

# Programare Functionala 2022

## Quiz-uri

### PF-C01-Quiz 1

1. Cum se comenteaza o linie in Haskell?  
a) -- b) /\* \*/ c) // d) !
2. Ce valoare are x in `x = let x = 3 in x * 5`?  
a) 3 b) **15** c) 20 d) Eroare
3. Ce valoare are x in `x = let x = 3, y = 4 in x * y`?  
a) 3 b) 4 c) 12 d) **eroare**

### PF-C01-Quiz 2

1. Ce tip are o functie foo care are doua argumente, primul argument de tip Char, iar al doilea argument de tip Bool, si intoarce un rezultat de tip Bool?  
a) `foo : Char -> Bool -> Bool`  
b) `foo :: Bool -> Char -> Bool`  
c) **`foo :: Char -> Bool -> Bool`**  
d) nu se poate defini
2. Ce tip are expresia `[True, 'a', "FP"]`?  
a) `(Bool, Char, Char)`  
b) **eroare**  
c) `[Bool, Char, [Char]]`  
d) `[Bool, Char, Char]`
3. Ce tip are expresia `(True, 'a', "FP")`?  
a) eroare  
b) `(Bool, Char, Char)`  
c) **`(Bool, Char, [Char])`**  
d) `[Bool, Char [Char]]`

### PF-C02-Quiz 1

1. Ce tip are o functie foo care are doua argumente, o functie de la Char la Bool si, respectiv, un Char, si intoarce un Bool?  
a) nu se poate defini  
b) `foo : (Char -> Bool) -> Char -> Bool`  
c) `foo :: Char -> Bool -> Char -> Bool`  
d) **`foo :: (Char -> Bool) -> Char -> Bool`**

2. Ce valoare are  $f\ 3$  in  $f\ 5 = \text{let } x = 3 \text{ in } x + x$ ?
- a) 6
  - b) 5
  - c) **exceptie (nu se potriveste niciun caz din definitia lui f)**
  - d) 10
3. Ce valoare are  $f\ 5$  in  $f\ x = \text{let } x = 3 ; y = 4 \text{ in } x + y$ ?
- a) 9
  - b) **7**
  - c) 5
  - d) eroare

## PF-C02-Quiz 2

1. Cum putem defini lista  $[3,4,5,6]$ ?
- a)  $3 : 4 : 5 : 6$
  - b)  **$3 : 4 : 5 : 6 : []$**
  - c)  $[3 .. 6]$
  - d)  **$3 : 4 : 5 : [6]$**
2. Ce obtinem dupa instructiunile?
- ```
Prelude> xs = [1,2,3]
Prelude> ys = [11,12]
Prelude> zip xs ys
```
- a) nu se poate aplica functia zip
  - b)  **$[(1,11),(2,12)]$**
  - c)  $[1,2,3,11,12]$
  - d)  $[(1,11),(1,12),(2,11),(2,12),(3,11),(3,12)]$
3. Ce obtinem dupa instructiunile?
- ```
Prelude> let natural = [0..]
Prelude> natural !! 5
```
- a) 6
  - b) **5**
  - c)  $[0,1,2,3,4]$
  - d) 4

## PF-C03-Quiz 1

1. Fie  $f\ x = x + x$  si  $g\ x = x * x$ . Ce valoare are expresia  $g . f\ \$\ 3$ ?
- a) **36**
  - b) 18
  - c) eroare
  - d) 6
2. Ce obtinem dupa instructiunea  $([1,2,3] ++)\ [4,5,6]$ ?

- a) eroare
- b) [1,2,3,4,5,6]**
- c) [4,5,6,1,2,3]
- d) "123456"

3. Ce obtinem dupa instructiunea reverse . take 3 [1 .. 10]?

- a) [10,9,8]
- b) [1,2,3]
- c) eroare**
- d) [3,2,1]

## PF-C03-Quiz 2

1. Ce se obtine dupa instructiunea map (+1) [1,2,3,4]?

- a) nu se poate aplica
- b) [2,3,4,5]**
- c) [4,3,2,1]
- d) [2,3,4]

2. Ce se obtine dupa instructiunea map (1-) [1,2,3,4]?

- a) nu se poate aplica
- b) [2,3,4,5]
- c) [0,1,2,3]
- d) [0,-1,-2,-3]**

3. Ce se obtine dupa instructiunea map toUpper "abcd"?

- a) nu se poate aplica
- b) "dcba"
- c) "ABCD"**
- d) "Abcd"

## PF-C03-Quiz 3

1. Ce se obtine dupa instructiunea length . filter (== 'a') "abracadabra"?

- a) 5
- b) "brcdbr"
- c) instructiune invalida**
- d) "aaaaa"

2. Ce se obtine dupa instructiunea length . filter (== 'a') \$ "abracadabra"?

- a) 5**
- b) "brcdbr"
- c) instructiune invalida
- d) "aaaaa"

3. Ce se intampla dupa instructiunea filter (\x -> (rem x 2) == 0) [1..10]?

- a) [2,4,6,8,10]**
- b) [1,3,5,7,9]

- c) 5
- d) instructiune invalida

## PF-C04-Quiz 1

1. Fie functia  $\text{foo1} :: (\text{Int}, \text{Char}, \text{String}) \rightarrow \text{String}$ . Ce tip are functia curry foo1?  
**a) nu se poate aplica functia curry peste foo1**  
b)  $\text{Int} \rightarrow \text{Char} \rightarrow \text{String} \rightarrow \text{String}$   
c)  $\text{Int} \rightarrow (\text{Char} \rightarrow \text{String}) \rightarrow \text{String}$   
d)  $(\text{Int} \rightarrow \text{Char} \rightarrow \text{String}) \rightarrow \text{String}$
2. Fie functia  $\text{foo2} :: (\text{Int}, (\text{Char}, \text{String})) \rightarrow \text{String}$ . Ce tip are functia curry foo2?  
a) nu se poate aplica functia curry peste foo2  
**b)  $\text{Int} \rightarrow (\text{Char}, \text{String}) \rightarrow \text{String}$**   
c)  $\text{Int} \rightarrow \text{Char} \rightarrow \text{String} \rightarrow \text{String}$   
d)  $(\text{Int}, \text{Char}) \rightarrow \text{String} \rightarrow \text{String}$
3. Fie functia  $\text{foo3} :: \text{Int} \rightarrow \text{Char} \rightarrow \text{String}$ . Ce tip are functia uncurry foo3?  
a) nu se poate aplica functia uncurry peste foo3  
b)  $\text{Int} \rightarrow (\text{Char} \rightarrow \text{String})$   
c) functia uncurry nu are niciun efect asupra lui foo3  
**d)  $(\text{Int}, \text{Char}) \rightarrow \text{String}$**

## PF-C04-Quiz 2

1. Ce se obtine dupa instructiunea  $\text{foldr } (++) \text{ ["woot", "WOOT", "woot"]}$ ?  
a) "wootWOOTwoot"  
**b) instructiune invalida**  
c) ["woot", "WOOT", "woot"]  
d) "woot,WOOT,woot"
2. Ce se obtine dupa urmatoarea instructiune  $\text{foldr } (\&\&) \text{ True } [\text{False}, \text{True}]$ ?  
a) instructiune invalida  
**b) False**  
c) True  
d) [True, False, True]
3. Ce se obtine dupa urmatoarea instructiune  $\text{foldr } (\backslash x y \rightarrow \text{concat } [("(" , x , "+" , y , ")")]) \text{ "0" } ["1", "2", "3", "4", "5"]$ ?  
a) instructiune invalida  
**b) "(1+(2+(3+(4+(5+0)))))"**  
c) "1+2+3+4+5+0"  
d) ["(", "1", "2", "3", "4", "5", ")"]

## PF-C04-Quiz 3

1. Ce se obtine dupa urmatoarea instructiune foldl (^) 2 [1..3]?  
a) 1  
**b) 64**  
c) instructiune invalida  
d) 8
2. Ce se obtine dupa urmatoarea instructiune foldr (^) 2 [1..3]?  
**a) 1**  
b) 64  
c) instructiune invalida  
d) 8
3. Ce se obtine dupa urmatoarea instructiune foldr (:) [] [1..3]?  
a) []  
b) instructiune invalida  
**c) [1,2,3]**  
d) [3,2,1]
4. Ce se obtine dupa urmatoarea instructiune foldl (flip (:)) [] [1..3]?  
a) [1,2,3]  
b) instructiune invalida  
**c) [3,2,1]**  
d) []

## PF-C05-Quiz 1

Fie tipul de date:  
data Doggies a =  
    Husky a  
    | Mastiff a

1. Ce este Doggies?  
**a) constructor de tip**  
b) constructor de date  
c) tip de date produs  
d) niciunul din raspunsurile de mai sus
2. Ce tip are Mastiff "Scooby Doo"?  
a) Doggies  
b) [Char]  
**c) Doggies [Char]**  
d) Doggies Mastiff
3. Ce tip are Husky (10 :: Integer)?  
a) Doggies  
**b) Doggies Integer**

- c) Integer
- d) Doggies Husky

## PF-C06-Quiz 1

1. Clasa Eq

- a) include toate tipurile din Haskell
- b) coincide cu clasa Ord
- c) face testarea egalitatii posibila**
- d) include doar tipuri numerice

2. Sa presupunem ca clasa de tipuri Ord are operatorul >. Ce tip are >?

- a) Ord a => a -> a -> Bool**
- b) Ord a => Int -> Bool
- c) Ord a => a -> Char
- d) Ord a => Char -> [Char]

3. Ce puteti sa spuneti despre codul de mai jos?

```
data Mood = Blah
           | Woot deriving Show
```

```
settleDown x = if x == Woot
               then Blah
               else x
```

- a) codul este corect
- b) codul nu este corect deoarece nu exista o instanta a clasei Num pentru tipul Mood
- c) codul nu este corect deoarece nu exista o instanta a clasei Ord pentru tipul Mood
- d) codul nu este corect deoarece nu exista o instanta a clasei Eq pentru tipul Mood**