS]

[out] Sync Unit (ENI: ProcessData/RxPdo[1..4]@Su)

EC_T_BOOL bDisabled

[out] Slave disabled by API (emSetSlaveDisabled / emSetSlavesDisabled).

EC_T_BOOL bDisconnected

[out] Slave disconnected by API (emSetSlaveDisconnected / emSetSlavesDisconnected).

EC_T_BOOL bExtended

[out] Slave generated by emConfigExtend

EC_T_BOOL bDcReferenceClock

[out] Slave is reference clock (from ENI file)

EC_T_BOOL bDcPotentialRefClock

[out] Slave can be used as a reference clock (from ENI file)

EC_T_DWORD dwDcCycleTime0

[out] Cycle time of Sync0 event in ns (from ENI file)

EC_T_DWORD dwDcCycleTime1

[out] Calculated value dwDcCycleTime1 [ns] = Cycle time of Sync1 event - Cycle time of Sync1 event + Shift time of Sync0 event (from ENI file)

EC_T_INT nDcShiftTime

[out] Shift time of Sync0 event in ns (from ENI file)

Flags EC_MBX_PROTOCOL_

EC_MBX_PROTOCOL_AOE
EC_MBX_PROTOCOL_EOE
EC_MBX_PROTOCOL_COE
EC_MBX_PROTOCOL_FOE
EC_MBX_PROTOCOL_SOE
EC_MBX_PROTOCOL_VOE

9.4.18 emonGetCfgSlaveSmInfo

```
EC_T_DWORD emonGetCfgSlaveSmInfo (
    EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID,
    EC_T_BOOL bFixedAddressing,
    EC_T_WORD wSlaveAddress,
    EC_T_CFG_SLAVE_SM_INFO *pSlaveSmInfo
)
```

Return information about Sync Master of a configured slave from the ENI file.

Parameters

- ***dwInstanceId*** – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)
- ***bFixedAddressing*** – [in] EC_TRUE: use station address, EC_FALSE: use AutoInc address
- ***wSlaveAddress*** – [in] Slave address according bFixedAddressing
- ***pSlaveSmInfo*** – [out] Information about the slave.

Returns

EC_E_NOERROR or error code

struct **EC_T_CFG_SLAVE_SM_ENTRY**

Public Members

EC_T_WORD **wPhysAddr**

[out] ESC (0x800 + y * 8)

EC_T_WORD **wLength**

[out] ESC (0x802 + y * 8)

EC_T_BYTE **byOpMode**

[out] Bits 0..1 ESC (0x804 + y * 8)

EC_T_BYTE **byDirection**

[out] Bits 2..3 ESC (0x804 + y * 8)

EC_T_DWORD **dwPdBitOffs**

[out] Process input data bit offset (from ENI file)

EC_T_DWORD **dwPdBitSize**

[out] Process input data bit size (from ENI file)

EC_T_WORD **wWkcStateDiagBitOffs**

[out] Offset of WkcState bit in diagnosis image

EC_T_WORD **wMasterSyncUnit**

[out] Sync Unit (ENI: ProcessData/TxPdo[1..4]@Su)

struct **EC_T_CFG_SLAVE_SM_INFO**

Public Members

EC_T_DWORD **dwSlaveId**

[out] Slave ID

EC_T_DWORD **dwSmInfoNumOf**

[out] Number of available sync managers

EC_T_CFG_SLAVE_SM_ENTRY **aoSmInfos**[ECREG_SYNCMANAGER_MAX_NUMOF]

[out] Sync managers info

Example

```
/* get information about slave's sync managers configured in ENI file */
EC_T_CFG_SLAVE_SM_INFO oSlaveSmInfo;
OsMemset(&oSlaveSmInfo, 0, sizeof(EC_T_CFG_SLAVE_SM_INFO));
dwRes = emonGetCfgSlaveSmInfo(dwInstanceId, EC_TRUE, 1001, &oSlaveSmInfo);
```

9.4.19 emonGetBusSlaveInfo

```
EC_T_DWORD emonGetBusSlaveInfo (
    EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceId,
    EC_T_BOOL bFixedAddressing,
    EC_T_WORD wSlaveAddress,
    EC_T_BUS_SLAVE_INFO *pSlaveInfo
)
```

) Return information about a slave connected to the EtherCAT bus.

Parameters

- **dwInstanceId** – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)
- **bFixedAddressing** – [in] EC_TRUE: use station address, EC_FALSE: use AutoInc address
- **wSlaveAddress** – [in] Slave address according bFixedAddressing
- **pSlaveInfo** – [out] Information from the slave.

Returns

- **EC_E_NOERROR** if successful
- **EC_E_INVALIDSTATE** if master isn't initialized
- **EC_E_INVALIDPARM** if dwInstanceId is out of range
- **EC_E_NOTFOUND** if no slave matching bFixedAddressing / wSlaveAddress can be found

struct **EC_T_BUS_SLAVE_INFO**

Public Members

EC_T_DWORD dwSlaveId

[out] The slave's ID to bind bus slave and config slave information

EC_T_DWORD adwPortSlaveIds[ESC_PORT_COUNT]

[out] The slave's ID of the slaves connected to ports. See *Port slave ID's*

EC_T_WORD wPortState

[out] Port link state. Format: wwww xxxx yyyy zzzz (each nibble : port 3210)

wwww : Signal detected 1=yes, 0=no

xxxx : Loop closed 1=yes, 0=no

yyyy : Link established 1=yes, 0=no

zzzz : Slave connected 1=yes, 0=no (zzzz = logical result of w,x,y)

EC_T_WORD wAutoIncAddress

[out] The slave's auto increment address

EC_T_BOOL bDcSupport

[out] Slave supports DC (Bus Topology Scan)

EC_T_BOOL bDc64Support

[out] Slave supports 64 Bit DC (Bus Topology Scan)

EC_T_DWORD dwVendorId

[out] Vendor Identification stored in the EEPROM at offset 0x0008

EC_T_DWORD dwProductCode

[out] Product Code stored in the EEPROM at offset 0x000A

EC_T_DWORD dwRevisionNumber

[out] Revision number stored in the EEPROM at offset 0x000C

EC_T_DWORD dwSerialNumber

[out] Serial number stored in the EEPROM at offset 0x000E

EC_T_BYTE byESCType

[out] Type of ESC (Value of slave ESC register 0x0000)

EC_T_BYTE byESCRevision

[out] Revision number of ESC (Value of slave ESC register 0x0001)

EC_T_WORD wESCBuild

[out] Build number of ESC (Value of slave ESC register 0x0002)

EC_T_BYTE byPortDescriptor

[out] Port descriptor (Value of slave ESC register 0x0007)

EC_T_WORD wFeaturesSupported

[out] Features supported (Value of slave ESC register 0x0008)

EC_T_WORD wStationAddress

[out] The slave's station address (Value of slave ESC register 0x0010)

EC_T_WORD wAliasAddress

[out] The slave's alias address (Value of slave ESC register 0x0012)

EC_T_WORD wALStatus

[out] AL status (Value of slave ESC register 0x0130)

EC_T_WORD wALStatusCode

[out] AL status code. (Value of slave ESC register 0x0134 during last error acknowledge). This value is reset after a slave state change

EC_T_DWORD dwSystemTimeDifference

[out] System time difference. (Value of slave ESC register 0x092C)

EC_T_WORD wMbxBridgedProtocols

[out] Supported Mailbox Protocols stored in the EEPROM at offset 0x001C

EC_T_WORD wDlStatus

[out] DL status (Value of slave ESC register 0x0110)

EC_T_WORD wPrevPort

[out] Connected port of the previous slave

EC_T_WORD wIdentifyData

[out] Last read identification value see *EC_T_CFG_SLAVE_INFO.wIdentifyAdo*

EC_T_BOOL bLineCrossed

[out] Line crossed was detected at this slave

EC_T_DWORD dwSlaveDelay

[out] Delay behind slave [ns]. This value is only valid if a DC configuration is used

EC_T_DWORD dwPropagDelay

[out] Propagation delay [ns]. ESC register 0x0928, This value is only valid if a DC configuration is used

EC_T_BOOL bIsRefClock

[out] Slave is reference clock

EC_T_BOOL bIsDeviceEmulation

[out] Slave without Firmware. ESC register 0x0141, enabled by EEPROM offset 0x0000.8.

EC_T_WORD wLineCrossedFlags

[out] Combination of *Line crossed flags*

EC_T_DWORD dwCyclicWkcErrorCnt

[out] Counter for Cyclic WC Error

EC_T_DWORD dwSlaveAbsentCnt

[out] Counter for Absent/Not Present Slaves

EC_T_DWORD dwUnexpectedStateCnt

[out] Counter for Abnormal State Change

Port Slave ID's

MASTER_SLAVE_ID

SIMULATOR_SLAVE_ID

MASTER_RED_SLAVE_ID

EL9010_SLAVE_ID

FRAMELOSS_SLAVE_ID

JUNCTION_RED_FLAG

Flags EC_LINECROSSED_

EC_LINECROSSED_NOT_CONNECTED_PORTA

EC_LINECROSSED_UNEXPECTED_INPUT_PORT

EC_LINECROSSED_UNEXPECTED_JUNCTION_RED

EC_LINECROSSED_UNRESOLVED_PORT_CONNECTION

EC_LINECROSSED_HIDDEN_SLAVE_CONNECTED

EC_LINECROSSED_PHYSIC_MISMATCH

EC_LINECROSSED_INVALID_PORT_CONNECTION

9.5 Diagnosis

9.5.1 emonGetDiagnosisImagePtr

EC_T_BYTE *emonGetDiagnosisImagePtr (*EC_T_DWORD* dwInstanceID)

Gets the diagnosis image pointer.

Parameters

dwInstanceID – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)

Returns

Diagnosis image pointer

See also:

- *EC_T_CFG_SLAVE_INFO*::wWkcStateDiagOffsIn
- *EC_T_CFG_SLAVE_INFO*::wWkcStateDiagOffsOut

9.5.2 emonGetDiagnosisImageSize

EC_T_DWORD emonGetDiagnosisImageSize (*EC_T_DWORD* dwInstanceID)

Gets the diagnosis image size.

Parameters

dwInstanceID – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)

Returns

Diagnosis image size

See also:

- *EC_T_CFG_SLAVE_INFO*::wWkcStateDiagOffsIn
- *EC_T_CFG_SLAVE_INFO*::wWkcStateDiagOffsOut

9.5.3 emonGetMasterSyncUnitInfoNumOf

EC_T_DWORD emonGetMasterSyncUnitInfoNumOf (*EC_T_DWORD* dwInstanceID)

Get number of Master Sync Units info entries.

Parameters

dwInstanceID – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)

Returns

Number of Master Sync Units info entries

9.5.4 emonGetMasterSyncUnitInfo

```
EC_T_DWORD emonGetMasterSyncUnitInfo (
    EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID,
    EC_T_WORD wMsuId,
    EC_T_MSU_INFO *pMsuInfo
)
```

) Get information about specific Master Sync Unit.

Parameters

- **dwInstanceID** – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)
- **wMsuId** – [in] Master Sync Unit to get the information from
- **pMsuInfo** – [out] Pointer to an *EC_T_MSU_INFO* structure receiving the Master Sync Unit information

Returns

EC_E_NOERROR or error code

MSU_ID_ALL_INFO_ENTRIES retrieves the information from all master sync units at once. The application must ensure that pMsuInfo is capable for all entries.

struct **EC_T_MSU_INFO**

Public Members

EC_T_WORD wMsuId

[out] Master Sync Unit ID (ENI: Slave/ProcessData/RxPdo[1..4]@Su, Slave/ProcessData/TxPdo[1..4]@Su, comment at Cyclic/Frame/Cmd)

EC_T_DWORD dwBitOffsIn

[out] Process Data Image INPUTs bit offset

EC_T_DWORD dwBitSizeIn

[out] Process Data Image INPUTs bit length

EC_T_DWORD dwBitOffsOut

[out] Process Data Image OUTPUTs bit offset

EC_T_DWORD dwBitSizeOut

[out] Process Data Image OUTPUTs bit length

EC_T_WORD wWkcStateDiagOffsIn

[out] INPUTs WkcState bit offset in Diagnosis Image. (Bit values: 0 = Process Data valid, 1 = Process Data invalid)

EC_T_WORD wWkcStateDiagOffsOut

[out] OUTPUTs WkcState bit offset in Diagnosis Image. (Bit values: 0 = Process Data valid, 1 = Process Data invalid)

EC_T_DWORD adwReserved[16]

reserved

See also:

emonGetMasterSyncUnitInfoNumOf()

9.5.5 emonGetSlaveStatistics

```
EC_T_DWORD emonGetSlaveStatistics(
    EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID,
    EC_T_DWORD dwSlaveId,
    EC_T_SLVSTATISTICS_DESC *pSlaveStatisticsDesc
)
    Get Slave's statistics counter.
```

Parameters

- **dwInstanceID** – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)
- **dwSlaveId** – [in] Slave id
- **pSlaveStatisticsDesc** – [out] Pointer to structure *EC_T_SLVSTATISTICS_DESC*

Returns

EC_E_NOERROR or error code

See also:

- *emonIoControl - EC_IOCTL_GET_SLVSTATISTICS*
- *emonGetSlaveId()*

9.5.6 emonIoControl - EC_IOCTL_GET_SLVSTATISTICS

Get Slave's statistics counter. Counters are collected on a regularly base (default: off) and show errors on Real-time Ethernet Drivers.

emonIoControl - EC_IOCTL_GET_SLVSTATISTICS

Parameter

- **pbyInBuf**: [in] Pointer to a EC_T_DWORD type variable containing the slave id.
- **dwInBufSize**: [in] Size of the input buffer provided at pbyInBuf in bytes.
- **pbyOutBuf**: [out] Pointer to struct EC_T_SLVSTATISTICS_DESC
- **dwOutBufSize**: [in] Size of the output buffer provided at pbyOutBuf in bytes.
- **pdwNumOutData**: [out] Pointer to EC_T_DWORD. Amount of bytes written to the output buffer.

struct **EC_T_SLVSTATISTICS_DESC**

Public Members

EC_T_BYTE abyInvalidFrameCnt[ESC_PORT_COUNT]
[out] Invalid Frame Counters per Slave Port

EC_T_BYTE abyRxErrorCnt[ESC_PORT_COUNT]
[out] RX Error Counters per Slave Port

EC_T_BYTE abyFwdRxErrorCnt[ESC_PORT_COUNT]
[out] Forwarded RX Error Counters per Slave Port

EC_T_BYTE byProcessingUnitErrorCnt

[out] Processing Unit Error Counter

EC_T_BYTE byPdiErrorCnt

[out] PDI Error Counter

EC_T_WORD wAlStatusCode

[out] AL Status Code

EC_T_BYTE abyLostLinkCnt[ESC_PORT_COUNT]

[out] Lost Link Counters per Slave Port

EC_T_UINT64 qwReadTime

[out] Timestamp of the last read [ns]

EC_T_UINT64 qwChangeTime

[out] Timestamp of the last counter change [ns]

9.5.7 emonClearSlaveStatistics

EC_T_DWORD emonClearSlaveStatistics (***EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID,******EC_T_DWORD dwSlaveId*****)**

Clears all error registers of a slave.

Parameters

- ***dwInstanceID*** – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)
- ***dwSlaveId*** – [in] Slave Id, INVALID_SLAVE_ID clears all slaves

Returns***EC_E_NOERROR*** or error code**Note:** Only the buffered error register values are deleted. The actual counters on the slaves remain unchanged.**See also:*****emonGetSlaveId()***

9.5.8 emonIoControl - EC_IOCTL_CLR_SLVSTATISTICS

Clear all buffered error registers for all slaves. The actual counters on the slaves remain unchanged.

emonIoControl - EC_IOCTL_CLR_SLVSTATISTICS**Parameter**

- ***pbyInBuf***: [in] Should be set to EC_NULL
- ***dwInBufSize***: [in] Should be set to 0
- ***pbyOutBuf***: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL
- ***dwOutBufSize***: [in] Should be set to 0

- pdwNumOutData: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL

9.5.9 emonIoControl - EC_IOCTL_SB_STATUS_GET

This call will get the status of the last bus scan.

emonIoControl - EC_IOCTL_SB_STATUS_GET

Parameter

- pbyInBuf: [in] Should be set to EC_NULL
- dwInBufSize: [in] Should be set to 0
- pbyOutBuf: [out] Pointer to EC_T_SB_STATUS_NTFY_DESC.
- dwOutBufSize: [in] Size of the output buffer in bytes.
- pdwNumOutData: [out] Pointer to EC_T_DWORD. Amount of bytes written to the output buffer.

See also:

emonNotify - EC_NOTIFY_SB_STATUS

9.6 Real-time Ethernet Driver Control Interface

9.6.1 emonIoControl - EC_IOCTL_ISLINK_CONNECTED

emonIoControl - EC_IOCTL_ISLINK_CONNECTED

Parameter

- pbyInBuf: [in] Should be set to EC_NULL
- dwInBufSize: [in] Should be set to 0
- pbyOutBuf: [out] Pointer to buffer of type struct EC_T_LINK_CONNECTED_INFO
- dwOutBufSize: [in] Size of the output buffer in bytes, sizeof(EC_T_LINK_CONNECTED_INFO)
- pdwNumOutData: [out] Pointer to EC_T_DWORD. Amount of bytes written to the output buffer

struct **EC_T_LINK_CONNECTED_INFO**

Public Members

EC_T_BOOL bConnected
[out] MAIN or RED link detected

EC_T_BOOL bSendEnabled
[out] send enabled on MAIN or RED

EC_T_BOOL bMainConnected
[out] MAIN link detected

EC_T_BOOL bMainMasked

[out] MAIN link not used for sending, because topology changed delay not elapsed yet

EC_T_BOOL bRedConnected

[out] RED link detected

EC_T_BOOL bRedMasked

[out] RED link not used for sending, because topology changed delay not elapsed yet

9.6.2 emonIoControl - EC_IOCTL_GET_LINKLAYER_MODE

emonIoControl - EC_IOCTL_GET_LINKLAYER_MODE

Parameter

- pbyInBuf: [in] Should be set to EC_NULL
- dwInBufSize: [in] Should be set to 0
- pbyOutBuf: [out] Pointer to buffer of type struct EC_T_LINKLAYER_MODE_DESC
- dwOutBufSize: [in] Size of the output buffer in bytes, sizeof(EC_T_LINKLAYER_MODE_DESC)
- pdwNumOutData: [out] Pointer to EC_T_DWORD. Amount of bytes written to the output buffer

struct **EC_T_LINKLAYER_MODE_DESC**

Public Members***EC_T_LINKMODE eLinkMode***

[out] Operation mode of main interface

EC_T_LINKMODE eLinkModeRed

[out] Operation mode of redundancy interface

9.6.3 emonIoControl - EC_LINKIOCTL...

The generic control interface provides access to the main network adapter when adding EC_IOCTL_LINKLAYER_MAIN to the EC_LINKIOCTL parameter at dwCode.

```
EC_T_DWORD dwCode = (EC_IOCTL_LINKLAYER_MAIN | EC_LINKIOCTL_GET_ETHERNET_ADDRESS);
```

9.6.4 emonIoControl - EC_LINKIOCTL_GET_ETHERNET_ADDRESS

Provides MAC addresses of main or red line.

emonIoControl - EC_LINKIOCTL_GET_ETHERNET_ADDRESS

Parameter

- pbyInBuf: [in] Should be set to EC_NULL
- dwInBufSize: [in] Should be set to 0
- pbyOutBuf: [out] Pointer to MAC address buffer (6 bytes).
- dwOutBufSize: [in] Size of the output buffer in bytes (at least 6).
- pdwNumOutData: [out] Pointer to EC_T_DWORD. Amount of bytes written to the output buffer.

9.6.5 emonIoControl - EC_LINKIOCTL_GET_SPEED

emonIoControl - EC_LINKIOCTL_GET_SPEED

Parameter

- pbyInBuf: [in] Should be set to EC_NULL
- dwInBufSize: [in] Should be set to 0
- pbyOutBuf: [out] Pointer to EC_T_DWORD. Set by Real-time Ethernet Driver to 10/100/1000.
- dwOutBufSize: [in] Size of the output buffer in bytes.
- pdwNumOutData: [out] Pointer to EC_T_DWORD. Amount of bytes written to the output buffer.

9.7 EtherCAT® Mailbox Transfer

To be able to initiate a mailbox transfer the client has to create a mailbox transfer object first. This mailbox transfer object also contains the memory where the data to be transferred is stored. The one client that initiated the mailbox transfer will be notified about a mailbox transfer completion by the emonNotify() callback function.

To be able to identify the transfer which was completed the client has to assign a unique transfer identifier for each mailbox transfer. The mailbox transfer object can only be used for one single mailbox transfer. If multiple transfers shall be initiated in parallel the client has to create one transfer object for each. The transfer object can be re-used after mailbox transfer completion.

Typical mailbox transfer sequence:

1. Record a mailbox transfer.
2. **Create a transfer object (for example a SDO download transfer object).**

```
MbxTferDesc.dwMaxDataLen = 10

MbxTferDesc.pbyMbxTferDescData = (EC_T_PBYTE)OsMalloc(MbxTferDesc.
    ↳dwMaxDataLen)

pMbxTfer = emonMbxTferCreate(&MbxTferDesc)
    state of the transfer object = Idle
```

3. Set the location to write the transferred data to, determine the transfer ID, store the client ID in the object and initiate the transfer (e.g. a SDO upload). A transfer may only be initiated if the state of the transfer object is Idle.

```
pMbxTfer->dwDataLen = MbxTferDesc.dwMaxDataLen;
pMbxTfer->pbyMbxTferData = MbxTferDesc.pbyMbxTferDescData
pMbxTfer->dwTferId = 1;
pMbxTfer->dwClntId = dwClntId;

dwResult = emonCoeSdoUploadReq(pMbxTfer, dwSlaveId, wObIndex, ...);
state of the transfer object = Pend or TferReqError
```

The state will then be set to Pend to indicate that this mailbox transfer object currently is in use and the transfer is not completed. If the mailbox transfer cannot be initiated the master will set the object into the state TferReqError - in such cases the client is responsible to set the state back into Idle.

4. If the mailbox transfer is completed the notification callback function of the corresponding client (`emonNotify()`) will be called with a pointer to the mailbox transfer object. The state of the transfer object is set to TferDone prior to calling `emonNotify()`.

```
if( dwResult != EC_E_NOERROR ) { ... }

emonNotify( EC_NOTIFY_MBOXRCV, pParms )
state of the transfer object = TferDone
```

5. In case of errors the appropriate error handling has to be executed. Application must set the transfer object state to Idle.

```
if( pMbxTfer->dwErrorCode != EC_E_NOERROR ) { ... }
In emonNotify: application may set transfer object state to Idle
```

6. Delete the transfer object. Alternatively this object can be used for the next transfer.

```
emonMbxTferDelete(pMbxTfer);
```

9.7.1 Mailbox transfer object states

The following states exist for a mailbox transfer object:

enum **EC_T_MBXTFER_STATUS**
Values:

enumerator **eMbxTferStatus_Idle**
Mailbox transfer object not in use

enumerator **eMbxTferStatus_Pend**
Mailbox transfer in process

enumerator **eMbxTferStatus_TferDone**
Mailbox transfer completed

enumerator eMbxTferStatus_TferReqError

Mailbox transfer request error

enumerator eMbxTferStatus_TferWaitingForContinue

Mailbox transfer waiting for continue, object owned by application

A mailbox transfer will be processed by the monitor independently from the client's timeout setting. Some types of mailbox transfers can be cancelled by the client, e.g. if the client's timeout elapsed.

After completion of the mailbox transfer (with timeout and the client may finally set the transfer object into the state [*EC_T_MBXTFER_STATUS::eMbxTferStatus_Idle*](#). New mailbox transfers can only be requested if the object is in the state [*EC_T_MBXTFER_STATUS::eMbxTferStatus_Idle*](#).

9.7.2 emonMbxTferCreate

```
EC_T_MBXTFER *emonMbxTferCreate (
    EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID,
    EC_T_MBXTFER_DESC *pMbxTferDesc
)
```

) Creates a mailbox transfer object.

While a mailbox transfer is in process the related transfer object and the corresponding memory may not be accessed. After a mailbox transfer completion the object may be used for the next transfer. The mailbox transfer object has to be deleted by calling `ecatMbxTferDelete` if it is not needed any more.

Parameters

- ***dwInstanceID*** – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)
- ***pMbxTferDesc*** – [in] Pointer to the mailbox transfer descriptor. Determines details of the mailbox transfer.

Returns

- Pointer to the created mailbox transfer object if successful
- EC_NULL on error (No memory left)

struct ***EC_T_MBXTFER_DESC***

Public Members

EC_T_DWORD dwMaxDataLen

Maximum amount of data bytes that shall be transferred using this object. A mailbox transfer type without data transfer will ignore this parameter

EC_T_BYTE *pbyMbxTferDescData

Pointer to byte stream carrying in and out data of mailbox content

struct ***EC_T_MBXTFER***

Public Members

EC_T_DWORD dwClntId
[] Client ID

EC_T_MBXTFER_DESC MbxTferDesc
[out] Mailbox transfer descriptor. All elements of pMbxTferDesc will be stored here

EC_T_MBXTFER_TYPE eMbxTferType
[] This type information is written to the Mailbox Transfer Object by the last call to a mailbox command function. It may be used as an information, and is required to fan out consecutive notifications. This value is only valid until next mailbox relevant API call, where this value may be overwritten

EC_T_DWORD dwDataLen
[] Amount of data bytes for the next mailbox transfer. If the mailbox transfer does not transfer data from or to the slave this parameter will be ignored. This element has to be set to an appropriate value every time prior to initiate a new request. When the transfer is completed (emNotify) this value will contain the amount of data that was actually transferred

EC_T_BYTE *pbyMbxTferData
[in/out] Pointer to data. In case of a download transfer the client has to store the data in this location. In case of an upload transfer this element points to the received data. Access to data that was uploaded from a slave is only valid within the notification function because the buffer will be re-used by the master “this data has to be copied into a separate buffer in case it has to be used later by the client”

EC_T_MBXTFER_STATUS eTferStatus
[out] Transfer state. After a new transfer object is created the state will be set to eMbxTferStatus_Idle

EC_T_DWORD dwErrorCode
[out] Error code of a mailbox transfer that was terminated with error

EC_T_DWORD dwTferId
[] Transfer ID. For every new mailbox transfer a unique ID has to be assigned. This ID can be used after mailbox transfer completion to identify the transfer

EC_T_MBX_DATA MbxData
[] Mailbox data. This element contains mailbox transfer data, e.g. the CoE object dictionary list.

enum ***EC_T_MBXTFER_TYPE***

Values:

enumerator ***eMbxTferType_COE_SDO_DOWNLOAD***
CoE SDO download

enumerator ***eMbxTferType_COE_SDO_UPLOAD***
CoE SDO upload

enumerator ***eMbxTferType_COE_GETODLIST***
CoE Get object dictionary list

enumerator ***eMbxTferType_COE_GETOBDESC***
CoE Get object description

enumerator ***eMbxTferType_COE_GETENTRYDESC***
CoE Get object entry description

enumerator **eMbxTferType_COE_EMERGENCY**
CoE emergency request

enumerator **eMbxTferType_COE_RX_PDO**
CoE RxPDO

enumerator **eMbxTferType_FOE_FILE_UPLOAD**
FoE upload

enumerator **eMbxTferType_FOE_FILE_DOWNLOAD**
FoE download

enumerator **eMbxTferType_SOE_READREQUEST**
SoE read request

enumerator **eMbxTferType_SOE_READRESPONSE**
SoE read response

enumerator **eMbxTferType_SOE_WRITEREQUEST**
SoE write request

enumerator **eMbxTferType_SOE_WRITERESPONSE**
SoE write response

enumerator **eMbxTferType_SOE_NOTIFICATION**
SoE notification

enumerator **eMbxTferType_SOE_EMERGENCY**
SoE emergency

enumerator **eMbxTferType_VOE_MBX_READ**
VoE read

enumerator **eMbxTferType_VOE_MBX_WRITE**
VoE write

enumerator **eMbxTferType_AOE_READ**
AoE read

enumerator **eMbxTferType_AOE_WRITE**
AoE write

enumerator **eMbxTferType_AOE_READWRITE**
AoE read/write

enumerator **eMbxTferType_AOE_WRITECONTROL**
AoE write control

enumerator **eMbxTferType_RAWMBX**
Raw mbx

enumerator **eMbxTferType_FOE_SEG_DOWNLOAD**
FoE segmented download

enumerator **eMbxTferType_FOE_SEG_UPLOAD**
FoE segmented upload

enumerator **eMbxTferType_S2SMBX**
S2S mbx

enumerator **eMbxTferType_FOE_UPLOAD_REQ**
FoE upload request

enumerator **eMbxTferType_FOE_DOWNLOAD_REQ**
FoE download request

enumerator **eMbxTferType_EOE_SEND_FRAME**
EoE send frame

enumerator **eMbxTferType_EOE_RECEIVE_FRAME**
EoE receive frame

enumerator **eMbxTferType_EOE_SET_IP**
EoE set IP address

union **EC_T_MBX_DATA**
#include <EcInterfaceCommon.h>

Public Members

EC_T_AOE_CMD_RESPONSE AoE_Response
AoE

EC_T_MBX_DATA_COE CoE
CoE

EC_T_COE_ODLIST CoE_ODList
CoE Object Dictionary list

EC_T_COE_OBDESC CoE_ObDesc
CoE object description

EC_T_COE_ENTRYDESC CoE_EntryDesc
CoE entry description

EC_T_COE_EMERGENCY CoE_Emergency
CoE emergency data

EC_T_MBX_DATA_COE_INITCMD CoE_InitCmd
CoE InitCmd

EC_T_MBX_DATA_FOE FoE
FoE

EC_T_MBX_DATA_FOE_REQ FoE_Request
FoE request

EC_T_MBX_DATA_SOE SoE
SoE

EC_T_SOE_NOTIFICATION SoE_Notification
SoE notification request

EC_T_SOE_EMERGENCY SoE_Emergency
SoE emergency request

9.7.3 emonMbxTferAbort

EC_T_DWORD emonMbxTferAbort (*EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID*, *EC_T_MBXTFER *pMbxTfer*)
Abort a running mailbox transfer.

This function may not be called from within the JobTask's context.

Parameters

- **dwInstanceID** – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)
- **pMbxTfer** – [in] Mailbox transfer object created with emMbxTferCreate

Returns

EC_E_NOERROR if successful

Currently only supported for FoE Transfer, CoE Download and CoE Upload.

9.7.4 emonMbxTferDelete

EC_T_VOID emonMbxTferDelete (*EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID*, *EC_T_MBXTFER *pMbxTfer*)
Deletes a mailbox transfer object.

A transfer object may only be deleted if it is in the Idle state.

Parameters

- **dwInstanceID** – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)
- **pMbxTfer** – [in] Mailbox transfer object created with emMbxTferCreate

Returns

EC_E_NOERROR or error code

9.7.5 emonNotify - EC_NOTIFY_MBOXRCV

Indicates a mailbox transfer completion.

emonNotify - EC_NOTIFY_MBOXRCV

Parameter

- **pbyInBuf**: [in] Pointer to a structure of type EC_T_MBXTFER, contains the corresponding mailbox transfer object.
- **dwInBufSize**: [in] Size of the transfer object provided at pbyInBuf in bytes.
- **pbyOutBuf**: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL
- **dwOutBufSize**: [in] Should be set to 0

- pdwNumOutData: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL

The element `EC_T_MBXTFER::dwClntId` contains the corresponding ID of the client that is notified, the corresponding transfer ID can be found in `EC_T_MBXTFER::dwTferId`. The transfer result is stored in `EC_T_MBXTFER::dwErrorCode`.

On error `EC_T_MBXTFER::eTferStatus` is `eMbxTferStatus_TferReqError`, on success `eMbxTferStatus_TferDone`. In order to reuse the transfer object the application must set it back to `eMbxTferStatus_Idle`.

The `EC_T_MBXTFER::eMbxTferType` element determines the mailbox transfer type (e.g. `eMbxTferType_COE_SDO_DOWNLOAD` for a completion of a CoE SDO download transfer).

9.8 CAN application protocol over EtherCAT® (CoE)

The EC-Monitor can forward CoE transfers to the application in real time via the notifications `emonNotify - eMbxTferType_COE_SDO_DOWNLOAD`, `emonNotify - eMbxTferType_COE_SDO_UPLOAD` and `emonNotify - eMbxTferType_COE_EMERGENCY`.

There is also the option of storing the recorded data from the CoE transfers in an internal object dictionary. This object dictionary is structured analogously to that from the slaves and can be read out via the functions `emonCoeSdoUpload()` / `emonCoeSdoUploadReq()` and `emonCoeGetODListReq()`.

The notifications for CoE can be deactivated using the `EC_T_MBX_PARMS_COE::bDisableNotifications` parameter if they are not required or to save computing time. In order to reduce memory consumption, the internal memory for the CoE data can be deactivated using the `EC_T_MBX_PARMS_COE::bDisableODStorage` parameter.

If both parameters `EC_T_MBX_PARMS_COE::bDisableNotifications` and `EC_T_MBX_PARMS_COE::bDisableODStorage` are set, the CoE monitoring is completely deactivated.

9.8.1 emonNotify - eMbxTferType_COE_SDO_DOWNLOAD

SDO download transfer completion.

emonNotify - eMbxTferType_COE_SDO_DOWNLOAD

Parameter

- pbyInBuf: [in] Pointer to a structure of type `EC_T_MBXTFER`, this structure contains the corresponding mailbox transfer object.
- dwInBufSize: [in] Size of the transfer object pbyInBuf in bytes.
- pbyOutBuf: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL
- dwOutBufSize: [in] Should be set to 0
- pdwNumOutData: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL

The transfer result is stored in `EC_T_MBXTFER::dwErrorCode`. The request parameters stored in element `EC_T_MBX_DATA::CoE` of type `EC_T_MBX_DATA_COE` are part of `EC_T_MBXTFER::MbxData`. The SDO data stored in `EC_T_MBXTFER::pbyMbxTferData`.

struct `EC_T_MBX_DATA_COE`

Public Members

***EC_T_WORD* wStationAddress**
Station address of the slave

***EC_T_WORD* wIndex**
Object index

***EC_T_BYTE* bySubIndex**
Object subindex

***EC_T_BOOL* bCompleteAccess**
Complete access

9.8.2 emonNotify - eMbxTferType_COE_SDO_UPLOAD

SDO upload transfer completion.

emonNotify - eMbxTferType_COE_SDO_UPLOAD

Parameter

- pbyInBuf: [in] Pointer to a structure of type EC_T_MBXTFER, contains the corresponding mailbox transfer object.
- dwInBufSize: [in] Size of the transfer object in bytes.
- pbyOutBuf: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL
- dwOutBufSize: [in] Should be set to 0
- pdwNumOutData: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL

The transfer result is stored in *EC_T_MBXTFER::dwErrorCode*. The request parameters stored in element *EC_T_MBX_DATA::CoE* of type *EC_T_MBX_DATA_COE* are part of *EC_T_MBXTFER::MbxData*. The SDO data stored in *EC_T_MBXTFER::pbyMbxTferData*.

9.8.3 CoE Emergency (emonNotify - eMbxTferType_COE_EMERGENCY)

Indication of a CoE emergency request. A *emonNotify - EC_NOTIFY_MBOXRCV* is given with *EC_T_MBXTFER::eMbxTferType = EC_T_MBXTFER_TYPE::eMbxTferType_COE_EMERGENCY*.

emonNotify - eMbxTferType_COE_EMERGENCY

Parameter

- pbyInBuf: [in] Pointer to a structure of type EC_T_MBXTFER, contains the corresponding mailbox transfer object.
- dwInBufSize: [in] Size of the transfer object in bytes.
- pbyOutBuf: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL
- dwOutBufSize: [in] Should be set to 0
- pdwNumOutData: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL

In case of an emergency notification all registered clients will get this notification. The corresponding mailbox transfer object will be created. `EC_T_MBXTFER::dwTferId` is undefined as it is not needed by the client. The transfer result is stored in `EC_T_MBXTFER::dwErrorCode`.

The emergency data stored in element `EC_T_MBX_DATA::CoE_Emergency` of type `EC_T_COE_EMERGENCY` is part of `EC_T_MBXTFER::MbxData` and may have to be buffered by the client. Access to the memory area `EC_T_MBXTFER::MbxData` outside of the notification caller context is illegal and the results are undefined.

struct **EC_T_COE_EMERGENCY**

Public Members

`EC_T_WORD` wErrorCode

Error code according to EtherCAT specification

`EC_T_BYTE` byErrorRegister

Error register

`EC_T_BYTE` abyData[EC_COE_EMERGENCY_DATASIZE]

Error data

`EC_T_WORD` wStationAddress

Slave node address of the faulty slave

See also:

A more detailed description of the values can be found in the EtherCAT® specification ETG.1000, section 5.

9.8.4 emonCoeSdoUpload

```
EC_T_DWORD emonCoeSdoUpload(
    EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID,
    EC_T_DWORD dwSlaveId,
    EC_T_WORD wObIndex,
    EC_T_BYTE byObSubIndex,
    EC_T_BYTE *pbyData,
    EC_T_DWORD dwDataLen,
    EC_T_DWORD *pdwOutDataLen,
    EC_T_DWORD dwTimeout,
    EC_T_DWORD dwFlags
)
```

Execute a CoE SDO upload from an EtherCAT slave device to the master.

This function may not be called from within the JobTask's context.

Parameters

- **`dwInstanceID`** – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)
- **`dwSlaveId`** – [in] Slave ID
- **`wObIndex`** – [in] Object index
- **`byObSubIndex`** – [in] Object SubIndex. If Complete Access only 0 or 1 allowed
- **`pbyData`** – [out] Buffer receiving transferred data
- **`dwDataLen`** – [in] Buffer length in bytes

- **pdwOutDataLen** – [out] Length of received data in bytes
- **dwTimeout** – [in] Timeout [ms]
- **dwFlags** – [in] Mailbox Flags. Bit 0: set if Complete Access (EC_MAILBOX_FLAG_SDO_COMPLETE).

Returns

- *EC_E_NOERROR* if successful
- *EC_E_INVALIDSTATE* if master isn't initialized
- *EC_E_INVALIDPARM* if dwInstanceID is out of range, the input pointer is EC_NULL or contains EC_NULL pointer, or dwTimeout is EC_NOWAIT
- *EC_E_NOMEMORY* if the mailbox protocol queue of the slave is full
- *EC_E_SLAVE_NOT_PRESENT* if slave not present
- *EC_E_NOTFOUND* if no slave matching dwSlaveId can be found
- *EC_E_NO_MBX_SUPPORT* if slave has no mailbox support
- *EC_E_INVALID_SLAVE_STATE* if slave is in an invalid state for mailbox transfer
- *EC_E_MASTER_RED_STATE_INACTIVE* if Master Redundancy is configured and master is inactive
- *EC_E_ADS_IS_RUNNING* if ADS server is running
- *CoE SDO error code*

Limitation

- Only CoE entries which have been received by the EC-Monitor can be retrieved.
- CoE objects received via complete access can only be retrieved as complete access and vice versa.
- When the access method of a received object changes, the object is erased.

See also:

emonGetSlaveId()

9.8.5 emonCoeSdoUploadReq

```
EC_T_DWORD emonCoeSdoUploadReq(  
    EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID,  
    EC_T_MBXTFER *pMbxTfer,  
    EC_T_DWORD dwSlaveId,  
    EC_T_WORD wObIndex,  
    EC_T_BYTEx byObSubIndex,  
    EC_T_DWORD dwTimeout,  
    EC_T_DWORD dwFlags  
)
```

Initiates a CoE SDO upload from an EtherCAT slave device to the master and returns immediately.

The length of the data to be uploaded must be set in *EC_T_MBXTFER.dwDataLen*. A unique transfer ID must be written into *EC_T_MBXTFER.dwTferId*. EC_NOTIFY_MBOXRCV is given on completion.

Parameters

- **dwInstanceID** – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)

- **pMbxTfer** – [in] Mailbox transfer object created with emMbxTferCreate
- **dwSlaveId** – [in] Slave ID
- **wObjIndex** – [in] Object Index
- **byObjSubIndex** – [in] Object SubIndex. If Complete Access only 0 or 1 allowed
- **dwTimeout** – [in] Timeout [ms]
- **dwFlags** – [in] Mailbox Flags. Bit 0: set if Complete Access (EC_MAILBOX_FLAG_SDO_COMPLETE).

Returns

- *EC_E_NOERROR* if successful
- *EC_E_INVALIDSTATE* if master isn't initialized
- *EC_E_INVALIDPARAM* if dwInstanceID is out of range, the input pointer is EC_NULL or contains EC_NULL pointer, or dwTimeout is EC_NOWAIT
- *EC_E_NOMEMORY* if the mailbox protocol queue of the slave is full
- *EC_E_SLAVE_NOT_PRESENT* if slave not present
- *EC_E_NOTFOUND* if no slave matching dwSlaveId can be found
- *EC_E_NO_MBX_SUPPORT* if slave has no mailbox support
- *EC_E_INVALID_SLAVE_STATE* if slave is in an invalid state for mailbox transfer
- *EC_E_MASTER_RED_STATE_INACTIVE* if Master Redundancy is configured and master is inactive
- *EC_E_ADS_IS_RUNNING* if ADS server is running
- *CoE SDO error code*

Limitation

- Only CoE entries which have been received by the EC-Monitor can be retrieved.
 - CoE objects received via complete access can only be retrieved as complete access and vice versa.
 - When the access method of a received object changes, the object is erased.
-

See also:

- *emonNotify - emBxTferType_COE_SDO_UPLOAD*
- *emonGetSlaveId()*

9.8.6 emonIoControl - EC_IOCTL_MONITOR_SET_COESDO_CLEAR_ON_READ

This IO control can be used to activate a clear on read of the CoE SDO data. If clear on read is activated, the data is automatically deleted after each read of the CoE SDO index, subindex via *emonCoeSdoUpload()* or *emonCoeSdoUploadReq()*. The IO-Control must be called after *emonConfigureNetwork()*.

emonIoControl - EC_IOCTL_MONITOR_SET_COESDO_CLEAR_ON_READ

Parameter

- **pbyInBuf**: [in] Pointer to value of EC_T_BOOL. EC_TRUE: Enables clear on read.
- **dwInBufSize**: [in] Size of the input buffer provided at pbyInBuf in bytes.

- pbyOutBuf: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL
- dwOutBufSize: [in] Should be set to 0
- pdwNumOutData: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL

9.8.7 emonCoeGetODListReq

```
EC_T_DWORD emonCoeGetODListReq (
    EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID,
    EC_T_MBXTFER *pMbxTfer,
    EC_T_DWORD dwSlaveId,
    EC_T_COE_ODLIST_TYPE eListType,
    EC_T_DWORD dwTimeout
)
```

) Gets a list of object IDs that have so far been transferred to a slave and received by the EC-Monitor.

This function may not be called from within the JobTask's context.

Note: The mailbox transfer object will receive the slave response containing the list type followed by the list itself. Therefore the buffer must be 2 bytes bigger than the expected list size.

Parameters

- **dwInstanceID** – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)
- **pMbxTfer** – [in] Mailbox transfer
- **dwSlaveId** – [in] Slave ID
- **eListType** – [in] which object types shall be transferred
- **dwTimeout** – [in] Timeout [ms]. The function will block at most for this time. If the timeout value is set to EC_NOWAIT the function will return immediately.

Returns

- *EC_E_NOERROR* if successful
- *EC_E_INVALIDSTATE* if master isn't initialized
- *EC_E_INVALIDPARAM* if dwInstanceID is out of range, the input pointer is EC_NULL or contains EC_NULL pointer, or dwTimeout is EC_NOWAIT
- *EC_E_NOMEMORY* if the mailbox protocol queue of the slave is full
- *EC_E_SLAVE_NOT_PRESENT* if slave not present
- *EC_E_NOTFOUND* if no slave matching dwSlaveId can be found
- *EC_E_NO_MBX_SUPPORT* if slave has no mailbox support
- *EC_E_INVALID_SLAVE_STATE* if slave is in an invalid state for mailbox transfer
- *EC_E_MASTER_RED_STATE_INACTIVE* if Master Redundancy is configured and master is inactive
- *EC_E_ADS_IS_RUNNING* if ADS server is running
- *CoE SDO error code*

enum **EC_T_COE_ODLIST_TYPE**

Values:

enumerator `eODListType_Lengths`

Lengths of each list type

enumerator `eODListType_ALL`

List contains all objects

enumerator `eODListType_RxPdoMap`

List with PDO mappable objects

enumerator `eODListType_TxPdoMap`

List with objects that can be changed

enumerator `eODListType_StoredFRepl`

Only stored for a device replacement objects

enumerator `eODListType_StartupParm`

Only startup parameter objects

See also:

- `emonMbxTferCreate()`
- `emonGetSlaveId()`

9.8.8 emonNotify - eMbxTferType_COE_GETODLIST

Notification of a detected CoE SDO information service transfer for a object dictionary list.

emonNotify - eMbxTferType_COE_GETODLIST

Parameter

- `pbyInBuf`: [in] Pointer to a structure of type `EC_T_MBXTFER`.
- `dwInBufSize`: [in] Size of the transfer object in bytes.
- `pbyOutBuf`: [out] Should be set to `EC_NULL`
- `dwOutBufSize`: [in] Should be set to 0
- `pdwNumOutData`: [out] Should be set to `EC_NULL`

The transfer result is stored in `EC_T_MBXTFER::dwErrorCode`.

The object list stored in element `EC_T_MBX_DATA::CoE_ODList` of type `EC_T_COE_ODLIST` is part of `EC_T_MBXTFER::MbxData` and may have to be buffered by the client. Access to the memory area `EC_T_MBXTFER::MbxData` outside of the notification caller context is illegal and the results are undefined.

struct `EC_T_COE_ODLIST`

Public Members

EC_T_COE_ODLIST_TYPE eOdListType
list type

EC_T_WORD wLen
amount of object IDs

EC_T_WORD wStationAddress
Station address of the slave

EC_T_WORD *pwOdList
array containing object IDs

9.8.9 emonNotify - eMbxTferType_COE_GETENTRYDESC

Notification of a detected CoE SDO information service transfer for a object entry description.

emonNotify - eMbxTferType_COE_GETENTRYDESC

Parameter

- pbyInBuf: [in] Pointer to a structure of type EC_T_MBXTFER.
- dwInBufSize: [in] Size of the transfer object in bytes.
- pbyOutBuf: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL
- dwOutBufSize: [in] Should be set to 0
- pdwNumOutData: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL

The transfer result is stored in `EC_T_MBXTFER::dwErrorCode`.

The object entry description stored in element `EC_T_MBX_DATA::CoE_EntryDesc` of type `EC_T_COE_ENTRYDESC` is part of `EC_T_MBXTFER::MbxData` and may have to be buffered by the client. Access to the memory area `EC_T_MBXTFER::MbxData` outside of the notification caller context is illegal and the results are undefined.

struct **EC_T_COE_ENTRYDESC**

Public Members

EC_T_WORD wObIndex
Index in the object dictionary

EC_T_BYTE byObSubIndex
Sub index in the object dictionary

EC_T_BYTE byValueInfo
Bit mask which information is included in pbyData. See *Value info flags*

EC_T_WORD wDataType
Object data type according to ETG.1000

EC_T_WORD wBitLen

Object size (number of bits)

EC_T_BYTE byObjAccessAccess rights. See *Object access flags****EC_T_BOOL bRxPdoMapping***

Object is mappable in a RxPDO

EC_T_BOOL bTxPdoMapping

Object is mappable in a TxPDO

EC_T_BOOL bObjCanBeUsedForBackup

Object can be used for backup

EC_T_BOOL bObjCanBeUsedForSettings

Object can be used for settings

EC_T_WORD wStationAddress

Station address of the slave

EC_T_WORD wDataLen

Size of the remaining object data

EC_T_BYTE *pbyData

Remaining object data: dwUnitType, pbyDefaultValue, pbyMinValue, pbyMaxValue, pbyDescription
 (see ETG.1000.5 and ETG.1000.6)

Value info flags***EC_COE_ENTRY_ObjAccess***

Object access

EC_COE_ENTRY_ObjCategory

Object category

EC_COE_ENTRY_PdoMapping

PDO mapping

EC_COE_ENTRY_UnitType

Unit type

EC_COE_ENTRY_DefaultValue

Default value

EC_COE_ENTRY_MinValue

Minimum value

EC_COE_ENTRY_MaxValue

Maximum value

Object access flags***EC_COE_ENTRY_Access_R_PREOP***

Read access in Pre-Operational state

EC_COE_ENTRY_Access_R_SAFEOP
Read access in Safe-Operational state

EC_COE_ENTRY_Access_R_OP
Read access in Operational state

EC_COE_ENTRY_Access_W_PREOP
Write access in Pre-Operational state

EC_COE_ENTRY_Access_W_SAFEOP
Write access in Safe-Operational state

EC_COE_ENTRY_Access_W_OP
Write access in Operational state

See also:

A more detailed description of the values can be found in the EtherCAT® specification ETG.1000, section 5 and 6.

9.9 File access over EtherCAT® (FoE)

The EC-Monitor can record file transfers via the FoE protocol between an EtherCAT® master and a slave. These FoE transfers can be forwarded to the application as segmented packets in real time via the notifications *emonNotify - eMbxTferType_FOE_SEG_DOWNLOAD* and *emonNotify - eMbxTferType_FOE_SEG_UPLOAD*.

In addition, the FoE transfers can be stored as a file on the file system. The files are automatically created and stored in *EC_T_MONITOR_INIT_PARMS::szFileStoragePath*. The file name consists of the following:

```
<TimeStamp [msec]>_Slave<StationAddress>_<FoEFileName>
```

For example:

```
0123456789_Slave1001_firmware.bin
```

The notifications for FoE can be deactivated using the *EC_T_MBX_PARMS_FOE::bDisableNotifications* parameter if they are not required or to save computing time. If no file system is available or file storage is not desired, it can be disabled using the *EC_T_MBX_PARMS_FOE::bDisableFileStorage* parameter.

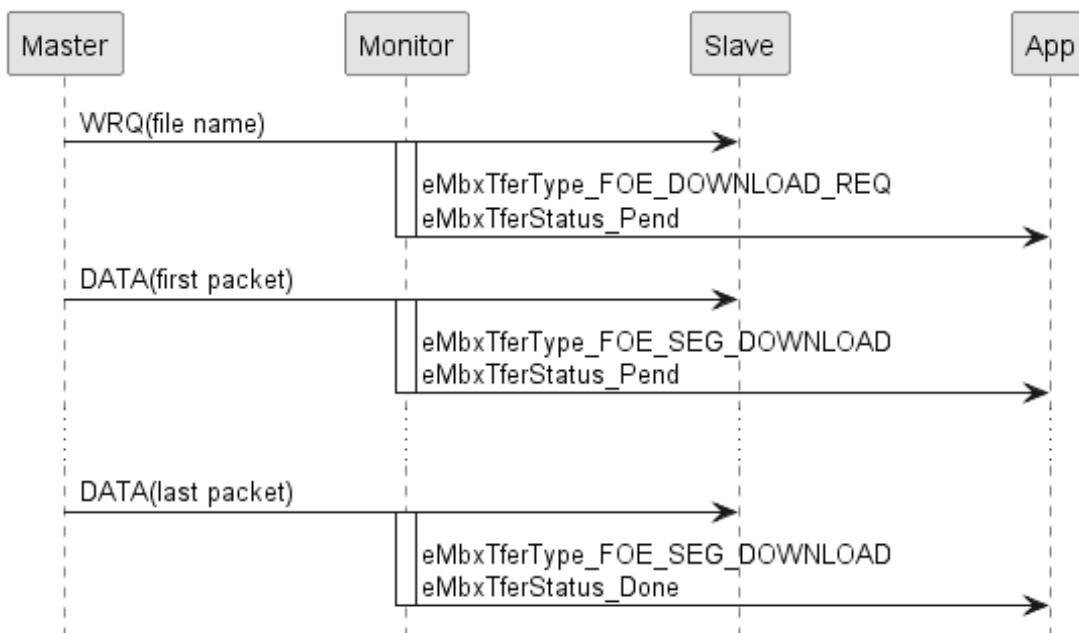
If both parameters *EC_T_MBX_PARMS_FOE::bDisableNotifications* and *EC_T_MBX_PARMS_FOE::bDisableFileStorage* are set, the FoE monitoring is completely deactivated.

9.9.1 Notification sequence

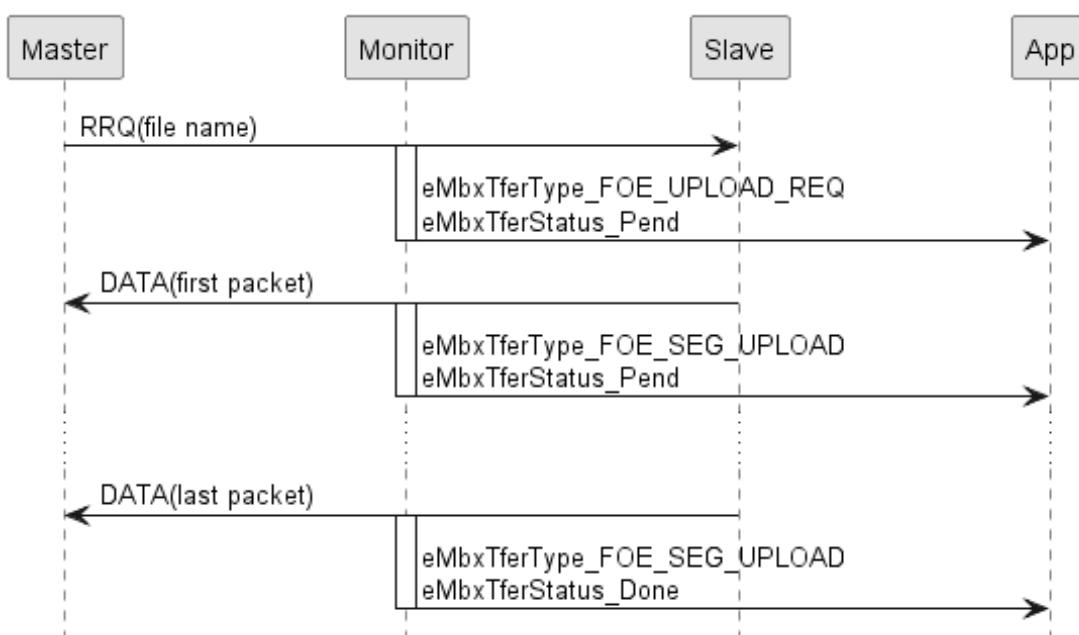
Once the EC-Monitor detects an FoE transfer, the application is notified via an *emonNotify - eMbxTferType_FOE_DOWNLOAD_REQ* or *emonNotify - eMbxTferType_FOE_UPLOAD_REQ* notification. This notification contains basic information about the upcoming transfer, e.g. requested file name.

After that, each individual packet is transmitted via an *emonNotify - eMbxTferType_FOE_SEG_DOWNLOAD* or *emonNotify - eMbxTferType_FOE_SEG_UPLOAD* notification. The end of the transfer is set via the *EC_T_MBXTFER::eTferStatus = eMbxTferStatus_TferDone*.

Download



Upload



9.9.2 emonNotify - eMbxTferType_FOE_DOWNLOAD_REQ

Notifies a FoE download request from the EtherCAT® master to a slave.

emonNotify - eMbxTferType_FOE_DOWNLOAD_REQ

Parameter

- pbyInBuf: [in] Pointer to a structure of type EC_T_MBXTFER, this structure contains the corresponding mailbox transfer object.
- dwInBufSize: [in] Size of the transfer object pbyInBuf in bytes.

- pbyOutBuf: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL
- dwOutBufSize: [in] Should be set to 0
- pdwNumOutData: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL

The parameters that the master has requested from the slave are stored in the structure *EC_T_MBX_DATA::FoE_Request* which is part of *EC_T_MBXTFER::MbxData*.

struct **EC_T_MBX_DATA_FOE_REQ**

Public Members

EC_T_WORD **wStationAddress**

[out] Station address of the slave

EC_T_DWORD **dwPassword**

[out] FoE read/write request password

EC_T_CHAR **szFileName[EC_MAX_FILE_NAME_SIZE]**

[out] Name of the file to be read/write

9.9.3 emonNotify - eMbxTferType_FOE_SEG_DOWNLOAD

Transmits a data segment of the ongoing FoE download.

emonNotify - eMbxTferType_FOE_SEG_DOWNLOAD

Parameter

- pbyInBuf: [in] Pointer to a structure of type EC_T_MBXTFER, this structure contains the corresponding mailbox transfer object.
- dwInBufSize: [in] Size of the transfer object pbyInBuf in bytes.
- pbyOutBuf: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL
- dwOutBufSize: [in] Should be set to 0
- pdwNumOutData: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL

The FoE download data segment is stored at *EC_T_MBXTFER::pbyMbxTferData* with size *EC_T_MBXTFER::dwDataLen* and may have to be buffered by the application. Access to the memory area *EC_T_MBXTFER::pbyMbxTferData* outside of the notification caller context is illegal and the results are undefined.

Information about the current transfer are in structure *EC_T_MBX_DATA::FoE* which is part of *EC_T_MBXTFER::MbxData*. Among other things, it contains the slave station address *EC_T_MBX_DATA_FOE::wStationAddress* and the number of bytes already transmitted *EC_T_MBX_DATA_FOE::dwTransferredBytes*.

struct **EC_T_MBX_DATA_FOE**

Public Members

EC_T_DWORD dwTransferredBytes
 [out] amount of transferred bytes

EC_T_DWORD dwRequestedBytes
 [out] amount of bytes to be provided by application

EC_T_DWORD dwBusyDone
 [out] If slave is busy: 0 ... dwBusyEntire

EC_T_DWORD dwBusyEntire
 [out] If dwBusyEntire > 0: Slave is busy

EC_T_CHAR szBusyComment[EC_FOE_BUSY_COMMENT_SIZE]
 [out] Busy Comment from slave

EC_T_DWORD dwFileSize
 [out] File size

EC_T_WORD wStationAddress
 [out] Station address of the slave

Note: The elements *EC_T_MBX_DATA_FOE::dwRequestedBytes* and *EC_T_MBX_DATA_FOE::dwFileSize* are not used by the EC-Monitor because they are not known at runtime.

9.9.4 emonNotify - eMbxTferType_FOE_UPLOAD_REQ

Notifies a FoE upload request from the EtherCAT® master to a slave.

emonNotify - eMbxTferType_FOE_DOWNLOAD_REQ

Parameter

- pbyInBuf: [in] Pointer to a structure of type *EC_T_MBXTFER*, this structure contains the corresponding mailbox transfer object.
- dwInBufSize: [in] Size of the transfer object pbyInBuf in bytes.
- pbyOutBuf: [out] Should be set to *EC_NULL*
- dwOutBufSize: [in] Should be set to 0
- pdwNumOutData: [out] Should be set to *EC_NULL*

The parameters that the master has requested from the slave are stored in the structure *EC_T_MBX_DATA::FoE_Request* which is part of *EC_T_MBXTFER::MbxData*.

struct *EC_T_MBX_DATA_FOE_REQ*

EC_T_WORD wStationAddress

EC_T_DWORD dwPassword

EC_T_CHAR szFileName[EC_MAX_FILE_NAME_SIZE]

9.9.5 emonNotify - eMbxTferType_FOE_SEG_UPLOAD

Transmits a data segment of the ongoing FoE upload.

emonNotify - eMbxTferType_FOE_SEG_UPLOAD

Parameter

- pbyInBuf: [in] Pointer to a structure of type EC_T_MBXTFER, this structure contains the corresponding mailbox transfer object.
- dwInBufSize: [in] Size of the transfer object pbyInBuf in bytes.
- pbyOutBuf: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL
- dwOutBufSize: [in] Should be set to 0
- pdwNumOutData: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL

The FoE upload data segment is stored at `EC_T_MBXTFER::pbyMbxTferData` with size `EC_T_MBXTFER::dwDataLen` and may have to be buffered by the application. Access to the memory area `EC_T_MBXTFER::pbyMbxTferData` outside of the notification caller context is illegal and the results are undefined.

Information about the current transfer are in structure `EC_T_MBX_DATA::FOE` which is part of `EC_T_MBXTFER::MbxData`. Among other things, it contains the slave station address `EC_T_MBX_DATA_FOE::wStationAddress` and the number of bytes already transmitted `EC_T_MBX_DATA_FOE::dwTransferredBytes`.

struct `EC_T_MBX_DATA_FOE`

```
EC_T_DWORD dwTransferredBytes
EC_T_DWORD dwRequestedBytes
EC_T_DWORD dwBusyDone
EC_T_DWORD dwBusyEntire
EC_T_CHAR szBusyComment[EC_FOE_BUSY_COMMENT_SIZE]
EC_T_DWORD dwFileSize
EC_T_WORD wStationAddress
```

Note: The elements `EC_T_MBX_DATA_FOE::dwRequestedBytes` and `EC_T_MBX_DATA_FOE::dwFileSize` are not used by the EC-Monitor because they are not known at runtime.

9.9.6 emonNotify - EC_NOTIFY_FOE_MBSLAVE_ERROR

This error will be indicated in case a FoE mailbox slave send an error message. Detailed error information is stored in structure `EC_T_MBOX_FOE_ABORT_DESC` which is part of `EC_T_ERROR_NOTIFICATION_DESC`.

struct `EC_T_MBOX_FOE_ABORT_DESC`

Public Members

EC_T_SLAVE_PROP SlaveProp
Slave properties

EC_T_DWORD dwErrorCode
Error code

EC_T_CHAR achErrorMessage[MAX_STD_STRLEN]
FoE error string

9.9.7 emonConvertEcErrorToFoeError

```
EC_T_DWORD emonConvertEcErrorToFoeError (
    EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID,
    EC_T_DWORD dwErrorCode
)
```

Convert master error code to FoE error code.

Returns

FoE error code according to ETG1000.6 Table 92 - Error codes of FoE

9.10 Hot Connect

9.10.1 emonHCGetNumGroupMembers

```
EC_T_DWORD emonHCGetNumGroupMembers (
    EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID,
    EC_T_DWORD dwGroupIndex
)
```

Get number of slaves belonging to a specific Hot-Connect group.

Parameters

- ***dwInstanceID*** – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)
- ***dwGroupIndex*** – [in] Index of Hot-Connect group, 0 is the mandatory group

Returns

Number of slaves

9.10.2 emonHCGetSlaveIdsOfGroup

```
EC_T_DWORD emonHCGetSlaveIdsOfGroup (
    EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID,
    EC_T_DWORD dwGroupIndex,
    EC_T_DWORD *adwSlaveId,
    EC_T_DWORD dwMaxNumSlaveIds
)
```

Get the list of Slave IDs belonging to a specific Hot-Connect group.

Parameters

- ***dwInstanceID*** – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)

- **dwGroupIndex** – [in] Index of Hot-Connect group, 0 is the mandatory group
- **adwSlaveId** – [out] Preallocated Slave ID list buffer
- **dwMaxNumSlaveIds** – [in] Size of Slave ID list buffer

Returns*EC_E_NOERROR* or error code**9.10.3 emonNotify - EC_NOTIFY_HC_DETECTADDGROUPS**

This notification is raised when HotConnect group detection is finished, after slave addition.

emonNotify - EC_NOTIFY_HC_DETECTADDGROUPS**Parameter**

- pbyInBuf: [in] pointer to notification descriptor EC_T_HC_DETECTALLGROUP_NTFY_DESC
- dwInBufSize: [in] sizeof(EC_T_HC_DETECTALLGROUP_NTFY_DESC)
- pbyOutBuf: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL
- dwOutBufSize: [in] Should be set to 0
- pdwNumOutData: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL

```
struct EC_T_HC_DETECTALLGROUP_NTFY_DESC
```

Public Members

EC_T_DWORD **dwresultCode**
Result of Group detection

EC_T_DWORD **dwGroupCount**
Total number of Groups

EC_T_DWORD **dwGroupsPresent**
Number of connected groups

EC_T_DWORD **dwGroupMask**
Bitmask of first 32 Groups. 1 = present, 0 = absent

EC_T_DWORD **adwGroupMask[100]**
Bitmask of first 3200 Groups.

9.10.4 emonNotify - EC_NOTIFY_HC_PROBEALLGROUPS

This notification is raised when HotConnect Group Detection is finished, after Slave Disappearance.

emonNotify - EC_NOTIFY_HC_PROBEALLGROUPS**Parameter**

- pbyInBuf: [in] pointer to notification descriptor EC_T_HC_DETECTALLGROUP_NTFY_DESC
- dwInBufSize: [in] sizeof(EC_T_HC_DETECTALLGROUP_NTFY_DESC)

- pbyOutBuf: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL
- dwOutBufSize: [in] Should be set to 0
- pdwNumOutData: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL

struct *EC_T_HC_DETECTALLGROUP_NTFY_DESC*

```
EC_T_DWORD dwresultCode
EC_T_DWORD dwGroupCount
EC_T_DWORD dwGroupsPresent
EC_T_DWORD dwGroupMask
EC_T_DWORD adwGroupMask[100]
```

9.10.5 emonNotify - EC_NOTIFY_HC_TOPOCHGDONE

This notification is raised when HotConnect has completely processed a topology change.

emonNotify - EC_NOTIFY_HC_TOPOCHGDONE

Parameter

- pbyInBuf: [in] Pointer to EC_T_DWORD (EC_E_NOERROR on success, Error code otherwise)
- dwInBufSize: [in] sizeof(EC_T_DWORD)
- pbyOutBuf: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL
- dwOutBufSize: [in] Should be set to 0
- pdwNumOutData: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL

The notification is raised when the slaves reached the current bus state.

9.11 Configuration adjustments

The Configuration adjustments allows to adapt the configuration without generating a new ENI file. The base ENI file contains a superset of all the possible connected slaves. Possible use cases are:

Optional Slaves

ENI contains several optional slaves that can be excluded depending on their presence.

Alternative Slaves

ENI contains several different alternatives for a slave at a certain position.

According to the use case the application can exclude slaves from this superset.

9.11.1 emonConfigLoad

```
EC_T_DWORD emonConfigLoad (
    EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID,
    EC_T_CNF_TYPE eCnfType,
    EC_T_PBYTE pbyCnfData,
    EC_T_DWORD dwCnfDataLen
)
```

Load the network configuration.

In combination with emConfigApply, this function replaces emConfigureNetwork and must be called after the initialization. Among others the EtherCAT topology defined in the given XML configuration file will be stored internally.

Note: A client must not be registered prior to calling this function. Existing client registrations will be dropped.

Parameters

- **dwInstanceID** – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)
- **eCnfType** – [in] Type of configuration data provided
- **pbyCnfData** – [in] Configuration data
- **dwCnfDataLen** – [in] Length of configuration data in byte

Returns

- *EC_E_NOERROR* if successful
- *EC_E_INVALIDSTATE* if master isn't initialized
- *EC_E_INVALIDPARAM* if dwInstanceID is out of range, the input pointer is EC_NULL or contains EC_NULL pointer
- *EC_E_NOMEMORY* if some memory cannot be allocated
- *EC_E_ADS_IS_RUNNING* if ADS server is running

enum *EC_T_CNF_TYPE*

```
enumerator eCnfType_Unknown
enumerator eCnfType_Filename
enumerator eCnfType_Data
enumerator eCnfType_Datadiag
enumerator eCnfType_GenPreopENI
enumerator eCnfType_GenPreopENIWithCRC
enumerator eCnfType_GenOpENI
enumerator eCnfType_None
enumerator eCnfType_ConfigData
enumerator eCnfType_GenOpENINoStrings
enumerator eCnfType_FileByApp
enumerator eCnfType_GenEBI
```

9.11.2 emonConfigExcludeSlave

```
EC_T_DWORD emonConfigExcludeSlave (
    EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID,
    EC_T_WORD wStationAddress
)
```

Exclude a slave from the network configuration.

It has to be called after emConfigLoad and prior to calling emConfigApply.

Parameters

- **dwInstanceID** – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)
- **wStationAddress** – [in] Station address of the slave to be excluded. A value of 0 excludes all slaves.

Returns

EC_E_NOERROR or error code

9.11.3 emonConfigIncludeSlave

```
EC_T_DWORD emonConfigIncludeSlave (
    EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID,
    EC_T_WORD wStationAddress
)
```

Include a slave in the network configuration.

Slaves that were previously excluded with emConfigSlaveExclude can be added again. It has to be called after emConfigLoad and prior to calling emConfigApply.

Parameters

- **dwInstanceID** – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)
- **wStationAddress** – [in] Station address of the slave to be included. A value of 0 includes all slaves.

Returns

EC_E_NOERROR or error code

9.11.4 emonConfigSetPreviousPort

```
EC_T_DWORD emonConfigSetPreviousPort (
    EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID,
    EC_T_WORD wStationAddress,
    EC_T_WORD wStationAddressPrev,
    EC_T_WORD wPortPrev
)
```

Set previous port information of a slave.

It has to be called after emConfigLoad and prior to calling emConfigApply.

Parameters

- **dwInstanceID** – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)
- **wStationAddress** – [in] Station address of the slave
- **wStationAddressPrev** – [in] Previous slave station address

- **wPortPrev** – [in] Previous port

Returns

EC_E_NOERROR or error code

9.11.5 emonConfigApply

EC_T_DWORD **emonConfigApply** (*EC_T_DWORD* dwInstanceID)

Apply the network configuration.

It has to be called after emConfigLoad.

Parameters

dwInstanceID – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)

Returns

EC_E_NOERROR or error code

10 Generic notification interface

One of the parameters the client has to set when registering with the EC-Monitor is a generic notification callback function (`emonNotify()`). This function is called every time an event occurs about which the client needs to be informed.

Within this callback function the client must not call any active EtherCAT® functions which finally would lead to send EtherCAT® commands (e.g. initiation of mailbox transfers, starting/stopping the master, sending raw commands). In such cases the behavior is undefined. Only EtherCAT® functions which are explicitly marked to be callable within `emonNotify()` may be called.

This callback function is usually called in the context of the EC-Monitor timer thread or the EtherCAT® Real-time Ethernet Driver receiver thread. To avoid dead-lock situations the notification callback handler may not use mutex semaphores.

As the whole EtherCAT® operation is blocked while calling this function the error handling must not use much CPU time or even call operating system functions that may block. Usually the error handling will be done in a separate application thread.

10.1 Notification callback

`typedef EC_T_DWORD (*EC_PF_NOTIFY)(EC_T_DWORD dwCode, EC_T_NOTIFYPARMS *pParms)`

`struct EC_T_NOTIFYPARMS`

Detailed information about the according notification (`EC_NOTIFY_...`)

Public Members

`EC_T_VOID *pCallerData`

[in] Parameter arbitrarily defined by the application at client registration with the EtherCAT stack

`EC_T_BYTE *pbyInBuf`

[in] Notification input parameters

`EC_T_DWORD dwInBufSize`

[in] Size of the input parameter buffer

`EC_T_BYTE *pbyOutBuf`

[out] Notification output (result)

`EC_T_DWORD dwOutBufSize`

[in] Size of the output buffer

`EC_T_DWORD *pdwNumOutData`

[out] Actually used buffer size of the output buffer

10.2 emonNotifyApp

By calling this function the generic notification callback function setup by `emonRegisterClient ()` is called.

```
EC_T_DWORD emonNotifyApp (
    EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceID,
    EC_T_DWORD dwCode,
    EC_T_NOTIFYPARMS *pParms
)
```

) Calls the notification callback functions of all registered clients.

Note: EC_E_ERROR and EC_E_INVALIDPARM from registered clients' callback functions are ignored.

Parameters

- **dwInstanceID** – [in] Instance ID (Multiple EtherCAT Network Support)
- **dwCode** – [in] Application specific notification code. dwCode must be <= EC_NOTIFY_APP_MAX_CODE. The callback functions get “EC_NOTIFY_APP | dwCode” as parameter.
- **pParms** – [in] Parameter to all callback functions. Note: Output parameters are not transferred from RAS client to RAS server.

Returns

`EC_E_ERROR` or first error code different from EC_E_ERROR and EC_E_INVALIDPARM of registered clients' callback functions

The maximum value for dwCode is defined by EC_NOTIFY_APP_MAX_CODE

10.3 Enable/Disable notifications

All notifications can be enabled or disabled. By default, all notifications are enabled except for:

```
EC_NOTIFY_SLAVE_STATECHANGED
EC_NOTIFY_SLAVES_STATECHANGED
EC_NOTIFY_SLAVES_PRESENCE
EC_NOTIFY_REF_CLOCK_PRESENCE
EC_NOTIFY_SLAVES_UNEXPECTED_STATE
EC_NOTIFY_SLAVES_ERROR_STATUS
EC_NOTIFY_COE_INIT_CMD
EC_NOTIFY_SLAVE_REGISTER_TRANSFER
```

10.3.1 emonIoControl - EC_IOCTL_SET_NOTIFICATION_ENABLED

Set notification enabled state. With `EC_T_SET_NOTIFICATION_ENABLED_PARMS::dwCode` set to `EC_ALL_NOTIFICATIONS`, all notifications can be changed at once. `EC_T_SET_NOTIFICATION_ENABLED_PARMS::dwEnabled` set to `EC_NOTIFICATION_DEFAULT`, resets to default.

emonIoControl - EC_IOCTL_SET_NOTIFICATION_ENABLED

Parameter

- `pbyInBuf`: [in] Pointer to `EC_T_SET_NOTIFICATION_ENABLED_PARMS`.
- `dwInBufSize`: [in] Size of the input buffer provided at `pbyInBuf` in bytes.
- `pbyOutBuf`: [out] Should be set to `EC_NULL`
- `dwOutBufSize`: [in] Should be set to 0
- `pdwNumOutData`: [out] Should be set to `EC_NULL`

```
struct EC_T_SET_NOTIFICATION_ENABLED_PARMS
```

Public Members

`EC_T_DWORD dwClientId`

[in] Client ID, 0: Master

`EC_T_DWORD dwCode`

[in] Notification code or `EC_ALL_NOTIFICATIONS`

`EC_T_DWORD dwEnabled`

[in] Enable, disable or reset to default notification. See `EC_NOTIFICATION_flags`

`EC_NOTIFICATION_DISABLED`

Disable notification

`EC_NOTIFICATION_ENABLED`

Enable notification

`EC_NOTIFICATION_DEFAULT`

Reset notification to default

`EC_ALL_NOTIFICATIONS`

Notification code to change all notifications

10.3.2 emonIoControl - EC_IOCTL_GET_NOTIFICATION_ENABLED

Get notification enabled state.

emonIoControl - EC_IOCTL_GET_NOTIFICATION_ENABLED

Parameter

- pbyInBuf: [in] Pointer to EC_T_GET_NOTIFICATION_ENABLED_PARMS.
- dwInBufSize: [in] Size of the input buffer provided at pbyInBuf in bytes.
- pbyOutBuf: [out] Pointer to EC_T_BOOL to carry out current enable set.
- dwOutBufSize: [in] Size of the output buffer provided at pbyOutBuf in bytes.
- pdwNumOutData: [out] Pointer to EC_T_DWORD. Amount of bytes written to the output buffer.

struct **EC_T_GET_NOTIFICATION_ENABLED_PARMS**

Public Members

EC_T_DWORD dwClientId
[in] Client ID, 0: Master

EC_T_DWORD dwCode
[in] Notification code

10.4 Status notifications

10.4.1 emonNotify - EC_NOTIFY_STATECHANGED

Notification about a change in the master's operational state.

emonNotify - EC_NOTIFY_STATECHANGED

Parameter

- pbyInBuf: [in] Pointer to data of type EC_T_STATECHANGE which contains the old and the new master operational state.
- dwInBufSize: [in] Size of the input buffer provided at pbyInBuf in bytes.
- pbyOutBuf: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL
- dwOutBufSize: [in] Should be set to 0
- pdwNumOutData: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL

struct **EC_T_STATECHANGE**

Public Members

EC_T_STATE oldState
old operational state

EC_T_STATE newState
new operational state

10.4.2 emonNotify - EC_NOTIFY_SB_STATUS

Scan bus status notification.

emonNotify - EC_NOTIFY_SB_STATUS

Parameter

- pbyInBuf: [in] Pointer to EC_T_SB_STATUS_NTFY_DESC
- dwInBufSize: [in] Size of the input buffer provided at pbyInBuf in bytes.
- pbyOutBuf: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL
- dwOutBufSize: [in] Should be set to 0
- pdwNumOutData: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL

struct ***EC_T_SB_STATUS_NTFY_DESC***

Public Members

EC_T_DWORD dwResultCode
[in] EC_E_NOERROR: success EC_E_NOTREADY: no bus scan executed
EC_E_BUSCONFIG_MISMATCH: bus configuration mismatch Result of scanbus

EC_T_DWORD dwSlaveCount
[in] number of slaves connected to the bus

10.4.3 emonNotify - EC_NOTIFY_SB_MISMATCH

This notification is triggered when the bus scan detects a discrepancy between connected slaves and configuration due to unexpected slaves or missing mandatory slaves. In case of permanent frame loss no slaves can be found although the slaves are connected.

emonNotify - EC_NOTIFY_SB_MISMATCH

Parameter

- pbyInBuf: [in] Pointer to EC_T_SB_MISMATCH_DESC
- dwInBufSize: [in] Size of the input buffer provided at pbyInBuf in bytes.
- pbyOutBuf: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL
- dwOutBufSize: [in] Should be set to 0
- pdwNumOutData: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL

struct **EC_T_SB_MISMATCH_DESC**

Public Members

EC_T_WORD wPrevFixedAddress

[in] Previous slave station address

EC_T_WORD wPrevPort

[in] Previous slave station address

EC_T_WORD wPrevAIncAddress

[in] Previous slave auto-increment address

EC_T_WORD wBusAIncAddress

[in] Unexpected slave (bus) auto-inc address

EC_T_DWORD dwBusVendorId

[in] Unexpected slave (bus) vendor ID

EC_T_DWORD dwBusProdCode

[in] Unexpected slave (bus) product code

EC_T_DWORD dwBusRevisionNo

[in] Unexpected slave (bus) revision number

EC_T_DWORD dwBusSerialNo

[in] Unexpected slave (bus) serial number

EC_T_WORD wBusFixedAddress

[in] Unexpected slave (bus) station address

EC_T_BOOL bIdentificationError

[in] Identification command sent to slave but failed

EC_T_WORD wIdentificationAdo

[in] Identification register

EC_T_WORD wIdentificationVal

[in] last identification value read from slave according to the last used identification method

EC_T_WORD wIdentificationValExpected

[in] Identification expected value

EC_T_WORD wCfgFixedAddress

[in] Missing slave (config) station Address

EC_T_WORD wCfgAIncAddress

[in] Missing slave (config) Auto-Increment Address

EC_T_DWORD dwCfgVendorId

[in] Missing slave (config) Vendor ID

EC_T_DWORD dwCfgProdCode
[in] Missing slave (config) Product code

EC_T_DWORD dwCfgRevisionNo
[in] Missing slave (config) Revision Number

EC_T_DWORD dwCfgSerialNo
[in] Missing slave (config) Serial Number

10.4.4 emonNotify - EC_NOTIFY_HC_TOPOCHGDONE

This notification is triggered when topology change has completely processed.

emonNotify - EC_NOTIFY_HC_TOPOCHGDONE

Parameter

- pbyInBuf: [in] Pointer to EC_T_DWORD (EC_E_NOERROR on success, Error code otherwise)
- dwInBufSize: [in] sizeof(EC_T_DWORD).
- pbyOutBuf: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL
- dwOutBufSize: [in] Should be set to 0
- pdwNumOutData: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL

10.4.5 emonNotify - EC_NOTIFY_SLAVE_PRESENCE

This notification is given, if slave appears or disappears from the network.

emonNotify - EC_NOTIFY_SLAVE_PRESENCE

Parameter

- pbyInBuf: [in] Pointer to EC_T_SLAVE_PRESENCE_NTFY_DESC
- dwInBufSize: [in] Size of the input buffer provided at pbyInBuf in bytes.
- pbyOutBuf: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL
- dwOutBufSize: [in] Should be set to 0
- pdwNumOutData: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL

Disconnecting the slave from the network, powering it off or a bad connection can produce this notification.

struct **EC_T_SLAVE_PRESENCE_NTFY_DESC**

Public Members***EC_T_WORD* wStationAddress**

Slave station address

***EC_T_BYTE* bPresent**

EC_TRUE: present , EC_FALSE: absent

10.4.6 emonNotify - EC_NOTIFY_SLAVE_STATECHANGED

This notification is triggered when a slave has changed its EtherCAT® state. This notification is disabled by default.

emonNotify - EC_NOTIFY_SLAVE_STATECHANGED**Parameter**

- pbyInBuf: [in] Pointer to EC_T_SLAVE_STATECHANGED_NTFY_DESC
- dwInBufSize: [in] Size of the input buffer provided at pbyInBuf in bytes.
- pbyOutBuf: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL
- dwOutBufSize: [in] Should be set to 0
- pdwNumOutData: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL

```
struct EC_T_SLAVE_STATECHANGED_NTFY_DESC
```

Public Members***EC_T_SLAVE_PROP* SlaveProp**

Slave properties

***EC_T_STATE* newState**

New slave state

See also:

[emonIoControl - EC_IOCTL_SET_NOTIFICATION_ENABLED](#) to enable notification.

10.4.7 emonNotify - EC_NOTIFY_SLAVE_REGISTER_TRANSFER

This notification is triggered when a slave register transfer is completed.

To avoid excessive triggering of the notification, registers that are read by the EtherCAT® master at regular intervals are not notified. These are the following registers:

AL-Status (0x0130)

RX Error Counter, Forwarded RX Error Counter, ECAT Processing Unit Error Counter, PDI Error Counter, PDI Error Code, Lost Link Counter (0x0300:0x0314)

SII EEPROM Interface (0x0500:0x050F)

Registers above 0x1000

This notification is disabled by default.

emonNotify - EC_NOTIFY_SLAVE_REGISTER_TRANSFER

Parameter

- pbyInBuf: [in] Pointer to EC_T_SLAVEREGISTER_TRANSFER_NTFY_DESC
- dwInBufSize: [in] Size of the input buffer provided at pbyInBuf in bytes.
- pbyOutBuf: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL
- dwOutBufSize: [in] Should be set to 0
- pdwNumOutData: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL

struct **EC_T_SLAVEREGISTER_TRANSFER_NTFY_DESC**

Public Members

EC_T_DWORD dwTransferId

Transfer ID. For every new slave register transfer a unique ID has to be assigned. This ID can be used after completion to identify the transfer

EC_T_DWORD dwResult

Result of Slave register transfer

EC_T_BOOL bRead

EC_TRUE: Read register, EC_FALSE: Write register transfer

EC_T_WORD wFixedAddr

Station address of slave

EC_T_WORD wRegisterOffset

Register offset

EC_T_WORD wLen

Length of slave register transfer

EC_T_BYTE *pbyData

Pointer to the data read

EC_T_WORD wWkc

Received working counter

See also:

[emonIoControl - EC_IOCTL_SET_NOTIFICATION_ENABLED](#) to enable notification.

10.5 Error notifications

For each error an error ID (error code) will be defined. This error ID will be used as the notification code when `emonNotify()` is called. In addition to this notification code the second parameter given to `emonNotify()` contains a pointer to an error notification descriptor of type `EC_T_ERROR_NOTIFICATION_DESC`. This error notification descriptor contains detailed information about the error.

```
struct EC_T_ERROR_NOTIFICATION_DESC
```

Public Members

`EC_T_DWORD dwNotifyErrorCode`

Error ID (same value as the notification code)

`EC_T_CHAR achErrorInfo[MAX_ERRINFO_STRLEN]`

Additional error string (may be empty)

```
union _EC_T_ERROR_NOTIFICATION_PARM
```

Public Members

`EC_T_WKCERR_DESC WkcErrDesc`

WKC error descriptor

`EC_T_FRAME_RSPERR_DESC FrameRspErrDesc`

Frame response error descriptor

`EC_T_INITCMD_ERR_DESC InitCmdErrDesc`

Master/Slave init command error descriptor

`EC_T_SLAVE_ERROR_INFO_DESC SlaveErrInfoDesc`

Slave Error Info Descriptor

`EC_T_SLAVES_ERROR_DESC SlavesErrDesc`

Slaves Error Descriptor

`EC_T_MBOX_SDO_ABORT_DESC SdoAbortDesc`

SDO Abort

`EC_T_RED_CHANGE_DESC RedChangeDesc`

Redundancy Descriptor

`EC_T_MBOX_FOE_ABORT_DESC FoeErrorDesc`

FoE error code and string

`EC_T_MBXRCV_INVALID_DATA_DESC MbxRcvInvalidDataDesc`

Invalid mailbox data received descriptor

`EC_T_PDIWATCHDOG_DESC PdiWatchdogDesc`

PDI watchdog expired

EC_T_SLAVE_NOTSUPPORTED_DESC **SlaveNotSupportedDesc**
 Slave not supported

EC_T_SLAVE_UNEXPECTED_STATE_DESC **SlaveUnexpectedStateDesc**
 Slave in unexpected state

EC_T_SLAVES_UNEXPECTED_STATE_DESC **SlavesUnexpectedStateDesc**
 Slaves in unexpected state

EC_T_EEPROM_CHECKSUM_ERROR_DESC **EPPROMChecksumErrorDesc**
 EEPROM checksum error

EC_T_JUNCTION_RED_CHANGE_DESC **JunctionRedChangeDesc**
 Junction redundancy change descriptor

EC_T_FRAMELOSS_AFTER_SLAVE_NTFY_DESC **FrameLossAfterSlaveDesc**
 Frameloss after Slave descriptor

EC_T_S2SMBX_ERROR_DESC **S2SMBxErrorDesc**
 S2S Mailbox Error descriptor

EC_T_BAD_CONNECTION_NTFY_DESC **BadConnectionDesc**
 Bad connection descriptor

EC_T_COMMUNICATION_TIMEOUT_NTFY_DESC **CommunicationTimeoutDesc**
 Communication timeout descriptor

EC_T_TAP_LINK_STATUS_NTFY_DESC **TapLinkStatusDesc**
 Tap link status

If the pointer to this descriptor exists the detailed error information (e.g. information about the slave) is stored in the appropriate structure of a union. These error information structures are described in the following sections.

10.5.1 emonNotify - EC_NOTIFY_NOT_ALL_DEVICES_OPERATIONAL

When processing cyclic frames the EtherCAT® master checks whether all slaves are still in OPERATIONAL state. If at least one slave device is not OPERATIONAL this error will be indicated.

10.5.2 emonNotify - EC_NOTIFY_ALL_DEVICES_OPERATIONAL

When processing cyclic frames the EtherCAT® master checks whether all slaves are still in OPERATIONAL state. This will be notified after *emonNotify - EC_NOTIFY_NOT_ALL_DEVICES_OPERATIONAL* and all the slaves are back in OPERATIONAL state.

10.5.3 emonNotify - EC_NOTIFY_CLIENTREGISTRATION_DROPPED

This notification will be indicated if the client registration was dropped because `emonConfigureNetwork()` was called by another thread.

```
EC_T_DWORD dwDeinitForConfiguration; /* 0 = terminating Master, 1 = restarting
                                         ↪Master */
```

10.5.4 emonNotify - EC_NOTIFY_CYCCMD_WKC_ERROR

To update the process data some EtherCAT® commands will be sent cyclically by the external master. These commands will address one or multiple slaves. These EtherCAT® commands contain a working counter which has to be incremented by each slave that is addressed. The working counter will be checked after the EtherCAT® command is received by the monitor. If the expected working counter will not match to the working counter of the received command the error `EC_NOTIFY_CYCCMD_WKC_ERROR` will be indicated. The working counter value expected by the monitor is determined by the EtherCAT® configuration (XML) file for each cyclic EtherCAT® command (section Config/Cyclic/Frame/Cmd/Cnt). Detailed error information are stored in structure `EC_T_WKCERR_DESC` of `EC_T_ERROR_NOTIFICATION_DESC`.

```
struct EC_T_WKCERR_DESC
```

Public Members

`EC_T_SLAVE_PROP SlaveProp`

Slave properties, content is undefined in case of cyclic WKC_ERROR

`EC_T_BYTE byCmd`

EtherCAT command type

`EC_T_DWORD dwAddr`

Logical address or physical address (ADP/ADO)

`EC_T_WORD wWkcSet`

Working counter set value

`EC_T_WORD wWkcAct`

Working counter actual value

`EC_T_DWORD dwTaskId`

Cyclic Task ID (ENI: Cyclic/TaskId)

`EC_T_WORD wMsuId`

Master Sync Unit ID (ENI: Slave/ProcessData/RxPdo[1..4]@Su, Slave/ProcessData/TxPdo[1..4]@Su,
comment at Cyclic/Frame/Cmd)

```
struct EC_T_SLAVE_PROP
```

`EC_T_WORD wStationAddress`

`EC_T_WORD wAutoIncAddr`

`EC_T_CHAR achName[MAX_STD_STRLEN]`

10.5.5 emonNotify - EC_NOTIFY_FRAME_RESPONSE_ERROR

This notification will be indicated if the actually received Ethernet frame does not match to the frame expected or if a expected frame was not received.

struct **EC_T_FRAME_RSPERR_DESC**

Public Members

EC_T_BOOL bIsCyclicFrame

Indicates whether the lost frame was a cyclic frame

EC_T_FRAME_RSPERR_TYPE EErrorType

Frame response error type

EC_T_BYTE byEcCmdHeaderIdxSet

Expected IDX value, this value is valid only for acyclic frames in case EErrorType is not equal to eRspErr_UNEXPECTED

EC_T_BYTE byEcCmdHeaderIdxAct

Actually received IDX value, this value is only valid for acyclic frames in case of EErrorType is equal to: eRspErr_WRONG_IDX and eRspErr_UNEXPECTED

EC_T_WORD wCycFrameNum

Number of the lost cyclic frame from the ENI

EC_T_DWORD dwTaskID

Cyclic Task ID (ENI: Cyclic/TaskId). Only valid if bIsCyclicFrame is set

enum **EC_T_FRAME_RSPERR_TYPE**

Values:

enumerator **eRspErr_UNDEFINED**
undefined

enumerator **eRspErr_NO_RESPONSE**
No Ethernet frame received (timeout, frame loss)

enumerator **eRspErr_WRONG_IDX**
Wrong IDX value in acyclic frame

enumerator **eRspErr_UNEXPECTED**
Unexpected frame was received

enumerator **eRspErr_FRAME_RETRY**
Ethernet frame will be re-sent (timeout, frame loss)

enumerator **eRspErr_RETRY_FAIL**
all retry mechanism fails to re-sent acyclic frames

enumerator **eRspErr_FOREIGN_SRC_MAC**
Frame with MAC from other Master received

enumerator **eRspErr_Non_ECAT_FRAME**
Non EtherCAT frame received

enumerator **eRspErr_CRC**
Ethernet frame with CRC error received

10.5.6 emonNotify - EC_NOTIFY_STATUS_SLAVE_ERROR

When processing cyclic frames, the EC-Monitor checks whether the ERROR bit in the AL-STATUS register is set for at least one slave. In this case, this notification is triggered. If the EtherCAT® master determines the error information of the slave(s) signal an error, another notification *emonNotify - EC_NOTIFY_SLAVE_ERROR_STATUS_INFO* with more precise error information is triggered.

10.5.7 emonNotify - EC_NOTIFY_SLAVE_ERROR_STATUS_INFO

This notification will be indicated if the EtherCAT® master reads the AL-STATUS and AL-STATUS-CODE registers and the slave signals an error in them. Detailed error information is stored in structure *EC_T_SLAVE_ERROR_INFO_DESC* of *EC_T_ERROR_NOTIFICATION_DESC*.

struct **EC_T_SLAVE_ERROR_INFO_DESC**

Public Members

EC_T_SLAVE_PROP **SlaveProp**
Slave properties

EC_T_WORD **wStatus**
Slave Status (AL Status)

EC_T_WORD **wStatusCode**
Error status code (AL STATUS CODE)

10.5.8 emonNotify - EC_NOTIFY_PDIWATCHDOG

This notification will be indicated every time a PDI watchdog error is detected. Detailed error information is stored in structure *EC_T_PDIWATCHDOG_DESC* of *EC_T_ERROR_NOTIFICATION_DESC*.

struct **EC_T_PDIWATCHDOG_DESC**

Public Members

EC_T_SLAVE_PROP **SlaveProp**
Slave properties

10.5.9 emonNotify - EC_NOTIFY_COMMUNICATION_TIMEOUT

This notification will be indicated if the EC-Monitor does not detect any EtherCAT® communication on the Ethernet tap for a parameterizable timeout. The descriptor of the notification contains information on which port of the Ethernet tap the timeout occurred.

```
struct EC_T_COMMUNICATION_TIMEOUT_NTFY_DESC
```

Public Members

EC_T_BOOL bMainTapPortIn

EC_TRUE: Timeout occurred at the input port of the Ethernet TAP for the EtherCAT main line

EC_T_BOOL bMainTapPortOut

EC_TRUE: Timeout occurred at the output port of the Ethernet TAP for the EtherCAT main line

See also:

EC_T_MONITOR_INIT_PARMS::dwCommunicationTimeoutMsec

10.5.10 emonNotify - EC_NOTIFY_TAP_LINK_STATUS

This notification will be indicated if the link status between EC-Monitor and Ethernet TAP device has changed.

```
struct EC_T_TAP_LINK_STATUS_NTFY_DESC
```

Public Members

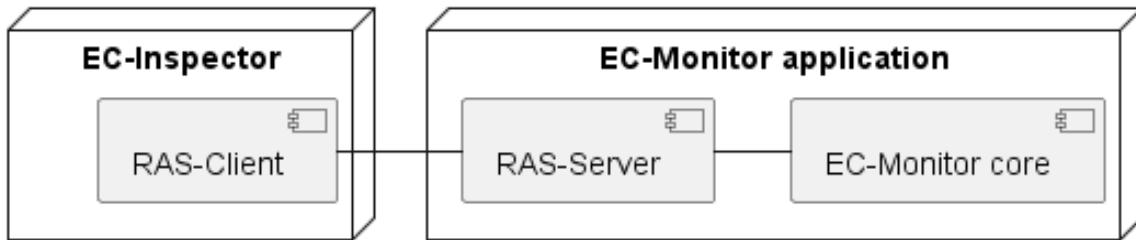
EC_T_BOOL bLinkConnected

Link status of EC-Monitor - Ethernet Tap connection

11 RAS-Server for EC-Inspector and EC-Engineer

11.1 Integration Requirements

To use the diagnosis tool EC-Inspector with a customer application, some modifications have to be done during integration of the EC-Monitor. The task is to integrate and start the Remote API Server system within the custom application, which provides a socket based uplink, which later on is connected by the EC-Inspector.



An example on how to integrate the Remote API Server within the application is given with the example application, which in case is pre-configured to listen for EC-Inspector on TCP Port 6000 when command line parameter “-sp” is given.

To clarify the steps, which are needed within a custom application, a developer may use the following pseudo-code segment as a point of start. The Remote API Server library “EcMonitorRasServer.lib” (or respectively “EcMonitorRasServer.a”) must be linked.

11.2 Application programming interface

11.2.1 emonRasSrvStart

```

EC_T_DWORD EC_NAMESPACE::emonRasSrvStart (
    ECMASTERRAS_T_SRVPARMS *pParms,
    EC_T_PVOID *ppHandle
)
  
```

Initializes and start remote API Server Instance.

The Remote API Server will be initialized and started by calling this function.

Parameters

- **pParams** – [in] Server start-up parameters
- **ppHandle** – [out] Handle to opened instance, used for ctrl access

Returns

EC_E_NOERROR or error code

```

struct ECMASTERRAS_T_SRVPARMS
  RAS Server init parameters.
  
```

Public Members

EC_T_DWORD **dwSignature**

[in] Set to ECMASTERRASSERVER_SIGNATURE

EC_T_DWORD **dwSize**

[in] Set to sizeof(ECMASTERRAS_T_SRVPARMS)

EC_T_LOG_PARMS **LogParms**

[in] Logging parameters

EC_T_IPADDR **oAddr**

[in] Remote Access Server (RAS) listen IP address

EC_T_WORD **wPort**

[in] Remote Access Server (RAS) listen port

EC_T_WORD **wMaxClientCnt**

[in] Max. clients in parallel (0: unlimited)

EC_T_DWORD **dwCycleTime**

[in] Cycle Time of RAS Network access (acceptor, worker)

EC_T_DWORD **dwCommunicationTimeout**

[in] timeout before automatically closing connection

EC_T_CPUSET **oAcceptorThreadCpuAffinityMask**

[in] Acceptor Thread CPU affinity mask

EC_T_DWORD **dwAcceptorThreadPrio**

[in] Acceptor Thread Priority

EC_T_DWORD **dwAcceptorThreadStackSize**

[in] Acceptor Thread Stack Size

EC_T_CPUSET **oClientWorkerThreadCpuAffinityMask**

[in] Client Worker Thread CPU affinity mask

EC_T_DWORD **dwClientWorkerThreadPrio**

[in] Client Worker Thread Priority

EC_T_DWORD **dwClientWorkerThreadStackSize**

[in] Client Worker Thread Stack Size

EC_T_DWORD **dwMaxQueuedNotificationCnt**

[in] Amount of concurrently queue able Notifications

EC_T_DWORD **dwMaxParallelMbxTferCnt**

[in] Amount of concurrent active mailbox transfers

EC_PF_NOTIFY **pfnRasNotify**

[in] Function pointer called to notify error and status information generated by Remote API Layer

EC_T_VOID ***pvRasNotifyCtxt**

[in] Notification context returned while calling pfNotification

EC_T_DWORD dwCycErrInterval

[in] Interval which allows cyclic Notifications

EC_T_DWORD dwMaxQueuedNotificationSize

[in] Size of concurrent active mailbox transfers

EC_PF_CHECK_TOKEN pfCheckToken

[in] Function pointer called to check token

EC_T_VOID *pvCheckTokenContext

[in] Check token context

```
union EC_T_IPADDR
#include <EthernetServices.h>
```

Public Members***EC_T_INNER_IPADDR sAddr***

IPv4 address (endianness independent)

EC_T_DWORD dwAddr

Reserved, use EC_T_IPADDR::sAddr.by instead. OS-Layer socket API calls (SOCK-ADDR_IN::sin_addr)

```
struct EC_T_INNER_IPADDR
```

Public Members***EC_T_BYTE by[4]***

IPv4 address (endianness independent)

11.2.2 emonRasSrvStop

EC_T_DWORD EC_NAMESPACE::emonRasSrvStop(

EC_T_PVOID pvHandle,

EC_T_DWORD dwTimeout

)

Stop and de-initialize remote API Server Instance.

Parameters

- ***pvHandle*** – [in] Handle to previously started Server
- ***dwTimeout*** – [in] Timeout [ms] used to shut down all spawned threads, it's multiplied internally by the amount of threads spawned.

Returns

EC_E_NOERROR or error code

11.2.3 emonRasNotify

Callback function called by Remote API Server in case of State changes or error situations.

```
typedef EC_T_DWORD (*EC_PF_NOTIFY)(EC_T_DWORD dwCode, EC_T_NOTIFYPARMS *pParms)
```

11.2.4 emonRasNotify - ECMASTERRAS_NOTIFY_CONNECTION

Notification about a change in the Remote API's state.

emonRasNotify - ECMASTERRAS_T_CONNNOTIFYDESC

Parameter

- pbyInBuf: [in] Pointer to data of type ECMASTERRAS_T_CONNNOTIFYDESC
- dwInBufSize: [in] Size of the input buffer in bytes
- pbyOutBuf: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL
- dwOutBufSize: [in] Should be set to 0
- pdwNumOutData: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL

```
struct ECMASTERRAS_T_CONNNOTIFYDESC
```

Public Members

EC_T_DWORD dwCause

[in] Cause of state connection state change

EC_T_DWORD dwCookie

[in] Unique identification cookie of connection instance.

11.2.5 emonRasNotify - ECMASTERRAS_NOTIFY_REGISTER

Notification about a connected application registered a client to the EC-Monitor.

emonRasNotify - ECMASTERRAS_NOTIFY_REGISTER

Parameter

- pbyInBuf: [in] Pointer to data of type ECMASTERRAS_T_REGNOTIFYDESC
- dwInBufSize: [in] Size of the input buffer in bytes
- pbyOutBuf: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL
- dwOutBufSize: [in] Should be set to 0
- pdwNumOutData: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL

```
struct ECMASTERRAS_T_REGNOTIFYDESC
```

Public Members

EC_T_DWORD dwCookie

[in] Unique identification cookie of connection instance

EC_T_DWORD dwResult

[in] Result of registration request

EC_T_DWORD dwInstanceId

[in] Master Instance client registered to

EC_T_DWORD dwClientId

[in] Client ID of registered client

11.2.6 emonRasNotify - ECMASTERRAS_NOTIFY_UNREGISTER

Notification about a connected application un-registered a client from the EC-Monitor.

emonRasNotify - ECMASTERRAS_NOTIFY_UNREGISTER

Parameter

- pbyInBuf: [in] Pointer to data of type ECMASTERRAS_T_REGNOTIFYDESC
- dwInBufSize: [in] Size of the input buffer in bytes
- pbyOutBuf: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL
- dwOutBufSize: [in] Should be set to 0
- pdwNumOutData: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL

See also:

ECMASTERRAS_T_REGNOTIFYDESC

11.2.7 emonRasNotify - ECMASTERRAS_NOTIFY_MARSHALERROR

Notification about an error during marshalling in Remote API Server connection layer.

emonRasNotify - ECMASTERRAS_NOTIFY_MARSHALERRORDESC

Parameter

- pbyInBuf: [in] Pointer to data of type ECMASTERRAS_T_MARSHALERRORDESC
- dwInBufSize: [in] Size of the input buffer in bytes
- pbyOutBuf: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL
- dwOutBufSize: [in] Should be set to 0
- pdwNumOutData: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL

struct **ECMASTERRAS_T_MARSHALERRORDESC**

Public Members***EC_T_DWORD dwCookie***

[in] Unique identification cookie of connection instance

EC_T_DWORD dwCause

[in] Cause of the command marshalling error

EC_T_DWORD dwLenStatCmd

[in] Length faulty command

EC_T_DWORD dwCommandCode

[in] Command code of faulty command

11.2.8 emonRasNotify - ECMASTERRAS_NOTIFY_ACKERROR

Notification about an error during creation of ack / nack packet.

emonRasNotify - ECMASTERRAS_NOTIFY_ACKERROR**Parameter**

- pbyInBuf: [in] Pointer to EC_T_DWORD containing error code
- dwInBufSize: [in] Size of the input buffer in bytes
- pbyOutBuf: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL
- dwOutBufSize: [in] Should be set to 0
- pdwNumOutData: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL

11.2.9 emonRasNotify - ECMASTERRAS_NOTIFY_NONOTIFYMEMORY

Notification given, when no empty buffers for notifications are available in pre-allocated notification store. This points to a configuration error.

emonRasNotify - ECMASTERRAS_NOTIFY_NONOTIFYMEMORY**Parameter**

- pbyInBuf: [in] Pointer to EC_T_DWORD containing unique identification cookie of connection instance
- dwInBufSize: [in] Size of the input buffer in bytes
- pbyOutBuf: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL
- dwOutBufSize: [in] Should be set to 0
- pdwNumOutData: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL

11.2.10 emonRasNotify - ECMASTERRAS_NOTIFY_STDNOTIFYMEMORYSMALL

Notification given, when buffersize for standard notifications available in pre-allocated notification store are too small to carry a specific notification. This points to a configuration error.

emonRasNotify - ECMASTERRAS_NOTIFY_STDNOTIFYMEMORYSMALL

Parameter

- pbyInBuf: [in] Pointer to EC_T_DWORD containing unique identification cookie of connection instance
- dwInBufSize: [in] Size of the input buffer in bytes
- pbyOutBuf: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL
- dwOutBufSize: [in] Should be set to 0
- pdwNumOutData: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL

11.2.11 emonRasNotify - ECMASTERRAS_NOTIFY_MBXNOTIFYMEMORYSMALL

Notification given, when buffer size for Mailbox notifications available in pre-allocated notification store are too small to carry a specific notification. This points to a configuration error. This is a serious error. If this error is given, Mailbox Transfer objects may have been become out of sync and therefore no more valid usable. Mailbox notifications should be dimensioned correctly see emonRasSrvStart ()

emonRasNotify - ECMASTERRAS_NOTIFY_MBXNOTIFYMEMORYSMALL

Parameter

- pbyInBuf: [in] Pointer to EC_T_DWORD containing unique identification cookie of connection instance
- dwInBufSize: [in] Size of the input buffer in bytes
- pbyOutBuf: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL
- dwOutBufSize: [in] Should be set to 0
- pdwNumOutData: [out] Should be set to EC_NULL

12 Error Codes

12.1 Groups

No.	Group	Abbr.	Description
1	Application Error	APP	Error within application, running the master E.g. API function call with invalid parameters
2	EtherCAT network information file problem	ENI	Master configuration XML file mismatches slave configuration on bus E.g. Bus Topology Scan cannot detect all slaves configured within network information file
3	Master parameter configuration	CFG	Master configuration parameters erroneous E.g. mailbox command queue not large enough
4	Bus/Slave Error	SLV	Slave error E.g. Working Counter Error
5	Real-time Ethernet Driver	LLA	Real-time Ethernet Driver error (network interface driver) E.g. Intel Pro/1000 NIC could not be found
6	Remote API	RAS	Remote API error E.g. connection to Remote API server is not possible from client
7	Internal software error	ISW	Master internal error E.g. Master state machine in undefined state
8	DC Master Sync	DCM	DC slave and host time synchronization
9	Pass-Through-Server	PTS	Initialization/De-Initialization errors
10	System Setup	SYS	Errors from Operating System or obviously due to System Setup

12.2 Generic Error Codes

EC_E_NOERROR

0x00000000: No Error

EC_E_ERROR

0x98110000: Unspecific Error

EMRAS_E_ERROR

0x98110180: Unspecific RAS Error

EC_E_NOTSUPPORTED

0x98110001: APP: Feature not supported (e.g. function or property not available)

EC_E_INVALIDINDEX

0x98110002: APP: Invalid index (e.g. CoE: invalid SDO index)

EC_E_INVALIDOFFSET

0x98110003: ISW: Invalid offset (e.g. invalid offset while accessing Process Data Image)

EC_E_CANCEL

0x98110004: APP: Cancel (e.g. master should abort current mailbox transfer)

EC_E_INVALIDSIZE

0x98110005: APP: Invalid size

EC_E_INVALIDDATA

0x98110006: ISW: Invalid data (multiple error sources)

EC_E_NOTREADY

0x98110007: ISW: Not ready (multiple error sources)

EC_E_BUSY

0x98110008: APP: Busy (e.g. stack is busy currently and not available to process the API request. The function may be called again later)

EC_E_ACYC_FRM_FREEQ_EMPTY

0x98110009: ISW: Cannot queue acyclic EtherCAT command (Acyclic command queue is full. Possible solution: Increase of configuration value dwMaxQueuedEthFrames)

EC_E_NOMEMORY

0x9811000A: CFG: No memory left (e.g. memory full / fragmented))

EC_E_INVALIDPARAM

0x9811000B: APP: Invalid parameter (e.g. API function called with erroneous parameter set)

EC_E_NOTFOUND

0x9811000C: APP: Not found (e.g. Network Information File ENI not found or API called with invalid slave ID)

EC_E_DUPLICATE

0x9811000D: ISW: Duplicated fixed address detected (handled internally)

EC_E_INVALIDSTATE

0x9811000E: ISW: Invalid state (master not initialized or not configured)

EC_E_TIMER_LIST_FULL

0x9811000F: ISW: Cannot add slave to timer list (slave timer list full)

EC_E_TIMEOUT

0x98110010: Timeout

EC_E_OPENFAILED

0x98110011: ISW: Open failed

EC_E_SENDFAILED

0x98110012: LLA: Frame send failed

EC_E_INSERTMAILBOX

0x98110013: CFG: Insert Mailbox error (internal limit MAX_QUEUED_COE_CMDS: 20)

EC_E_INVALIDCMD

0x98110014: ISW: Invalid Command (Unknown mailbox command code)

EC_E_UNKNOWN_MBX_PROTOCOL

0x98110015: ISW: Unknown Mailbox Protocol Command (Unknown Mailbox protocol or mailbox command with unknown protocol association)

EC_E_ACCESSDENIED

0x98110016: ISW: Access Denied (e.g. master internal software error)

EC_E_IDENTIFICATIONFAILED

0x98110017: ENI: Identification failed (e.g. identification command failed)

EC_E_LOCK_CREATE_FAILED

0x98110018: SYS: Create lock failed (e.g. OsCreateLockTyped failed)

EC_E_PRODKEY_INVALID

0x9811001A: CFG: Product Key Invalid (e.g. application using protected version of the stack, which stops operation after the evaluation time limit reached if a license is not provided)

EC_E_WRONG_FORMAT

0x9811001B: ENI: Wrong configuration format (e.g. Network information file empty or malformed), SLV: Malformed EEPROM content

EC_E_FEATURE_DISABLED

0x9811001C: APP: Feature disabled (e.g. Application tried to perform a missing or disabled API function)

EC_E_SHADOW_MEMORY

0x9811001D: Shadow memory requested in wrong mode

EC_E_BUSCONFIG_MISMATCH

0x9811001E: ENI: Bus configuration mismatch (e.g. Network information file and currently connected bus topology does not match)

EC_E_CONFIGDATAREAD

0x9811001F: ENI: Error reading configuration file (e.g. Network information file could not be read)

EC_E_ENI_NO_SAFEOP_OP_SUPPORT

0x98110020: Configuration doesn't support SAFEOP and OP requested state

EC_E_XML_CYCCMDS_MISSING

0x98110021: ENI: Cyclic commands are missing (e.g. Network information file does not contain cyclic commands)

EC_E_XML_ALSTATUS_READ_MISSING

0x98110022: ENI: AL_STATUS register read missing in XML file for at least one state (e.g. Read of AL Status register is missing in cyclic part of given network information file)

EC_E_MCSM_FATAL_ERROR

0x98110023: ISW: Fatal internal McSm (master control state machine is in an undefined state)

EC_E_SLAVE_ERROR

0x98110024: SLV: Slave error (e.g. A slave error was detected. See also EC_NOTIFY_STATUS_SLAVE_ERROR and EC_NOTIFY_SLAVE_ERROR_STATUS_INFO)

EC_E_FRAME_LOST

0x98110025: SLV: Frame lost, IDX mismatch (EtherCAT frame(s) lost on bus, means the response was not received. In case this error shows frequently a problem with the wiring could be the cause)

EC_E_CMD_MISSING

0x98110026: SLV: At least one EtherCAT command is missing in the received frame (e.g. received EtherCAT frame incomplete)

EC_E_CYCCMD_WKC_ERROR

0x98110027: Cyclic command WKC error

EC_E_INVALID_DCL_MODE

0x98110028: APP: IOCTL EC_IOCTL_DC_LATCH_REQ_LTIMVALS invalid in DCL auto read mode (this function cannot be used if DC Latching is running in mode “Auto Read”)

EC_E_AI_ADDRESS

0x98110029: SLV: Auto increment address increment mismatch (e.g. Network information file and bus topology doesn't match any more. Error shows only, if a already recognized slave isn't present any more)

EC_E_INVALID_SLAVE_STATE

0x9811002A: APP: Slave in invalid state, e.g. not in OP (API not callable in this state) (mailbox commands are not allowed in current slave state)

EC_E_SLAVE_NOT_ADDRESSABLE

0x9811002B: SLV: Station address lost (or slave missing) - FPRD to AL_STATUS failed (e.g. Slave had a power cycle)

EC_E_CYC_CMDS_OVERFLOW

0x9811002C: ENI: Too many cyclic commands in XML configuration file (e.g. EC_T_INIT_MASTER_PARMS.dwMaxAcycFramesQueued too small)

EC_E_LINK_DISCONNECTED

0x9811002D: SLV: Ethernet link cable disconnected (e.g. EtherCAT bus segment not connected to network interface)

EC_E_MASTERCORE_INACCESSIBLE

0x9811002E: RAS: Master core not accessible (e.g. Connection to remote server was terminated or master instance has been stopped on remote side)

EC_E_COE_MBXSND_WKC_ERROR

0x9811002F: SLV: CoE mailbox send: working counter (e.g. CoE mailbox couldn't be read on slave, slave didn't read out mailbox since last write)

EC_E_COE_MBXRCV_WKC_ERROR

0x98110030: SLV: CoE mailbox receive: working counter (e.g. CoE mailbox couldn't be read from slave)

EC_E_NO_MBX_SUPPORT

0x98110031: APP: No mailbox support (e.g. Slave does not support mailbox access)

EC_E_NO_COE_SUPPORT

0x98110032: ENI: CoE protocol not supported (e.g. Configuration error or slave information file doesn't match slave firmware)

EC_E_NO_EOE_SUPPORT

0x98110033: ENI: EoE protocol not supported (e.g. Configuration error or slave information file doesn't match slave firmware)

EC_E_NO_FOE_SUPPORT

0x98110034: ENI: FoE protocol not supported (e.g. Configuration error or slave information file doesn't match slave firmware)

EC_E_NO_SOE_SUPPORT

0x98110035: ENI: SoE protocol not supported (e.g. Configuration error or slave information file doesn't match slave firmware)

EC_E_NO_VOE_SUPPORT

0x98110036: ENI: VoE protocol not supported (e.g. Configuration error or slave information file doesn't match slave firmware)

EC_E_EVAL_VIOLATION

0x98110037: ENI: Configuration violates Evaluation limits (obsolete)

EC_E_EVAL_EXPIRED

0x98110038: CFG: Evaluation Time limit reached (e.g. License not provided and evaluation period (1 hour) of protected version exceeded)

EC_E_LICENSE_MISSING

0x98110039: License key invalid or missing

EC_E_CFGFILENOTFOUND

0x98110070: CFG: Master configuration not found (e.g. path to master configuration file (XML) was wrong or the file is not available)

EC_E_EEPROMREADERROR

0x98110071: SLV: Command error while EEPROM upload (read slave EEPROM)

EC_E_EEPROMWRITEERROR

0x98110072: SLV: Command error while EEPROM download (write slave EEPROM)

EC_E_XML_CYCCMDS_SIZEISMATCH

0x98110073: ENI: Cyclic command wrong size (too long) (size in master configuration file (XML) does not match size of process data)

EC_E_XML_INVALID_INP_OFF

0x98110074: ENI: Invalid input offset in cyclic command, please check InputOffs

EC_E_XML_INVALID_OUT_OFF

0x98110075: ENI: Invalid output offset in cyclic command, please check OutputOffs

EC_E_PORTCLOSE

0x98110076: Port close failed

EC_E_PORTOPEN

0x98110077: Port open failed

EC_E_SLAVE_NOT_PRESENT

0x9811010E: APP / SLV: command not executed (slave not present on bus) (e.g. slave disappeared or was never present)

EC_E_EEPROMRELOADERROR

0x98110110: Command error while EEPROM reload

EC_E_SLAVECTRLRESETERROR

0x98110111: Command error while Reset Slave Controller

EC_E_SYSDRIVERMISSING

0x98110112: SYS: Cannot open system driver (e.g. system driver was not loaded)

EC_E_BUSCONFIG_TOPOCHANGE

0x9811011E: Bus configuration not detected, Topology changed (e.g. Topology changed while scanning bus)

EC_E_EOE_MBX_WKC_ERROR

0x9811011F: EoE: Mailbox receive: working counter

EC_E_FOE_MBX_WKC_ERROR

0x98110120: FoE: Mailbox receive: working counter

EC_E_SOE_MBX_WKC_ERROR

0x98110121: SoE: mailbox receive: working counter

EC_E_AOE_MBX_WKC_ERROR

0x98110122: AoE: Mailbox receive: working counter

EC_E_VOE_MBX_WKC_ERROR

0x98110123: SLV: VoE mailbox send: working counter (VoE mailbox couldn't be written)

EC_E_EEPROMASSIGNERROR

0x98110124: SLV: EEPROM assignment failed

EC_E_MBX_ERROR_TYPE

0x98110125: SLV: Unknown mailbox error code received in mailbox

EC_E_REDLINEBREAK

0x98110126: SLV: Redundancy line break (e.g. cable break between slaves or between master and first slave)

EC_E_XML_INVALID_CMD_WITH_RED

0x98110127: ENI: Invalid EtherCAT command in cyclic frame with redundancy (e.g. BRW commands are not allowed with redundancy)

EC_E_XML_PREV_PORT_MISSING

0x98110128: ENI: <PreviousPort>-tag is missing (e.g. if the auto increment address is not the first slave on the bus we check if a previous port tag OR a hot connect tag is available)

EC_E_XML_DC_CYCCMDS_MISSING

0x98110129: DC enabled and DC cyclic commands missing (e.g. access to 0x0900)

EC_E_DLSTATUS_IRO_TOPOCHANGED

0x98110130: SLV: Data link (DL) status interrupt because of changed topology (automatically handled by master)

EC_E_PTS_IS_NOT_RUNNING

0x98110131: PTS: Pass Through Server is not running (Pass-Through-Server was tried to be enabled/disabled or stopped without being started)

EC_E_PTS_IS_RUNNING

0x98110132: PTS: Pass Through Server is running (obsolete, replaced by EC_E_ADS_IS_RUNNING)

EC_E_ADS_IS_RUNNING

0x98110132: PTS: ADS adapter (Pass Through Server) is running (API call conflicts with ADS state (running))

EC_E_PTS_THREAD_CREATE_FAILED

0x98110133: PTS: Could not start the Pass Through Server

EC_E_PTS_SOCK_BIND_FAILED

0x98110134: PTS: The Pass Through Server could not bind the IP address with a socket (e.g. Possibly because the IPaddress (and Port) is already in use or the IP-address does not exist)

EC_E PTS NOT ENABLED

0x98110135: PTS: The Pass Through Server is running but not enabled

EC_E PTS_LL_MODE NOT SUPPORTED

0x98110136: PTS: The Link Layer mode is not supported by the Pass Through Server (e.g. The Master is running in interrupt mode but the Pass-Through-Server only supports polling mode)

EC_E VOE_NO_MBX RECEIVED

0x98110137: SLV: No VoE mailbox received yet from specific slave

EC_E DC_REF_CLOCK_SYNC_OUT_UNIT DISABLED

0x98110138: DC (time loop control) unit of reference clock disabled

EC_E DC_REF_CLOCK NOT FOUND

0x98110139: SLV: Reference clock not found! May happen if reference clock is removed from network.

EC_E MBX_CMD_WKC_ERROR

0x9811013B: SLV: Mailbox command working counter error (e.g. Mailbox init command Retry Count exceeded)

EC_E NO_AOE_SUPPORT

0x9811013C: APP / SLV: AoE: Protocol not supported (e.g. Application calls AoE-API although not implemented at slave)

EC_E AOE_INV_RESPONSE_SIZE

0x9811013D: AoE: Invalid AoE response received

EC_E AOE_ERROR

0x9811013E: AoE: Common AoE device error

EC_E AOE_SRVNOTSUPP

0x9811013F: AoE: Service not supported by server

EC_E AOE_INVALIDGRP

0x98110140: AoE: Invalid index group

EC_E AOE_INVALIDOFFSET

0x98110141: AoE: Invalid index offset

EC_E AOE_INVALIDACCESS

0x98110142: AoE: Reading/writing not permitted

EC_E AOE_INVALIDSIZE

0x98110143: AoE: Parameter size not correct

EC_E AOE_INVALIDDATA

0x98110144: AoE: Invalid parameter value(s)

EC_E AOE_NOTREADY

0x98110145: AoE: Device not in a ready state

EC_E AOE_BUSY

0x98110146: AoE: Device busy

EC_E_AOE_INVALIDCONTEXT

0x98110147: AoE: Invalid context

EC_E_AOE_NOMEMORY

0x98110148: AoE: Out of memory

EC_E_AOE_INVALIDPARAM

0x98110149: AoE: Invalid parameter value(s)

EC_E_AOE_NOTFOUND

0x9811014A: AoE: Not found

EC_E_AOE_SYNTAX

0x9811014B: AoE: Syntax error in command or file

EC_E_AOE_INCOMPATIBLE

0x9811014C: AoE: Objects do not match

EC_E_AOE_EXISTS

0x9811014D: AoE: Object already exists

EC_E_AOE_SYMBOLNOTFOUND

0x9811014E: AoE: Symbol not found

EC_E_AOE_SYMBOLVERSIONINVALID

0x9811014F: AoE: Symbol version invalid

EC_E_AOE_INVALIDSTATE

0x98110150: AoE: Server in invalid state

EC_E_AOE_TRANSMODENOTSUPP

0x98110151: AoE: AdsTransMode not supported

EC_E_AOE_NOTIFYHNDINVALID

0x98110152: AoE: Notification handle invalid

EC_E_AOE_CLIENTUNKNOWN

0x98110153: AoE: Notification client not registered

EC_E_AOE_NOMOREHDLS

0x98110154: AoE: No more notification handles

EC_E_AOE_INVALIDWATCHSIZE

0x98110155: AoE: Size for watch to big

EC_E_AOE_NOTINIT

0x98110156: AoE: Device not initialized

EC_E_AOE_TIMEOUT

0x98110157: AoE: Device has a timeout

EC_E_AOE_NOINTERFACE

0x98110158: AoE: Query interface failed

EC_E_AOE_INVALIDINTERFACE

0x98110159: AoE: Wrong interface required

EC_E_AOE_INVALIDCLSID

0x9811015A: AoE: Class ID invalid

EC_E_AOE_INVALIDOBJID

0x9811015B: AoE: Object ID invalid

EC_E_AOE_PENDING

0x9811015C: AoE: Request pending

EC_E_AOE_ABORTED

0x9811015D: AoE: Request aborted

EC_E_AOE_WARNING

0x9811015E: AoE: Signal warning

EC_E_AOE_INVALIDARRAYIDX

0x9811015F: AoE: Invalid array index

EC_E_AOE_SYMBOLNOTACTIVE

0x98110160: AoE: Symbol not active -> release handle and try again

EC_E_AOE_ACCESSDENIED

0x98110161: AoE: Access denied

EC_E_AOE_INTERNAL

0x98110162: AoE: Internal error

EC_E_AOE_TARGET_PORT_NOT_FOUND

0x98110163: AoE: Target port not found

EC_E_AOE_TARGET_MACHINE_NOT_FOUND

0x98110164: AoE: Target machine not found

EC_E_AOE_UNKNOWN_CMD_ID

0x98110165: AoE: Unknown command ID

EC_E_AOE_PORT_NOT_CONNECTED

0x98110166: AoE: Port not connected

EC_E_AOE_INVALID_AMS_LENGTH

0x98110167: AoE: Invalid AMS length

EC_E_AOE_INVALID_AMS_ID

0x98110168: AoE: invalid AMS Net ID

EC_E_AOE_PORT_DISABLED

0x98110169: AoE: Port disabled

EC_E_AOE_PORT_CONNECTED

0x9811016A: AoE: Port already connected

EC_E_AOE_INVALID_AMS_PORT

0x9811016B: AoE: Invalid AMS port

EC_E_AOE_NO_MEMORY

0x9811016C: AoE: No memory

EC_E_AOE_VENDOR_SPECIFIC

0x9811016D: AoE: Vendor specific AoE device error

EC_E_XML_AOE_NETID_INVALID

0x9811016E: ENI: AoE: Invalid NetID (e.g. Error from Configuration Tool)

EC_E_MAX_BUS_SLAVES_EXCEEDED

0x9811016F: CFG: Error: Maximum number of bus slave has been exceeded (The maximum number of preallocated bus slave objects are to small. The maximum number can be adjusted by the master initialization parameter EC_T_INITMASTERPARMS.dwMaxBusSlaves)

EC_E_MBXERR_SYNTAX

0x98110170: SLV: Mailbox error: Syntax of 6 octet Mailbox header is wrong (Slave error mailbox return value: 0x01)

EC_E_MBXERR_UNSUPPORTEDPROTOCOL

0x98110171: SLV: Mailbox error: The Mailbox protocol is not supported (Slave error mailbox return value: 0x02)

EC_E_MBXERR_INVALIDCHANNEL

0x98110172: SLV: Mailbox error: Field contains wrong value (Slave error mailbox return value: 0x03)

EC_E_MBXERR_SERVICENOTSUPPORTED

0x98110173: SLV: Mailbox error: The mailbox protocol header of the mailbox protocol is wrong (Slave error mailbox return value: 0x04)

EC_E_MBXERR_INVALIDHEADER

0x98110174: SLV: Mailbox error: The mailbox protocol header of the mailbox protocol is wrong (Slave error mailbox return value: 0x05)

EC_E_MBXERR_SIZETOOSHORT

0x98110175: SLV: Mailbox error: Length of received mailbox data is too short (Slave error mailbox return value: 0x06)

EC_E_MBXERR_NOMOREMEMORY

0x98110176: SLV: Mailbox error: Mailbox protocol can not be processed because of limited resources (Slave error mailbox return value: 0x07)

EC_E_MBXERR_INVALIDSIZE

0x98110177: SLV: Mailbox error: The length of data is inconsistent (Slave error mailbox return value: 0x08)

EC_E_DC_SLAVES_BEFORE_REF_CLOCK

0x98110178: ENI: Slaves with DC configured present on bus before reference clock (e.g. The first DC Slave was not configured as potential reference clock)

EC_E_DATA_TYPE_CONVERSION_FAILED

0x98110179: Data type conversion failed

EC_E_LINE_CROSSED

0x9811017B: Line crossed (cabling wrong)

EC_E_LINE_CROSSED_SLAVE_INFO

0x9811017C: Line crossed at slave (obsolete)

EC_E_ADO_NOT_SUPPORTED

0x9811017E: SLV: ADO for slave identification not supported (e.g. Request ID mechanism (ADO 0x134) not supported by slave)

EC_E_FRAMELOSS_AFTER_SLAVE

0x9811017F: Frameloss after Slave (opening port destroys communication)

EC_E_OEM_SIGNATURE_MISMATCH

0x98130008: ENI, OEM: Manufacturer signature mismatch

EC_E_ENI_ENCRYPTION_WRONG_VERSION

0x98130009: ENI, OEM: ENI encryption algorithm version not supported

EC_E_ENI_ENCRYPTED

0x9813000A: OEM: Loading encrypted ENI needs OEM key

EC_E_OEM_KEY_MISMATCH

0x9813000B: RAS, APP: OEM key mismatch

EC_E_OEM_KEY_MISSING

0x9813000C: APP: OEM key access needs OEM key set (e.g. Application must call esSetOemKey (HiL) or set EC_T_LINK_PARMS_SIMULATOR::qwOemKey (SiL))

EC_E_S2SMBX_NOT_CONFIGURED

0x98130020: S2S: Not Configured

EC_E_S2SMBX_NO_MEMORY

0x98130021: S2S: No Memory

EC_E_S2SMBX_NO_DESCRIPTOR

0x98130022: S2S: No Descriptor

EC_E_S2SMBX_DEST_SLAVE_NOT_FOUND

0x98130023: S2S: Destination Slave not found

EC_E_MASTER_RED_STATE_INACTIVE

0x98130024: APP: Master Redundancy State is INACTIVE (e.g. API not allowed in current Master Redundancy State)

EC_E_MASTER_RED_STATE_ACTIVE

0x98130025: APP: Master Redundancy State is ACTIVE (e.g. API not allowed in current Master Redundancy State)

EC_E_JUNCTION_RED_LINE_BREAK

0x98130026: Junction redundancy line break

EC_E_VALIDATION_ERROR

0x98130027: Validation error (validation data mismatch)

EC_E_TIMEOUT_WAITING_FOR_DC

0x98130028: Timeout waiting for DC

EC_E_TIMEOUT_WAITING_FOR_DCM

0x98130029: Timeout waiting for DCM

EC_E_SIGNATURE_MISMATCH

0x98130030: Signature mismatch

EC_E_PDIWATCHDOG

0x98130031: PDI watchdog expired

EC_E_BAD_CONNECTION

0x98130032: Bad connection

EC_E_XML_INCONSISTENT

0x98130033: ENI: Inconsistent content

12.3 DCM Error Codes

DCM_E_ERROR

0x981201C0: Unspecific DCM Error

DCM_E_NOTINITIALIZED

0x981201C1: Not initialized

DCM_E_MAX_CTL_ERROR_EXCEED

0x981201C2: DCM controller - synchronization out of limit

DCM_E_NOMEMORY

0x981201C3: Not enough memory

DCM_E_INVALID_HWLAYER

0x981201C4: Hardware layer - (BSP) invalid

DCM_E_TIMER MODIFY ERROR

0x981201C5: Hardware layer - error modifying timer

DCM_E_TIMER NOT RUNNING

0x981201C6: Hardware layer - timer not running

DCM_E_WRONG_CPU

0x981201C7: Hardware layer - function called on wrong CPU

DCM_E_INVALID_SYNC_PERIOD

0x981201C8: Invalid DC sync period length (invalid clock master?)

DCM_E_INVALID_SETVAL

0x981201C9: DCM controller SetVal to small

DCM_E_DRIFT_TO_HIGH

0x981201CA: DCM controller - Drift between local timer and ref clock to high

DCM_E_BUS_CYCLE_WRONG

0x981201CB: DCM controller - Bus cycle time (dwBusCycleTimeUsec) doesn't match real cycle

DCX_E_NO_EXT_CLOCK

0x981201CC: DCX controller - No external synchronization clock found

DCM_E_INVALID_DATA

0x981201CD: DCM controller - Invalid data

12.4 ADS over EtherCAT (AoE) Error Codes

EC_E_AOE_NO_RTIME

0x9813000D: AoE: No Rtime

EC_E_AOE_LOCKED_MEMORY

0x9813000E: AoE: Allocation locked memory

EC_E_AOE_MAILBOX

0x9813000F: AoE: Insert mailbox error

EC_E_AOE_WRONG_HMSG

0x98130010: AoE: Wrong receive HMSG

EC_E_AOE_BAD_TASK_ID

0x98130011: AoE: Bad task ID

EC_E_AOE_NO_IO

0x98130012: AoE: No IO

EC_E_AOE_UNKNOWN_AMS_COMMAND

0x98130013: AoE: Unknown ADS command

EC_E_AOE_WIN32

0x98130014: AoE: Win 32 error

EC_E_AOE_LOW_INSTALL_LEVEL

0x98130015: AoE: Low installation level

EC_E_AOE_NO_DEBUG

0x98130016: AoE: No debug available

EC_E_AOE_AMS_SYNC_WIN32

0x98130017: AoE: Sync Win 32 error

EC_E_AOE_AMS_SYNC_TIMEOUT

0x98130018: AoE: Sync Timeout

EC_E_AOE_AMS_SYNC_AMS

0x98130019: AoE: Sync AMS error

EC_E_AOE_AMS_SYNC_NO_INDEX_MAP

0x9813001A: AoE: Sync no index map

EC_E_AOE_TCP_SEND

0x9813001B: AoE: TCP send error

EC_E_AOE_HOST_UNREACHABLE

0x9813001C: AoE: Host unreachable

EC_E_AOE_INVALIDAMSFRAGMENT

0x9813001D: AoE: Invalid AMS fragment

EC_E_AOE_NO_LOCKED_MEMORY

0x9813001E: AoE: No allocation locked memory

EC_E_AOE_MAILBOX_FULL

0x9813001F: AoE: Mailbox full

12.5 CAN application protocol over EtherCAT (CoE) SDO Error Codes

EC_E_SDO_ABORTCODE_TOGGLE

0x98110040: SLV: SDO: Toggle bit not alternated (CoE abort code 0x05030000 of slave)

EC_E_SDO_ABORTCODE_TIMEOUT

0x98110041: SLV: SDO: Protocol timed out (CoE abort code 0x05040000 of slave)

EC_E_SDO_ABORTCODE_CCS_SCS

0x98110042: SLV: SDO: Client/server command specifier not valid or unknown (CoE abort code 0x05040001 of slave)

EC_E_SDO_ABORTCODE_BLK_SIZE

0x98110043: SLV: SDO: Invalid block size (block mode only) (CoE abort code 0x05040002 of slave)

EC_E_SDO_ABORTCODE_SEQNO

0x98110044: SLV: SDO: Invalid sequence number (block mode only) (CoE abort code 0x05040003 of slave)

EC_E_SDO_ABORTCODE_CRC

0x98110045: SLV: SDO: CRC error (block mode only) (CoE abort code 0x05040004 of slave)

EC_E_SDO_ABORTCODE_MEMORY

0x98110046: SLV: SDO: Out of memory (CoE abort code 0x05040005 of slave)

EC_E_SDO_ABORTCODE_ACCESS

0x98110047: SLV: SDO: Unsupported access to an object (CoE abort code 0x06010000 of slave)

EC_E_SDO_ABORTCODE_WRITEONLY

0x98110048: SLV: SDO: Attempt to read a write only object (CoE abort code 0x06010001 of slave)

EC_E_SDO_ABORTCODE_READONLY

0x98110049: SLV: SDO: Attempt to write a read only object (CoE abort code 0x06010002 of slave)

EC_E_SDO_ABORTCODE_INDEX

0x9811004A: SLV: SDO: Object does not exist in the object dictionary (CoE abort code 0x06020000 of slave)

EC_E_SDO_ABORTCODE_PDO_MAP

0x9811004B: SLV: SDO: Object cannot be mapped to the PDO (CoE abort code 0x06040041 of slave)

EC_E_SDO_ABORTCODE_PDO_LEN

0x9811004C: SLV: SDO: The number and length of the objects to be mapped would exceed PDO length (CoE abort code 0x06040042 of slave)

EC_E_SDO_ABORTCODE_P_INCOMP

0x9811004D: SLV: SDO: General parameter incompatibility reason (CoE abort code 0x06040043 of slave)

EC_E_SDO_ABORTCODE_I_INCOMP

0x9811004E: SLV: SDO: General internal incompatibility in the device (CoE abort code 0x06040047 of slave)

EC_E_SDO_ABORTCODE_HARDWARE

0x9811004F: SLV: SDO: Access failed due to an hardware error (CoE abort code 0x06060000 of slave)

EC_E_SDO_ABORTCODE_DATA_LENGTH_NOT_MATCH

0x98110050: SLV: SDO: Data type does not match, length of service parameter does not match (CoE abort code 0x06070010 of slave)

EC_E_SDO_ABORTCODE_DATA_LENGTH_TOO_HIGH

0x98110051: SLV: SDO: Data type does not match, length of service parameter too high (CoE abort code 0x06070012 of slave)

EC_E_SDO_ABORTCODE_DATA_LENGTH_TOO_LOW

0x98110052: SLV: SDO: Data type does not match, length of service parameter too low (CoE abort code 0x06070013 of slave)

EC_E_SDO_ABORTCODE_OFFSET

0x98110053: SLV: SDO: Sub-index does not exist (CoE abort code 0x06090011 of slave)

EC_E_SDO_ABORTCODE_VALUE_RANGE

0x98110054: SLV: SDO: Value range of parameter exceeded (only for write access) (CoE abort code 0x06090030 of slave)

EC_E_SDO_ABORTCODE_VALUE_TOO_HIGH

0x98110055: SLV: SDO: Value of parameter written too high (CoE abort code 0x06090031 of slave)

EC_E_SDO_ABORTCODE_VALUE_TOO_LOW

0x98110056: SLV: SDO: Value of parameter written too low (CoE abort code 0x06090032 of slave)

EC_E_SDO_ABORTCODE_MINMAX

0x98110057: SLV: SDO: Maximum value is less than minimum value (CoE abort code 0x06090036 of slave)

EC_E_SDO_ABORTCODE_GENERAL

0x98110058: SLV: SDO: General error (CoE abort code 0x08000000 of slave)

EC_E_SDO_ABORTCODE_TRANSFER

0x98110059: SLV: SDO: Data cannot be transferred or stored to the application (CoE abort code 0x08000020 of slave)

EC_E_SDO_ABORTCODE_TRANSFER_LOCAL_CONTROL

0x9811005A: SLV: SDO: Data cannot be transferred or stored to the application because of local control (CoE abort code 0x08000021 of slave)

EC_E_SDO_ABORTCODE_TRANSFER_DEVICE_STATE

0x9811005B: SLV: SDO: Data cannot be transferred or stored to the application because of the present device state (CoE abort code 0x08000022 of slave)

EC_E_SDO_ABORTCODE_DICTIONARY

0x9811005C: SLV: SDO: Object dictionary dynamic generation fails or no object dictionary is present (e.g. object dictionary is generated from file and generation fails because of an file error) (CoE abort code 0x08000023 of slave)

EC_E_SDO_ABORTCODE_UNKNOWN

0x9811005D: SLV: SDO: Unknown code (Unknown CoE abort code of slave)

EC_E_SDO_ABORTCODE_MODULE_ID_LIST_NOT_MATCH

0x9811005E: Detected Module Ident List (0xF030) and Configured Module Ident list (0xF050) does not match

EC_E_SDO_ABORTCODE_SI_NOT_WRITTEN

0x98130004: SLV: SDO: Sub Index cannot be written, SI0 must be 0 for write access (CoE abort code 0x06010003 of slave)

EC_E_SDO_ABORTCODE_CA_TYPE_MISM

0x98130005: SLV: SDO: Complete access not supported for objects of variable length such as ENUM object types (CoE abort code 0x06010004 of slave)

EC_E_SDO_ABORTCODE_OBJ_TOO_BIG

0x98130006: SLV: SDO: Object length exceeds mailbox size (CoE abort code 0x06010005 of slave)

EC_E_SDO_ABORTCODE_PDO_MAPPED

0x98130007: SLV: SDO: Object mapped to RxPDO, SDO Download blocked (CoE abort code 0x06010006 of slave)

12.6 File Transfer over EtherCAT (FoE) Error Codes

EC_E_FOE_ERRCODE_NOTDEFINED

0x98110060: SLV: ERROR FoE: not defined (FoE Error Code 0 (0x8000) of slave)

EC_E_FOE_ERRCODE_NOTFOUND

0x98110061: SLV: ERROR FoE: not found (FoE Error Code 1 (0x8001) of slave)

EC_E_FOE_ERRCODE_ACCESS

0x98110062: SLV: ERROR FoE: access denied (FoE Error Code 2 (0x8002) of slave)

EC_E_FOE_ERRCODE_DISKFULL

0x98110063: SLV: ERROR FoE: disk full (FoE Error Code 3 (0x8003) of slave)

EC_E_FOE_ERRCODE_ILLEGAL

0x98110064: SLV: ERROR FoE: illegal (FoE Error Code 4 (0x8004) of slave)

EC_E_FOE_ERRCODE_PACKENO

0x98110065: SLV: ERROR FoE: packet number wrong (FoE Error Code 5 (0x8005) of slave)

EC_E_FOE_ERRCODE_EXISTS

0x98110066: SLV: ERROR FoE: already exists (FoE Error Code 6 (0x8006) of slave)

EC_E_FOE_ERRCODE_NOUSER

0x98110067: SLV: ERROR FoE: no user (FoE Error Code 7 (0x8007) of slave)

EC_E_FOE_ERRCODE_BOOTSTRAPONLY

0x98110068: SLV: ERROR FoE: bootstrap only (FoE Error Code 8 (0x8008) of slave)

EC_E_FOE_ERRCODE_NOTINBOOTSTRAP

0x98110069: SLV: ERROR FoE: Downloaded file name is not valid in Bootstrap state (FoE Error Code 9 (0x8009) of slave)

EC_E_FOE_ERRCODE_INVALIDPASSWORD

0x9811006A: SLV: ERROR FoE: no rights (FoE Error Code 10 (0x800A) of slave)

EC_E_FOE_ERRCODE_PROGERROR

0x9811006B: SLV: ERROR FoE: program error (FoE Error Code 11 (0x800B) of slave)

EC_E_FOE_ERRCODE_INVALID_CHECKSUM

0x9811006C: FoE: Wrong checksum

EC_E_FOE_ERRCODE_INVALID_FIRMWARE

0x9811006D: SLV: ERROR FoE: Firmware does not fit for Hardware (FoE Error Code 13 (0x800D) of slave)

EC_E_FOE_ERRCODE_NO_FILE

0x9811006F: SLV: ERROR FoE: No file to read (FoE Error Code 15 (0x800F) of slave)

EC_E_NO_FOE_SUPPORT_BS

0x9811010F: APP: ERROR FoE: Protocol not supported in boot strap (e.g. Application requested FoE in Bootstrap although slave does not support this)

EC_E_FOE_ERRCODE_MAX_FILE_SIZE

0x9811017A: APP: ERROR FoE: File is bigger than max file size (e.g. Slave returned more data than the

buffer provided by application can store.)

EC_E_FOE_ERRCODE_FILE_HEAD_MISSING

0x98130001: SLV: ERROR FoE: File header does not exist (FoE Error Code 16 (0x8010) of slave)

EC_E_FOE_ERRCODE_FLASH_PROBLEM

0x98130002: SLV: ERROR FoE: Flash problem (FoE Error Code 17 (0x8011) of slave)

EC_E_FOE_ERRCODE_FILE_INCOMPATIBLE

0x98130003: SLV: ERROR FoE: File incompatible (FoE Error Code 18 (0x8012) of slave)

12.7 Servo Drive Profil over EtherCAT (SoE) Error Codes

EC_E_SOE_ERRORCODE_INVALID_ACCESS

0x98110078: ERROR SoE: Invalid access to element 0

EC_E_SOE_ERRORCODE_NOT_EXIST

0x98110079: ERROR SoE: Does not exist

EC_E_SOE_ERRORCODE_INVL_ACC_ELEM1

0x9811007A: ERROR SoE: Invalid access to element 1

EC_E_SOE_ERRORCODE_NAME_NOT_EXIST

0x9811007B: ERROR SoE: Name does not exist

EC_E_SOE_ERRORCODE_NAME_UNDERSIZE

0x9811007C: ERROR SoE: Name undersize in transmission

EC_E_SOE_ERRORCODE_NAME_OVERSIZED

0x9811007D: ERROR SoE: Name oversize in transmission

EC_E_SOE_ERRORCODE_NAME_UNCHANGE

0x9811007E: ERROR SoE: Name unchangeable

EC_E_SOE_ERRORCODE_NAME_WR_PROT

0x9811007F: ERROR SoE: Name currently write-protected

EC_E_SOE_ERRORCODE_UNDERS_TRANS

0x98110080: ERROR SoE: Attribute undersize in transmission

EC_E_SOE_ERRORCODE_OVERS_TRANS

0x98110081: ERROR SoE: Attribute oversize in transmission

EC_E_SOE_ERRORCODE_ATTR_UNCHANGE

0x98110082: ERROR SoE: Attribute unchangeable

EC_E_SOE_ERRORCODE_ATTR_WR_PROT

0x98110083: ERROR SoE: Attribute currently write-protected

EC_E_SOE_ERRORCODE_UNIT_NOT_EXIST

0x98110084: ERROR SoE: Unit does not exist

EC_E_SOE_ERRORCODE_UNIT_UNDERSIZE

0x98110085: ERROR SoE: Unit undersize in transmission

EC_E_SOE_ERRORCODE_UNIT_OVERSIZED

0x98110086: ERROR SoE: Unit oversize in transmission

EC_E_SOE_ERRORCODE_UNIT_UNCHANGE

0x98110087: ERROR SoE: Unit unchangeable

EC_E_SOE_ERRORCODE_UNIT_WR_PROT

0x98110088: ERROR SoE: Unit currently write-protected

EC_E_SOE_ERRORCODE_MIN_NOT_EXIST

0x98110089: ERROR SoE: Minimum input value does not exist

EC_E_SOE_ERRORCODE_MIN_UNDERSIZE

0x9811008A: ERROR SoE: Minimum input value undersize in transmission

EC_E_SOE_ERRORCODE_MIN_OVERSIZE

0x9811008B: ERROR SoE: Minimum input value oversize in transmission

EC_E_SOE_ERRORCODE_MIN_UNCHANGE

0x9811008C: ERROR SoE: Minimum input value unchangeable

EC_E_SOE_ERRORCODE_MIN_WR_PROT

0x9811008D: ERROR SoE: Minimum input value currently write-protected

EC_E_SOE_ERRORCODE_MAX_NOT_EXIST

0x9811008E: ERROR SoE: Maximum input value does not exist

EC_E_SOE_ERRORCODE_MAX_UNDERSIZE

0x9811008F: ERROR SoE: Maximum input value undersize in transmission

EC_E_SOE_ERRORCODE_MAX_OVERSIZE

0x98110090: ERROR SoE: Maximum input value oversize in transmission

EC_E_SOE_ERRORCODE_MAX_UNCHANGE

0x98110091: ERROR SoE: Maximum input value unchangeable

EC_E_SOE_ERRORCODE_MAX_WR_PROT

0x98110092: ERROR SoE: Maximum input value currently write-protected

EC_E_SOE_ERRORCODE_DATA_NOT_EXIST

0x98110093: ERROR SoE: Data item does not exist

EC_E_SOE_ERRORCODE_DATA_UNDERSIZE

0x98110094: ERROR SoE: Data item undersize in transmission

EC_E_SOE_ERRORCODE_DATA_OVERSIZE

0x98110095: ERROR SoE: Data item oversize in transmission

EC_E_SOE_ERRORCODE_DATA_UNCHANGE

0x98110096: ERROR SoE: Data item unchangeable

EC_E_SOE_ERRORCODE_DATA_WR_PROT

0x98110097: ERROR SoE: Data item currently write-protected

EC_E_SOE_ERRORCODE_DATA_MIN_LIMIT

0x98110098: ERROR SoE: Data item less than minimum input value limit

EC_E_SOE_ERRORCODE_DATA_MAX_LIMIT

0x98110099: ERROR SoE: Data item exceeds maximum input value limit

EC_E_SOE_ERRORCODE_DATA_INCOR

0x9811009A: ERROR SoE: Data item incorrect

EC_E_SOE_ERRORCODE_PASWD_PROT

0x9811009B: ERROR SoE: Data item protected by password

EC_E_SOE_ERRORCODE_TEMP_UNCHANGE

0x9811009C: ERROR SoE: Data item temporary unchangeable (in AT or MDT)

EC_E_SOE_ERRORCODE_INVL_INDIRECT

0x9811009D: ERROR SoE: Invalid indirect

EC_E_SOE_ERRORCODE_TEMP_UNCHANGE1

0x9811009E: ERROR SoE: Data item temporary unchangeable (parameter or opmode)

EC_E_SOE_ERRORCODE_ALREADY_ACTIVE

0x9811009F: ERROR SoE: Command already active

EC_E_SOE_ERRORCODE_NOT_INTERRUPT

0x98110100: ERROR SoE: Command not interruptible

EC_E_SOE_ERRORCODE_CMD_NOT_AVAIL

0x98110101: ERROR SoE: Command not available (in this phase)

EC_E_SOE_ERRORCODE_CMD_NOT_AVAIL1

0x98110102: ERROR SoE: Command not available (invalid parameter)

EC_E_SOE_ERRORCODE_DRIVE_NO

0x98110103: ERROR SoE: Response drive number not identical with requested drive number

EC_E_SOE_ERRORCODE_IDN

0x98110104: ERROR SoE: Response IDN not identical with requested IDN

EC_E_SOE_ERRORCODE_FRAGMENT_LOST

0x98110105: ERROR SoE: At least one fragment lost

EC_E_SOE_ERRORCODE_BUFFER_FULL

0x98110106: ERROR SoE: RX buffer full (EtherCAT call with to small data-buffer)

EC_E_SOE_ERRORCODE_NO_DATA

0x98110107: ERROR SoE: No data state

EC_E_SOE_ERRORCODE_NO_DEFAULT_VALUE

0x98110108: ERROR SoE: No default value

EC_E_SOE_ERRORCODE_DEFAULT_LONG

0x98110109: ERROR SoE: Default value transmission too long

EC_E_SOE_ERRORCODE_DEFAULT_WP

0x9811010A: ERROR SoE: Default value cannot be changed, read only

EC_E_SOE_ERRORCODE_INVL_DRIVE_NO

0x9811010B: ERROR SoE: Invalid drive number

EC_E_SOE_ERRORCODE_GENERAL_ERROR

0x9811010C: ERROR SoE: General error

EC_E_SOE_ERRCODE_NO_ELEM_ADR

0x9811010D: ERROR SoE: No element addressed

12.8 Remote API Error Codes

EC_E_SOCKET_DISCONNECTED

0x9811017D: RAS: Socket disconnected (e.g. IP connection terminated or lost)

EMRAS_E_INVALIDCOOKIE

0x98110181: RAS: Invalid Cookie (e.g. obsolete)

EMRAS_E_MULSRVDISMULCON

0x98110183: RAS: Connect 2nd server denied because Multi Server support is disabled (obsolete)

EMRAS_E_LOGONCANCELLED

0x98110184: RAS: Logon canceled (Server-side connection reject while opening a client connection.)

EMRAS_E_INVALIDVERSION

0x98110186: RAS: Invalid Version (Connection reject because of using mismatching protocol versions on client and server side)

EMRAS_E_INVALIDACCESSCONFIG

0x98110187: RAS: Access configuration is invalid (e.g. SPoC access configuration invalid)

EMRAS_E_ACCESSLESS

0x98110188: RAS: No access to this call at this access level (e.g. a higher SPoC access level is needed to use the called Remote API function)

EMRAS_E_INVALIDDATA RECEIVED

0x98110189: RAS: Invalid data received (communication corrupted)

EMRAS_EVT_SERVERSTOPPED

0x98110191: RAS: Server stopped (e.g. connection dropped because of Remote API Server stop)

EMRAS_EVT_WDEXPIRED

0x98110192: RAS: Watchdog expired (e.g. connection dropped because of missing keep-alive messages)

EMRAS_EVT_RECONEXPIRED

0x98110193: RAS: Reconnect expired (obsolete)

EMRAS_EVT_CLIENTLOGON

0x98110194: RAS Server: Client logged on

EMRAS_EVT_RECONNECT

0x98110195: RAS: obsolete

EMRAS_EVT_SOCKCHANGE

0x98110196: RAS: Socket exchanged after reconnect (obsolete)

EMRAS_EVT_CLNTDISC

0x98110197: RAS: Client disconnect

EMRAS_E_ACCESS_NOT_FOUND

0x98110198: RAS: Access not configured for this call (e.g. SPoC access configuration missing)

EMRAS_E_TOKEN_MISSING

0x98110199: RAS: Token missing

EMRAS_E_TOKEN_INVALID
0x9811019A: RAS: Token invalid

EMRAS_E_TOKEN_DENIED
0x9811019B: RAS: Token denied