

Übung 2

Look at the following sequence:

16, 3, 26, 2, 23, 24, 27, 5, ...

Assume the numbers were generated with

$$s_{i+1} = A \cdot s_i + B \pmod{m}, m=31$$

Find A and B

Calculate the next 3 (pseudo)random numbers

$s_1 = 16$	$s_{i+1} = A \cdot s_i + B$	$A = \frac{s_2 - s_3}{s_1 - s_2} \pmod{31}$	$s_2 = A \cdot s_1 + B \pmod{31}$
$s_2 = 3$		$A = \frac{3 - 26}{16 - 3} \pmod{31}$	$3 = 3 \cdot 16 + B \pmod{31}$
$s_3 = 26$	$s_2 = A \cdot s_1 + B$	$A = \frac{-23}{13} \pmod{31}$	$3 = 48 + B \pmod{31}$
$s_4 = 2$	$s_3 = A \cdot s_2 + B \Rightarrow B = s_3 - A \cdot s_2$	$A = \frac{-23}{13} \pmod{31}$	$B = 3 - 48 \pmod{31}$
$s_5 = 23$	$s_2 = A \cdot s_1 + B$	$A = \frac{8}{13} \pmod{31}$	$B = -45 \pmod{31}$
$s_6 = 24$	$s_2 = A \cdot s_1 + s_3 - A \cdot s_2$	$A \cdot 13 = 8 \pmod{31}$	$B = 14 \pmod{31}$
$s_7 = 27$	$s_2 - s_3 = A(s_1 - s_2)$	$\frac{A \cdot 13}{31} = 8 \pmod{31}$	$B = 17$
$s_8 = 5$	$A = \frac{s_2 - s_3}{s_1 - s_2}$	$\frac{3 \cdot 13}{31} = 8 \pmod{31}$	
		\Downarrow	
		$A = 13$	

nächste Zahlen

$s_9 = A \cdot s_8 + B \pmod{31}$	$s_{10} = A \cdot s_9 + B \pmod{31}$	$s_{11} = A \cdot s_{10} + B \pmod{31}$
$s_9 = 3 \cdot 5 + 17 \pmod{31}$	$s_{10} = 3 \cdot 1 + 17 \pmod{31}$	$s_{11} = 3 \cdot 20 + 17 \pmod{31}$
$s_9 = 15 + 17 \pmod{31}$	$s_{10} = 3 + 17 \pmod{31}$	$s_{11} = 60 + 17 \pmod{31}$
$s_9 = 32 \pmod{31}$	$s_{10} = 20 \pmod{31}$	$s_{11} = 77 \pmod{31}$
$s_9 = 1$	$s_{10} = 20$	$s_{11} = 15$