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SEMINARUL 6

$$W^{1,p}(J) \subset L^\infty(J)$$

$$1 \leq p \leq \infty$$

$$\|u\|_{L^\infty(J)} \leq c \cdot \|u\|_{W^{1,p}(J)}$$

$$\|u\|_{L^p} + \|u'\|_{L^p} = \|u\|_{W^{1,p}(J)}$$

$$\|u\|_{L^p(J)} \leq c \|u\|_{W^{1,p}(J)}$$

$$W^{1,p}(J) \subset L^2(J)_{\text{cont.}}$$

$$L^p(J) = \{u: J \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, \int_J |u|^p < \infty\}$$

$$\|u\|_{L^p(J)} = \begin{cases} \left(\int_J |u|^p \right)^{1/p}, & 1 \leq p < \infty \\ M, & p = \infty. \end{cases}$$

$$\|u\| \leq M$$

$$\text{Cauchy: } \int_J |f| |g| \leq \left(\int_J |f|^2 \right)^{1/2} \left(\int_J |g|^2 \right)^{1/2}$$

$$\text{Hölder: } \int_J |f| |g| \leq \left(\int_J |f|^p \right)^{1/p} \left(\int_J |g|^p \right)^{1/p}, \quad \frac{1}{p} + \frac{1}{p'} = 1, \quad p \in [1, \infty]$$

$$\text{Obs: } g \equiv 1:$$

$$\int_J |f| \leq \left(\int_J |f|^p \right)^{1/p} \left(\int_J 1 \right)^{1/p'}$$

$$\int_J |f| \leq \left(\int_J |f|^p \right)^{1/p} \cdot |J|^{1/p'}$$

$$(*) \quad \|f\|_{L^1} \leq \|f\|_{L^p} \cdot |J|^{1/p'}$$

Cazul 1

Ex: An un interval I , $|I| < \infty$, vreau: $L^p(I) \subset L^q(I)$ cont.

$$\Leftrightarrow \|u\|_{L^q(I)} \leq c \|u\|_{L^p(I)}$$

depinde de int., p, q .

$$\int_I |f| \leq \left(\int_I |f|^2 \right)^{1/2} |I|^{1/2}$$

$$\|f\|_{L^1(I)} \leq \|f\|_{L^2(I)} |I|^{1/2}$$

$$L^2(I) \subset L^1(I) \text{ cont.}$$

$$(*) \quad L^p(I) \subset L^1(I), \quad 1 \leq p \leq \infty \text{ cont.}$$

$$\boxed{p = \infty}$$

$$\downarrow L^\infty(I) \subset L^1(I) \text{ cont.}$$

$$(A, \|\cdot\|_A), (B, \|\cdot\|_B)$$

$$A \subset B \text{ cont.}$$

$$\|u\|_B \leq c \|u\|_A$$

In cazul meu, vreau: $\|u\|_{L^1(I)} < c \|u\|_{L^\infty(I)}$

masura intervalului

M

$$|u| \leq M$$

$$\int_I |u| \leq \int_I M = M \cdot |I|$$

$$\int_I |u| \leq \|u\|_{L^\infty} \cdot |I| \Rightarrow L^\infty(I) \subset L^1(I) \text{ cont.}$$

Am arătat: $\|u\|_{L^1(j)} \leq c \|u\|_{L^p(j)}, \forall p \in [1, \infty]$

Încearcă: $\|u\|_{L^q(j)} \leq c \|u\|_{L^p(j)}$

$q=1 \leq p$ (am arătat)

$$\int_j |u|^q = \int_j (|u|^p)^{\frac{q}{p} \cdot 1} \stackrel{?}{\leq} \int_j |u|^p$$

Holder: $\int f g \leq \left(\int f^{\kappa}\right)^{1/\kappa} \left(\int g^{\kappa'}\right)^{1/\kappa'}, \frac{1}{\kappa} \leq \frac{1}{\kappa} + \frac{1}{\kappa'} = 1$

$$\int_j (|u|^p)^{\frac{q}{p} \cdot 1} \leq \left[\int_j (|u|^p)^{\frac{q}{p} \cdot \kappa} \right]^{1/\kappa} \cdot \left[\int_j 1^{\kappa'} \right]^{1/\kappa'} =$$

$$1/\kappa + 1/\kappa' = 1.$$

$$\kappa = \frac{p}{q} \geq 1$$

$p \geq q$ (altfel nu
pot aplica Holder)

$$= \left(\int_j |u|^p\right)^{2/p} \cdot |j|^{1 - \frac{q}{p}} = \left(\int_j |u|^p\right)^{2/p} |j|^{1 - \frac{q}{p}}$$

Deci, $\int_j |u|^q \leq \left(\int_j |u|^p\right)^{2/p} \cdot |j|^{1 - \frac{q}{p}} \int_j 1^{1/2} \Rightarrow$

$$\Rightarrow \|u\|_{L^q(j)} \leq \|u\|_{L^p(j)} |j|^{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{p}}$$

Deci, $L^p(j) \subset_{\text{cont.}} L^q(j), \forall j\text{-uărg, } 1 \leq q \leq p < \infty$

Cazul 2) $|j| = \infty$, $j = \mathbb{R}$

$$\int_{\mathbb{R}} |u|^2 \leq M \int_{\mathbb{R}} |u|$$

$$|u| \leq M$$

Dacă iau $M = \|u\|_{L^\infty(\mathbb{R})}$

$$\int_{\mathbb{R}} u^2 \leq \|u\|_{L^\infty(\mathbb{R})} \int_{\mathbb{R}} |u|$$

$$\|u\|_{L^2(\mathbb{R})}^2 \leq \|u\|_{L^\infty(\mathbb{R})} \cdot \|u\|_{L^1(\mathbb{R})}$$

$$\|u\|_{L^2(\mathbb{R})} \leq \|u\|_{L^\infty(\mathbb{R})}^{1/2} \|u\|_{L^1(\mathbb{R})}^{1/2}$$

$$L^1(\mathbb{R}) \cap L^\infty(\mathbb{R}) \subset L^2(\mathbb{R})$$

$$L^1(\mathbb{R}) \cap L^\infty(\mathbb{R}) \subset L^p(\mathbb{R}), \quad 1 \leq p \leq \infty.$$

fol. nu
Holder)